South Africa and wrote a book telling how he escaped from Pretoria.

Sir William and Col. Haldane leave by the limited to-day for the Pacific

PROVIDING FOR TROOPS.

Russian General Says They Are Well Supplied With Warm Clothing. Petersburg, March 2.—General Soukhotine, who is on his way to the Far East, telegraphs to War Minister Sakharoff from Tomsk, Siberia, as fol-

"During my long journey I saw several divisions of troops. Their transport was proceeding in perfect order. The men Cheliabinsk everything is under the close control of the military chief of the district, who sees personally that the troops are supplied with warm garments."

RUSSIANS NORTH OF YALU.

London, March 3 .- Hardly a word of news from the seat of war, with the exception of the Russian official dispatches published here this morning, and it now seems clear that the story of the Morning Telegraph two days ago of a bom-bardment of Port Arthur by the Japanese on February 29th, is a re-echo of pre vious attacks.

serious danger is confronting Russia in these well-armed brigand bands. Accord- Vladivostock. ing to the Daily Mail's account of this show that the Japs are organizing the

clare Japan has granted permission for is that port. 53 foreign newspaper correspondents to accompany the Japanese forces. A mile and a quarter of the Siberian railroad, according to the Tokio reports,

has been destroyed in the Ninguta district, between Vladivostock and Harbin, The Tientsin correspondent of the Standard cables that the Russians are fortifying points south of Mukden. Heartrend ing stories are appearing in English newspapers of the sufferings of refugees from Port Arthur on the train journey to European Russia.; It is bitterly cold and there is a scarcity of food and water. Failed to Find Enemy.

St. Petersburg, March 3.—In a dispatch to the Czar, Viceroy Alexieff says: "Admiral Stark, telegraphing from Port Arthur to-day, March 2nd, says the enemy did not appear off Port Arthur Carlotte State of the Carlotte of March 1st. on February 28th, 29th or March 1st. connaissances made by cruisers and torpedo boats failed to discover the enemy's vessels.

Major-General Pflug sends the following telegram, dated March 2nd: "Ac additional information which has reached me, our patrols have passed the night 12 versts (eight miles) from Ping Yang, approaching that town on the morning of February 29th. They closely pressed a Japanese patrol with seven officers, forcing it to retreat at a gallop towards the gates of the town." The Russian government earnestly de sires the conservation of the ancient friendship between the United States and the Empire. The opinion is expressed here that the two countries are now on the eve of a better understand-

Negotiations have been completed with France, Great Britain and Italy for the repatriation of the Russian sailors who were taken aboard vessels of these countries after the Chemulpo fight. These men will be brought to Odessa under

motive which performed this service hav ing broken through the ice.

The Russians. Tokio, March 2.-It has been learned that the Russians have occupied the telegraph offices at Anju and Yong Pyon, Songhin and Started for Korean graph offices at Anju and Yong Pyon, north of Ping Yang. They have imprisoned the district governor and have confiscated the official papers. The Russian force at Anju numbers only about forty men. The main Russian force is concentrated at Liao Yang. The Russians near Antung aggregate 2,000. No important engagement is expected south of the Yalu river, and it is believed the Russians will make it their main line of

Russian Squadrons. St. Petersburg, March 2.-According to special dispatch from Port Arthur, 20 Chinese have been arrested there for signalling to the Japanese ships from the shore with flashlights and lanterns. A warning has been issued that similar of-

fenders will hereafter be treated as spies

Although it is denied that the presen plans of the admiralty contemplate the dispatch of either the Black Sea or Baltic fleets to the Far East, both are being prepared with the greatest haste to meet any emergency that may arise. General Altwater, the artillery specialist, and Admiral Verkhosky, have been inspecting the ships and crews of the Black Sea fleet. Work on the warships is being pushed

night and day. The battleship Borodino the battleship Orel and the transport Kamtchatka, are nearing completion at the admiralty dockyards here. In the dead of the night the ice-bound Neva is like an Arctic landscape lighted for half a mile by the flare of blazing stacks, the ilence broken by the din of drumming hammers. The battleship Borodino must be taken to Kronstadt to receive her armor, and it is reported that the ice-breaker Ermak will be brought from Reval to cut a channel to the arsenal there. The battleship Alexander III., at Reval to cut a channel to the arsenal there. The battleship Alexander III., at Kronstadt, is ready, and the Russian fleet, recently at Jibutil, French Somalland, is returning, so that when the spring opens Russia will have an impossing opens Russia will have an impossing agreement of naval ships in the Baltic. ing array of naval ships in the Baltic. About 800 volunteer workmen have left

Arthur and Vladivostock.

