ance of the new remedies on the one hand, and on the other of

passing lightly over the therapeutic value of the old ones.

In Part I. the author reviews briefly but clearly such subjects as massage, the feeding of the sick and various foods, the treatment of neurasthenic conditions, the uses of heat and cold, and the appropriate application of electricity as a remedial measure.

In Part II. his sub-classification of nervines, cardiants, and nutriants into families or physiological groups enables the reader at once to estimate the comparative value and special application

of each remedy composing the group.

A most interesting and useful index of diseases has been introduced, by means of which the remedies in common use in any given disease may be passed before the eye of the reader in a moment.

The paper, text and binding of the book are all of first quality, and combine to present the most absorbing facts in the most pleasing form.

N. H. B.

Operative Surgery. For Students and Practitioners. By John J. McGrath, M.D., Professor of Surgical Anatomy and Operative Surgery at the New York Post-Graduate Medical School; Surgeon to the Harlem, Post-Graduate, and Columbus Hospitals, New York. Second edition, thoroughly revised. With 265 illustrations, including many full-page plates in colors and half-tone. 628 royal octavo pages, extra cloth, \$4.50 net; half-morocco, \$5.50 net. Sold only by subscription. Philadelphia, Pa.: F. A. Davis Company, 1914-16 Cherry Street.

In this work we observe that the publishers are not merely upto-date, but they are fully alive to the advantage of having a 1906 book reviewed in a journal published promptly on the first of the month. Some jealous-minded people might complain that these Americans are away "ahead of the times," but who is there that will not admire such push? The first edition of this book appeared three or four years ago, under the title of "Surgical Anatomy and Operative Surgery,"

but now it comes to us in its new clothes.

If we were writing a book on operative surgery we'd either not refer to anesthesia, or we'd give a fuller and more accurate account than is given here. There is no reference to the more recent methods of inducing either general or local anesthesia.

Since the first edition the illustrations have grown from 227 to 265. The material on gastro-enterostomy, etc., has been rewritten and extended, and the recent advances in the surgery of the prostate have received due consideration in the revision of the section upon the genito-urinary organs.

F. N. G. S.