THE TRUE WITNESS AND CATHOLIC CHRONICLE.



8

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CHURCHILI, AND CHAMBERLAIN

Said to be Working a Neat Little Game to Oust the Tory Ministry-The Land Bill a Big Sham-The Liberals Sanguine and Jubilant.

LONDON, July 18 .- "We will have the Ministry out in ten days" is what Lord Ran-dolph Churchill whispered to a parliamentary when the ministers head a rumor of this they held a hurried consultation and decided to post-pone the committee stage of the Land Bill for i pone the committee stoge of the Land Bill for a week. It will not do to pin over much faith on this prediction. The frankly piratical inten-tions of Churchill and Chamberlain are of them-selves interesting, and the intrigue which these two have on foot cannot but indirectly help Home Rule forward; but there is going to be no immediate turning out of the Ministry. It will be very instructive, however, to watch this brace of political corsairs during the next few weeks. Both aspire to force themselves into the min-istry. Churchill is in the position of a man who thought there was fire on the ground floor and so threw himself cut of an upper story window, and now wants to come back, but the inhabi-tants object to having a crazy man among them. Chamberlain recognizes at last that his goose is definitely cooked, as far as the Liberal party is law. definitely cooked, as far as the Liberal party is concerned, and though he is as thick skinned as Behemoth of Holy Writ, he still feels the present situation to be insufferable. It is natural that these tricksters twain should combine to that these tricksters twain should combine to better themselvee. Their effort to enlist popu-lar support for a so called National party, of which they shall be the leaders, was a cruelly flat failure. Nobody would take any of the stock which they simultaneously offered in their public speeches, and the idea had to be abandoned. It is equally hopeless to accomplish anything in the house, for the two discredined adventurers could not tograther lead discredited adventurers could not together lead a dozen men into the lobby against the Minis-try. There is nothing left but deliberate black-mail of the Government on a threat of otherwise mail of the Government on a threat of otherwise kicking up a revolt which will affect the elec-torate and ruin the Tory-Unionist chances at the polls. This is what these traitors are doing. Their joint attack on the Land Bill; their menace that it will be torn to pieces in commit-tee; their sneering affectation of solicitude lest the Ministry should not survive the ordeal, are all parts of a sinister scheme to hurt the Gov-ernment at Tuesday's bye elections in Brixton wrote in the hotel, and one of the gentlemen wrote in the hotel book in a handwriting beculiar to Englishmen :-The product of the service of the server of nave begun and smash you utterly." There is something above the ordinavy in such baseness as this. No mere plebian screwmaker like Chamberlain could have originated it. The man must have in his veins the blood of John Obuwitil Duble of Methods Churchill, Duke of Marlborough, that foremost Churchill, Dike of Mariborough, that foremost political adventurer of all the ages, to conceive of such a comprehensive, double-action scheme of blackmail and betrayal. Will it work? Nobody would be surprised if in some sort it does. The price that these traders demand for does. The price that there traders demand for not destroying the Unionist party is a wholesale reorganization of the Ministry under the Premiership of Lord Hart-ington. They select him in the first place because it is necessary to have the weight of his name and popularity for their scheme; in the second, because he soon must go to the House of Lords, when the question of his successor will be settled in favor of whichever of the two con-spirators can draw, the knife first on his companion. Lord Salisbury is to lapse into the Foreign Office, Mr. Matthews, Mr. Smith and Lord John Manners are to be put out and their places filled by Sir Henry James and two other Unionists. So far s) good. But there are grave doubts if Lord Hartington and Sir Henry James will consent to be thus used as pawns in the dishonest intrigue, and there is a moral certainty that the voters of the country would seize their earliest opcountry would seize their enriest op-portunity to smath such a shameful coalition, if they did. Yet, if Brixton and Hornsey next Tuesday show big Liberal gains, the Manistry is likely to fall into such a panic as to yield to any and all of Churchill's conditions. For this reason I say that some changes of this sort, if not all, are probable next week. As for the ill starred Land Bill, it has ceased to be even in pretense a measure for the relief and benefit of Ireland, and is regarded on all sides as a thing of barter and sale, concession and blackmail—in short, as a weapon with which to wound or to slay the ministry, as the case may be. There is one obvious and exhilarating effect in all this, and that is the tremendous revival of Liberal enthusiasm and confidence. It is almost too much to hope that the Liberals will carry either of the London suburban villa dis-tricts on Tuesday, for there are adverse ma-jorities of about 1,500 in each, but it seems certain that these will be greatly reduced. Numerous meetings have been held nightly all over the districts, at which the enthusiasm and cheering were all on the side of the Home Rulers. Notable avidence of the chevined were almost too much to hope that the Liberals Notable evidence of the changed pros Rulers. pects of the party is the thronging of the new National Liberal club at dinner time, and the cheerful, not to say hilarious, faces of the politicians there, who six months ago had coun-tenances sour enough to cardle all the milk in the club.

