# THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

Debate on the Budget Taken up at Yesterday Afternoon's Session of House.

#### SPEECH BY JOHN OLIVER

Doughty Member From the Delta Fails to Make any Points Against Government

Monday, 5th March, 1906.

T two o'clock, p. m., and after prayers by the Rev. W. Gladstone, Mr. Macgowan presented a petition from James Melrose and others, in support of Bill respecting the sale of patent medicines. Received. On the motion of the hon. the premier, the standing rules and orders were suspended, and Bill, intituled An Act to amend the Victoria Terminal Railway and Ferry Act, 1901, was introduced, read a first time and ordered to be read a second time tomorrow:

By Mr. Manson—Bill intituled An Act to amend the Steam Boiler Inspection Act, 1901.

By the Hon. Mr. Fulton—Bill intituled An Act to incorporate The Lifeboat and Life-saving Association of British Columbia. Monday, 5th March, 1906.

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phlet of information.

Turning to the estimbates he regretted the decision of the government to spend no money on roads within municipal bounds. Public roads in Delta which had cost the country into the millions were now being allowed to fall into decay. For Dewdney he found a large appropriation, for Delta nothing. Both Delta and Chilliwack were discriminated because they did not return government supporters. The government was departing from the safe policy of keeping the expenditure within the revenue. They were going to spend \$265,000 more than the estimated revenue. He thought this was simply a sop to the province and portended a general election before next session. In view of these facts it would be well to look at the record of the government. Their first act was to alter the date of the election and bring it on four weeks earlier than announced and so secure a snap verdict. Then by the aid of the member for Nanaimo they had held their seats down ever since.

Then the ministers canvassed and the prevince at the public expense. Then came the Fernie ballot-box case and the organized effort to retain the seat for a government supporter and the refusal to permit a recount.

Then look at their Legislative Acts. The first and worst was the Assessment Act. Bad as the finances were, they did not call for such drastic treatment as was meted out. The savings of the workingman were made to suffer. So objectionable was the measure that finally the opposition washed their hands of it and left the government to handle it. The hanks ran a bluff on the previous deal with the two blocks of land in Southeast Kootstant was to deal with the two blocks of land in Southeast Kootstant was to deal with the two blocks of land in Southeast Kootstant was to deal with the two blocks of land in Southeast Kootstant was the meant in his constituency school distant the two blocks of land in Southeast Kootstant was to deal with the two blocks of land in Southeast Kootstant was the decision of the government was to deal with the two blo

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Turning to the Land Act, Mr. Oliver

Turning to the Land Act, Mr. Oliver said that when this legislation was passed deputations came from every corner of the province to protest. The values of timber on agricultural land were confiscated. The government turned a deaf ear to these petitions. Free homesteads with free timber had been given to the settlers, but later the prohomesteads with free timber had been given to the settlers, but later the provincial government confiscated this property. Their excuse was that they were in a tight place and had to do it, and they did it. Then there was a heavy tax placed on the logs, 50 cents a thousand, which was practical confiscation and reduced the value of the title to that of an ordinary crown grant. Only the determination of the opposition on the floor of the House saved the situation. Under the greatest pressure, the tax was reduced to one cent per thousand.

The next bad feature was the timber 1000. It was rumored that the attornow rey general did not see eye to eye with his colleagues on the important matter under discussion last week end.

He had every faith in the future of this province. Its resources, its climate, its possibilities transcended the glowing anticipations even of the finance minister. Agriculture, horticulture, dairying, stock raising, mining and lumbering could be carried on in this province to a degree of development and prosperity, unapproachable in any other province in the Dominion. Only wise and progressive government was necessary to ensure success. Extensive surveys, ready

license question. When it became imperative to modify this clause the timber speculators of the province knew of it first and the licence revenue jumped more than \$100,000 showing that these men took up vast areas of public timber lands before the new legislation came in. All prior licences could be extended for 16 years, an added value of the difference between 60 cents a thousand and env royalty which during

the difference between 60 cents a thousand and any royalty which during twenty years the legislature might see fit to impose and why already as much as \$1 was being paid in some districts. This session had seen numerous amendments to the Land Act chiefly teget even with that bad man Emmerson, of Vancouver. The poor hand-logger was put back fifty years and forced to resort to obsolete methods.

was put back nity years and forced to resort to obsolete methods.