The Novoe Vremya to-day prints an editorial on the "Anglo-Saxon rejoicing in England and America at the reports of Japanese victories," in which it says "the look in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Baffalo, N. Y.

The Open Door. Chicago, March 2.-Eki Hioki, first secretary of the Japanese legation at Washington, and Tosaburo Kaboya, of the Yokohama-Washington Specie Bank, have arrived at Chicago en route from Yokohama to Washington, Secretary Hicki was one of the Japanese commi China and Japan at Shanghai has fall, which, like the American treaty with China, provided for the opening of the before Pert Arthur the Russian authorities of Mukden Antung and Tatangarities have been appearance of the Russian authorities and the Russian authorities an sioners who drew up the treaty between China and Japan at Shanghai last fall, ports of Mukden, Antung and Tatung-

"On many points the Japanese govern ment and the United States have Japanese have been discouraged by the agreed," said the diplomat. "They are failure of their attacks and perhaps by united on the open door policy and the losses they have not announced. It is evident, even from the m ed States would suffer most from the formation regarding the Russian disposi-acquisition of parts of China by Russia. The Russian policy in Manchuria seems for cheeking the Japanese land advance

to be to exclude all other nations.
"The impression among my people is that the government did not go to war quickly enough. They clamored for it long before hostilities began. The peo-ple will do all in their power to support the government. Even the school chil-dren are trying to provide funds to carry

Moving Northward. St. Petersburg, March 2.-A dispatch from Vladivostock, dated to-day, says From Yingkow comes the report that that according to private reports there, five hundred bandits attacked a Russian post to the west of Haichang, 42 miles each, recently landed at Chiung-Chang, east by north of Newchwang, that there Korea, about 130 miles north of Wonsan was severe fighting and both sides lost with the supposed object of reaching the heavily. This report is discredited at valley of the Tumen river and threaten-Yinkow, but if it is true it indicates ing Hun Chun, Manchuria, nine miles

A fleet of ten Japanese warships was affair six Japanese found among the bandits were killed. This would tend to Vladivostock. They were believed to be reserve vessels, now powerful enough t blockade Vladivostock or endanger the Reports received here from Tokio de- Russian first class cruisers, whose base

Movement of Warships. Port Said, March 2.—The Russian cruiser Aurora, recently in the Red Sea, left here this afternoon for Candia, Island of Crete. One of the five Russian torpedo boat destroyers, which left here yesterday for Algiers, has returned. Kolpino, Russia, March 2.-Two companies of pontoon miners and sappers

New York, March 3.—Ominous ru-mors, says a cable to the Herald from St. Petersburg, have spread through business circles, that Port Arthur will be abandoned to the enemy after the sinking of the ships, as was done in the Crimean war.

HE FAVORED EVACUATION. Gen Dragomiroff Has Been Summ to St. Petersburg.

London, March 3.—According to a correspondent of the Times, General Dragomiroff, former governor of Kieff, has been summoned to St. Petersburg. During the war deliberations he severely criticised Russia's war policy, and insisted that both the fleet and army should evacuate Port Arthur in order to avoid greater/disaster.

PREPARING FOR JAPS. Work of Fortifying Antung, on the Yalu

River, Now in Progress. Seoul, March 3.—The Russian forces at Anju are compelling the Koreans to supply them with rice, fodder and fuel. The Russians are fortifying Antung heavily, with the apparent intention of preventing the Japanese from crossing the Yalu.

Russia's pledge not to allow them to bringing down residents of that nation-fight again during the continuance of a bringing down residents of that nationality from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the death and formerly minister of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the literature of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the literature of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the literature of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the literature of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the literature of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the literature of the Interior in the literature of the Interior in a lity from Song Chong, reports the literature of the Interior in the literature of the Interior in the literature of the Interior in the Interior The commander of a British gunboat, the kingdom.

