## Sir Max Aiken Relates History of Brilliant Canadian Victory

## WESTERN ONTARIO MEN PLAY the fumes were extremely poisonous, they were not perhaps, having regard to the wind, so disabling as on the French lines which ran almost east to west, and the funds of the street, though affected by the funds of the botteries, hough affected by the funds of the botteries. **BIG PART IN CANADIAN VICTORY**

"As Long As Brave Deeds Retain Power To Fire the Blood of Anglo-Saxons, the Stand Made by the Canadians In These Desperate Days Will be Told by Fathers To Sons."

SIR MAX AITKEN, RECORD OFFICER,

now serving with the Canadian di-

vision in France, and its publication

which the Canadians played so glor-

ious a part, cannot, of course, be

described with precision of military

the co-ordination of relevant diarian,

and the piecing together in a narra-

tive both lucid and exact of much,

which so near the event, is confused

right that the mourning in Canada

of today for husbands, sons or broth-

ers, who have given their lives for

the empire, should have, with as lit-

tle reserve as military considerations allow, the rare and precious consola-

tion which, in the agony of bereave-

ment, the record of the valor of their

dead must bring, and indeed the mourning in Canada will be very

widely spread, for the battle which

raged for so many days in the neigh-

men appraise battles, in this callous

and life-engulfing war. But as long

the stand made by the Canadians in

those desperate days will be told by

fathers to their sons, for in the mili-

tary records of Canada this defence

eords of the British army the stub-born valor with which Sir James

MacDonnell and the Guards beat back

NO SICK STOMACH.

quickest and surest

stomach relief.

what will please you most, is that

thusiastic about

indigestion in five minutes.

LOSING HOPE:

by Lydia E. Pinkham's

Vegetable Compound.

Vegetable Com-

until

IN FIVE MINUTES

shine as brightly as in the re-

and blurred. But it is considered

is authorized by the war office:

GIVES HISTORY OF CANADIAN VICTORY

[Canadian Press.] "EYE-WITNESS" TELLS LONDON, April 30.—The following communication is from Sir Max STORY OF GREAT FIGHT Aitken, the Canadian record officer,



SIR MAX AIKEN.

as brave deeds retain the power to from Hougoumont, the decision fire the blood of the Anglo-Saxons Foy and the army corps of Reille.

The Canadians have wrested the and maimed, and earned the right to assault, were in reserve. stand side by side with the superb troops who, in the first battle of Ypres, broke and drove before them night these battalions shared the forthe flower of the Prussian Guards. tunes and misfortunes of the third Looked at from any point the per-formance would be remarkable. It is amazing to soldiers when the is amazing to soldiers when the Genesis and composition of the Candian division are considered. It contained, no doubt, a sprinkling of South African veterans, but it consisted in the main of men who were admirable raw material, but who, at the outbreak of war were neither disciplined nor trained as men count disciplined nor trained as men count disciplined and training in these days.

Implied the fire of the machine guns, which, in his phrase, played upon them "like a watering pot." He added quite simply: "I wrote my own life off," but the line never wavered. When one man fell, another took his place, and, indeed, for the moment, the reality, of isolation from the brigade base.

Gallant Officers Fall.

In the exertions made by the third brigade during this supreme crisis, it is almost impossible to single out one battalion without injustice to others, cess opened up a new and formidable.

If what you just ate is souring on of military science is the exclusive your stomach or lies like a lump of pursuit of laborious lives. lead, refusing to digest, or you beich With what devotion, with a valor how desperate, with resourcefulness how

gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, cool and how frightful, the amateur solheartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste dier of Canada confronted overwhelmin mouth and stomach headache, you ing odds, may perhaps be made clear, can surely get relief in five minutes. even by a narrative so incomplete as Ask your pharmacist to show you the present The salient of Ypres has become fa-

the formula, piainly printed on these fifty-cent cases of Pape's Diapepsin. miliar to all students of the campaign in Flanders. Like all salients it was, erate choice, could maintain their rethen you will understand why dyspeptic troubles of all kinds must go, and was known to be, a source of and why it relieves sour, out-of-order weakness to the forces holding it, but the reasons which have led to its restomachs or indigestion in five mintention are apparent, and need not be utes. "Pape's Diapepsin" is harmless; tastes like candy, though each dose explained. will digest and prepare for assimila-