A loan of \$1,000,000 was required to finance the province. The opposition suggested a short date the government insisted on ten years with a repayment equal with interest to \$100,000 a year. The natural result was, what the opposition contended, inability to spend what was necessary on public works. Their contention was verified the year after when North Vancouver borrowed at 4 per cent against 5 per cent paid by this government.

per cent against 5 per cent paid by this government.

Further the government paid 5 per cent on an overdraft of \$500,000 at the very time that they had \$500,000 in hand, yielding 3 per cent. The debentures under this Loan Act were issued and in June, 1904 as much as \$534,1000 stood to the credit of the province in the Bank of Commerce and in June, 1905, \$525,000. In fact all along they were paying interest on an average out \$528,000 whilst the bank kindly allowed 3 per cent. A loss of 2 per cent to the province.

The premier took credit for increas-

The Mines of the Province

The Mines of the Province

were among its greatest assets yet the minister of mines had done nothing to encourage their development.

Look at the attorney general's department. He regretted that he was absent or he intended to show up his record. The administration of justice in the province had degenerated into a farce in some cases where the evidence and the indictment did not accord. By reason of these errors, criminals had been permitted to escape, and had been driven in a hack across the international boundary line. He had brought special cases under the notice of the attorney general which he had promised to attend to but had neglected for two yars. He objected to the frequent trips to the old country of the attorney general with the courtiers and state of an Indian Nahoh. What was the result. A verdict against him with costs. Now he was on a trip to Ottawa. He ought to be in his place in the House discharging the duties for which he is paid \$4,000. It was rumored that the attorney general did not see eye to eye with his colleagues on the important matter under discussion last week end.

He had every faith in the future of this province. Its resources, its climate,

information hearty encouragement to settlers, all this was needed if the country was to be filled up. The settler asked for clear titles and permanent conditions, these led to confidence and success. Equitable laws, fair administration, the keeping of faith with the people, and the insistence that the people should keep faith with us. This would build up British Columbia to the lofty position which her resources entitled her to occupy, and this was the policy and aim of the party he belonged to. The House went into adjourned committee on the "Act respecting the" committee on the "Act respecting the use and manufacture within British Columbia of timber cut on lands of the

crown." Resuming the debate on the Chief Commissioner's amendment throwing the onus of proof on the person holding or in possession of logs of proving that they had been taken from crown granted claims, Mr. Paterson objected to the principle involved. The same view was taken by Mr. J.

Mr. Bowser pointed out that this amendment was absolutely necessary to protect the government in enforcing

Mr. Paterson said it would work a hardship on men who had held timber grants and paid taxes for many years. This would not be in line with the policy of absolutely preventing the expolicy of absolutely preventing the expolicy of absolutely preventing the expolicy of timber by exempting certain the said society, and, among ment of the said society and among ment of the said society. Mr. Paterson said it would work a port of timber by exempting certain property acquired at a particular time and in a particular manner. The amendment was adopted with-

ported progress. Public School Act

The House went into adjourned committee on the Public Schools Act, with Mr. Gifford in the chair. Hon. Mr. Fulton moved to strike ou ection 20 and substitute the following

"20. Section 31 of said act is hereby repealed and the following substituted

"31. There shall be elected annually

in each municipal school district, as provided in section 27 hereof, as many trustees as shall be necessary under the provisions of section 30 hereof to complete the board of trustees for that municipal school district. Trustees so elected shall serve for a term of two years, and it shall be competent for them to remain in office and exercise all the powers of trustees until their successors have been duly elected. Trustees elected prior to the date on which this act comes into force, and whose term of office is at that time unexpired, shall continue in office until the end of the two years' term for which they have been respectively elected. In the event of a rural school district becoming a city school district, or of a city school district being transferred from one class to another the first election under the new conditions shall be held as directed by a special order-in-council; and in the event of unorganized territory being incorporated into a rural municipality, the terms of office of the boards

mediately after section 43:

"43A. In cases where the boards of trustees of rural school districts contained within rural municipalities before the coming into force of this act, have legally incurred liabilities in respect of teachers' salaries, incidental expenses or other legitimate expendiexpenses or other legitimate expendiexpenses or other legitimate expendiexpenses. The boards of this courrent were supported by the construction by the difference of the property which Dr. Grant, of Dawson, succeeded in organizing in Toronto. The latter divide property will be on Forty-mile. "There is considerable activity in the North," Dr. Thompson further stated in an interview, "some of the principal points being on Lower Bonanza, Granty of Dawson, succeeded in organizing in Toronto. The latter divide property is the property of the property spect of teachers' salaries, incidental expenses or other legitimate expenditures for school purposes of the current year, or in like circumstances in the case of rural school districts in any unorganized territory which may hereafter be incorporated into a rural municipality, such liabilities shall be assumed by the municipal board of school trustees to be elected under section 31 of this act." Agreed.

Mr. Hall moved the following amendments: To add at the end of

amendments: To add at the end of section 22 the following: "and by striking out the word 'householder,' in the first line of said section, and sub-stituting therefor the word 'rate-payer.'"

To ttrike out in the seventh line of section 26 all the words after "purposes." Agreed.
The committee rose and the House adjourned to 8;30 tonight.

Notices of Motion Mr. Evans to move, in committee of the whole and upon consideration of the report on Bill No. 15, intituled 'An act to consolidate and amend the

ented to His Honor the Lieuten ant-Governor, asking that a copy of the order-in-council relative to the retirenent of Mr. B. H. John be brought down to this House, together with copies of all correspondence passing between Mr. B. H. John and any mem-

An Act to Incorporate "The Lifeboat

ish Columbia Whereas it is desirable to provide efficient means for the preservation of life from shipwreck or other casualty at sea; and whereas application has been made to the lieutenant-governorin-council for the incorporation society for the purpose mentioned:

Therefore His Majesty, by and with
the advice and consent of the legislat-

ive assembly of the province of British Columbia, enacts as follows: 1. This act may be cited as the "Lifeoat and Lifesaving Association Act,

906."

2. A. J. C. Galletly, A. B. Fraser Sr., American Rhodes Scholars Capture Some Prizes. James A. Douglas, Paul Beygrau, Joseph Peirson, J. P., H. D. Helmcken, K. C., Captain Clement Royds, Captain
J. T. Walbran, Captain Otto Buckholz,
Captain J. W. Troup, Arthur W.
Wheeler, H. C. Marsh and Henry Hart,
all of the city of Victoria, their associates and successors, as provided
hereafter, shall be, and they are hereby
created and constituted, a body corporate and politic under the name of
"The Lifeboat and Lifesaving Association of British Columbia," and as K. C., Captain Clement Royds, Captain

have and enjoy perpetual succession, a corporate seal, and all the other powers and privileges, made common and appurtenant to corporate bodies under and by virtue of the lower of the low

newspapers published in the province, and such meeting shall be held at such time and place as the persons signing such notice shall thereby appoint.

4. The society shall consist of all persons who shall contribute to the funds thereof according to the terms and conditions of such rules and regu-lations as the society may adopt as and for the constitution of the said society, and for the purpose of holding the first meeting, and all other pre liminary meetings prior to the adop tion of the constitution, of the person named in the second section hereof, and all other persons who shall have subscribed and paid a sum of not les than one dollar to the said funds.

5. The society may make such by laws, rules and regulations, not conother things, for fixing the terms membership and the appointment of officers and a governing body, and may from time to time amend, change modify such rules and regulations in such manner as the same shall specify and allow.

6. The society may receive, take hold, enjoy and manage all bequests, legacies, subscriptions and donations, whether of real or personal estate, which may be made or given to it; nd may acquire, hold, lease, sell, conmortgage any real estate ssary for the carrying on of vork of the said society.
7. The society may form and estab-

lish branch societies at or in all or any of the cities, towns, municipalities from time to time and subject to inder such regulations as may

### GOOD OUTLOOK IN THE YUKON DISTRICT

Federal Member of the Great Gold Camp en Route to Ottawa.