the English garrison, were about to surrender when it was relieved by a detachment of the Earl of Ormonde's troops. It was during the next few years frequently be-sieged by the Irish, and after a vigorous siege of a month it ultimately surrendered to them in May, 1647. It was closely in-vested in 1650 by Gromwell's right-hand man Ireton, but the Irish garrison held it tenaciously, and it was only after a long and furious cannonade, that left the castle little more than a heap of ruins, that its brave de-fitting the courage of their resistance. In 1798' it was as aulted by the insurgents on the morn-ing of the 25th of May, but they were not pro-vided with the necessary artillery to overcome its defences, and after suffering heavily were forced to retire. the English garrison were about to surrender forced to retire.

and the second

IRISH NOTES.

A number of tenants have been tried and ac-quitted by juries at Limerick for assaulting and scalding the police.

REVERSING THE PROCESS.

A warrant has been sworn at Garry, county Wexford, charging Capt. Hamilton with set-ting fire to the house from which a tenant had been evicted. The magistrate refused to grant a warrant for Captain Hamilton's arrest, but he will be summoned to court to answer the charge.

A BIGOTED CRANK.

Prof. Tyndall, in a communication published Prof. Tyndall, in a communication published to-day, says he has received numerous letters from all parts of America on the Irish home rule question, and they all recommend the utmost resistance to Mr. Gladstone's policy. "Inas-much," says Prof. Tyndall, "as a desperate gamester, miscalled a statesman, has chosen to inverse to region against the in invoke ignorant foreign opinion against the in structed opinion of his own countrymen, it is

invoke ignorant foreign opinion against the structed opinion of his own countrymen, it is worth showing that American opinion is not entirely on his side." DUBLIN, July 14.—Justice O'Brien, in his ad-dress to the grand jury of the County Kerry, to-day stated that there was a decrease of crime in the county. He said he could not, however, congratulate the peorle on the fact, the cause of it being the complete subjugation of the peaceable members of the community to a law-less organization which was not allowing the well disposed a little repose from violence. Notwith-tanding this there were sixty cases of milicious injury before the jury, showing that a deplorable amount of crime was still committed multicous injury before the jury, showing that a deplorable amount of crime was still committed with impunity. The applicator for protection had also increased. The social tyranny had extended to mercantile dealings, legal de-mands, resulting in complete suspension of the law.

MORE EVICTIONS.

DUBLIN, July 18.—The evictions at Cool-graney were resumed to-day. Many spectators were present, including Mr. Ditlon, John and William Redmond, Mr. Crilly, Michael Davitt, Address Davidt, Science Party and Sc William Redmond, Mr. Crilly, Michael Davit, Alderman Brennan, of Providence, R.I., and Roger Foster, of New York. Twenty police-men and a military guard assisted in the evic-tion of several tenants. All the evictions were accomplished quictly. Subsequently a meeting was held, at which Mr. Dillon congratulated the tenants upon the fact that they had the the tenants upon the fact that they had the backing of the whole national organization and the support of all civilized peoples. Mr. Brennan urged unity among Irishmen and obedience to Mr. Parnell and the Irish parlis-mentary party. He promised that America would send the sinews of war as long as the struggle in Ireland continued, and until victory

LORD ABERDEEN.