MORE JAPS LANDED.

Border.

Vladivostock, March 3 .- The detachment of 25,000 Japanese troops without

A Quart Baby.

Now and again there is an item in the newspapers concerning the birth of a puny baby so small that a quart cup holds it comfortably. If the article told all the facts it would probably tell also of a mother who in weakness and misery had looked forward to the baby's advent with shrinking and fear.
To have fine, healthy children the

mother must be healthy, and it is the

of mothers that the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription not only pro-motes the mother's health but also gives her strength to give her child.
"Favorite Prescription" accom-plishes these results

by tranquilizing the nerves, promot ing a healthy appetite, and giving refreshing sleep. It increases physical vigor and gives great muscular elasticity, so that the baby's advent is practically painless. It is the best of tonics for

nursing mothers. "I gladly recomment Dr, Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. J. W. G. Stephens, of Mila, Northumberland Co., Va. "Before mythird little boy was born I took six bottles. He is the finest child and has been from birth, and I suffered very much less than I ever did before. I unhesitatingly advise expectant mothers to use the 'Pavorite Prescription.'"

reasonable trial of his means of cure. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adhere to work at the dockyards of Port viser, is sent free on receipt of stamps

under him, played the Highlanders on to victory to the tune of "Cock o' the North." Col. Haldane was captured in churia would benefit civilization."

whole world with those exceptions realize artillery, which arrived at Soughin Korea, south of Cape Bruat, on February 19th, landed from three steamers escaped by these world by the wo corted by three warships at night an started immediately on a march to Mao-purchan, South Manchuria, close to the and is considered to be an attempt to Korean border.

TO COPE WITH TRAVEL.

Authorities Busy Trying to Preven Blockade of the Siberian Railway.

ties have been awaiting anxiously the is an inclination here to believe that the R It is evident, even from the meagre in

is perfected, or that heavy reserves are being brought up the Yalu river. rains in each direction daily.

army reserves from the rural districts seem to be much more anxious to go to seem to be much more auxious to go to the front than the townsmen. Many of Extension mines this afternoon. the latter are presenting physicians' cer tificates of illness. The bank balance on March 1st showed THE COAL LANDS IN decrease of only \$4,000,000. The gold

CHINA'S NEUTRALITY.

Advices Received at Paris Are to Effect That Declaration Will Be Observed.

Paris, March 3.—Credence is not given by the foreign office to the reports that China is on the eve of joining Japan in the war. The advices received here in-dicate that China proposes to observe her ed not to interfere with the bill passed by Chinese troops sent north have instruc- sessions ago, dealing with certain blocks have joined the latter are deserters, and the government. that in the undisciplined state of the army it is impossible to prevent them from endorsed the action of the government.

It is authoritatively announced that France has not been approached to cede which the Dominion is concerned, any islands to Russia, for use as coaling tations by the latter when she sends he Baltic feet to the Far East. Should Russia make a request to this effect it will be denied, as such action would be regarded as a breach of neutrality. To show France's purpose to remain neutral, it is pointed out that Russia has a coal depot at Villefrenche, near Nice, but that Russian ships will not be allowed to ise that station as in time of peace.

SPIES AT VLADIVOSTOCK. Japanese Alleged to Be Masquerading in Chinese Clothing

Vladivostock, March 3 .- The police have placarded the city with notices i Chinese and Russian calling on the Chi nese to betray Japanese spies, masqu ading in Chinese clothing.

FRENCH ATTITUDE. Baron Suyematsu Says So Far It Has Been Scrupulously Correct.

New York, March 3 .- Baron Suyethe war.

The cars on the ice railroad over Lake
Baikal are now drawn by horses, a locoBaikal are now drawn by horses, a locomotive which performed this service hav
time to, time filled all the high posts in

Suyematsu spoke unofficially about the Far Eastern war, saying his country was not seeking territory, but that it was a matter of national existence for Japan. Regarding the reports of interference France, he said that so far the attitude of that government had been twenty per cent, of their government hold fit to-send warships to fight Japan, his turned over to-day to J. P. Morgan & Co., country having vanquished one fleet, world not mind fighting another. Baron Suyematsu denied that Japan had violated international law in beginning the war. The policy of Japan in Korea and Marsharit he soid rapid he to recover The Baron said he was going to England for his health.