Held Line of 5,000 Yards.

tion into the blood all the food you On April 22 the Canadian division held besides, it makes you go to the a line of roughly five thousand yards, table with a healthy appetite; but extending in a northwesterly direction from the Ypres-Roulers Railway, to the try and give relief by a counter-atyou will feel that your stomach and Ypres-Poelcapelle road, and connecting tack upon the first line of German intestines are clean and fresh, and at its terminus with the French troops. trenches, now far, far advanced from you will not need to resort to laxa- The division consisted of three infantry brigades in addition to the artil-lery brigades. Of the infantry bri-lst and 4th Battalions, of the 1st Brigades the first was in reserve, the sec-Diapepsin" cranks, as some people ond was on the right, and the third eswill call them, but you will be entablished contact with the Allies at the this splendid point indicated above. stomach preparation, too, if you ever

take it for indigestion, gases, heartburn, sourness, dyspepsia, or any day had witnessed a further bombardment of the stricken town of Ypres. Get some now: this minute, and everything seemed quiet in front of the rid yourself of stomach misery and the parapets. Finally Restored to Health would make it impertinent to labor on at the head of his battalion. one knew they would do, all that stout him) as if to avenge his death. Bellevue, Ohio .- "I was in a terrible

> ound. My back with the brave armies of France, Canadians in Grave Position. thought it would break, I had pains enforced withdrawal was of course, the last German who resisted was bayall over me, ner- extremely grave. The third brigade of onetted, and the trench was won. vous feelings and the Canadian division was without any left, or, in other words, its left was in I was very weak the air. It became imperatively neces- taken when it is pointed out that this and run down and sary greatly to extend the Canadian trench represented in the German adwas losing hope of lines to the left rear. It was not, of vance the apex in the breach which the ever being well and course, practicable to move the first enemy had made in the original line of brigade from reserve at a moment's the Alles, and that it was two and a strong. After tak-

rapidly and today am a well woman. I cannot tell you how happy I feel and I cannot say too much for your Com- still existed on its left. nound. Would not be without it in the The new line, of which our recent it cost three times the point of contact with the French form-'-Mrs. Chas. Chapman, R. F.

D. No. 7, Bellevue, Ohio, Woman's Precious Gift. ously guard, is her health, but it is most often neglected until had advanced rapidly after his initial fastened itself upon her. When so afsuccesses, took four British 4.7 guns fected such women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonder-

impulsion of sheer valor because they came from fighting stock. doubted—of the advantage his breach in the line had given him, and immediately began to push a formidable ser-

Fighting Intense Near St. Julien. is possible to distinguish when he attack was everywhere so flerce, developed with particular intensity at this moment upon the apex of the able. The battalion retired from the newly-formed line running in the direction of St. Julien. stated that four British guns were taken in a wood comparatively early in the evening of the 22nd. In the course of trenches which they had momentarily artillery. He withdrew his undefeated tions aimost diametrically opposed. that night, and under the heaviest machine gun fire, this wood was assaulted by the Canadian Scottish, 16th Battalion, of the third brigade, and 10th way to a reserve trench. The bat- excessive, was exposed-and with it by Lieut.-Col. Leckie and Lieut.-Col. more formidable.

took the position at the point of the peril clear, that several German divi-bayonet. At midnight the 2nd Bat-talion, under Lieut.-Col. Watson, and drive back, this devoted brigade, and, The battalion (3rd Battalion), under Lieut.-Col. Ren- numerical superiority to sweep around nie, both of the first brigade, brought and overwhelm our left wing at a point up much-needed reinforcements, and in the line which cannot be precisely The Canadians have wrested the trenches over the bodies of the dead though not actually engaged in the determined. The last attempt partially it had abandoned and bayonetted the were not less glorious, but the long the determined. The bivouac of the dead."

