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# The Toronto World

TUESDAY MORNING JULY 13 1920

40TH YEAR—ISSUE NO. 14,489

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## CALLSON DENOUNCES APATHY OF GOVERNMENT IN IRELAND

### Allies at Spa Conference Hand Another Ultimatum to Germany

#### ANOTHER ULTIMATUM HANDED TO GERMANY ON COAL DELIVERIES

Spa, July 12.—The allies served an ultimatum upon the German delegation to the conference here late this afternoon that the Germans must agree by three o'clock tomorrow afternoon to deliver to the allies 2,000,000 tons of coal monthly. Otherwise, the Germans were informed, the allies will take measures to enforce the terms of the Versailles treaty.

Thus the negotiations with the Germans have reached another tense point. The spirit of conciliation adopted by both sides has been abandoned, and the allies found it was necessary to issue this ultimatum for carrying out the treaty, which would entitle them to a greater amount of coal than is now demanded.

The question of coal was the subject of controversy during a three-hour session of Premier Millerand, Viscount Chinda, Japanese ambassador to Great Britain; Premier Delcroix of Belgium, Konstantin Fehrenbach, the German chancellor, and Dr. Walter Simons, the German foreign minister, who had with them only one secretary each.

The allies began by insisting upon a monthly delivery of 2,000,000 tons. The Germans offered 1,400,000 tons, and the allies reduced their demand to 2,000,000.

Dr. Simons represented that coal being the foundation of the industrial life of Germany, every ton that Germany sent to the allies meant that much less production. He said: "My contention is in European interests as much as in the interest of Germany, because our payments to you are conditional upon your industrial production. You want your money. We want to pay large sums if you take away large quantities of coal."

The German foreign minister offered then to increase the delivery of coal from 1,400,000 tons to 1,700,000 tons within six months, and to 1,700,000 tons within a year. This could only be done, he said, if the allies made better conditions possible for the miners and contributed raw materials to build houses for more miners.

The premiers, after prolonged discussion with the Germans in a cabinet session, informed Chancellor Fehrenbach and Dr. Simons that the allies must have their final answer tomorrow.

Will Europe Demand.  
If the German reply was rejection of the allies, it was declared, would take measures to enforce their demands, either by occupation mining or by sending their own coal commission into Germany to examine the situation in the mining regions.

The ultimatum was delivered in the quiet tone of the Belgian premier, M. Delcroix. As the meeting dissolved, the British prime minister said to Dr. Simons: "Think this over and come to our terms."

#### FRANCE TO DEMAND POUND OF FLESH

Rheims, France, July 12.—France will demand enforcement of the treaty of Versailles to the last article, Leon Bourgeois, president of the French senate, declared today in a speech before more than 100 French and foreign newspaper correspondents at a luncheon in the ruins of the Hotel de Ville.

#### BONAR LAW ADMITS DEAL WITH SOVIET

Declines to State Whether Aid to Poland Hinges on Russia's Acceptance.

London, July 12.—Further official confirmation was given today that the allies had made proposals to the Russian soviet government for an immediate armistice on equitable terms between Poland and Russia. This confirmation was given in the house of commons by Andrew Bonar Law, the government spokesman.

Mr. Bonar Law also declared that the soviet government accepted Great Britain's terms for a resumption of trade between Great Britain and Russia.

When asked to state the terms of the trade agreement, Mr. Bonar Law declined to say more than that the message to Moscow dealing with the Polish armistice dealt also with the question of trade negotiations.

#### MANITOBA LABOR CHOOSES F. J. DIXON

Is Appointed Party Leader at Caucus Held in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, July 12.—The appointment of Fred J. Dixon, M.L.A., as the leader of the Labor party in Manitoba, decision to contest the deferred election in the Prae, and the carrying out of arrangements for an organizational campaign among workers in the province, were the principal features of the caucus of the Dominion Labor party, held Saturday.

#### RAIN BOOSTS CROP IN SOUTH ALBERTA

Report Shows Add Five Bushels More to the Output This Year.

Lethbridge, Alta., July 12.—One and one-half inches of rain fell over the whole of southern Alberta from Rookies to Saskatchewan and from Calgary to the boundary last night, and according to experimental farm experts, the storm means an added five bushels to the acre on the Southern Alberta crop this year. It is estimated that the Lethbridge Railway division will ship 25,000,000 bushels of all grains this year as against 23,000,000 bushels in the big crop of 1915. Ten days ago it looked as if Southern Alberta would have a poor crop.

#### ARMED BANDITS HOLD UP A SUBURB OF JOLIET

Joliet, Ill., July 12.—Plainfield, a suburb, nine miles west of Joliet, was taken by ten armed bank bandits this morning. Seven persons were wounded and the Plainfield state bank robbed of \$12,000 in cash and government bonds.



CROWD AT THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS LISTENING TO THE SPEAKERS.

## ORANGEMEN CELEBRATE IN TIME HONORED WAY BATTLE OF THE BOYNE

### Nine Thousand March Thru City Streets to the Exhibition Grounds—Congratulations Sent Sir Edward Carson—Says Catholics Control I. O. D. E.