The Ex-Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland Inter

The Earl, who is a tall, slender man with a refined air, wore a grey tweed suit and a soft grey felt hat. The Counters wore no waist above her dress of light material, but in its place was a jamty Oxford shirt with turndown collar, and a cravat tied in a sailor's knot. It was quite becoming.

on the same day that he received his Ameri-can testimonial at Dollis Hill. From there we went to Chicago, where we received more depu-tations. I refer to these because it was from them that I was able to form an opinion of what the American's opinion is as applied to Ireland. I found but little opposition to Home Rule throughout the West, and I was much sur-prized at the general admiration for Ms. Gladstone. From Chicago we went to Mr. Gladatone. From Unicago we went to Niagara, and from there came here, where, I regret to say, we can remain only until Saturday. I look upon this visit only as a pre-face to a much longer one which we hope to make in the very near future. Yes. I have been greatly interested, and have found much to admire in America." John Campbell Hamilton-Gordon was born in 1847 He merried in 1877 Isabel daughter of

1847. He married in 1877 Isabel, daughter of Lord Tweedmouth. He joined the Luberal party in 1879 and was appointed Lord-Lucutenant of Ireland in 1886.

SCOTCH NEWS.

The Marquis of Breadalbane has let the Moness shootings above Aberfeldy for the sea-son to the Comte de Paris.

By command of the Queen, the Braemar Highland Gathering will be held this year at Balmoral, instead of Mar Castle.

The tenants on Her Majesty's Scotch estate were entertained to dinner at Balmoral Castle in honor of the jubilee on Tuesday afternoon. Dr. Profeit presided. In the evening a ball was given.

The General Committee of the Edinburgh West Liberal Association on Tuesday, called upon one of their joint-secretaries to resign his office on account of his Liberal-Unionist views. The previous question was proposed, but ulti-mately the joint secretary formally intimated his resignation, and it was accepted.

his resignation, and it was accepted. Mr. Andrew Carnegie, who has leased Kil-graston House at Bridge of Earn, near Perth, for the months of July, August, and September, has now taken up his residence there. In cam-pany with Mrs. Carnegie and friends he on Monday-Independence Day-visited Perth in a four-in-hand, the "crest" on the carrage doors, it was noticed, being a special artistic device representing the British and American flags in combination.

Among the inventories of personal estates recorded in the Commissary Court of Dum-bartonshire during the month of June last were bartonshire during the month of Jude Last were the following :- Miss Grace Hamilton of Barns, who resided at Cochno, near Duatchrr, £33,049 4s 11d; and Mrs. Jane Hendercon or Carslaw, who resided at Osborne Villa, Helens-burgh, relict of the Rev. John Carslaw, come time minister of the Gospel at Airdrie, £16,711 65 54 6g 5d.

The Duke of Buccleuch is about to erect a memorial to his son, the late Earl of Dalkeith, on the spot on the hillside of Achnacarry, Inverness-shire, where the lamented young noble-man lost his life in the autumn of last year. The monument, the execution of which has been en-trusted to Mr. Dods, scultor, Dumfries, is to be of ruddy granite in the form of a C-ltic cross-from a design supplied by Sir Herbert Maxwell, of Monteith, M.P.

On Tuesday Mr. Munro Ferguson, of Novar On Tuesday Mr. Munro Fergusor, or Novar, M.P. for the Leith Burgh, addressing a meet-ing of his committee, at Leith, discussed at length the political situation, and urged the importance of settling the question which was blocking the progress of other reforms. The reaction was bound to come before very long, and it would be a reaction of a very formidable character. The Government were mustering character. The Government were mustering their forces in protecting the most unpopular form of property and putting down the popular liberties of Ireland.