The bivouac of the dead."

The bivouac of the dead."

dier of Canada confronted overwhelm- to those who observed the indications ever-growing strength. seemed possible that the Canadians, fighting in positions so difficult to desistance for any long period. At 6 a. m. on Friday it became apparent that the left was becoming more and more involved, and a powerful German attempt to outflank it developed rapidly. The consequences if it had been broken or outflanked need not be insisted upon.

They were not merely local. It was therefore decided, formidable as the attempt undoubtedly was, to gade, under Brigadier-General Mercer, acting in combination with a British It is safe to say that the life, wounded and racked with pain, in voungest private in the rank, as he

brigade. The day was a peaceful one, warm set his teeth for the advance, knew and sunny and except that the previous the task in front of him, and the youngest subaltern knew all that rested upon its success. It did not seem that any human be-Canadian line. At 5 o'clock in the ing could live in the shower of shot From this time forward the Canadians

into their trenches, probably by means attack was pressed ever closer and bank. of force pumps, and pipe laid out under closer. The 4th Canadian Battalion at favorable wind, floated backwards, ly withering fire. For a moment, not poisoning and disabling over an ex- more, it wavered. Its most gallant ended area those who fell under their commanding officer, Lieut.-Col. Bircheffect. The result was that the French all, carrying, after an old fashion, were compelled to give ground for a light cane, coolly and cheerfully rallied considerable distance. The glory which his men, and at the very moment when the French army has won in this war his example had infected them, fell dead

the compelling nature of the poisonous discharges under which the trenches were lost. The French did, as everycoldiers could do, and the Canadian astonishing attack which followed, division, officers and men, look for- pushed home in the face of direct frontstate before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's ward to many occasions in the future al fire, made in broad daylight, by in which they will stand side by side battalions whose names should live forever in the memories of soldiers, was carried to the first line of German The immediate consequence of this trenches. After a hand-to-hand struggle

Saved the Allled Line The measure of this success may b Compound I improved five to nine-thousand yards, was not charge, made by men who looked death said farewell to Capt. McCuaig. naturally the line that had been held indifferently in the face, for no man who took part in it could think that he was likely to live, saved the Canadian hours after the enemy had become master of the village the sullen and left, but it did more up to the point where the assailants conquered or died, persistent rifle fire which survived ed the apex, ran quite roughly to the south and west. As shown above, it became necessary for Brig.-Gen. Turbecame necessary for Brig.-Gen. Turner, commanding the third brigade, to throw back his left flank southward to protect his rear. In the course of the confusion which followed upon the readjustment of position, the enemy, who had advanced rapidly after his initial relieved by fresh troops

The Canadian Left. lage of St. Julien, two miles in the rear of the original French treeches Outnumbered Four to One.

The story of the second battle of Ypres is the story of how the Canadian division, enormously outnumbered, for they had in front of them at least four divisions, supported by immensely heavy artillery, with a gap still exist ing, though reduced, in their lines, and then through another day and through the night, and retained the whole line of trenches, roughly five hundred yards, which are then through the day and through the Canadian left, and the clanadian left, and the clanadi rear of the original French trenches. by Brig.-Gen. Turner, which, as we

by the fumes, stoutly beat back the

Gas Used Again.
Encouraged by this success, it rose the supreme effort required by the assault on the wood, which has already been described. At 4 a.m., on the morning of Friday, the 23rd, a fresh emission of gas was made, both upon the second brigade, which held the line running northeast, and upon the third brigade, which, as has been fully explained, had continued the line up to the pivotal point, as defined above, and had then spread down in a southeaster ly direction. It is perhaps worth men oning, that two privates of the 48th Highlanders, who found their way into the trenches commanded by Col. Lipsett, 90th Winnipeg Rifles, 8th Batnight; fought under their officers, until talion, perished of the fumes, and it as happened to so many, these perished was noticed that their faces became gloriously, and then fought from the blue immediately after dissolution.

