GOOD COMMON SENSE.

wisdom in a woman's little head. She does

not like to be scolded-she will not endure

sareastic "hits." If the newspapers, or

her husband, tell her to do one thing, she

will be pretty certain to go and do the

her that Queen Victoria doos a very foolish

thing in wearing dresses that trail on the ground, and she will be sure to have her next dress made six inches longer—just to

see how it seems! Mention that it is a

lress with gilt ornaments; and she will come

out the next day as if a brass-manufacture

better than any volume of good;

MRS. GEORGE WASHINGTON WYLLYS

Che Carleton Place Gerald. IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MOSNING AT CARLETON PLACE, BY JAMES POOLE. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

Only One Dollar a Year.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at th

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CANADA AND THE COLONIES.

Mr. W. W.Wheeler, Superintendent of the Music Hall, Quebec, died suddenly on Thursday last.

Mr. Fitzgerald, a shoemaker of Cayuga, while on his way to Hamilton, between York while on his way to Hamilton, between 1 ork and Caledonia, was met by two men, one of whom seized his horse by the bridle, while the other rifled his pockets of his pocketbook, containing \$237, telling him that that was all they wanted, he might now drive on with his hides. No clue has yet been found which seems likely to lead to the discovery which seems likely to lead to the discovery of the perpetrators of the robbery.

THE EARTHQUAKE. - A resident of An ne des Monts below Quebec, writes concern. ing the earthquake of October 17 th :—" The shock of earthquakes caused a great inundation at this place. An immense frag-ment of rock having been detached from the summit of a mountain has fallen into, and obstructed the course of a river so as to form a cataract of sixty feet in height. The effeets of the phenomenon in this locality were really extraordinary, and were more felt here than elsewhere."

Wednesday the 14th inst, a German named Martin Weisenbach, living in South Easthope, went to the house of Ludwig Geiss, his son-in-law, to reclaim some cattle which had been taken there by Weisenbach's wife. A scuffle ensued, during which Geiss struck Weisenbach on the head with a handspike, from the effects of which blow he died on the following. A verdict of wilful murder has been returned against Ludwig Geiss as prinbeen returned against Ludwig Geiss as principal, and Catherine Weisenbach as ac-

CHOKED BY A POTATOE .- A child about The girl took a potatoe and cutting it in two, gave the child one-half and ate the other herself. A piece of that given to the child stuck in his throat and choked him. A on the 12th for Panama and New York. suspicion of foul play arising, an inquest was held, but jury exonerate the mother from all with Peru.

FALLS.—The following is sent us by Mr. S. Davis of the Table Rock Hotel, Nisgara

Falls:

"I want to inform you that on Saturday the 24th instant, at half-past 1 o'clock, there was a tremendous fall of rock a little south of that old stair case, completely filling up the path-way leading to the new staircase. But a few minutes before the fall, a party was being conducted from the museum to the sheet of water. Had it happened at the time they were passing, all must have got crushed to pieces. I suppose some thousands of tons fell."—Leader.

postage for compensation; but both parties name the same days and neither will yield, so as to enable the the department to alternate.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 25.

Bitter cold. Ice two inches thick.

Nashville, Nov. 26.

The Planters' Union and State Banks, of Tennessee, have suspended at the request of the community.

BANK SUSPENSIONS.

DISCOVERY OF COPPER IN THE COUNT in this city announcing the discovery of a vast location of copper in this parish of St. Flavien, county of Lotbiniere. It appears that the specimens which have been obtained are of extraordinary richness. The placer is said to be about half a mile in length, and the width varies from fifty to one hundred feet, extending over some ten or twelve lots. It is said that the location in question is likely to become the property of an English mining company, and that the preliminaries have already been arranged.—Quebec Chron-

The last Fredericton Reporter writes thus cheeringly in reference to the position

New Brunswick, at the present time:

"With the exception of a few interested parties who are making a strong canvas for office, and who care not by what means they Province so apparently contented as at present. Providence has been pleased to prosper the laber of the people in an eminent de-gree, in the three branches of its application: Trade has prospered, Manufactures have been in good demand, and the Agricultural produce of the country has turned out so well as to place every industrious occupant of the soil beyond the reach of destitution."

The Reporter also states: --We have it on the very best authority that the Commissioners of our Railway have paid into the Treasury £8,000 as profit on the traffic over and above the running expenses during the past

UNITED STATES.

A glutton at Oyster Point, Connecticut, ate a bushel of oysters last week as fast as an expert negro could open them.