HISTORY OF THE ANGLO-TURKISH PARLEY ABOUT EGYPT.

LONDON, July 19. — A bue book his just been published, giving the particulars of the Egyp-tian mission of Sir H. D. Wolff and the text of the Egyptian convention. The despatches show that the Italian and Austrian representawith less disfavor than the convention scheme. Lord Salisbury in his despatches to the Sultan Lord Salisbury in hidespatches to the Suitan effusively thanked him for approving the con-vention, which, he said, would powerfully up-hold the integrity of the Turkish empire. The text of the convention agrees with the forecasts that have been made. Lord Boseberry, speak-ing at a Liberal banquet to night, declared that Sight D. Wolff had made Enclard's name and honor a laughing stock in the back quarters of Constantinople.

COEN.—The market is quiet and prices are purely nominal at 460 to 47c in bond. PRAS.—There have been one or two trans-actions lately at about 66c per 66 lbs. but the market is without the least animation. Ca'ifornian are being offered, late sales of good English and German hops having been made at 15 to 17c. Ashes.—There has been no meterial change

Market is without the least animation. OATS.-The improvement in this market re-

OATS.----I.B improvement in this market re-ported last week, consequent upon the advance in Eogland, appears to have been more in the views of holders than in actual business, as buyers claim they can get all they need at 24₂c. and we quote 24₃c. to 25c. per 32 lbs. BARLET.---Malting barley, 50c to 55c; feed do at 45c

do. at 45c Ryg.-Prices are quoted nominally at 55c to

BUCKWHEAT.—There is no enquiry and prices are quoted at 40c to 42c per 48 lbs. MALT.—Trade is quiet at 85c to 90c per bushel for Montreal, and at 70c to 80c for

Ontario. SEEDS.—Business continues dull, and prices are more or less nominal. We quote as fol-lows:—Canadian timothy \$2,75 and American at \$2.60, Red c'over seed nominal at \$5.25 to \$6 per bushel, and Alsike at \$5.50 to \$6. Flax seed \$1.10 to \$1,25.

PROVISIONS, &c. PORK, LARD, &C.-Business during the week has been limited to a small volume. Old West-ern mess is still scarce. In lard there is very little business, the enquiry being limited wo small parcels, the only sales reported to us being a lot of 60 pails of Western at 94c. Very little is reported in Canadian. Smoked meat reis reported in Canadian. Smoked mests re-main quiet at about former quotations. Tallow is dull and prices continue very low. We quote:--Montreal short cut pork per bbl., \$16.50 to \$17; Canada short cut clear per bbl., \$16.55 to 16.75; Chicago short cut clear per bbl., \$16.50 to 16.75; mess pork, western, per bbl., \$00.00 to 00.00; India mess beef per to 0.00; have city cured per bbl., \$00.00 tcc., 500.00 to 00.00; mess beef per böt., 500.00 to 00.00; hams, city cured per ib.. 1ic to 12c; hams, canvassed, per lb., 00c to 00c; hams and flanks, green, per lb., 00c to 00c; lard, West ern, in pails, per lb., 00c to 9½c; latd, Canadaan, in pails, per lb., 9c to 00c; bacon, per lb, 10c to 11c; shoulders, per lb., 00c to 00; tallow, common, refined, per lb., 4c to 4½c.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER .- The market is quiet but s'cady for choice qualities of creamery and dairy. There are English orders on band for fine late made creamery at 19c to 19₄c, but hold rs are asking more money, and consequently very little business is reported on export account. Sales of fine Eastern Townships dairy have been made in this market on local account at lice 170 There is no Morrisburg or Brockville dairy in the market worth speaking of In West rn we learn of somewhat freer offering, both here and at points of shipment. A car of selected Western was sold to a Lower Ports buyer at 14c, and another car will be taken at the same figure, if the quality suits the buyer, who has not yot ex-amined it. We quote -- Creamery, 18c to 20c; Townships, 15c to 17c; Morrisburg, 14c to 164c; 1 Brockville, 13c to 16c; Western, 13c to 14c; low grades, 9c to 11c.