Dredging will in the future be perhaps the terms of office of the boards of trustees of the respective rural school districts within such territory shall immediately cease and determine, and the first election of trustees under the new conditions shall be held as directively within the first election of trustees under the new conditions shall be held as directively with the first election of trustees under the new conditions shall be held as directively with the first election of trustees under the new conditions shall be held as directively with the first election of trustees under the new conditions within the principal feature of mining in new conditions shall be held as directed by a special order-in-council."

Agreed.

Hon. Mr. Fulton moved to add the following section immediately after section 29, to be numbered 30, and to renumber the subsequent sections accordingly:

"39. The said act is hereby amended by inserting the following section immediately after section 43:

"43A. In cases where the boards of trustees of rural school districts confiredge will be on Forty-mile.

"An act to consolidate and amend the Municipal Clauses Act and amending atts," to add to section 2, after line 77, the following: "The expression 'local option law' means a by-law forbidding option law' for

be purchased without having to ship it out."

Thompson said that Conrad Citx, just off the Yukon route on the way to Atlin, will be a scene of great activity this summer, and a prosperous camp is anticipated. On the way down a number of the government relative to such irrement.

Bills

Act to Incorporate "The Lifeboat and Lifesaving Association of British Columbia.

Paris, March 6 .- The corresponden Paris, March 6.—The correspondent at Algeciras of the Figaro this morning reports an alleged conversation between Henry Whyte, of the American delegation, and Herr Radovitz, of the German delegation, in which the latter expresses the view that it is generally decided and Germany wishes to avoid complications.

## OXFORD FIELD SPORTS.

Oxforl, England, March 5 .- American

# THE DOMINION

Transfer of Esquimalt Forts to Canada Takes Place on May First.

### OWNERSHIP ADVOCATED

Flirting on the Part of Choir Leads to Church Troubles at St. Catharines.

TTAWA, March 5.-Sir Frederick

TTAWA, March 5.—Sir Frederick Borden will ask for a sufficient sum in the estimates to drill the entire militia force this year. He expects that the transfer of the imperial garrison at Esquimalt to Canada will take place on May first.

C. N. Bell, of Winnipeg, secretary of the transportation commission is in the city closing up the work of the commission. Mr. Bell also saw the deputy minister of trade and commerce on behalf of the Winnipeg board of trade to urge that legislation be enacted at the coming session to provide for the inspection of hay. There is a strong feeling in the west, he says, that hay should be put in same category as grain in the matter of inspection.

put in same category as grain in the matter of inspection.

Members of ministerial tariff com-

Members of ministerial tariff committee have had one or two meetings at Hon. Mr. Fielding's house, and after this week it is likely that there will be almost daily sittings until revision is completed. The impression is general in Ottawa that the changes in the tariff will not be numerous or radical.

A committee of influential citizens makes an appeal for funds for the relief of the famine stricken sufferers of Japan.

The Insurance Investigation The Insurance Investigation
The insurance commissioners met today informally for the first time. The
first regular meeting will be held Wednesday when the method of procedure
will be decided upon. The regular session will commence about the middle
of next week. G. F. Shepley, K. C.,
Toronto has been retained by the government to conduct an enquiry before
the commission and has the right to
call to his aid such assistance as he may
require.

require.
Sir F. Borden said tonight the commission to investigate the permanent force has not been definitely decided on General Lake will be the chairman and one of the members will be an officer of the active militia outside of the permanent force.

an eavy. Already no developed in the company on, succeeded The latter ity in the r stated vincipal Grantiver, verevered its is should have power to expropriate its ites whenever they decided to ask the legislature of the restated vincipal Grantiver, verevered its when the restated vincipal Grantiver, verevered its capital stock until it agreed to any part of Uruguay. At the time, it is asserted here, that the company power to increase its capital stock until it agreed to any part of Uruguay. At the time, it is asserted here, that the company power to increase its capital stock until it agreed to any part of Uruguay. At the time, it is asserted here, that, through the province of Quebec to petitlon the Dominion parliament not to grant the Bell Grantiver, verevered its when the province of Quebec to expropriate its its whenever they decide to undertaking the lead taken in Manitoba The executive also went on record as favoring public ownership for local exchanges by municipalities.

