1903] LOWER JAW OF DRYPTOSAURUS INCRASSATUS.	139
Combined thickness of dentary and surangular at h, figure 3	10
Length of crown of fifth tooth of right ramus	54
Breadth of base of crown of same	28
	18
Of smaller specimen, collected in 1889 (plate II).	484
Length of dentary, above, to its junction with the surangular	380 160
Depth of dentary at its junction with the surangular	
Length of angular foramen	50
Length of crown of sixth tooth	38
Breadth of crown of same at base	18
Length of crown of seventh tooth	55
Breadth of crown of same at base	21
Length of crown of eighth tooth	46
Breadth of crown of same at base	21
Length of splenial foramen	52
EXPLANATION OF PLATES OF FIGURES ILLUSTRATING THE MANDIBLE	OF
Dryptosaurus incrassatus (COPE).	
PLATE I.	
Figure 1. Mandible of the larger of the two specimens, as seen from the two-fifteenths, or slightly more than one-eighth, the native size.	e left; atural
Figure 1A. Section of left ramus of same, through the sixth tooth fro front; similarly reduced.	m the
PLATE II.	
	eivth
Figure 2. Side view of mandible of specimen collected in 1889; one natural size.	
Figure 3. Exterior aspect of posterior end of left ramus of mandible s	shewn
in plate I; one-fourth natural size.	
Figure 4. Interior view of same; similarly reduced.	
PLATE III.	
- 6	tion is
Figure 7. Outlines of transverse sections of a tooth; the upper sections taken at about one-third the height of the crown bell	ow its
apex; the middle section from a little below the mid-heigh	eht of
the crown; the lowest section from near the base of	of the
crown; in the figures the upper side corresponds with	h the
outer surface of the tooth and the portions on the right	to the
anterior border of the crown.	
d, dentary; ang., angular; art., articular; sur., surangular	; sp.,

splenial; psp., presplenial; cor., coronoid.

ht in d-ell h. ne ht

ne er nt ce re in ts er y.