CHEESE -There is considerable nervousness on the part of buyers, owing to the fact that prices have not receded as much as they expected, 9scto $9\frac{1}{2}$; having been paid for fan y colored, and 9c to $9\frac{1}{2}$ charing been paid for fan y colored, and 9c to $9\frac{1}{2}$ cor fine to fancy white, for this week's steamers. Other kinds have changed han ds at Sc to 9c., as to quality. The market continues in a very sensitive position, owing to the appre-bensions of poor quality cn account of the late ieve:e heat.

THE CHEESE MARKETS.

UTICA, N.Y., July 18 .- The cheese market was an excellent one and salesmen were quite happy. There was an advance of 1kc in the happy. There was an advance of 1kc in the ruling price, and as the buyers were quite anx-ious to buy at the advance salesmen held off for the highest figures. There was no secret of the advance and from the opening of the market until its close competition among the buyers was quite hot. The present hot weather has made considerable sbrinkage in the product; in some cases only 10 per cent and in others from one-quarter to one-third. The transactions were the largest of the season, being 179 lots or 19,475 boxee, as follows:---

in this market since our last report, sales hav-ing b-en made at \$4.75 to \$4.80 to first pots, and at those figures the market keeps steady.

GENERAL MARKETS.

SALT FISH-There is virtually nothing doing outside of dry cod, a few small sales of which are reported at about \$14 per quintal. It is said that some heavy losses have been made in are at

sea trout. Fight Oil.—There appears to be a healthy feeling in steam refined seal oil, and we quote prices steady at 45c to 49c. Cod oil is remark-ably dull, Newfoundland being quoted at 33c to 34c, and Nova Scotia 30c to 31c. Cod oil quiet but steady at 70c to 75c.

but steady at 70c to 75c. CANNED FISH-Old mackerel on spot are quoted at \$4.10 to \$4.20, but new have been offered to arrive at \$3.50, and we quote new \$3.50 to \$3.60. Lobstens are quot d at \$3.75 to

\$3.85 per case. SOFT COAL-There is a very good demand and agents of Cape Breton mores could sell much larger quantities than they have already

Contracted for, if they could get the coal. Prices are firm, with an upward t-ndency. Cargo lots of Cape Breton are now quoted at \$3.20, and smaller lots at \$3.50.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Sprinkle hellebore and water on rose bushes to kill insects.

As a rule it is best to let a plant push a little before repotting.

Do not plant fruit trees in the vegetable garden-it needs full sunshine.

In France over 200,000 people are engaged in raising beets for sugar.

To destroy briars, elders, etc., cut them down Another point in radish culture :---When pull-ing up a radish, drop a seed or two in the same spot and thus secure a lasting crop throughout

the season. All sour milk is not a complete food. It will make a calf lock old, rough and unsightly. Fut oil meal and wheat brau with the milk and the

oil meat and wheat oran with the milk and the calf will be a beauty. Among the many practical reforms needed on the farm is the abolishment of cattle and horse abuse by hired men. A man who will kick a horse or cow should be discharged at once. W. D. Philbrick says it is important to keep

celery growing steadily. If stunted by a dry spell or very hot weather it is very subject to disease, which is sel tom troublesome where the celery can be watered and kept prowing in dry

celery can be watered and kept prowing in dry weather. Weeds will now grow space, and the rake. hoe, and cultivator must be kept in motion. The asparague tops should not be cut away for decorations, &c., to any great extent. Next year's crob will depend upon the growth of this vear's top; but few weeds will grow in the shade of the tops; pull out those that anocar.

