# GLOSSARY

*These definitions are adapted in part from the Internet glossary located at http://wfn-ship.princeton.edu/*

**FTP** File Transfer Protocol allows a user on one computer to transfer files to and from another computer over a TCP/IP network.

**HTML** Hypertext Markup Language is a hypertext document format used by the World-Wide Web. Built on top of SGML. "Tags" are embedded in the text. A tag consists of a "<", a "directive", zero or more parameters and a ">". Matched pairs of directives, like "<title>" and "</title>" are used to delimit text which is to appear in a special place or style. HTML over the WWW has made it possible for any connected computer, with the suitable software, to share information.

**HTTP** Hypertext Transfer Protocol is the client-server TCP/IP protocol used on the World-Wide Web for the exchange of HTML documents.

**Hypertext** A term coined by Ted Nelson around 1965 for a collection of documents (or "nodes") containing cross-references or "links" which, with the aid of an interactive browser program, allow the reader to move easily from one document to another. The WWW is the hypertext-based client server system based within the Internet.

**Internet** (Note: capital "I"). The Internet is the largest computer network accessible to the public in the world. It is a three level hierarchy composed of backbone networks, mid-level networks, and stub networks. These include