Barnum has found a new wonder, a Miss Dora Dawson, half man and half woman, with a deep and powerful tenor and a swee and delicate soprano voice.

One of Henry Ward Beecher's lady admirers says he has the front face of a lion and the profile of a sheep, which may be considered complimentary or not.

Menken, one of the husbands of the lady who claims to be the wife of Heenan, such for a divorce. Mrs. Adah Isaacs Menken Heenan, as she is called, denies that she was ever married to Mr. Menken.

No NEGRO SUFFRAGE .- The negro sui ndment to the New York constitu tion seems to have been overwhelmingly defeated. In New York city, while 33,000 votes were given to Lincoln, the amendment only got 1.640. Indeed the amendment get less votes than it did three years ago.

BLONDIN GOING TO ENGLAND.—The im mortal Blondin, whose wonderful feats in this country in crossing cataracts and spanthings" has won for him a world-wide reputation, we understand is about to visit London in April next, where no doubts he will astonish all the folks within the sound of Bowbells, and a good many outside of it. over in the British metropolis a journey on the tight rope, say from the top of St. Paul's to the Monument would not be a bad feat.

That Blondin could accomplish it who doubts after what he has done at Niagara and Jones' Woods.

A VALUABLE FUGITIVE.—A very valuable fugitive slave belonging to a Georgian passed through this city to Canada on Wednesday night. His master took his servant to Baltimore on business a few days previous. The slave was a book-keeper and

Jamacia advices to 30th October report two Spanish slaver brigs to have been brought in as prizes. Crops promising.—
Some yellow fever at Port Royal, introduced by the war steamer Icarus.

HEAVY FALL OF ROCK AT NIAGARA
ALLS.—The following is sent us by Mr.
Davis of the Table Rock Hotel, Niagara
alls:

"I want to inform you that on Saturday

Athingtonia in the Company owing the Collins steamers respectively for carrying foreign mails under the present law, which allows postage for compensation; but both parties name the same days and neither will yield,

BANK SUSPENSIONS.

that Gov. Brown will veto any law sanctioning suspensions of banks, unless the state of the Charleston banks have suspended

as well as a large cotton house; names not

Samuel Harris & Sons, bankers, have suspended. It is understood to be only temporary. Trenton, N. J. Nov. 23. Both Trenton banks have suspended.— They pay out small amounts to business men

A meeting of bank officers is being held

to-day in relation to financial pressure. Pittsburg, Nov. 23. The banks of this city, except the old

Bank of Pittsburgh, suspended specie payments.—The Bank of Pittsburgh pays specie on all its liabilities, as it did in 1857.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 23. banks was legalized by the legislature to-day.

The proceedings were without special in-

Charleston, S. C., Nov. 23. The Mercury says that the Merchant.' Exchange Bank, (Charleston), suspended yesterday.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

Lord John Russell's eldest son has this year matriculated in the University of Ed-inburgh, where his father himself studied fifty years ago. Baron Alphonse von Rothschild has recently been named Prussian consul general at Paris. This is the first time that the

Prussian government has ever appointed a Jew to a similar office.

Specimens of the new paper for printing, invented in Austria, and made entirely from maize straw, have reached Paris. Some of the specimens are very fine. The advantage in cheapness is one-half. Punch says that Garibaldi is an Irishman and was born in Cork, or Connemara

it is not certain which; and after his father was christened Richard Murphy, a nam which he has contracted to Dick Tator! Prof. Austed, the English Geologist, says that the reported number of earthquakes from the earliest ages to 1850, is over 7,000. From 1800 to 1850, 3,240. The average

for the present century is about one a week CURIOUS COLOSSAL STATUE.—On a hill ear Arona, overlooking the Lago Maggiore in Northern Italy, there is a statue of St. Charles Borromeo, 70 feet in hight, mount ed upon a pedestal which rises 30 feet above the top of the hill. It was erected in 1624, and is a very wonderful work of art. The pedestal is of stone, and the statue is formed entirely of plates of bronze and copper riveted together, presenting a life-like appearance rivaling many small works of sculpture. The expression of the features, the attitude of the body, and the arrangement of the drap-ery evinces great genius and artistic skill.

The following anecdote of the Queen il-lustrates her good sense and real desire to romote the welfare of her subjects. She had agreed to have her photograph taken for the gratification of such of her subjects as might desire to possess the counterfeit presentment of their ruler. She presented herself in a plain black silk, without a particle of ornament. The photographer ven-tured to suggest that she should send for some jewels. "No," said the Queen, "this photograph is to go among my people, and I wish to do all in my power to discourage extravagance." It is such little anecdotes as these that have secured the Queen a high place in the regard of the people.