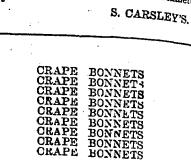
appear. Tu nip s ed sown in July is pretty sure to y eld a good crop. Of late years the white egg varie'y, a kind of white Rutabaga, has become very popular. Turnips usually do best on sunny land, and to have them grow quickly the land should be well manured. They will succeed well after peas or potatoes or corn, but not after cabbage or turnips. If the land is weedy, sow them in drill', and cultivate the land with horse hoe or shove hoe ; they should be thinned out if appear. hoe or shove hoe ; they should be thinned out if too thick.

About July 20 to 25 is the proper time for sowing onion seed to be kept over winter in the sowing onion seed to be kept over winter in the field. The best seed onion for this purpose is the white Portugal enion, and it should be sown quite thickly, at least ten pounds per acre. Choose for this crop a gently sloping piece of land which will insure perfect surface drainage in winter. These onions will need a little coarse litter for covering in winter, and if they are not killed by the severity of the weather well be fit for bunching in May, before the set onions are ready, and usually sell very wel.

 y_{4c} wave of overfeeding dry whea'. Three years y_{4c} ago the writer lost several fine pullets before y_{4c} the cause was discovered. They were crop- y_{4c} bound, as they had been given all the wheat



JULY 20, 1887



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HISTORY OF CARLOW CASTLE.

Carlow Castle was called until the present century Catherlogh, or the city of the lake, and is supposed to have derived that name from a large sheet of water which formerly existed shere. On an eminence near the town are the mins of a fine old castle, whose erection is atuins of a fine old castle, whose erection is at-buted by some writers to Eva, daughter of Darmott MacMorrough, by others to isabel, daughter of Strongbow, by others to King John, and by still others to Hugh de Lacy, about the year 1180. In the various struggles between the native frish and English invaders this castle was the cene of many fierce sieges and conflicts. It was seized by James Fitzgerald, brother of the Earl seized by James Fitzgerald, brother of the Earl where Lady Aberdeen's brother owns a ranch. \$13,50 to \$14. of Kildare, in 1494, but was soon after invested by the Lord Deputy, Sir Edward Poynings, and capitulated after a sieze of ten. days. In 1534 Lord Thomas Fitzgerald captured it during his rebellion, and in 1577 the dashy Kory Oge O'More carried it by assault. In 1641 the Confultrates besieged it with such vigor that ing 1'r, Gladstone a congratulatory letter, from this port.

IRELAND'S SYMPATHIZERS.

A Herald reporter was accorded a very affable reception and had the following conversation with the Earl :---

"It has been stated that the Irish cause has no sympathizers in this country other than among uneducated and inconsequential persons. Have you noticed this to be the case during

your travels in this country ?" "My feeling with reference to this is that the statements made in the English papers have been the result of ignorance, misapprehension or misrepresentation. I have received communi-cations and deputations from bodies of Irishcations and deputations from codies of 1780-men in San Francisco and other parts of America and they go to show that the main opinion about Ireland is not that separation is required or that violent methods should be ex-ercised. It certainly is not what it is claimed to be in England."

to be in England." "Do you think that American sympathy with Ireland in her struggle for Home Rule has helped the cause in England?" "My opinion is that the attitude of the American people has been so represented to the English people that I do not believe it has helped the cause. The press in England, either from want of knowledge or from want of will, have

want of knowledge of from want of whill fave not presented the case in a proper light." "What do you believe will be the effect of the Government's recent defeats, notably that suf-fered in losing the borough of Spalding, Lincoln-

shire?" "I consider it one of the indications that public opinion in Great Britain is undergoing a

change." "Is there any significance in the reticence maintained by Lord Randolph Churchill in respect to the action of his protégé, Home Secre-tary Matthews ?" " I presume you refer to the Home Secretary's

action respecting the arrest of Miss Cass. I read the case with much interest. But I do not care to express any opinion about the posi-tion of Lord Randolph Churchill, because I have not been in England for some time.'

COERCION AND CONSERVATISM.