____ CAPTURE UPHELD.

Decision of Naval Prize Court Regarding Taking of Steamers by Japanese.

Nagasaki, March 3.-The naval prize court in session at Sasebo yesterday up-held the legality of the capture by Japanese cruisers of the merchant steamers Argun, Mukden, Mychel and Russia, and the whalers Nicholas and Alexander. Other cases are pending. An appeal was allowed to be taken within sixty days.

RUSSIAN FLEET'S MISSION Is to Prevent Landing of Mikado's Troops on Liao-Tung Peninsula.

St. Petersburg, March 3.-The naval organ says the chief strategical mission of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur is to revent the Japanese from landing or the shores of the gulf of Liao-Tung, thus rotecting the right flank and rear of the rces in Manchuria from the Japanese

Eversjays, the Russian Bernhardt, went to Kolpino, near here, and present-ed each man of the pontoon detachment, which left Kolpino yesterday for the Far East, with a canvas bag containing felt

Songchin, Korea, on February 25th, reported by Major-General Pflus, chief of the staff of Viceroy Alexieff, is believed here to be the origin of the recent reports outflank the Russian advance from the

Yalu river. The Japanese, according to Gen. Pflug, have gone to a point whence a mountain pass leads to the headwaters of the Yalu 60 miles distance. Marching in that mountainous region is declared by ex-perts here to be almost impossible. The absence of roads, it is said, will completely upset the Japanese plans, the only ood road in Korea, leading through Ping next move of the Japanese on sea. There Yang, being already in possession of the Empress Passenger Gives Details of One

> WORK AT DEPARTURE BAY. Fine Seam of Coal Reached in New Slope-Wharves to Be Erected.

Nanaimo, March 3 .- All doubts as to the outcome of the sinking of the new slope by the Western Fuel Company at Departure Bay, the nature of which has been largely experimental, were set at rest to-day, when, after months of persistent drilling through hard rock, a fine seam of coal was reached. The thickness of the seam is not yet known. A nitions and commissariat stores east-ward, there is great danger that in bring. large force of men, were put to work this morning sinking a new shaft on the ing back the empty cars the whole line city side of the channel. New shipping may be stopped. With the sidings now wharves will be built at Departure Bay. building, the authorities hope to be able to keep the line clear and to send eleven and will be pushed night and day until Mail advices from Siberit say that the Miner Injured.

Wm. Hoggan, a well known old timer,

Famous Bill Number Sixteen Will Not Be Vetoed by the Dominion Government.

SOUTHEAST KOOTENAY

Ottawa, March 3 .- It is underst claration of neutrality, and that the the legislature of British Columbia two tions to enforce the neutrality. It is understood that China has disavowed any were to be given to the Canadian Pacific llision between her troops and the Chi- as a subsidy belonging to the Columbia nese outlaws, explaining that those who Western, and were afterwards refused by

The bill which the legislature passe withholding the land from the C. P. R. Of course the subject is not one

WINNIPEG NOTES.

Preparing for Erection of New Immigr tion Hall-Delegates Leave for

Winnipeg, March 3.-Local option was de eated in Bothwell, Man., but in Treherne Leaves for West.

Ex-Constable John Micklejohn has left for Vancouver. He had entered suit against the city in behalf of twelve constables who had recently resigned on account of the feeling towards a sergeant, claiming nonth's pay. He got tired waiting.

New Hall. The old immigration hall will be mov rom its present site to a new one by C P. R. locomotives, preliminaries to starting work on a new \$100,000 structure. Manitoba Delegates.

A. H. Irwin, Miss Jean Taylor, Rev. W W. Abbott, Jas. Melntosh, A. F. Dolan, Rev. Hamilton Wigle, and Rev. W. A. Mc-Lean composed Manitoba's delegation to specified time. Instead, she steamed a the World's Sunday school convention at short distance up the Yang-tze-Kiang Jerusalem, the majority of whom left on Tuesday for New York.

PANAMA CANAL PURCHASE.