RELEASE OF DR. SMETHURST .- This person, convicted at the sittings of the Cen-tral Criminal Court in October, 1859, of murder by poisoning, and sentenced to be hanged at the Horsemonger-lane jail, but Ment and caused considerable discussion and controversy in the public journals, which resulted in his pardon for the murder, and his being put on his trial a second to the conflict which is liberal It appears that the mother had directed that the cargo of the American brig Winth his being put on his trial a second time for the girl to give the child a potatoe to keep throp had been seized at Santa Marta by the bigamy, will be released from Wandsworth offence, having expired. Dr Smethurst is considerably reduced in bulk, but his bodily health does not appear to be impaired by the ordeal through which he passed and his lengthened incarcaration.—English paper.

We extract the following from the Glas-PETER BUCHANAN, Esq.-MELAN-CHOLY ACCIDENT—Glasgow has this week been deprived of one of her most eminent merchants, Peter Buchanan Esq., of the extensive firm of Peter Buchanan & Co., and Corn dull. elder brother of Mr. Isaac Buchanan of Canada. Mr. Buchanan in company with a young relative, went out partridge shooting on Rosemount, near Ayr, on Saturday the 26th ult., and on approaching a style over which both were about to pass, Mr. Buchanan turned round to give seen in Buchanan of Canada. Wakefield & Co. report a decline in the Liverpool Breadstuffs market of 1d to 2d per cental on inferior wheat flour. Flour steady. Provision market quiet. Beef heavy. Pork and Bacon steady. Lard anan turned round to give some instruction to the youth in the management of the gun It having rained the gun was moist and alig of them slipped from the young gentleman's grasp, causing instantaneous discharge the piece. Mr. Buchanan being merely few feet distant, the shot had not time spread but passed like a bullet through his left leg, inflicting a dreadful wound, and completely smashing the bones. Mr. Wm. Baird, of Rosemount, who on hearing of the accident was immediately on the spot, tendered every assistance, and providing a carriage, had Mr. Buchanan conveyed to Adamton House, the residence of Major Douglas, his brother-in-law. The most emigale prevented any further progress; had not be attempted with safety. Mr. Buch-anan went on favourably until Friday evening, when a change to the worse rapidly set in, and on Monday evening he expired. Mr. Buchanan was unmarried, had hardly Mr. Buchanan was unmarried, had hardly passed the meredian of life; and those who enjoyed his friendship and confidence thoroughly appreciated the uprightness and dignity of his character and his warmth and benevolence of heart.

benevolence of heart.

ARRIVAL OF THE PRINCE OF
WALES AT WINDSOR.

The Prince of Wales arrived, by special train at Windsor, at 20 minutes before seven o'clock last night. The Prince Consort met the Prince of Wales at the Railway Station.

The Prince of Wales at the Railway Station. The Prince of Wales arrived, by special train at Windsor, at 20 minutes before seven o'clock last night. The Prince Consort met

ARRIVAL OF THE ARAGO.
St. John Nfld., Nov. 24.
The steamship Arago which left Havre on the 13th, and Cowes at 11, P.M., on the 14th inst., passed Cape Lace at 8 P.M. yesterday, where she was intercepted by the news yacht of the New York Associated Press

Press.

The Arago has 165 presengers and 300 tons of Freight for New York; and reports having experienced west rly winds most of the passage. She will be due at New York on Monday night.

CHINA.—It is reported that the settlement of negotiations had been delayed on a question of money and unity of understanding.

The allied armies were marching on Pek-in, where Shankee Siasia had a largo force to defend the city. Lord Elgin was to follow the troops on 9th of September. The criny reached Yang Stin Yeh on the 10th. The Coolies were

to protect it from the rebels, who were

Trade was obstructed by the rebels.

It was rumored in London that the British Government had received official despatches from China, that peace had been concluded at Pekin by the English and French ampassadors; but it was generally believed that the Government would not withold such intellig

ENGLAND .- The Bank of England raised its rate of discount in consequence of the withdrawal of £300,000 for the Bank of France which was to be followed by £300,-29s to 29s 6d.

Consols closed at $93\frac{1}{8}$ to $94\frac{1}{4}$.