That Toronto continues to uphold its enviable reputation of being the most loyal city of the Dominion, both in its devotion to the causes of civil and religious liberty, was amply demonstrated yesterday when between eight and nine thousand people, men, women and children, joined in the Orange parade. The twelfth of July, the not an officially recognized holiday, is regarded by very many thousands as such, and yesterday's turnout proved no exception to the time-honored custom. A year ago the demonstration was described as a "peace" parade. This year, while there is no actual war between nations, there is that cloud enveloping the cities and villages of Ireland, where those who are desirous that rule and order should prevail are being subjected to sniping tactics from those not in harmony with peaceable desires.

When the huge crowd assembled in Queen's Park yesterday there was a distinct feeling prevailing that their minds were with those in the Distressed Ireland, and many were the remarks made comparing the conditions under which the Toronto demonstration was held and those which, unfortunately, obtain across the seas.

#### ORDERS-IN-COUNCIL BENEFIT SOLDIERS

One Extends Time for Applying for Gratuities Until April Next Year.

Ottawa, July 12.—Provisions that will prove of great benefit to the returned soldiers, their widows and dependents are contained in two orders-in-council just passed by the government, endorsing certain important recommendations recently submitted by the parliamentary committee on re-establishment.

#### E. K. SPINNEY, M.P., IS NON-COMMITTAL

Not Anxious About Cabinet Position—In Toronto Today Seeing Specialist.

Ottawa, July 12.—(Special.)—E. K. Spinney, M.P., Yarmouth, N. S., whose name has been mentioned in connection with the cabinet, arrived here this afternoon. He leaves for Toronto tonight to consult a specialist. After his interview with the prime minister today he would either confirm or deny the report of his entering the government. While paying tribute to Hon. Mr. Meighen's ability and expressing his satisfaction with the choice of successor to Sir Robert Borden he disclaimed any political ambition, and said he was going home from Toronto without returning to Ottawa. This may indicate that he has refused the proffered portfolio.

## STANDS BY THE TAX ON EXCESS PROFITS

### Chamberlain Promises Next Year To Reduce It to Forty Per Cent.

London, July 12.—A strong attack was made in the house of commons today on the government's financial policy, especially the excess profits tax. The discussion came up over the finance bill, which is in the committee stage. Austen Chamberlain, chancellor of the exchequer, replying to criticisms, declined to reduce the excess profits duty below 60 per cent. As provided in the budget, but he promised that next year the duty would not exceed 40 per cent.

The chancellor also undertook that there should be no more borrowing, but said that the nation should begin while it was prosperous to make an earnest endeavor to reduce the debt. He was glad to say that on the government's advice the banks were showing more caution in advancing credits for speculative purposes.

#### TO ELECTRIFY G. T. R. COLBORNE TO DALHOUSIE

St. Catharines, July 12.—Reeve Sutton of Port Dalhousie started today to have been taken to the Welland division of the Grand Trunk, which parallels the Welland Canal from Port Colborne to Port Dalhousie, would be electrified at an early date.

#### The Unused Railway Station.

Dark, damp train platforms, reeking with fish and other bad odors; trucks piled with trunks, mail, express, baby carriages, boats, railway supplies packed under staircases and along the walls for the terrified passengers. The finest and best-appointed postoffice in Canada lying for weeks and months unused. Dining-rooms unused; the provisions of dining-rooms unused; the provisions of dining-rooms unused; the provisions of dining-rooms unused.

#### Mississippi Does Not Want 8,000 Mennonites From Canada

Jackson, Mississippi, July 12.—The Democratic state executive committee today adopted a resolution opposing the proposed migration of 8,000 Mennonite farmers from Canada to southern Mississippi.

## ULSTER MEN WILL TAKE MATTERS IN OWN HANDS DECLARES SIR E. CARSON

### TURK AIRPLANES CHALLENGE GREEKS

Constantinople, July 12.—(Associated Press).—Airplanes attached to the Turkish Nationalist forces of Mustafa Kemal Pasha, have dropped posters over the Greek army, challenging it to proceed eastward from Alashahr, on the southern end of the Greek front, to Ushak, where the Nationalists are supposed to have concentrated important forces.

### BEATTY SLATED AS ASSISTANT DEPUTY

Inspector in Charge in East Toronto May Be Given Promotion.

One of the principal items of business to come before the police commissioners at their meeting this afternoon is the appointment of an assistant deputy chief of police. Many rumors were circulated to the effect that the board did not intend filling this office, but recommendations have been made that Inspector Robert A. Beatty, according to well-founded rumors in police circles, is the man selected for the position. He is now in charge of the East Toronto police station and has 35 years service to his credit.

He joined the force May 7, 1885, and rose to the rank of inspector in January, 1919. During last Exhibition he had charge of the police on the fair grounds, and while R. Geddes, then assistant deputy, was on his holidays, Beatty relieved him.

### BOLSHEVSKI REACH MINSK OUTSKIRTS

Victories for Poles, However, in Pripet Region and Volhynia Reported.

Warsaw, July 12.—The Bolsheviks, after occupying Simolowice, the eastern part of Minsk, have reached the trenches bordering on Minsk, where fighting is in progress, according to the official communique from the war office today.

