



Hog Cholera - Chinese Form.

Hog cholera is a disease of other species of swine, with a high death rate. It is common in the United States, and the disease appears to have been introduced into the United States by swine on their return from Europe. The appearance of the disease is characterized by a high fever, a rapid pulse, and a general depression of the animal.

*The cause* of the disease is a specific bacterium, and there can be no doubt that the disease is transmitted by direct contact with infected swine or by means of filthy surroundings. Infection is introduced into a healthy animal with great rapidity.

*The spread* of the disease is rapid, and it is not possible to gain access to a healthy animal by actual contact with a diseased animal, but it is possible to transmit the disease by means of contaminated food or water.

The disease is highly contagious, and thus distributed over a wide area in which the diseased animal is present. The disease is highly fatal, and the death rate is high.

Another method of transmission is by means of clothing, including birds. The disease is also transmitted by means of wandering dogs, which may feed in a stable or other place where the diseased animal is kept, and thus introduce the infection on their return.

Another method of transmission is for many outbreaks of the disease to be due to the feeding of uncooked meat, etc., in the raw state. In the United States many outbreaks of hog cholera are due to this cause. This is a great hindrance to the hog raising industry, and it is necessary to take the greatest care to prevent it. This is especially true during the summer period, when the disease is most prevalent. This is the only period when the disease is most prevalent, and it is necessary to take the greatest care to prevent it. This is especially true during the summer period, when the disease is most prevalent.

The meat is usually preserved by salting, and it is necessary to take the greatest care to prevent the disease from being introduced into the country. The disease is highly fatal, and the death rate is high. The disease is highly contagious, and thus distributed over a wide area in which the diseased animal is present.

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