The steamship Arabia, from Boston, via Halifax, arrived at Liverpool on the

The Steamship New York, from New York, put into Plymouth on the 11th, short The City of Manchester arrived at Queens town on the 13th. The squadron with H. R. H. the Prince of Wales on board had not yet reached Eng-

vanced to 5 per cent on Tuesday evening, and the bank of France had raised its dis-

count rate to 4½ per cent. 1TALY.—Intelligence re 1TALY.—Intelligence respecting the negotiations for the capitulation of Gaeta are received. It is asserted that it is composed of only a few battallions.

It is stated that General Goyon considers

evacuate the town, on the basis that he commands the troops—30,000 in number—at Gaeta, and relies on the strength of the for-

breadstuff's Markets had slightly declined. Richardson Spence & Co. report flour dull and declined 6d per brl. Wheat quiet and lower; qualities were easier but quotations were unaltered; western, 11s 6d to 12s 2d;

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA.

The City Washington touched at Queen town on the 16th. Bank raised its rate to 6 per cent on the 15th.

GREAT BRITAIN. gale prevented any further progress; had only another week's provisions, and the party for the last few days lived on salt and preis made the theme of congratlatory editorials by the Press, and reiteration of warm com-

The Piedmontese Gazette of the 15th says that the Neapolitans, under Gen. Sabrear, had proposed to Fanti the surrender of the Neapolitan troops who remained outside Gaeta, consisting of 10 battalions; but a despatch announces that two merchant steamers carrying French colors had left Gaeta with troops, it was supposed, for Civita

The Lazzaroni at Naples indulged in a demonstration in favor of Garibaldi. They were dispersed by the troops,
Victor Emmanuel prohibited the destruction of Fort Stalmes.

An attempt to introduce arms into Hungary had been made. English gaged in the enterprise.

Austrian preparations for war g

Mantua, &c.

It was reported that the Queen of Spain The Moniteur asserts that the latest telegram from China, fully authorizes Sir Hope Grant to have recourse to arms. It is hoped

it will not be necessary. LIVERPOOL MARKETS. Flour dull and offered at a reduction uotations 28s to 31s 6d. Wheat dull and declined 1d to 2d; Red Western 11s 5d to 12s 10d: White 12s 6d

Corn firm; Mixed and Yellow 38s to 38s 3d; White 43s to 45s. Pork quiet. Lard fair at 63s 6d. Ashes steady; Pots 28s 6d to 29s; Pearls

Sugar dull. Coffee quiet.

Portland, Nov 28. at 3 o'clock this a.m.

ARRIVAL OF THE CITY OF BALTI-MORE.

New York, Nov 27.

The steamship City of Baltimore, from Liverpool, 14th and Queenstown on the 15th, arrived at 2:15 this afternoon. The Canadian arrived at Londonderry on

The new steamer Leinster, of the Galway line, was not ready for the next departure from Galway. She will follow the Prince Albert on the 18th of December.

The report is revived that Thouvenel is soon to quit the French foreign office.

The formation of a French squadron of reserve, to be ready in the spring, is positively announced. It is said that the representatives of France and England recommended the King of Na-

appointed General in the army.

Melbourne dates are to Sept 25. mercial affairs rather more favorable. Ship-ments of gold during the month to England

A seaman aboard the ship Jeremiah Thompson at Liverpool, was brutally beaten by the boatswain and died. The latter, named John Keggan, jumped overboard and was drowned. A subscription had been started in England with a view of presenting Capt Wilson, of the brig Minnie Sheffer, with a picture

of the rescue of the passengers and crew of the Orange demonstrations in Canada would be brought before Parliament early in the

allles have taken and occupied Pekin, and will hold possession of it the whole winter.

THE MAILS BY THE CITY OF BAL-

Letters from Gaeta, dated Nov 11, state that Francis II had rejected the proposals for the evacuation of that town. Gen Bosco had arrived, and would take the command He relies on the strength of the fortress. A Prussian General had arrived on a mission. A Portuguese and Spanish frigate had ar-

EMPLOYMENT OF ELECTRICITY The Paris Patrie says that the King has not yet made up his mind to capitulate. He still retains an army of 15,000 men, which is sufficient for the defence. The new Italian army is to consist of 177 Regiments of the following is the substance:-Infantry, Cavalry, and Artillery, and 54 battalions of Bersaglieri. The French army does not consist of more than 208 regiments

does not consist of more than 208 regiments and 21 battalions of Chasseurs.

The Official Journal of Naples contains the appointment of Garibaldi as General of the army.