Polish detachments have been forced to abandon the line along the River Vilja, the communique adds. Victories for the Poles in the Pripet region and in Volhynia are reported in advices received here today. The Bolshevik cavalry leader, Gen. Budenny, has been defeated, the advices state, and is fleeing to Rovno, upon which the Poles are marching.

The victory of the Poles in the Pripet region is described as "complete." Enormous supplies are declared to have been taken with the occupation of the town of Oranow, where 200 prisoners also were picked up. The troops operating against Gen. Budenny, the advices report, captured Gen. and Little Zwoin, taking eight guns, while a Bolshevik cavalry brigade was annihilated.

Bolshevik attacks south and west of Rovno were repulsed, the message adds.

Unless British Government Takes Steps to Stop Present Era of Crime—Celebrations of Twelfth in Ireland Pass Without Trouble—Great Day in Belfast.

Belfast, July 12.—The celebration of Orangemen's day had as its great feature the customary parade, and, in addition, a notable speech by Sir Edward Carson, Ulster Unionist leader, whose pronouncement on the present situation in Ireland was looked forward to eagerly.

Sir Edward minced no words, and enthusiasm reached a climax when he declared in effect that the government had failed to govern Ireland, and that if it could not protect Ulster the volunteers would reorganize, and Ulster would take matters into its own hands. Every hamlet, village and town in Ulster had some kind of a celebration, and reports over a wide area tonight are that all passed quietly, even in Londonderry, where the two factions are represented as ready to renew the fighting should the military forces relax their vigilance.

Belfast was heavily guarded by soldiers, but the only troops allowed out of barracks were those actually on duty. Nothing Conciliatory. Those people in England who hoped that a conciliatory note might be struck in this celebration will be sadly disappointed that there was nothing conciliatory about it, from the inscriptions on the banners across the streets denouncing the Sinn Fein, to Sir Edward's declaration that the people of the south would of their own volition have to hang those guilty of political murders, before Ulster would even consider unity, which the sponsors of the home rule bill have hoped for.

The parade, which it is estimated numbered 25,000, was unique in the amount and variety of music and kind and number of the banners. Every lodge made some attempt to sing, and there was a band to every half block of the parade. The banners were gorgeous silken affairs on which were painted scenes depicting the early history of Ulster. There were numerous pictures of King William.

Rain and heavy wind early in the day threatened to destroy the banners, but the return march from Finaghy Park, where the ceremonies were held, was made in beautiful weather.

Blames British Government. Sir Edward Carson, in a speech, charged the British government with failure to govern Ireland. He declared that if the British could not handle the situation in Ireland, they should turn the task over to some one who could. He warned the government that if it did not accept the help Ulster had offered, "we tell you we will take matters into our own hands."

"Discussing conditions in Ireland, Sir Edward said: 'I read daily of the whole government in some places being taken over by the Sinn Fein. I read of county councils swearing allegiance to the Irish republic. Well, I want to ask what the government is doing with the county councils taking that course. My opinion is that such councils ought to be dissolved. I read daily of the Sinn Fein police taking part in the government of various towns.'

"If say, if the British government is unable to deal with these matters, it ought to ask somebody else. It is an ignominious thing for a subject of the crown to be compelled to admit the authority of those professing to act in the name of the so-called 'Irish republic.' Yet to my knowledge there are men in South and West Ireland, who, ostensibly at least, have been obliged to throw in their lot with these Sinn Feiners in order to save their persons and property from disaster."

Ulster the Battlefield. "We know well that the real battlefield of Ireland in relation to a republic will be Ulster. We know well that their one ambition is to penetrate Ulster and take possession there as they have elsewhere. Do not let us close our eyes to the realities of the situation, whatever may be the consequences. 'Never will we enter into negotiations with the Sinn Fein until of their own volition they have brought to the scaffold the men who are giving our country through the world the reputation of being a country of criminals and assassins.'

Sir Edward concluded by warning the government that, as it had refused Ulster's repeatedly proffered help and because of its inability to protect Ulster against the machinations of the Sinn Fein, "We will reorganize in our own defence the volunteers who lent you such splendid help to maintain the empire during the war."

He added: "But one thing we won't submit to is that we should be left helpless in the face of our enemies, and we tell the government that come what will, in the last resort we will rely upon ourselves and, under God, we will defend ourselves."

#### WAR EVACUATION CONFIRMS EVACUATION OF BATUM

London, July 12.—The war office confirms the British evacuation of Batum.

### Taft, White and Cassels For G. T. Arbitration Board

Are Officially Appointed—White Acts for Canadian Government, Taft for Railway, While Cassels Presides.

Montreal, July 12.—(By Canadian Press).—W. H. Taft, former President of the United States, has been appointed to represent the Grand Trunk on the board of arbitration that is to determine the amount to be paid by the Dominion government for the stock of the railway.

The award of the board of arbitration will place a valuation have a par value of \$49,573,492 sterling. The award of the board of arbitration, it has been agreed, shall be final and binding so far as the government of Canada and the railway are concerned.