

# THE QUEBEC TRANSCRIPT.

woman, (very like a contraband article, too) is up there at the lime-kiln, and you shall have a look at her, for I think there's a spark left."

So saying, he gave his lead into the hands of his men, and strode on before him towards the building which the latter had seen, and which proved to be another of the deserted lime-kilns frequent in the neighbourhood, and which was not more than a score of yards off the spot he had reached.

The scene, as they came up, was sufficiently picturesque. The kiln itself was built into the side of the cliff, the mouth being but slightly raised above the land level from which it was approached, while the fire place was situated at its side, about half-way down to the beach, to which a rugged track was the only approach. From the hollow of the furnace, which neglect seemed to have extended into something approaching the form of a chamber or cave, a strong light issued, and some figures, armed, were shown in their outline against it. As the physician made his way down the path, and as he approached the place, he saw that in the nook, which was on the side of the building screened from the storm, a fire of logs had been kindled, and five or six men were congregated, some tending the flame, while one or two were stooping down on the other side.

"Come, my lads," exclaimed the officer, as he entered among them; "make room for the doctor. He's in for the inquest, at all events. Make way, and fetch over a light."

(To be continued.)

## THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, MONDAY, 11th NOV. 1839.

In the *Toronto Patriot*, of the 1st instant, we find an account of the presentation of the Address of the inhabitants of Toronto, to His Excellency Sir John Colborne, prior to his final departure from this country. We mentioned the presentation of this Address to the worthy ex-Governor General, in our number of the 24th ultimo, but we were unaware of the observations on Canadian affairs addressed by Sir John to His Worship the Mayor of Toronto and Thomas Carfrae, Esq., who were deputed to present the Address. Those observations, which cannot fail to be highly gratifying to our readers, are thus reported in the *Patriot*—

"After the Address was read and the reply given, His Excellency spoke at some length upon the subject of Canadian affairs. He expressed himself highly gratified at the marked attention he had received from his Toronto friends, and the compliment they had paid him in sending their Chief Magistrate to represent them—he should always study their interests and those of Upper Canada, and promote them by every means in his power.—He would advocate the adoption, by the Government in England, of an extensive system of Emigration which he considered best calculated to strengthen the attachment between the Colonies and the Mother Country.—He advocated an Union of the Provinces, but not upon the democratical principle contained in the Bill introduced into the House of Commons.—His plan was an Union with a Vice Royal Governor—a deputy Governor at Toronto, and no removal of Public Offices from Toronto."

From the known character of Sir John Colborne, there can be no doubt that he will, unlike his predecessor, Lord Durham, keep his word, and on his arrival in England, advocate the interests of the British North American Colonists in a powerful and, it is to be hoped, effective manner. The English Ministry cannot do better than listen to and profit by the advice of such excellent and constitutional authority as Sir John Colborne, who, although he had not in his titles the addition of "High Commissioner," yet he has shown that his enquiries into our affairs have been productive, not of a voluminous, bombastical, and, in many of its parts, unfounded "Report," but of sound, practical views, which if carried out by those high in office, would do more to the settlement of the Canadian

question than a hundred Commissions appointed to enquire into matters that can be explained in a few words by such a man as Sir John Colborne. Let his advice be attended to, and with "precise instructions" to His Excellency the Right Hon. Poulett Thomson to carry it into effect, the difficulties that now afflict these Provinces will soon terminate. The threats of the *Toronto Examiner* of an extensive emigration from the Province may then take place—the sooner they are carried into effect the better say we, for the "emigration" of the disaffected from Upper Canada will speedily be followed by an "immigration" tenfold the amount of men, good, loyal and true, who will never seek to promote rebellion under the mask of "Responsible Government."

We have always thought, and we still think, that a Government measure promoting emigration upon a large scale, even at the expense of half a million sterling per annum, for a few years, would be the cheapest, the speediest, the most effectual, and perhaps the only cure for the evils which afflict these beautiful but desecrated colonies; and if Sir John Colborne should be the means of inducing our statesmen to adopt such a measure, he will have done more for the happiness, prosperity, and political health of the Canada, than any one who has preceded him.