The siege works before Gaeta were actively continued. It is still hoped, though, to secure the submission of Gaeta without any serious fighting, but in case the garrison do not capitulate, the bombardment was to commence in a few days.

Till the convocation of the Great Italian Parliament, which is expected to take place in January, the Viceroy of Naples and the Viceroy of Sicily will exercise full dictatorial powers, doing as they please, both as to laws, institutions and persons.

The French Minister of the Interior had addressed a circular to all the Prefects,

The French Minister of the Interior had addressed a circular to all the Prefects, which, after stating that the Government did not prohibit the Pontificial, nor the collection of Peter's pence, says that, notwithstanding, it cannot admit the unauthorized establishment of permanent committees for collecting subscriptions for a foreign Government, and those which have been already formed are to be dissolved or they will be subjected to equal penalties. The offerings of individuals can be freely given as heretofore. Several destructive fires had occurred in Dublin. In one of them the Kildare street Club House was totally burnt, and three domestics perished in the flames. The loss was heavy.

The London Press states that the circum-

There are few men who will take so high place in the history as the man who has made Italy free. In reading of past times we occasionally meet with great warriors and statesmen who, after most heroic strug-gles quell the enemies of their country and win enduring renown. But unfortunately most of these, dazzled with the splendour most of these, dazzled with the spiendour of their position, intoxicated with the sweets of power, instead of laying down the trophies they have won, instead of sheathing their swords and assuming the grab of the simple citizen, place themselves about the law and extort obedience from these who they ought manfully to obey, from heroes they sink in-to Kings. From being beloved for their intrinsic greatness they became destined for their traitor acts. When a great general gathers round him an army of veterans whom he ers round him an army of veterans whom he has oftentimes led to victory, hardened in his service, devoted to his cause, worshipping him as soldiers do worship the men who never fails them in time of need, who has crowned them with glory, who made them envied above all others—it is no wonder

out the next day as if a brass-manufacturer had shaken his shop over her! So much good it does to caution her against the follies of the time! But we have the firmest faith, nevertheless, in her good sense if she will only give it fair play.

"Why don't you take more out-door exercise?" we asked of a head-achy friend, two that such a general feels it hard to obey where he could command; hard to bend before a thrown upon which he might sit; hard to seek humbly for favours which he might take. Yet the more difficult the task, the, or three winters ago. "Exercise! in winter weather!" she looked at us in perfect surprise. The idea of daring to venture out in snow and sleet and more glorious the accomplishment. And to him who has accomplished it neither the people of the age in which he lived, or the people of future ages have failed to award a due meel of praise. rain-to risk the perils of wet pavements

bler spectacle has ever been seen than

when he, standing in the presence of the

Until this year of grace eighteen hundred

Mr. Sanvageon addressed to the Academy f Sciences, at its session of the 18th of

great as the world has known.

and muddy crossings and mire besplashed skirts—seemed totally absurd. And so it was, we believe, with some ladies.

Now, there is a wet day and winter uniform for the fair sex in which they seem to How much more glorious would the take a sort of innocent pride and protected by which they defy snow and rain, dripping career of Cromwell have appeared to us, had it been possible for him to resign that which the welfare of a distracted nation bid him streets and streaming gutters. All hail to the triumphant reign of Balmoral skirts and thick-soled boots! Does a woman ever look keep. Yet best as he was; standing out in marked contrast as he does to the fiddling, frivilous knaves and fools who for so many prettier than in this piquant and brilliant costume! She is as independent as a man years afterwards sat on the English throne -and that is saying a great deal. She no great statesman as he was, great warrior as he longer stands hesitating at the crossings, sighing enviously as the cowhide boots and don't-care-for-the-mud pantaloons splash was—he and Marlborough are perhaps the only two soldiers the world has produced who won every battle they fought—even his glories have been tarnished because he slept in a kings bed. The two Napoleons sacpast, with gloriously indifferent men inside of them. Are not her thick shoes and pretty little rainbow-colored Balmoral quite as in-vulnerable? Let it rain—she don't care! rificed all pretentions to the love of man by their betrayal of the liberties confined to their care. General Cavaignae is the superior of the one; even Robespierre, who lost his life rather than knowingly imperil a fevered liberty gains by contrast with the other. It is a curious speculation, what would have been the fate of the United States had Washing-Let the omnibus-wheels throw up whirlpools of liquid mud as she passes-what does it matter to her? Not the worth of a crooked Now this is what we call a realizing sense ton chosen to use for his own purpose the power with which he was clothed. But no