Issued by the United States S of the Treasury.

Washington, March 3 .- The secretary the treasury to-day will call on the deposi-tory banks of New York City to deposit scrupulously correct, but if France saw ings in the sub-treasury, the money to be Manchuria, he said, would be to secure the sub-treasury.

the same trade privileges for all nations.

The secretary also will call on all the

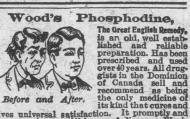
special depository banks to forward to designated depositories in New York 20 per cent. of their holdings on or before March 25th. This will result in a depos't altogether of about \$30,000,000, the remaining \$20,000,000 will be supplied by the treasury itself.

KANSAS CITY STRIKE. Policemen Accompanied Non-Union Drivers

on Wagons.

Kansas City, March 3,-Policemen rode on the wagons to-day with many of the nonunion truck and baggage wagon drivers, who have taken the places of the strikers, and many of the strike-breakers were armed. Although the strikers asserted that they were gaining recruits, the em-

Paris, March 3 .- The court of cassation the appeal of Alfred Dreyfus for a revision of his trial.



THOUSAND RUSSIANS

of Early Incidents of the

Details of the capture of a Russian ransport and 2,000 troops by the Japanese off the southwest coast of Keres are given by A. R. Tufts, a business man of Shanghai, who was among the passengers from the Orient by the Empress of India, which arrived Wednesday night. Brief mention of the incident has lars at Moji, a Japanese port not far from Sasebo, where the prisoners are

The capture took place on February 9th, the day after the attack on Port Arthur. A Japanese gunboat cruising off Korea encountered a suspicious looking steamship. She was flying Japanese colors and her appearance led those in charge of the gunboat to believe that the flag was simply a ruse to escape detection. Her destination and the character of her cargo were demanded by signal.
Without giving any indication that the

presence of the gunboat had been observed, the strange ship proceeded on her way. The suspicions of the former had been thoroughly aroused, however, by this time and a shot was sent across her bow. This had the desired effect and investigation proved that she was a transport with 2,000 Russian troops. onip and prisoners were taken to Sasebo, where they are still held.

Mr. Tufts has been engaged in a genal wholesale commission business and ssociated with Robt, W. Clarke, of this city. He is also a brother-in-law to W. S. Terry, of Terry & Marratt, the wel! known druggists of Fort street. Mr. Tufts stated that up to the time he left business had not been interfered with to any great extent in Japan or

On account of the unsettled condition of affairs some of the finest brands of tea, those which had hitherto been sold at 14 roubles a pound, to the nobility of China and the wealthiest Russians, will now be available for export to America. Some of this tea would be brought to Victoria, and he guaranteed that people here would be surprised at its excell Biscuit factories in Japan were working night and day to supply the troops at the front. Canadian flour was well adapted for making biscuits required, and if the war lasted for any length of time large shipments would probably be made from the Dominion to the Orient. The trade would, however, develop gradually, as at present Japan was well sup-

"Is it the general opinion that the con flict will last for a lengthy period?" Mr. Tufts was asked. "It is thought," was the reply, "that the war will continue for about two years, and that the Japanese will prove victorious. No blockade of Japanese ports is feared because everyone knows that it will take some time for Russia to get her navy in shape

o assume the aggressive."

At Shanghai, when the war broke out a Russian gunboat was commanded to leave neutral waters within a certain river, was stripped of her armament and s now patrolling the river between Wu-Sung and Han Kow.

All through the Chinese ports the feel-

ing is exceedingly bitter against the Russians. This has been intensified, Mr. Tufts claimed, by the action of Russia in taking the initiative in attacking commercial interests. The sinking of a Japanese steamer off the northwest coast of Japan did a great deal to arouse this animosity. Two ships were attacked, one being a fairly large vessel, and the other comparatively small. The former proved an easy mark and was ceedingly plucky manoeuvres, managed o escape.

