

ME PEOPLE DU KNOW

...to make this...
...if you are going...
...have friends visiting you...
...line or phone 385 or 391...
...treatments for his health...
...to this city, and is se...

...Breithaupt is home...
...a visit in Ottawa.

s Raised Hartley Dewar

...TION OF ONTARIO
...MAY BE INVALID.

TO, April 7.—The Tor-
...York County Liberal
...was formed here to
...lines similar to the re-
...ization of the Western
...Ontario Liberal asso-
...and a number of resolu-
...passed, which were bas-
...carried in the two larg-
...ations referred to. A pub-
...ing was held to-night, at-
...about 300 persons.
...currier was elected hono-
...president; Sir Allan Ayles-
...orary president; Hon. W.
...MacKenzie King and H.H.
...M.P.P., were among the
...onorary vice-presidents. H.
...len, of Mount Albert, was
...resident.

...es were given to-night by
...Robb, M.P., Major J.C.
...L.P.P., Windsor; H.H. De-
...P.P. for Southwest Tor-
...d Hon. Mr. King.
...ewart declared that the
...government was going
...out a mandate from the
...and he was doubtful as to
...ty of the legislation pass-
...present session of the
...e. He charged the Hearst
...with being honey-comb-
...party patronage, and he
...the Ontario Temperance
...handled by a commission-
...ans.

...Mr. King's address was
...ry, which he dealt with
...om an academic stand-
...expressed pleasure at the
...mission, to be appoint-
...m. Gideon Robertson, min-
...labor, to look into condi-
...labor and capital, with a
...bringing labor and capital
...together, and he said this
...might do a great deal
...if the right men were de-

Man Had Named Assailant

...CE AT GUELPH IN-
...TO DEATH OF
...DUKE

TH, April 7.—Damaging evi-
...dence against John Nasonick and Jim-
...muzzo, the two men who were
...with the murder of Alex.
...the night of March 30, was
...the first session of the coron-
...held to-night.
...physicians who were pres-
...after Duke's death, were
...at the latter pointed out
...as the man who compelled
...up his hands just before he
...Mike Honeyburn, who was
...down and robbed just previ-
...appeared in the witness
...his head still swathed in
...and positively identified
...his assailants.
...evidence went to show that
...had been lured to the
...Tom Malott on Alton street,
...it was planned to rob him
...Duke was shot after
...formed the police that a row
...progress.

OLEOMARGARINE

...n of a Common Substitute
...for Butter

...arine is a substitute for
...posed wholly or in part
...than butter fat. In Eng-
...product is called margarine.
...United States a common
...butterine. It is also manu-
...and sold in large quantities
...attinent, where the Dutch are
...most expert in producing
...of food. While the United
...manufacturing and using
...more oleomargarine every
...manufacture in Canada is
...prohibited. As a result of
...blition Canadian abattoirs
...to export all of one of their
...table by-products, oleo oil,
...rial being a very important
...at of oleomargarine. In the
...ates there is an internal rev-
...of ten cents per pound on
...arine, which has been arti-
...colored to resemble natural
...while the uncolored pays a
...cent per pound. In view of
...that the question of food and
...erals looms largely in the
...nd, it is a matter of prime im-
...that the consumer should
...nothing of the nature of such
...as are produced in abun-
...Canada. Oleomargarine is
...of oleo oil, neutral lard,
...pure butter. These consti-
...are churned together, salted,
...ed up in the same manner as
...butter. Sometimes, usually in
...per grades, cottonseed, pea-
...other vegetable oils are used.
...rade would consist of 25 per
...oil, 25 per cent neutral lard,
...80 per cent butter or cream
...to make that much butter
...mal percentage of salt notes.
...Oleo oil is prepared from
...of beef cattle.



OWN A HOME

Know the joy that comes with the possession of a home of your own. It isn't necessary for any man who has a reputation for honesty to pay for a home in one lump sum because there are plenty of opportunities offered through the Want Ads whereby he can move right into his own home on making a small down payment and agreeing to pay the balance in monthly installments the same as rent.

