present because of tonsilitis! S. W. Brooks, under order of deportation by the Federal authorities, was chairman of the meeting. Brooks then called for "fellow workers" to volunteer and distribute propaganda literature, appealing to the soldiers and sailors to join the ranks of those who would "put down industrial autocracv at home." As stated by the Seattle Post-Intelligencer on January 13, 1919, Walker C. Smith, author of "Sabotage," and an I. W. W. leader, followed, demanding "release of all political prisoners" and calling the naval intelligence staff "a bunch of scab herders." In speaking of the necessity of changing the Government, he said: "If our Government cannot be changed without bloodshed, let bloodshed come," and concluded with the words: "Hail to the bolsheviki, hail to the Revolution." A. V. Brown, the next speaker, said to the men in the shipyards: "You men are going to be discharged. But when the time comes, refuse to quit. Stay on the job. Tell them if there is not enough work for all, the working day must be shortened to six hours." Thousands of circulars were passed out at the meeting, calling on the soldiers and sailors to join their ranks.

After the speakers had concluded, several "soapboxers" and alien speakers moved out into the street and in a few minutes several meetings were in progress and obstructing traffic. This was forbidden by city ordinance and the police immediately asked that the meetings be held on an adjoining lot so as not to obstruct the street.

Just then a loaded lumber wagon came along with a red flag swinging from the rear end—and this on Sun-