

The Big New Mill
Of course HEWSON TWEEDS are good. They are made in the big new mill at Amherst. They are woven on the finest machines of absolutely pure wool.
Identify every yard you buy. Unless it bears the Hewson trademark in color, it is not Hewson Tweeds.

GETS \$1000 A DAY.

Elijah Sanford Says That Amount Is Coming In

In Answer to People's Prayers—Farming Operations at Shiloh Not Yielding Results.

LISBON FALLS, July 22.—Elijah Frank Sanford says he is receiving \$1,000 a day in answers to prayers.

It was about two weeks ago that Sanford ordered a period of 40 days of continuous prayer. A certain number of the disciples are detained to go into the heart of the big building and they pray for a certain number of hours and then they are relieved.

At present there are about 225 of Sanford's followers on the sand hill, and they are not doing much of anything except to pray. Sanford ordered this season of prayer because the says he is greatly in need of \$40,000 with which to purchase new yachts and to prepare for his contemplated trip to the Holy Land.

It is reported that there is at times need of food at Shiloh, and if Sanford has much money it would be well for him to expend some of it in provisions. Sanford now owns nearly half of the land in Durham, and it is given out to the public that he is having farming conducted on a large scale and after modern methods, but those who are conversant with the real condition of things do not believe that on the farms owned by Sanford enough is raised to support the colony.

This week a pitiful letter written by a heartbroken mother in Tacoma, Wash., was received here. She writes that her daughter, who is now at Shiloh, has taken her girl away to Jerusalem. If she have not already done so she fears she will be taken across the seas and that she will never hear of her again.

"I have earned her fare so as to have it ready at a moment's notice, if she leaves, though I have no hope of her doing so," writes this mother. There is no doubt that this girl is no under the influence of the Sanfords, and that she will not write to her mother, even if the letters were given to her. The girl is said to have average intelligence and a fair education, and when she came to Shiloh believed her life was to be one of ease, although one of restraint. It is Sanfords' plan to inculcate into the minds of his disciples that they must give up all they have, to devote their property to the kingdom, and then secure their property as a property, and even forsake their parents, their wives and their children.

In some ways Sanfords gains great power over all who go to his colony, and it is rare that one breaks away. All seem to fear to talk with strangers, and they will one and all declare that they are happy, even when on the verge of starvation. Many letters like this have been received from the Tacoma mother and some of them are even more pitiful than this one. It is believed that many of those who are at Shiloh would leave if they had the chance to do so, but they think that they are afraid of Sanfords something terrible will befall them. It is reported that Sanfords intends as soon as possible to go to the Holy Land, and that his stay there will be prolonged one. One reason assigned for Sanfords' anxiety to leave the country is that he desires to get from the sight of the distorted countenances of his disciples and to flee from the sound of the ravings of those who under his teachings have become either insane or well nigh so from mental and nervous prostration.

The work on the disabled Coronet, which is at Rockland, is being pushed as fast as men can work. A new vessel has been bought by Sanfords, and the report is that he has the purchase of another in view.

The men who are at work on his vessels at Rockland are paid promptly and so money has to come from some source. There are those who believe that Sanfords does really receive big amounts of money. Of course they do not think it comes in answer to prayer. They think there are certain people whom Sanfords can hypnotize and that he uses this power of people without any scruples. Whatever Sanfords once gets into his hands in the way of money or property he never returns. He says it is given to him for the use of the Lord and that it would be a sin for him to give it back again.

STILL SEARCHING FOR THE BODIES

Eleven Known to be Dead in Framingham Disaster

All the Injured Doing Well With the Exception of One Man Whose Back Is Broken

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Mass., July 24.—Although the search for the bodies of workmen and other persons thought to be buried in the ruins of the collapsed business block on Concord street continued all last night and throughout today, the number of bodies up to 11 o'clock tonight up to 11, and it was believed that three and possibly four more would be found later.

The finding of the body of Henry L. Sawyer, a prominent hardware dealer, who went to the building to inspect the plumbing plans, brought the number of bodies up to 11 o'clock tonight up to 11, and it was believed that three and possibly four more would be found later.

With the exception of Chester Nicholson, whose back was broken, all the injured were reported as comfortable tonight. Nicholson's condition is very serious.

Later this afternoon the selectman extended an invitation to the state police to investigate the cause of the collapse of the building, and the inquiry began tonight.

Three inspectors representing the Massachusetts district police, including Deputy Inspector Moore, were here today in connection with an investigation of the accident. It is the intention of the inspectors to determine exactly, if it be possible, what the conditions were which led to the collapse of the building.