Highlanders Soon Recover. The Royal Highlanders of Montreal The enemy, of course, was aware 13th Battalion, and the 48th Highlandwhether fully or not may perhaps be ers, 15th Battalion, were more espeably shaken, remained immovable upor ies of attacks upon the whole of the their ground. The 48th Highlanders, newly-formed Canadian salient. which, no doubt, received a more poisonous discharge, were for the moment dismayed, and, indeed, their trench, according to the testimony of very hardened soldiers, became intoler-It has already been and for an equally short time. In a few They advanced upon and occupied the abandoned.

Third Brigade Exposed In the course of the same night the third brigade, which had already disalions were respectively commanded the whole allied cause—to a peril still

Toronto regiment, Queen's Own in any event, to use their enormous ported left of the brigade, and slip-ping in between the wood and St. The individual fortunes of those tho ping in between the wood and St. The individual fortunes of those the Julien, added to the torturing anxiety brigades have brought us to the events of the long-drawn-out struggle by the of Sunday afternoon, but it is neces-

INDICESTION, GAS

ciplined nor trained as men count discipline and training in these days of scientific warfare. It was, it is first commanded by a distinguished English general. Its staff was supplemented without being replaced, by some brilliant British staff officers. But in its higher, and regimental "Pape's Diapepsin" is the "Pape's Diapepsin" is the "Ciplined nor trained as men count discipline and training in these days of scientific warfare. It was, it is impetuous advance of the Canadians of the Canadian left. This success opened up a new and formidable impetuous advance of the Royal in through the efforts of the Station who did such heroic again the public and formidable in through the efforts of the Station who did such heroic again through the efforts of the Station who did such heroic again through commands were to be found lawyers, guns had been blown up by the enemy, ed especial attention. Major Norsworcommands were to be found lawyers, college professors, businessmen and real estate agents, ready with cool real estate agents, ready with cool self-confidence, to do battle against an organization in which the study of military science is the exclusive of military science is the exclusive position for which they had sacrificed so much.

The fighting continued without intermission all through the night, and to those who observed the indications.

Cuaig, of the same battalion, was not be made by a British brigade, which less glorious, although his death can clean toothorus apply evenly to the same battalion, was not had been brought up in support. The landing was immediately successful on five beaches, although it was opposed with vigor by a strong enemy left and centre, and as the troops or not could not be seen.

"The landing was immediately successful on five beaches, although it was opposed with vigor by a strong enemy officer was seriously wounded in a hurter left and centre, and as the troops of the same battalion, was not had been brought up in support. The landing was immediately successful on five beaches, although it was opposed with vigor by a strong enemy lost the landing was immediately successful on five beaches, although it was opposed with vigor by a strong enemy left and centre, and as the troops in successive lines, which were protected by blank in successful on five beaches, although it was opposed with vigor by a strong enemy left and centre, and as the troops of the same battalion, was not less glorious, although the same battalion, was not less glorious, although the same battalion was instanced. that the attack was being pushed with ever-growing strength, it hardly refused to move, and continued in the for Canada, gave the first indication on the sixth bear of the first indication of the sixth bear of the sixth be safety, an officer to whom they were special account of the fortunes of the army. devotedly attached. But he, knowing it | Canadian contingent. It is sufficient may be better than they, the exertions for our purpose to notice that the atand asked of them one thing only- rested. that there should be given to him as he lay alone in the trench two loaded Colt revolvers to add to his own, which lay in his right hand as he made his last request. And so, with three re-

> an abandoned trench. Reinforcements Arrive. On Friday afternon the left of the Canadian line was strengthened by important reinforcements of British troops, amounting to seven battalions, afternoon a plan carefully prepared, and shell which began to play upon also continued to receive further aswas put into execution against our the advancing troops. They suffered sistance on the left from a series of French allies on the left. Asphyxiating terrible casualties. For a short time French counter-attacks pushed in a gas of great intensity was projected every other man seemed to fall, but the northeasterly direction from the canal

volvers ready to his hand for use, a

very brave soldier waited to sel his

But the artillery fire of the enemy maintained against the overwhelming brigade. and fell back upon St. Julien.