A home may be thus owned within a period of eight to twelve years, all depending upon the amount paid like rent from month to month. Turn now to the Real Estate want ads and see the list of opportunities offered you.

Read the Want Ads in

The News Record

Temperance Referen- dum Next September

Four Questions to be Submitted to Electors.

PEOPLE TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT ONTARIO REMAINS DRY OR IF NOT, WHETHER THERE IS TO BE SALE OF LIGHT BEERS THROUGH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES OR OVER BARS, OR LIGHT BEERS AND STRONGER LIQUORS THROUGH GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

Toronto April 7.—When the temperance referendum is submitted to the electors of Ontario next September—the exact date is yet to be announced—

every voter will be handed four questions on all of which he must vote "yes" or "no" or have his ballot spoiled. Those four questions, as given to the Legislature by Premier Hearst this afternoon in a full statement of the Government's temperance proposals are as follows:
1—Are you in favor of the repeal of the Ontario Temperance Act?
2—Are you in favor of the sale of light beer, containing not more than 2 51-100 per cent alcohol weight measure, through Government agencies and amendments to the Ontario Temperance Act, to permit such sale?
3—Are you in favor of the sale of light beer, containing not more than 2 51-100 per cent alcohol weight measure, in standard hotels in local municipalities that by a majority vote favor such sale and amendments to the Ontario Temperance Act to permit such sale?
4—Are you in favor of the sale

of spirituous and malt liquors, through Government agencies, and amendments to the Ontario Temperance Act to permit such sale? Legislation Withheld.
The prime minister contrary to expectations did not bring down the legislation upon which the referendum will be based, but in a lengthy statement he gave the House a clear outline of what the legislation will be. The Government's policy may be summed up under two heads: its referendum proposal and its policy of ownership and control in the period that the Government, in pursuance of the people can be fully expressed.
The Government in pursuance of the announcement made by the prime minister several months ago, will bring in legislation providing for the taking over of the business of selling liquor under the Ontario Temperance Act, the establishment of distributing warehouses and agencies in various parts of the province.

Will Not Split either side.
Toronto, April 7 In announcing the Government's temperance proposals the House this afternoon, Premier Hearst said it is the intention of the Government to submit two bills, one amending the Ontario Temperance Act and the other entitled "The Temperance Referendum Act 1919." These have not been finally drafted by the law clerk but will be brought down in the House this week.

The amendments to the Ontario Temperance Act proper are designed to assist the enforcement of the act, the premier explained and the principal clause will be that going away with existing vendors and giving the Government control of all liquor sold under the act. An announcement of this policy was made some time ago.
The working out of the policy will be in the hands of the license department which will maintain a chief or head office in Toronto, a central warehouse, or warehouses, for receipt of liquor in wholesale quantities and for various municipalities throughout the province. The head office shall have control of the taking over of the stocks now owned by licensed vendors, the buying of liquor and determination of prices at which the same shall be re-sold.

So much for the temporary policy. The policy for the future will depend upon the vote of the people for the four questions which Sir William announced will be submitted to the people will record public opinion absolutely. If the people vote for the continuance of the Ontario Temperance Act, it will stay upon the statute books. If at the same time they give a majority to the sale of light beer in standard hotels after a vote by the municipal electors amendments will be made to the Ontario Temperance Act to make such sale possible.

The Other Questions.
The other two questions will be in exactly the same position. If the people give a majority vote for one or the other that one will be made effective. Thus it is possible though not probable that the province by its vote, may say it wants the Ontario Temperance Act amended to permit the sale of light beer in sealed packages in Government agencies in standard hotels over the bars and spirituous liquors generally in Government agencies. A full vote on all four questions is assured by the simple plan of requiring the elector to vote on every question or have his ballot thrown out. The prime minister, in making his statement referred to the enactment of the Ontario Temperance Act as a war measure. He spoke of his explanation of the purpose of that bill and his declaration that the Government would not have thought of urging the passage of such a bill without the vote of the people but that war and the obligations it imposed.