\*\*RUSSIA TAKES A HAND Delegate at Algecirs\*\*

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\*\*For Municipal Obstances are at the curve in in Uruguay, where disturbances are at the curve, in the curve, in the curve, and the curve in the curve, and the curve its white th

rural contact were the continued by the potential to grant the continued by the content of th

Toronto, March 5.—Controller Hubbard said this morning he had incide mation pointing to government legisla-tion to be introduced in the house which would be practically revolutionary in the liquor licence situation in Toronto. The fees will be immensely increased.

A Unique Suspended Sentence

St. Cathorines, March 5—To, ston

A Unique Suspended Sentence
St. Catherines, March 5.—To stop
drinking altogether and to go to church
at least once a Sunday between now
and the June session, is the unique condition upon which Judge Carman, Sa:
urday, suspended sentence on Garnett
Dawson and William Perry, two men
who pleaded guilty to stealing chickens. They were caught by the chief of
police at Bordoe, Queenston bridge, a
few days ago while attempting to escape in a livery rig. The judge will
deal with the men in June taking into
consideration their conduct between then
and now.

And now.

Choir Charged With Flirting
St. Catherines, March 5.—There was no music in the services at St. Barna- of Moroc bas' Anglican church Sunday, due to the action of new rector, Rev. W. Barring-

ton Nevill, who is a son of Dr. Nevill, Toronto, in unceremoniously dismissing the lady members of the choir. The church wardens, as a protest against the language alleged to have been used by Mr. Nevill, yesterday morning locked up the church organ and suspended the organist W. T. Thompson. To make things more serious, in the afternoon they had the water supplying the motor turned off, so there would be no chance of the organ being used. It is understood that Mr. Nevill claimed that the ladies of the choir had been guilty of nirting, whether in church or not, its impossible to say. possible to say.

C. P. R. Telegraph Extensions

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Winnipeg, March 5.—Mr. James Kent. general superintendent of the Canadian Pacific telegraphs, arrived in the city from the east and in company with Mr. B. S. Jenkins, western manager, left for the west today on a trip of inspection. The arrival of Mr. Kent is understood to foreshadow much activity in construction of new lines of the Canadian Pacific Telegraphs during the season of 1906. On his last visit to the west he spoke of the large extension work planned for this year, and it is expected that the early opening of spring will greatly facilitate the work. During his stay, Mr. Kent will personally visit various portions of the country and will decide on what lines of construction will first begin. A large number of telegraph poles have been taken out for the company both in the west and in the east, during the winter and an adequate supply is now on hand.

Winnipeg, March 5.—H. McKenzie, of Vonda, Sask., was robbed of \$468 by two thugs here last night.

Red Deer, Alta, March 5.—W. Smith, of Poplar Ridge, was killed by falling tree while chopping on Saturday.

### I. H. Hyde and R. A. McCurdy Made

New York, March 5.—It became known today that James H. Hyde, form-erly vice-president of the Equitable Life

Several smaller manufacturers have followed suit, and others are waiting to see how high the prices will go.
The Manufacturers' Glass Company of
Cleveland, which is the second largest
manufacturer of glass in the country, has not announced any raise in prices, as they have no fixed policy. Their sales have been made at advanced

complement of saloon and second and third class passengers, and as she moved out from the dock there was witnessed a scene not often enacted at a canadian port, the band accompanying the troops in rendering "Auld Lang Syne" and "The Maple Leaf Forever," and midst great cheering and the waving of handkerchiefs.

Defaulter's Trial Postponed
Toronto, March 5.—Banwell, the defaulting Crown bank teller and his wife, remanded again this morning, until Monday next at instance of Crown Attorney Curry.