Third Brigade Retreats

Soon it became evident that even St. Julien, exposed from right to left, was no longer tenable, in the face of the on Tuesday he was still occupying reoverwhelming numerical superiority, serve trenches, and on Wednesday was The 3rd Brigade was therefore ordered relieved and retired to billets in the on with the utmost boldness after the to retreat further south, selling every rear. yard of ground as dearly as it had done since 5 o'clock on Thursday. But it was found impossible, without hazarding far larger forces, to disentangle the detachment of the Royal Highlanders of Montered and the specific of the Royal Highlanders of Montered and the specific of the Royal Highlanders of Montered and the specific of the Royal Highlanders of Montered and the specific of the Royal Highlanders of Montered and the specific of the Royal Highlanders of the Royal Highlander of Montreal, 13th Battalion, and of the Royal Montreal Regiment, 14th Battalion. The brigade was ordered, and not a moment too soon, to move back.

Australians Win Fight.

Australians Win Fight.

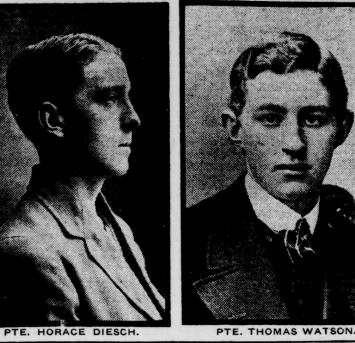
"On the morning of the 27th, a fresh their part and all did as gloriously as their part an not a moment too soon, to move back. notice, and the line, extended from half miles south of that line. This as those with which his comrades had The German line rolled, indeed, over by the Allies at 5 o'clock, and a gap who took part in it could think that he either unit played in these unforget- fensive table days

at the moment of the withdrawal of the French.

Praise For General Curry.

The 2nd Brigade, it must be rememplered, had retained the whole line of plete calmness in exposed positions.

The disparate carriers as usual.



Retake Trenches.

Cheer and Advance.

Relieved by British.

towards Passchondaolo. Here the two

brigades were relieved by two British

progress.

flank movement of overwhelming sleepless struggle in which so much denumerical superiority. He flung his left pended upon its exertions. Not a Canpire. flank round and his record is that in adian gun was lost in the long battle of the very crisis of this immense strug- retreat and the nature of the position able. The battalion retired from the gle he held his line of trenches from trench, but for a very short distance, Thursday at 5 p.m. until Sunday after-One battery of four guns found itself and without compromise, against an and for an equally short time. In a few moon, and on Sunday afternoon he had moments they were again their own, not abandoned his trenches. There were pelled to turn two of its guns directly one left. They had been obliterated by about and fire upon the enemy in posi-

trenches early on Friday morning by a emission of poisonous gases, but recovadian division. It is certain that the ering in three quarters of an hour, it counter-attacked, retook the trenches and latterly relieved, the Canadians, And glory guards in solemn round



parapets of his trenches were com-Battallon, of the third brigade, and 10th brigade, which had already disBattallon of the second brigade, which played a resource, a gallantry and a pletely broken. Such a brigade! And it or the Medical Corps. Their members operation. That our countrymen in is invidious to single out any battallon rivalled in coolness, endurance and Canada, even while their hearts are is invidious to single out any pattained in cooliness, endurance and for special praise, but it is perhaps valor the Canadian infantry, whose necessary to this story to point out that Lieut.-Col. Lipsett, commanding that Lieut.-Col. Lipsett, commanding that Lieut.-Col. Restallon that Lieut.-Col. Lipsett, communications to do jus- know. The graveyard of Canada in the 90th Winnipeg Rifles, 8th Battalion, in separate communications to do jus- Flanders is large. It is very large. in the light of a misty moon, they took the position at the point of the peril clear, that several German diviattempt has been made in this descrip- mortal remains on alien soil. To Can- pire.' tion to explain the recent operations ada they have bequeathed their mem-The battalion was expelled from the in so far as they spring from, or are ories and their glory.