of the Fourth of July proclamation-a genuought to hold a congratulation meeting, and present their humblest thanks to Madam Fashion for relieving them of the incubus of draggled skirts and paper-soled gaiters which are about as suitable for our Northfathers of the Great Republic, resigned his commission into the hands of his country. ern winters as a tissue-paper shell would be Were all the other glories of the Union to for a tortoise? be forgotten, were she to be split up into petty kingdoms such as those which curse Sometimes the dresses are looped grad

sometimes confined by patent contrivances would be long the superfine honour of hav--and occasionally, on desperate rainy days, we have been struck with a conviction that we have been struck with a conviction that the dress skirt was folded up at home—and that long basque and Balmoral constituted the entire costume! We haven't an objection! Gentlemen are supposed to believe that equal. Garibaldi will henceforth take rank with Washington. In these days of utter selfishness, when a man's patriotism is too apt to be measured by the value of the national stocks which he holds, it is refreshing to find a pure, single-minded lover of his country like Garibaldi. He has swept over Sicily and rescued her from slavery when help seemed hopless. He has opened the dungeons of Naples—he has given liberty to the slaves of a despot King. While the great powers of Europe have stood tremblingly by with her large armies and costly materiel, Garibaldi has tumbled their smaller brothers from their thrones—despite their protests, despite their tears. And have done this; having freed twelve millions of men; having won their dress of alcohol upon albanen is the same as excess of heat—it congulates it, the dress skirt was folded up at home-and

twelve millions of men; having won their the same as excess of heat-it congulates it, love and eternal gratitude; having upset all military precedent; without hesitation, with-out desire for reward further than that as may be at any time seen by mingling it consciousness of a great triumph in the just-est of causes gives; he lays down his auth-ority at the foot of him whom the people with the white of an egg. This is one of the modes of action by which alcohol destroys life when taken in excessive quantity, or in a concentrated form. I quote the highest and most recent chemical anthority have chosen for their Sovereign—he salutes Victor Emmanuel as King of Italy!—Globe. to this point [Regnault's Chemistry]:
"Concentrated alcohol acts as deadly poison on the animal economy, and will produce death, when taken in large quantities. In-IN THE EDUCATION OF SILK jected into the veins, it produces almost sudden death, by coagulating the albumen of the blood!" Such is the heading of an article which we find in Le Genie Industriel, and of which

Now, in the ordinary use of alcoholic drinks, there is not sufficient taken to produce this result, namely, coagulating of the this affords us no warrant for assuming that the lesser quantity is neutral or inactive. It enters the blood, and circulates through the system as alcohol, retaining all its properties and powers—and just to that extent in which it is present, it must exert an unhealthy abnormal influence upon albumen. It must tend to harden and solidify it, and, therefore, powerfully operate to impede its vital transformation into fibrin, an essential step in the nutritive process.

Alcohol obstructs the nutritive and repa

rative functions. It has been observed by experiments, that where animals are poisoned by alcohol, the blood, after death, either remains in a fluid state, or is very imper-fectly coagulated. The fibrin continues in a fluid condition, precisely as when an animal has been killed by lightning or suffocated with carbonic acid .- Youmans' Alco-

THE HUMAN FIGURE.-The proportions of the human figure are strictly mathematslender or plump, this rule is good. Any deviation from it is a departure from the highest beauty of proportion. The Greeks made all their statues according to this rule.

The face, from the highest point on the mestics perished in the flames. The loss was heavy.

The London Press states that the circumstances attending the Orange demonstration in Canada on the occasion of the visit of the in Canada on the occasion of the visit of the ever did, they do still. Not a tear is wrung ever did, they do still. Not a tear is wrung the top of the head is the occasion of the chest to the middle finger, is the same reason. Prince of Wales, will be brought before Parliament early in the session. The Press eulogizes the loyalty of the Orangemen, and attributes all the unpleasantness to the insulting and overbearing conduct of the Duke of Newcastle.

The Times thinks that by the middle of the month the English and French were under the walls of the Capital, and if the Chinese were disposed to resist, another battle must have been fought about this time. The anticipation seems, however, to have been the procession of the same reason, however and over again in long succession, since the hour that the fatal pair stepped from Paradise, and gave their posterity to a world of sorrow and suffering. The head learns new things, but the heart practices old expariences. Therefore our life is but a new form of the way men have lived from the beginning.—Henry Ward Beecher.

The effect of climate on the human system of the navel for its center, would tonch the ex-