At that time he had given the word of the Government that when the struggle in France and Flanders was over and the soldiers who were fighting for liberty had returned to exercise the full rights of citizenship the question would be definitely settled by the submission of a referendum to the people.
The time had about arrived to make good that pledge and for some time past the Government had been giving thought to the best form in which a referendum could be submitted so as to fully express the will of the people so expressed. And the people of the province, I feel sure, guided by the will of the majority and prohibitionist and anti-prohibitionist alike will loyally abide by whatever law may be approved by the majority.

The prime minister gave the House a positive statement that there would be no change in the prohibition feature of the Ontario Temperance Act until the vote has been taken. Just when that will be cannot be stated at present but it will probably be in September or October and certainly not later than November. The date is to be fixed by order-in-council.
In closing the prime minister reminded the House that any legislation the province might enact would be subject to the laws passed by the Dominion Government regulating the manufacture or importation of intoxicating liquor. At present liquor containing more than 2 1/2 per cent proof spirits cannot be manufactured, that prohibition having been effective since December 31 last, while importation has been prohibited since December 24, 1917.

Not in Bulk.
It is not the present intention of the Government under this system to sell liquor in bulk. All liquor sold by the license holder shall be in sealed containers of such character as the board shall determine.

Premier Hearst after reviewing at some length the Government's policy with regard to prohibition pointed out that the questions of the referendum are submitted in such a way as not to split either the wet or the dry vote. Each question stands by itself he stated and on each the voter must



TESTING OF THE BOLSHEVIKI—HUMED FROM A POND INTO WHICH THEIR BODIES HAD BEEN THROWN. At Wessenberg in the Province of Estonia, about fifty bodies of murdered people, most of them mutilated so that identification was impossible, were exhumed from a lake into which they had been thrown by the Bolsheviks. Those who could be identified were mostly owners of railroads and posts.

THIN PEOPLE SHOULD TAKE PHOSPHATE

Nothing Like Plain Bitro-Phosphate to Put on Firm, Healthy Strength, Vigor and Nerve Force.

Judging from the countless preparations and treatments which are continually being advertised for the purpose of making thin people fleshy, developing arms, necks and bust, and replacing ugly hollows and angles by the soft curved line of health and beauty, there are evidently thousands of men and women who keenly feel their excessive thinness.

Thinness and weakness are usually due to starved nerves. Our bodies need more phosphate than is contained in modern foods. Physicians claim there is nothing that will supply this deficiency so well as the organic phosphate known among druggists as bitro-phosphate, which is inexpensive and is sold by A. J. Ross in Kitchener and most all druggists under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. By feeding the nerves directly and by supplying the body cells with the necessary phosphoric food elements, bitro-phosphate quickly produces a welcome transformation in the appearance; the appearance; the increase in weight frequently being astonishing.
This increase in weight also carries with it a general improvement in the health. Nervousness, sleeplessness and lack of energy, which nearly always accompany excessive thinness, soon disappear, dull eyes become bright, and pale cheeks glow with the bloom of perfect health.

CAUTION.—Although bitro-phosphate is unsurpassed for its effectiveness, it should not, owing to its remarkable flesh-growing properties, be used by anyone who does not desire to put on flesh.

make a deliberate decision and vote accordingly.

With reference to the fixing of the strength of beer at 2 1/2 per cent alcohol weight measure, the prime minister said: "We have fixed this strength because it is what the labor congress and others desiring light beer ask for. It is also the same as the strength of light beer as contained in the Quebec Act."
"This Legislature has no power to prohibit the manufacture or importation of intoxicating liquors," Sir William reminded the House. "That is a measure resting entirely under the authority of the Dominion Government and for which they must take the responsibility. Any legislation we may enact will of course, be subject to such laws as may be passed by the Dominion Government. The manufacture of liquor containing more than two and one-half per cent proof spirits has been absolutely prohibited in Canada since December 31 last."