"Arise O Israel." the empire is en-

enemy still superbly organized. still that its strength is the mate of its necessities. "To arms, then, and still to troops from the fragments of his field. It is not possible in this account to arms." In Great Britain, in Canada, in fortifications and the hearts of his men were as completely unbroken as the

"On fame's eternal camping ground,

Capture the Woods.

All through the following day and light these battalions shared the forling numbers, swung past the unsup-BEACHES IN DARDANELLES

> British War Office States That Landing of Troops Has Been Successful, But Casualties Heavy - Turkish Transport Sunk By Queen Elizabeth.

"The landing was immediately suc-

ment when it would have been possible ing to certain death, they paused an in some places fifty yards wide, and

"On the sixth beach, near Seddul discharge of his duty. But the situa- to the division of the warm admiration Bahr, the troops could not advance untion grew instantly worse, and peremp- which their exertions had excited in til evening, when a fine attack by the tion grew instantly worse, and peremptory orders were received for an immediate withdrawal. Those who were compelled to obey them were most instant to carry with them, at what ever risk to their own mobility and proud, but it does not belong to the most detail between the fleet and the Strong Forces Landed

"The result of the first day's opera tack succeeded in its object and the tions was the establishment of strong to inflict upon them the disabilities of German advance along the line which British, Australian and French forces a maimed man, very resolutely refused was momentarily threatened was ar- at three points, namely, the Australian and New Zealand troops on the lower slopes of Sari Bair, to the north of We had reached, in describing the Gaba Tepe, of British troops at Cape events of the afternoon, the points at Tekeh at Cape Helles, and near Morto which the trenches of the second bri- Bay, and of a French force on the had been completely destroyed. Asiatic shore at Kum Kaleh, after a This brigade and the 3rd Brigade, and gallant attack toward Yeni Shehr. the considerable reinforcements which by this time filled the gap between the strong counter-attacks by the enemy two brigades, were gradually driven began and hard fighting took place. fighting every yard, upon a line run- Meanwhile, the disembarkation of the ning roughly from Fortuin, south of army proceeded, and was continually

St. Julien, in a northeasterly direction favored by good weather. Strong Position Stormed. "At daybreak on the 26th, the enemy rigades after exertions as glorious, as was fill holding the village and position fruitful, and alas, as costly as soldiers of Sedul Bahr, which was a labyrinth have ever been called upon to make.

Shrapnel Brigade Out Again.

of caves, ruins, trenches, pits and entanglements. Aided by the gun-fire of Monday morning broke bright and the fleet, this position was stormed by clear and found the Canadians behind the British in frontal attack through the firing line. This day, too, was to undamaged wire entanglements, bring its anxieties. The attack was Bahr was taken about 2 p.m., four pomcontinually grew in intensity, and it still pressed and it became necessary poms being captured. The situation at became more and more evident that the Canadian salient could no longer be could once more call upon his shrunken initely secured and the disembarkation of French and British forces proceeded. "On the morning of the 27th, after resuperiority of numbers by which it was assailed. Slowly, stubbornly, and soldier replied, "but they are ready and pulsing a Turkish attack upon their left "The men are tired," this indomitable contesting every yard, the defenders glad to go again to the trenches." And towards Cape Helles, the allied force gave ground until the salient gradual-ly receded from the apex near where the general marched back the men of in an entrenched line running from a it had originally lined with the Frence, the 2nd Brigade, reduced to a quarter point about two miles north of Cape of its original strength, to the apex of the line as it existed at that mo-

ment.

