influence and value of such contact cannot be adequately expressed, nor its for-reaching results fully measured. There are some of us who entertain the hope that there will be established by some can of vision in Great Britain similar foundations or other means by which outstanding authorities er spokesmen from the Overseas Dominion may be enabled to interpret the thought and the opinion of their country to the mople of the old land. Such exchange would, we believe, be of inestimable value in developing a wider knowledge and a more sympathetic understanding among the peoples of our far-flung Empire. The lead given by the Massey Foundation is worthy of all emulation and chould be followed elsewhere. I am sure that all of us express in our hearts and minds our silent gratitude for the far-seeing vision, the firm and bueyant hope and the munifiem t example of this family, always femed for its generosity, - the Massey family, - who have given us the privilege we enjoy to-night and who have provided for similar privileges to future audiences and future generations of Canadians. A year age the Massey Lectureship was inaugurated by LORD IRWIN, who spoke on "Some Aspects of the Indian Problem". Quite naturally, the University of Toronto, the Alma Mater of the Masseys, was chosen as the medium. Tonight, the honour is given to McCill, an honour which I assure Mr. Vincont Massey, the Chairman of the Foundation, who is present with us tonight, we appreciate as a University and as a community. A year ago the perplexing problems of India were of deep interest to us. They are still of interest to us, and will be, I imagine, for many years to come.