A Sad Bereavement
Toronto, March 5.—Mrs. Noah Pavinick, who was so badly burned Friday and atternoon as the result of the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing, is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing, is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing, is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing, is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing, is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing, is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing, is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing, is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing, is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and thereby ignited her clothing is under the flame from a painter's torch setting fire to a can of varnish, and therefore is directly opposed to the Russian suggestion, as Baron Bacheracht, the second Russian delegate, also joined in the discussion of the police force mast be regarded, also joined in the delegate, also joined in the discussion of the police force mast

delegate, expressed France's Willingness to Accept the Russian suggestion, following with the proposal that the police force shall consist of two thousand Moors, distributed at eight ports, each having four European non-commissioned officers, and the whole being under command of sixteen French and Spanish officers selected with the sultan's assent, and who shall become Moorish officials. The Spanish delegates strongly supported joint Spanish and French control, arguing from the point of view that the proximity of the countries to Morocco gave them greater interests than the other powers, whose equality of rights, however, will not be affected thereby. affected thereby.

affected thereby.

St. Petersburg, March 5.—Information received in diplomatic circles today confirms previous reports to the effect that France is prepared to make concessions on the question of the bank of Morocco if Germany will yield on the question of Moroccan police. Only on these lines, it is added, is a compromise considered possible.

## DYNAMITE THEFTS CAUSE FRESH ALARM

Large Quantities of Explosives Stolen From Magazines in Idaho.

MANY THREATENING LETTERS SENT

More Murders Feared in Connection With Trials of Federation Miners.

PORTLAND, March 5.—(Special.)—
A special to the Oregonian from Boise says: Steve Adams confession comes the startling news that between six han-dred and eight hundred pounds of dyna-mite and dynamite caps have been stolen at the Star powder house, located in the hills east of the city. Last night employees of a hardware company, upon going to the powder house, just beyond the Boise barracks, found about four hundred pounds of dynamite and caps had been stolen. Governor Gooding immediately had a hundred or more guards thrown over the city, and servicilly thrown over the city, and especially around the penitentiary. These guards were placed because almost all of the men whose names had been mentioned in connection with the prosecution of the officers of the Western Federation of

Had Received Threatening Letters Assurance society, as well as Richard A.

McCurdy, formerly president of the Mutual Life Insurance company, before sailing for Europe some time ago made a written promise to District Attorney Jerome to return to the United States any time their presence is desired.

Signet Interest, advented by the 'inner circle' to strike terror to certain persons. Armed men were placed last night around the homes of Governor Gooding, Special Prosecutor James H. Hawley, W. E. Boiah and a number of other persons. The excitement attending the dissigned 'Kneebone,' the name alleged to have been adopted by the 'inner circle Cleveland, March 5.—The American Window Glass Company, it was announced here yesterday, has decided upon another raise of 5 per cent. in the price of window glass, effective today. Several smaller manufacturers have followed suit and of nitro-glycerine

The "Inner Circle" Terrorists Portland, March 5.—The Oregonian rints today a despatch from its Boise, Idaho, correspondent which states in substance that the "inner circle" of the Western Federation of Miners did not confine itself to the murder of nonunion miners and state officials, but that the tools who committed the crimes were themselves the victims of the "inner circle." Orchard was one of the tools marked for destruction, and the correspondent says that the confession of Steve Adams is said to show that Orchard had been shadowed for a long time. that Orchard knew that he was under

NEWS OF NANAIMO.

Nanaimo, March 5.—As a sequence to burns received last week after drinking heavily, an Indian woman, the wife of Indian Tommie, died yes-terday. An elderly man named Davidson, charged with supplying the lique was tried today, but a decision was r served until tomorrow. This is the second Indian who has died from burns

which has been offered for sale for some time, has been acquired by D. F. S. Reynolds of Ladysmith, the pres ent editor and publisher of the Lad the publication of both the Herald and

Ledger.

The new South Wellington sawm will be in full operation next were the company has 24,000,000 feet lumber in sight and is having an electronic description. tric light plant installed to allow on ight work. Seventy men are to

After a long experience with Chi labor, extending over several y the Chemainus Lumber Company decided to employ nothing but labor. The company claims the is the cheapest in the long run. Chinese labor there is little pr of Chemainus ever becoming of Chemainus ever

# THE PROVINCIA

Opposition Fail to Offer fective Criticism to Speech.