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Tuttle's Elixir
What high reliable cure for colds, coughs, croup, whooping cough, and other common household ailments. Our London standing offer of
\$100 Reward
for failure, where we say it will cure, has never been claimed. All druggists sell it.
Tuttle's Family Elixir, a great household remedy, Tuttle's American Worm Powder, cure for intestinal troubles, and other ailments. 100-page book, "Veterinary Experience," free. See the latest catalogue, "The Dispensary," sent on request. Sold by all druggists and by mail direct from
G. H. Tuttle, 25 Bevier St., Boston, Mass.
TUTTLE'S ELIXIR CO., 25 Bevier St., Boston, Mass.
Puddington & Merrill, 25 Bevier St., St. John, N. B.

MUST STAMP MILK CANS
This Act Applies to All Dealers in Milk
Will Go into Force Oct. 13th—Standard Gallon or Multiple Thereof Must be Used
The following bill, entitled An Act to Amend the Weights and Measures Act, was passed by the parliament of Canada during the last session and will be in force on and after the 13th of October next:

HOW GERMANY MANAGES.
The State Carries on Many Important Services.

(Toronto Globe.)
G. J. N. Rogers, of the Local Government Bureau in London, has issued a special article on local government in Germany, compiled with exhaustive fulness and accuracy. It states that the attitude of Germany toward the much vexed problem of municipal trading:

"In most of the large towns the gas, water, markets and electricity undertakings are owned and managed by the local authorities. As regards tramways, German towns are not quite so advanced as towns in England, but it is the evident intention of the communal bodies generally to obtain possession of important means of communication whenever the opportunity offers. In addition to the undertakings mentioned, all towns of any size have their own savings bank, and most of them carry on the business of pawnbrokers. A large majority, too, possess municipal theatres and concert halls. A few own quarries; one (Goritz) engages in the manufacture of bricks and tiles, owns a coal mine, and manufactures artificial stone. In connection with the ownership of communal forests, several towns deal in timber for building purposes. An excellent supply of fuel, harbors, docks, quays and wharves are also owned by various towns."

In the opinion of many of its opponents municipal trading should not be carried on with a view to profits. In Prussia this question is settled by the law. Section 8 of the Communal Taxation law provides that "commercial undertakings of the communes shall be administered upon the principle that the income raised shall suffice at least to meet the whole of the expenditure arising from the communal undertakings, inclusive of interest and redemption of the invested capital. An exception is admissible so far as the undertakings serve at the same time a public need which is not otherwise met." The latter part of the provision refers to waterworks, markets and similar undertakings, but these concerns are, as a general rule, to be so managed that no loss shall fall on the local taxes.

To cure Headache in ten minutes use Kumfort Headache Powder, 10 cents.

FIGURES 22.4 IN GIRL'S EYE.
PARIS, July 24.—The Petit Parisien publishes solemnly the details of a remarkable story of a child one of whose eyes is distinctly marked with three numerals and a punctuation point. The strange tale comes from Pointe du Falet, where is the half forgotten village of the saint who is venerated throughout Bretagne.

On the islet lives the family of a fisherman of the name of Le Guen, consisting of the rugged father and mother and a daughter, Marie, four years old. The parents have had much sorrow through the loss of two older children and have exercised much care in raising Marie. She has a transparent skin and eyes as blue as the sky where, far off, it seems confluent with the sea. Marie has been celebrated for some time for a distance of ten leagues around her home, visitors all going to the fisherman's hut and looking on her as a veritable phenomenon.

Graven on the corner of her left eye below the pupil in a horizontal line are the figures 22.4. They are clearly visible, as is also the well formed comma. The other eye is unmarked. Doctors and oculists have examined the child. The Petit Parisien asked Dr. Guevel of Pont l'Abbe to examine her to determine the cause of the abnormality. He suggested three explanations, that it was hereditary through nerve disease; that it was due to a disease of the eye; or that it was due to medical tattooing with nitrate of silver, necessitated by an affection of the eye in early infancy. The parents declare that the girl never underwent an operation.

Druggist de Elize, who has closely studied the case, believes that the figures are formed by striations of the eye itself. He cites in support of this that the figures are not visible when looking at the eye straight in front, but only when looking at a certain angle. The child is coming to Paris for examination. Her sight does not suffer from the peculiarity.

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Provincial News
WHITE'S COVE. QUEEN'S CO., July 28.—People about here are well satisfied with their having operations. The crop in general is not up to last year's. Other crops promise a fair yield.

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