### Arrival of the Great Western.

TWENTY-ONE DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

On Saturday, the United States mail brought English papers to the 18th ultimo, the steamship *Great Western* having arrived at New York on Saturday the 3rd instant, at 10 P. M. She sailed from Kingroad, Bristol, on the 19th Oct. at 4 P. M., and thus made the passage in fourteen days and six hours. This fine vessel had 127 passengers, among whom were—

The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Toronto; Baron Roenne, Prussia, ambassador at Washington; Major Van Buren, (eldest son of the American President,) and lady; Hon. L. M. Wilkins, Mrs. Wilkins and son; Mr. J. Starr, and Mr. J. Cunard, of Nova Scotia; Mr. Lyons, Royal Regiment; Dr. Cruikshank, 93rd Highlanders; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bowman, and Mr. A. H. Armour, of Montreal; Mr. James Gibb, and Mr. J. P. Anderson, of Quebec.

The news by this arrival, although three weeks later than was received here on Monday last, is not of great importance—no especially so to demand an "extra" from us on Saturday. Reports of the harvest, we are happy to find, are more favourable than previous accounts led us to anticipate, and the state of the Money Market was such as to cause all ideas of suspension of specie payment—if any such had been really entertained—on the part of the Bank of England, to be abandoned. We subjoin, among other extracts, an account of the proceedings of Mr. Jandou; it remains to be seen what effect the recent doings of the Philadelphia and other Banks in the United States will have on the American Securities in England.

The *Great Western* brought out £500,000 in specie, for the Commissariat Department in Canada.

In the ship news, extracted from the English papers, which will be found in another column, the brig *Procris*, Captain Fos, (formerly Arnold, and well known at this port as having been several times the first arrival of the season,) is at length accounted for. It was feared the vessel and crew were lost from the long period that had elapsed without either being heard of; the crew, however, were fortunately saved, the vessel being a total wreck.

The Packet ships *Toronto*, 1st Oct. from London, and *Virginian*, 4th Oct. from Liverpool, have also arrived.

**CORN TRADE AND CROPS.**—Messrs. Sturge of Birmingham, in their monthly circular of October 16th, say—The accounts from many parts of the kingdom concur in stating a serious deficiency in the crops, especially in the northern districts of England and Ireland. In a few countries it appeared likely to prove near an average, and on the whole the yield will be probably better than, from the condition of the weather, could have been expected, but the bulk of straw is less than was supposed before harvest. We have had little variation in the price of wheat during the past month, but there has been a general disposition on the part of millers to purchase beyond their immediate wants, partly owing to the continued pressure on the money market, and partly to the low price of flour, compared with what, the last few weeks, there is now no probability of the duty coming to 2s. 8d. at present, and we think that it may go to 16s. 8d. by the end of the present month. The crop of barley as to quantity per acre, has, we believe, proved quite equal to what was expected, but a very large portion of it is so injured that it cannot be fit for anything more than grinding purposes. Our present quotations are for malling, 41s. to 48s. per imperial quarter, grinding as well as malling is become scarce, and some have sold as high as 33s. per 392 lbs. at Birmingham. The crops of beans are favourably spoken of, &c. &c.

The *Morning Chronicle* of the 17th ultimo, says,—"Intelligence from the American money markets are received in rather a favourable light, although it has not produced any improvement in British funds. The consols market was rather in an agitated state throughout the day. The United States Bank shares were at 103½, to 103¾. On the 16th, shares of the United States Bank were sold to the amount of \$100,000. The same paper says, that while high rates of interest continued, causing the bank to keep money tight, it is not expected that a great deal of business will be done in that kind of investment."

The *London Courier* (evening paper) of the 18th ultimo, says,—"There has been much business transacted in United States bank shares during the present week, and from six to seven hundred shares have been dealt in at £20 per share, at which price there are now sellers. The new debentures, or new stock, of that institution, lately contracted by Mr. Jandou, have been sold at 95½, or 14 per cent premium; they may now be purchased at 94½, indeed they are offered at that."