**ESTIMATES PASS CON** 

Member For Nelson Giv of Motion Respecting bia and Western

Tuesday, March
T 2 o'clock p. m. the
and after prayers
T. W. Gladstone,
asked the minister of following questions:

1. Has the government steps to ascertain whether Columbia and Western Rapany has transferred to Heinze the half interest in

granted for the construction one of the Columbia and Wway to the said company?

2. If so, what steps?

3. If not, why not?

Hon. Mr. Tatlow replied a "1. No information has

"1. No information has government that such a taken place.

"2. Answered by No. 1.

"3. Answered by No. 1."

Mr. Evans asked the mini Ar. Evans asked the limits cation the following question

1. It is the intention of t ment to deed to the several muthe school lands and buildieach municipality?

each municipality?
2. If not, why not?
Hon. Mr. Fulton repled as
"1. Yes. See also section.
Public Schools Act, 1905, as
by section 59 of bill 34 now "2. Answered by reply to Budget Debate

Mr. J. R. Brown resumed on the budget. He joined is gratulations tendered by the I Delta to the finance minister submitted a clear and lucid statement. He also recognize esty with which he refrained tributing the improved condit tributing the improved condit fairs to any acts of the go He found fault with the taxat C. P. R., which company ha as a land grant 3,600,000 acr province, of which less than 30 paying taxes. Much of this bearing land, and an assessme \$1 an acre would yield \$30,000 He took the government to failing to live up to its plat respect to the telephone systen done nothing for the developm province, it has pursued a police. tributing the improved condi province, it has pursued a police terly inactivity and the more should have been collected for of the revenues of the province it still being in the pockets of the province o

of it still being in the pockets corporations.

Mr. Evans could give no cr government for the improved in the province; the prosperi consequence of the unbounded and the improved trade. The petrated many objectionable most notable of these being t Act. The government had bring down the promised supe bill. He would advocate a in ministers' salaries and the agent-general in London to financial stringency of the There is great inconsistency one janitor \$90 a month at one janitor \$90 a month at \$60; they should be uniform jected strongly to the government in the income tax of the age amounting to \$236.50.

Railway Policy The absence of a railway a great evidence of weaknes lect, but they seemed to have policy after all—to give a land to the Columbia and We way company. He declaim the Municipal Clauses Act a travagant provision of hydran but the neglect on the part ernment to provide any in the districts to protect the provided and the provided an

Mr. J. Murphy noticed the Mr. J. Murphy noticed this who got the least superannu in Cariboo. Everything sma government had to bestow we boo. His district did not sh prosperity which was said to eral in the province. The p was taxed highest of all; he ised a reduced mineral tax a taxation, but he got neithe was the only district in who were not protected. Were uents lower than the Indians. Turning to the public ac district contributed \$17,000 m got out of the treasury. The road got \$150 this year, who wariable grant had been \$2,0 fly contributed \$6,000 a year tury. Every other portion of ince had assistance for railwahad no railway. Cariboo had down for ten years and unlish

Mr. Stuart Henderson was with the similarity between mates and the actual figures. no originality, not a single ne finance minister had become clerk in his own office. The clerk in his own office. The a screw loose somewhere whe fact, \$12,000,000 of provin was invested in the North was because the British Coluwere all branches of Eastern had no interest in local d. The local managers had no province the were energy managers had no prover they were merely managers. tver; they were merely material to the trolled by the head offices and Toronto. The governmencourage the establishment vincial banking institution

down for ten years, and un

Turning to the most imposes of any government—raing—what had the government—bsolutely nothing. They Absolutely nothing. The give \$1,500,000 last session pany to build a line which

Hon. Mr. Tatlow—Name, Mr. Henderson—Give me and I can prove it. Mr. Bowser—Name. That amentary.

Mr. Henderson—Well, it arliamentary, but it fits the Hon. Mr. Tatlow—It is fa

Midway & Vern Mr. Henderson resumed railway that would have bee Midway and Vernon—was t The chject of this policy w