Mr. Tufts went on to Vancouver last

ight, where he will take up his resi-Captain Williamson, another passenger arriving by the Empress, turned over to the Japanese at Kobe the British steamship Arara, a vessel of 2,481 tons, which had just been purchased by the Mikado's gov- United States navy, retired, district of ernment a day previously. On arrival she was immediately taken over for transport service, making the eighth British ship up information. R. P. Sharp, a former resident of New

umbia for over seven years prior to his arrival. He has of late been in Hongkong bers having distinguished themselves in onducting a business there. More recently he spent some time in Japan. He tells of the difficulties now experienced in travel ployers had an increased number of nearly all regular train service was susvehicles in service. ling through that country. For a while were but two running on schedule time. Troops were dally leaving Japan for some unknown destination, but they left at night and the general populace knew little of their movements. Everywhere Mr. sharp went in Japan he found the greatest excitement prevailing over the war.

Among the passengers was a newspap

man from Kobe. "The Japanese have ab-solute confidence," he said, "that both their navy and army will often the Purchase." man from Kobe. "The Japanese have abtheir navy and army will give the Russians a thorough licking. The only thing that is feared is a long war, Among the Euro peans it is generally conceded that Japan will win if the conflict is short and sharp."

well prepared Japan was when the crisis came.

"Japan will certainly have the advantage over Russia for some time yet. She is able place 250,000 good fighting men in the eld without difficulty. They are well disciplined and all are anxious to do some fighting for the glory of their country." Business, he said, was not interfered with to the extent one would suppose. There wasn't much excitement. When the news of the first successful attack on Port Ar-thur was received at Kobe there had been an outburst of enthusiasm, and the occa-sion was marked by a lantern parade in the evening. European merchants in Japan sympathized with her in the quarrel with Russia. Almost all were contributing generously to a fund for the aid of the wives

* TO INCREASE NAVY.

and families of Japanese soldier

Vote Passed by Imperial Commons-Mr. Balfour's Speech.

London, March 1.-In the course of a scussion of naval estimates in the House of Commons to-night Premier Balfour while admitting the magnitude of the estimates said the House should Minister of Militia and General Lord not only consider the amount, but should Dundonald will provide sufficient officers watch the general European and Asiatic and non-commissioned officers to form situation which alone could justify what the basis of a second line. For example, heretofore been given in telegraphic dis-patches. Mr. Tufts heard the particu-ebuntry should not lose sight of the possibility of war between Great Britain and two great maritime powers, which could hardly end without great losses on the part of both the enemies and Great Britain, in which event the other navies would be intact and in a maritime posi-

tion which they did not now hold.

Continuing, Mr. Balfour said he was reluctant to mention the possibility of war. He did not think such a dreadful contingency was one which they at present had any reason to apprehend, but when talking of the navy they must always be talking of the possibility of war and he was forced when indicating the outlines of the reasons which compelled the government to ask for this sacrifice to indicate possibilities which did not exist twenty-five years ago. There was no possible comparison between the dependence Great Britain placed on her navy which was defensive and the dependence placed by America or any European country on their navies which were offensive. Great Britain's policy has been to see what other nations were doing in the way of laying down ships and to indirectly make a reply. So long as the admiralty was careful not to in cite or force other countries on, but sim ply to follow suit, insuring that the other ountries did not outstrip Great Britain in the race for naval supremacy, Mr. Balfour believed the country would sup-

port him in the expenditure The vote for the effective increase of the navy was then agred to.

THE PHILIPPINE ISLAND. United States Senator Does Not Place Much Value on Uncle Sam's Possessions.

Washington, March 2 .- The bill for the regulation of Philippine shipping was again the principal matter for consideration by the Senate to-day. It was made the subject of a somewhat general ing remarks of M. Muravieff concerning discussion of the Philippine question, and was amended so as to defer for a year the time when the bill shall take effect. During the debate it was intimated that the tariff on Philippine products might be reduced at the next ses-

sion of congress. .
Mr. Patterson accepted the suggestion of a revision of the Philippine tariff as "a threat of another raid on sugar and tobacco," and said the friends of the sugar and tobacco industries would sist every effort of that kind by all legitimate parliamentary tactics.

Mr. Lodge said in reply to Mr. Pat-

terson that he never had undertaken t give assurance to Secretary Taft that the Philippine tariff reduction legislation could be secured next session, but added that if the House should send over such a measure he would support it.