Yet Another Crisis Arises at Conference

MAY BE SOME DIFFICULTY IN HAVING THE NATIONS WHO OWE MUCH TO ENTENTE TO ACCEPT THE TERMS

Paris April 7.—President Wilson's orders that the transport George Washington proceed immediately to a French port have aroused much comment here and are even construed by some officials as preliminary to a determined move to force an agreement at an early date by the peace conference.
Various rumors were soon in circulation and before night one report was current that the president had deferred an ultimatum to the effect he would withdraw from the conference unless an agreement was reached within 48 hours.

It is confidently asserted by those close to the president that he did not contemplate any such action.

Paris April 7.—The peace conference has apparently reached the turning point between definite and speedy results and further prolonged delay. The indications to-day were toward action but new doubts began to appear as to whether the desired results could be accomplished within a fortnight as Premier Lloyd George and Col. House have proposed.

The council of four was to have met at 11 o'clock this morning at the "White House" where President Wilson is still confined to bed but able to consult with his colleagues in emergencies. It developed however that Premier Lloyd George had been affected in a similar manner as the president which has confined him also to his bed. A morning session of the council was therefore impossible.

It was then determined to have the Council meet at Mr. Lloyd George's residence so as to be near him, and here the session began at 3:30 p.m. with Premier Clemenceau, Premier Orlando, Col. House and all the financial experts present. Reparations was again the chief issue and although settled in the main principles a number of essential details still remain open.

At the conclusion of the council it was stated that no agreement had been reached on reparations or other subjects and that the discussion on reparations

would be resumed to-morrow.
Extreme tension was evident as a result of to-day's discussions, and it is believed throughout the conference that another critical stage has been reached. One of the most responsible authorities associated with President Wilson said that he would not be surprised if American participation was brought to an early close if the delays over the details were carried much further. The differences still remaining on the subject of frontiers and reparations are comparatively slight he added and yet these slight differences are so persistently maintained as to threaten to create prolonged delays.

President Wilson was described by one who saw him during the day as standing firm in his determination to make no further concessions. He insists that the principals which were definitely agreed upon at the time of the armistice are at stake.

4,000 DID NOT REPORT.

44,000 Registered in Ontario Under M.S.A.—Half Defaulted in Quebec.

Ottawa, April 4.—In the House of Commons yesterday Hon. Arthur Meighen gave the following report of the number of draftees the various provinces supplied under the M.S.A.

Province	Registered	Reported
Alberta	8,310	7,870
British Columbia	7,612	6,417
Manitoba	9,470	9,044
New Brunswick	6,061	6,069
Nova Scotia	7,977	6,643
Ontario	44,796	40,637
Quebec	46,106	27,277
Saskatchewan	11,079	10,016

New Immigration Bill Is Introduced

EXTENDS TIME DURING WHICH ALIENS MAY BE DEPORTED

OTTAWA, April 7.—The Government's immigration bill was introduced into the Commons to-day by Hon. J. A. Calder. The bill extends the restrictions on immigration now in force. It extends the time during which immigrants may be deported from three to five years.
Prohibited classes are also extended under the bill. Those mentally or physically unfit and alcoholic victims will be excluded, also persons unable

HEARTBURN or heaviness after meals are most annoying manifestations of acid-dyspepsia.

KI-MOIDS

pleasant to take, neutralize acidity and help restore normal digestion.

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION



EASTERN HATS & CAPS

For Dad and his Lad

to read. Persons who believed in the overthrow of constitutional government, or alien enemies who have been interned or deported from Canada or allied countries, will be excluded.

Mrs. Susanna Rannels, 96 years old, has registered to vote in the approaching election in Battle Creek, Mich.

Governor Smith, of New York, has announced his intention to name a woman to a place on the Niagara Reservation Commission.

Ride a Columbia

made in Canada.
Bicycle.
There is none better.
See us now.
DOBBIN GARAGE,
Waterloo.



CANADIAN ARTILLERY IS ON THE ARCHANGEL FRONT, where with other allied forces theirs is reported to be considerable danger. The above map gives a rough idea of the situation. The Bolsheviks have forced the allies back more than a hundred miles from the Shenkursk region. They have driven down the Dwina and Onega rivers and already have driven the allies away from the Waga River.