This position he held all day Monday; neighborhood of Krithia. Such, in the most general outline, is almost constantly with the enemy,

sible, even at this stage, to describe Sari Bair, preceded by a heavy arti-But the friends of men who fought in lery fire. A hot engagement followed. other battalions may be content in the The enemy came on boldly time after knowledge that they, too, shall learn, time, but the Australian and New Zeawhen time allows, the complete co-relation of diaries, the exact part which "The French troops at Kum Kaleh

It is rather accident than special were also four times strongly counterdistinction which has made it possible to select individual battalion for menwho, in the course of one of these counter-attacks, were cut off by the fire It would not be right to close even of the fleet, were made prisoners. this account without a word of tribute "The operation of the landing arm to the auxiliary services. The signallers in the face of modern weapons and in were always cool and resourceful. The spite of wire entanglements, under telegraph and telephone wires were as well as on the level, and of land being constantly cut and many belonging to the service rendered their their bottoms, thus has been accom-

lives in the discharge of their duty car- plished. rying out repairs with the most com-"The Admiralty reports that the fleet

General Alderson, who was in com- April 25. Six different beaches were escape the Queen Elizabeth opened fire. mand of the reinforcements, accord- used, and the operation was covered by The third shot hit her and she sank

have begun to engage the batteries, The Triumph bombarded Maidos, which was in flames last night, the 29th.'

CONSTANTINOPLE (via London), April 30.—11:30 p.m.—The following Turkish official statement regarding

the operations at the Dardanelles was given out here tonight: "On April 28 the fire of our batteries damaged the French armored cruiser Jeanne d'Arc, which left for Tenedos in fiames. An English destroyer sunk by our shell fire on April 28 at

the entrance to the narrows. "Sixteen armored cruisers attacked our advance batteries at the Narrows on April 27, but up to evening the thousands of shells fired upon our batteries and infantry positions resulted only in the wounding of a number of soldiers. Two transports off Seddul Bahr were struck repeatedly by our shells and one of them was beached.

We sank some boats and sailing vessels, "The British battleships Majestic and riumph, which had been damaged, and to withdraw from the fighting line 'For the last two days the enon.y fleet has undertaken no operations against the Narrows." Nineteen British prisoners, of whom four are officers, were brought here to-

SIR JOHN FRENCH CABLES AGAIN OF CANADIAN PLUCK

OTTAWA, April 30 .- In a cablegram to the Premier, Sir John French says: "I thank you heartily for your teleneed now of a community organized gram which I have communicated to the Canadian troops. No word of mine can express the admiration I feel for more than anything else done to weld together the British Em-

Sir Richard McBride cables the

"As further reports come in of the magnificent conduct of our Canadian troops at the front, it becomes all the more general topic of conversation and complimentary press comment in the Motherland. The Allies are loud in praise and honor of our gallant boys. Permit me to tender you the expression of my profound sorrow with the relatives and friends of the fallen. They did that the Empire and freedom and liberty might live.

New Way to Curl Hair Without Heated Irons

ICANADON, April 30.—The British War Office tonight made public an official

Ships from Nagara (in the straits) several times have attempted to intervene, but have always made off directly the straits of the straits o Office tonight made public an official communication concerning the operations of the Allies against the Dardanelles:

"The disembarkation of the army in the Dardanelles began before sunrise on April 25. Six different beaches were used, and the operation was covered by the whole fleet.

"The landing was immediately suc-

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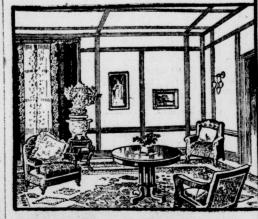
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waiting for it to dry, as

with plaster. You can

have your building ready

for use weeks sooner. You

can move into the house

yourself, or rent it, im-

mediately. Don't make

the mistake of thinking

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flimsy wall board. Fibre

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and makes solid, sub-