Mr. Carmack contended that there had

Not only must be able to cook for sit but he must be able to cook for been no adequate returns for the \$600; ist, but he must be able to cook for and 000,000 spent by the United States on cater to the wants of people who demand

the Philippines, which he pronounced "the most worthless possession that ever rotted under a tropical sun." He predicted that in time the islands would have to be "paid for not only in treasure, but in blood."

CANAL COMMISSION. Nominations Sent to the Senate By

President Roosevelt. Washington, Feb. 29.-President Roose velt to-day sent to the Senate the fol-Chairman of the Isthmian canal con mission, Rear-Admiral John G. Walker,

Members of the Isthmian canal com mission, Major-General Geo. W. Davis, to that time acquired by the Japs for war United States army, retired, district of service. Captain Williamson had nothing Columbia; Wm. Barclay Parsons, New new to relate concerning the war; on the York; Wm. H. Burr, New York; Benother hand, he was more anxlous to learn jamin Harrod, Louisiana; Carl Ewald Grunsty, California; J. E. Heckers Michigan. The commission, as consti-Westminster, had not been in British Col- tuted by the President, is essentially a engineering works.

It seems likely that the commiss will go to Panama within a month, and

> A Montpelier dispatch says: "Late returns from the city and town elections indicate that five of the six cities and less than fifty out of 246 towns in the state voted in favor of licensing liquor saloons."

> that preliminary work will be begun im-

RELIEVED INSTANTLY.

Before and After, the only mentance its kind that cures and boots, a shirt, a towel and minor comforts.

The government takes the view that the Japanese-Korean treaty is in direct contradiction to the Anglo-Japanese convention, the Russo-French declaration and all preceding international agreements proclaiming independence, and that as it was drawn up under duress it cannot have legal force.

Before and After, the only mentance its kind that cures and tive kind that cures and the constitution of the troops had been called a short time before, and the soldiers assembled at a point in the soldiers assembled at a point in the soldiers assembled at a point in the solders assembled at a point in the soldiers a

OUTLINE OF PLANS JUST DECIDED ON

Arrangements for Training Men to Take the Places of Those Called Out for Service.

Ottawa, March 1 .- In addition to Canada's first line of defence of 100,000 men, of whom 46,043 will be the peace establishment, plans matured between the Minister of Militia and General Lord each regiment of infantry will have a field officer and each company a captain, subaltern, a sergeant, a corporal and two men as the nucleus for this purpose, the intention being that as soon as the first line has been mobilized for active service these will at once set about training duplicates of the corps which have gone to the front, so that in a very short time after hostilities have comm other line of 100,000 men can be put in the field.

All the officers and non-commissioned officers of the first line will be available for both peace training and war service, and men will be divided into two cla

A-Those engaging for both peace and var service, who will be paid and be liable for training in peace. B-Those engaging for war service Officers and non-commissioned officers

who form the nucleus of the second line will be required to do training in time of JAPAN'S PROTEST

Against Remarks By President of the Arbitrational Tribunal. The Hague, Feb, 29.—The protest of

the Japanese minister against the remarks made by M. Muravieff, president of the arbitration tribunal and Russian minister of justice, in the speech which he made February 22nd after announceing the tribunal's decision in favor of the blockading powers as against Venezuels

"The government of Japan, convinced that the permanent arbitration court cannot properly be used as a means of attacking the action, motives or good name of a power signatory to The Hague convention of 1899, protests formally and seriously both in defence of its hono: and dignity, and to prevent further mis-

"Japan further requests the inscription court, and that it be given publicity equal o that given to the remarks which call-

GUIDES FOR TOURISTS. C. P. R. May Establish a Training School-The Qualifications.

Discussing the outlook for a large tourt business in Canada next year, L. O. Armstrong, colonization agent of the C P. R., says: "A difficulty which the railway encounters is in finding a sufficient number of trained guides. It looks as though this would become a department of the C. P. R., and a training school for guides be a necessity of the near future. luxuries. The Hudson's Bay Company have trained many such men, and many have become expert in this line through caring for the wants of railway men during periods of construction, but there are not enough of them."

THIBET'S INDEPENDENCE.