The net produce of the revenue for the year ending 10th ultimo, was £44,086,081, which is an excess over last year of £1,441,132 sterling. The revenue for the quarter ending on the same day, exceeded the corresponding quarter of 1838 by £240,699 sterling.

The British Queen, which was to sail on the 1st inst., had nearly 200 births engaged. She arrived out on 13 days and six hours.

The Lord Mayor of London gave a grand entertainment at the Mansion House, London, early in October, at which the Hon. Daniel Webster, of Boston, and the Hon. Alex. Stewart, of Halifax, were present. Both gentlemen addressed the company in the course of the evening. Major Van Buren was also invited to the dinner, but declined on the plea of pressing engagements.

A lad, aged sixteen, threw himself off the monument, on the 15th Oct., and was dashed to pieces.

With reference to a paragraph in the *Arrowhead Herald*, regarding the failure of the Marquis of Huntly, we have pleasure in stating, on the information of a gentleman who attended a meeting of his lordship's creditors in Edinburgh on the 10th instant, that the creditors will receive a much larger dividend than is mentioned by our contemporary. The following is the statement of his lordship's assets and liabilities made to the meeting:—Liabilities—Preferable debts—Amount hereditarily secured, £115,000, due for servants' wages, taxes, &c. £2,000, amount of personal debts, £400,500, total, £517,500. Assets—Value of unalienated property, viz.:—Estate of Fushmore, £80,000, Lochaber, £56,000, Glenagay, £86,000, Alyonach, £30,000, personal property, £57,000, estimated value of life rent of unalienated realty, viz.:—£9,000 per annum and annuities, viz.:—£3,400, at 4½ years purchase, £56,000,—total, £365,000.—*Aberdeen Herald*.

Despatches from Sir John Colborne and Sir George Arthur, were received at the Colonial office on the 16th October.

The Hon. Colonel Grey, 71st Regiment entered upon his tour of duty as Esquerry to the Queen, the first week of October.

**PARLIAMENT.**—Some apprehension existed three weeks ago that parliament might be assembled in November to legislate on the currency question, but the improved prospects of the harvest seem to have put to rest the fear of a resort to one and two pound notes, as well as an inconvertible paper currency, and we have reason to believe that the next session will not open till February.—*Morning Chronicle*.

**NEW HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT.**—Messrs. Grissell and Peto, the well known builders of the York Road, Lambeth, are the contractors for the new houses of parliament; their tender was the lowest, viz.: £1,657,748.

The approaching marriage of the Queen, it is stated, will be announced when Parliament meets.

Some arrests have lately been made in Ireland, of persons implicated in the Ribbon conspiracy.

Mr. G. Vandenhoe, son of the tragedian, made his first appearance on the stage, at Covent Garden Theatre, on Monday, in "Rule a Wife." Mr. V. was a member of the legal profession, and resigned the solicitorship of the Liverpool Dock Trust, worth £500 per annum, to appear on the stage.

Van Amburgh was wounded by a young lion, with which he was going through the usual performance at the Porte St. Martin Theatre in Paris. He accidentally hurt the animal, which turned upon him, and clawed or bit his leg. Nevertheless Van Amburgh went through the performance, and put his head in the same lion's mouth.

Some panes of glass in Windsor Castle were broken by one Thomas Ainjer, who, on being brought up at a Police Office, proved to be insane, and was sent to an asylum.

### ARMY AND NAVY.

**WAR OFFICE, Oct. 4.**  
1st Foot.—Asst Surg C Brewster, from the 98th, to be Asst Surg.

**OFFICE OF ORDNANCE, Sept. 28.**  
Royal Reg of Artillery.—First Lieut J Deschamps to be Sec Capt & Wynne ret on hp; Sec Lieut C A Balfour to be First Lieut V Deschamps; Sec Lieut G B Shkspere to be First Lieut V Patten ret on hp.