Economical Mutual Fire Insurance Company

Head Office, 20 Queen street, north, Kitchener.

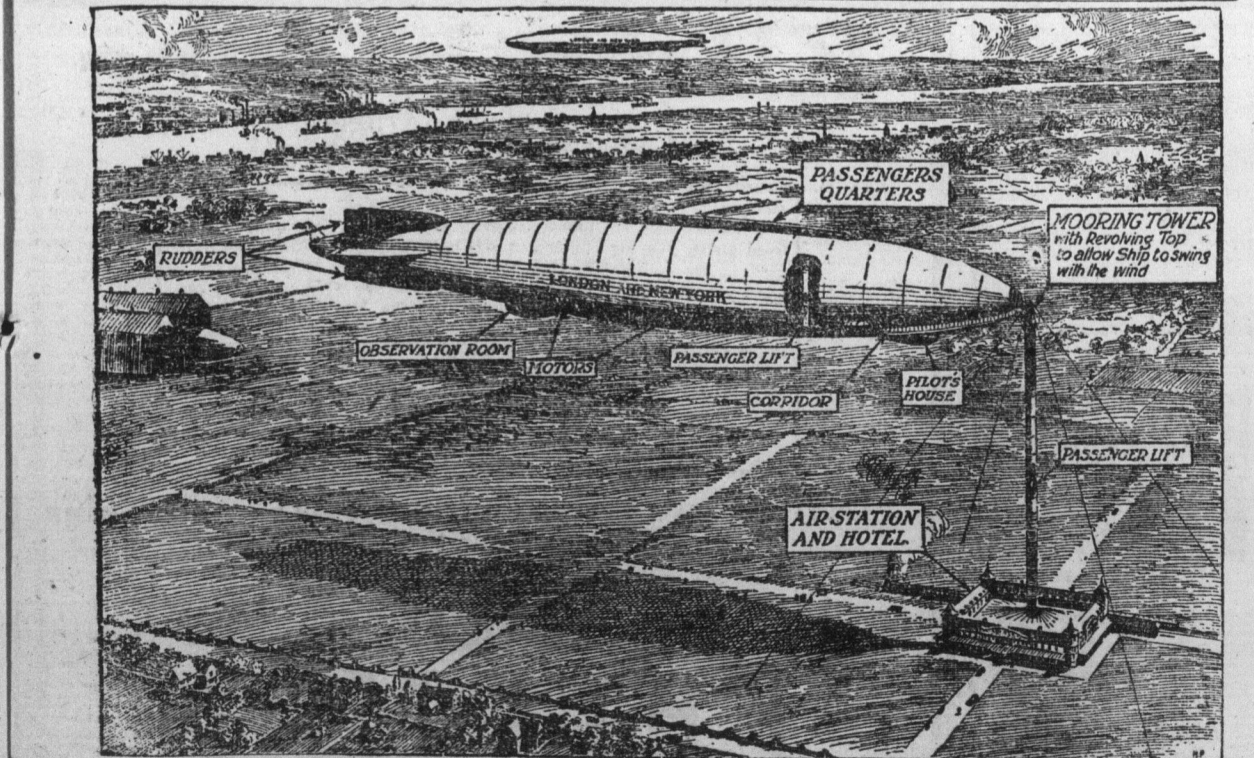
Total Assets..... \$800,000
Government Deposit..... \$50,000
Amount at risk..... \$27,000,000

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Vice-President, G. C. H. Lang.
Manager, W. H. Schmalz.
Inspector, A. H. Devitt.
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PROPOSED TRANS-ATLANTIC AIR LINER TO RUN BETWEEN LONDON AND NEW YORK.—Sketch of an airship designed by Messrs. Vickers, Ltd., for passenger service between London and New York. The saloons and staterooms are at the top of the ship away from the noise of the engines. Passengers will embark by means of a life in the mooring tower, the top of which is connected with corridor running along the keel. Cubic capacity of ship, 3,500,000 cubic feet; full speed, 75 miles per hour; normal speed, 60 m.p.h.; passengers carried, 150; estimated time to New York, 2 days.