The Reply of Great Britain to Russian Foreign Minister. Paris, March 2 .- The Liberte to-day

published a dispatch from St. Peters-burg saying that the British ambassador, Sir Charles Scott, has transmitted to Foreign Minister Lamsdorff the answer of Great Britain to the Russian protest against Colonel Younghusband's expedition to Thibet, with the further announcement that Great Britain had bound herself not to menace the independence of Thibet, and that Russia had given like assurance.

FIRE AT SEATTLE. Rainier Club Destroyed-Work of an Incendiary.

Seattle, March 2 .- The handsome new ome of the Rainier Club, which was to be ready for occupancy April 1st, was gutted by fire early this morning. The loss is \$30,000, fully covered by insurance Chief Cook says the fire was the work of an incendiary. The club house will be rebuilt.

DOWIE CHASED BY MOB. Has Been Compelled to Abandon His Meetings at Melbourne. London, Feb. 29 .- A dispatch from

Melbourne says that the rough element

chased Dr. Dowie through the streets

there, and he had to abandon his meet-

LOOKING TO SETTLEMENT.

Rome, Feb. 29.-Negotiations are proceed ing between Russia, Italy and Austria with view to a complete settlement of the Balkan question.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Winnipeg, March 1.-While hauling orushwood near Touchwood hills on Monday, Edwin Bear was crushed to death by the upsetting of the load.

Mr. Justice Libel Suit

> ***** In dismissing Times yesterd Justice Irving

in its rights in in the public in Mrs. Wiles wa was, with the e curacy regardin of fact; and th lished.

W. J. Taylor, for the fined the case. The plaint ganizer of public enter said. She came here and an arrangement with the T. U. to give an entertainn lined the terms of the ar which the plaintiff was to the profits of the entertain the sale of tickets assign local union was to get centage from the sale \$52, and to get the pr sale of the tickets at quoted from the Times separate items. One of ed "Siren Voices," and local referring to the p the city. These items, A ruined the plaintiff's bus He further quoted ferring to the matter, wh few days afterwards.

The first witness ex Gordon Grant. She said urer of the Willard W. union made arrangeme Wiles. The union was and somewhere between worth of tickets and all at the door. She knew M testimonials only. She with the Times upon th whether or not these wer ferred to as having bee ago. It was Mr. X over the 'phone. She told she would make inquiries ter. She saw Mr. Haywa wards saw Mr. Nelson, the Times, and was refe Nicholas. She offered the or three parties to telegrareference to Mrs. Wiles. reference to Mrs. Wiles.
did not wish to do this,
graphed herself. Mr. Nic
afterwards and asked if a r
received. She replied it
satisfactory, and that the
would go on. The telegra
duced. Mrs. Grant had se
to Capt. Stubbs, of the Se
Taccame. The reply was Tacoma. The reply was that the lady was endor occurred before the publ article in the Times. The an organizer of entertain for charitable institution Cross-examined by F. (

ness said that she knew M through her testimonials. In reply to Mr. Taylor that she had communical Nicholas with respect to name of Mr. McCandless She had told him that th er's error. Notes were produced by

fresh her memory; object to their use. Witness said memorandum after she kne be a lawsuit. She though notes before Mr. Cassidy ter to the Times.
In reply to Mr. Gregory that she made the notes Mrs. Wiles went to Mr. His Lordship said that mit these notes.

Witness, proceeding, sai cular contained the list of

of the board with this one

the name of Mr. McCan

with the wrong initials,

er's error. Cross-examined by Mr. ness said that she got the Stubbs in Tacoma to tele Mrs. Wiles's documents. not know that she was tak or any others. Witness to that she was satisfied after quiries concerning Mrs. W. no recollection of saying lady who accompanied her fied. Mrs. Wiles was le Seamen's Institute and o hall when witness first me Going into the agreem ness said that there was n made with reference to to whom the tickets were off agreement was between t Mrs. Wiles. The expense borne by Mrs. Wiles. Wit that the proceeds from th by Mrs. Wiles were to be d ing expenses and for the Mrs. Wiles. The price fixed. The question of were only casually spoke seat tickets were fixed at not know that there was between the 50c. tickets an Witness attended the

There were reserved seats reserved seats. The usher was told that this was a there were a lot of ticket when the entertainment.

They wanted the house fill Re-examined by Mr.