**Corps of Royal Engineers.**—Sec Capt J A Portlock to be Capt; First Lieut J Twist to be Sec Capt & Portlock; Sec Lieut D W Tyha to be First Lieut V Twist; Sec Lieut H C B Moody to be First Lieut V Dashwood, dec.

**WAR OFFICE, Oct. 11.**  
1st Dr Gds.—A C Q Fleming to be Cap by prov V Hawkes, piron.

**OFFICE OF ORDNANCE, Oct. 10.**  
Royal Artillery.—Maj Gen Sir J H Canclams to be Col Comdt V Sir J Maclean, dec. From the *United Service Gazette*, Oct. 11.

15th Foot.—Major H. Smith has been ordered to Bristol, from Devonport, to relieve Col. Faunce, as acting Inspecting Field Officer, who proceeds on leave of absence for a month. 32d.—The Depot under the command of Major Birtwhistle will march in a few days from Fermoy to Cork, and embark for Spike Island, Cove, to relieve the 74th depot.

52d.—Captain the Hon. C. Grey, (son of Earl Grey,) recently appointed Aide de Camp to Lieut. Genl. Sir Colin Campbell, K. C. B., embarked for that place, on board the *Ranger* packet, on the 5th instant.

67th.—The depot expect an order to send out a large draft, before the service companies leave Barbadoes for Canada.

73d.—Capt. Dawson, on sick leave from the service companies, is to be taken out the strength of the depot.

Major Trednick, staying at Castle Moss Hotel, Isle of Man, was, last week, suddenly deprived of life by the ruthless hand of death. Dinner had just been served, when Major Trednick being observed to totter in his chair was removed into the saloon, and medical advice procured, but continuing insensible, despite of the assistance he received, life departed from the body on Thursday morning. Major Trednick was a native of the county of Down, and formerly belonged to the 70th Regt.

**NAVAL AND MILITARY COMMISSION.**—The following are some of the arrangements determined upon by this Commission:—"The Malt of the Royal Navy will receive an increase of pay while serving, and half pay after certain service. The Lieutenants of the Royal Navy, while serving, will have an increase of pay, which may encourage them to remain aboard. Adjutants of Regiments (Lieutenants in the Army) will receive the benefit of one shilling increase of pay for length of service, and also be induced to retain the rank of Adjutant. A certain number of Officers of the Royal Army

will be allowed Captains of the Royal Army Departments of the improved. An allowance for loss of the full pay of regular retire on £300 per ann to Major General num. Army Officer service will be allowed of their regimental rank. Lord Clarence Pa, been appointed to the tenet Hayes, of the money to the rank of Orders have been build, without delay the ships, to be called

### UPPER

The mail from a Upper day last did not arrive we have Toronto announced, and King's pay

We learn from the Flood, the sergeant i of Lancers, who was we believe, has been Assize, of the charges namely, to fire the 6 stables containing the Receiver General's sundry other monstrous promises to give a next number.

His Excellency Sir arrived at Kingston on proceeded, without any delay the Seat of Government

"We learn that the Excellency and the highly satisfactory. The cellency: Sir George marked demonstration in which he is held in the Province. At La illuminated, and at V vited to a public dinner time would not admit.

The Commercial B strict concerned pay according to law. The extraordinary call for consequence is appreh of that well regulated Chronicle, 2nd inst.

We find the following (U. C.) Gazette of the late who is master of the di Regt. now in this cant

The officers of the 3 ed Mr. John Hayden t service of massive; which bore the followi "Presented to Mr. Airey and the officers acknowledgment of th unremitting attention i a period of twelve year that Regiment.

—Ibid.

The Special Council day having been conv proclamation of the 1st to be brought before t session is not of great to the consideration of the following purposes, in conformity with th extra of the Official last:—

To continue the On Habeas Corpus Act to To continue in force Ordinance relative to ting Arms, Ammunition An Ordinance to Ine ties of the Seminary of real.

Mr. A. N. Morin, w mentioned last week, h what ground we know,