COERGION AND CONSERVATISM. "Have you any objection to expressing your opinion on the Coercion Bill?" "I have a very distinct opinion about that. It seems to me that it is very rightly regarded as ominous to Ireland. But I think it may turn outs nail in the coffin of the Conservative administration. I certainly would vote against it. It is fortunate that it has not yet been presented to the House of Lords, and I will most likely be present to enter my protest most likely be present to enter my protest

against it." In a general way the Earl briefly recounted the journey made by himself and wife. They arrived at San Francisco on the 11th of June; they proceeded to Salt Lake City and journeyed thence to Colorado Springs and to Denver, where they took part in the Queen's Jubilee festivities given by the English residents, and at which many Americans were present. The distinguished travellars continuing their tour, want to Kangas against it.' by the Lagish residence, and at which many Americans were present. The distinguished travellers, continuing their tour, went to Kansas City, after which they made a visit to Texas, where Lady Aberdeen's brother owns a ranch.

ONE MORE CANADIAN VESSEL SEIZED IN ALASKAN WATERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18 .- By the Alaska Commercial company's steamer Dori, which came in to-day from Ounalaska, information is received of the seizure of two vessels for sealing within the limits prescribed by the United States Government. The vessels are the Ameri-can achooner Challenge from Seattle, and the British steamer Annie Beck, halling from Vic-toris. Both seizures were made by the United States Revenue Cutter Richard Rush, and the vessels and crews were sent on to Sitka. The Annie Beck was seized near St. George, which is not far trom Ounalaska. As in the case of the Challenge, there was blood on the deck, and the crew appeared as if they had been hard at it. Her captain sent up a protest, and threatened to seek redress from the British Government. The cases of both vessels will be tried at Sitks.

COMMERCE.

Weekly Review of Montreal Wholesale Markets.

FLOUR, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR.—It is now generally conceded that the principal demand in this market is for Manitoba flour, especially for local purposes, it having already superseded American and Ontario patents to a considerable extent, chiefly the latter. The export demand is slow, and most of the stuff going forward is said to be on consignment. We quote :--Patent. \$4.10 to Ing latter. The short estimated is solve and most of the stuff going forward is said to be on consignment. We quote :--Patent, \$4.10 to \$4.65; Strong Bakers' (American), \$4.10 to \$4.50; Strong Bakers' (Manitoban) \$4.10 to \$4.30; Strong Bakers' (Manitoban) \$4.10 to \$4.30; Strong Bakers' (Canada). \$4.00 to \$4.05; Superior Extra, \$3.90 to \$4.00; Extra, \$3.90 to \$3.00; Pollards, \$2.60 to \$3.70; Spring Extra, \$3.50 to \$3.60; Superfine, \$3.30 to \$3.40; Fine, \$3.10 to \$3.20; Mid-1 dings, \$2.90 to \$3.00; Pollards, \$2.50 to \$2.60; Ontario bags (atrong) b. i, \$1.75 to \$1.85; Ontario bags (auperfine), \$1.45 to \$1.60; City Strong in sacks of 140 lbs. (per 106 lbs.), \$4.40 to \$4.45. OATMEAL.-The market continues quiet, sales of car lots being reported at \$3.85 to \$4; jobbing lots at \$4.05 to \$4.25; granulated, \$4.25 to \$4.50; in bags, \$1.80 to \$2.00 rodinary, \$2.10 to \$2.20 for granulated. Commeal, \$2.50 to \$2.65.

BRAN, &c .- The market for bran is easier sales being on track reported at \$12.75 to \$13 per ton. Smaller lots \$13.00 to \$13.50. Shorts, \$13.50 to \$14. [WHEAT.-There is still a good business in

progress on through shipment, but chiefly on former contracts. In Canada we quote S3c to 84c for red and white winter and spring, and 86c to 87c for Duluth. There has recently been some heavy receipts at Kingston for shipment,

One lot reached 95c, but the number of boxes was not stated. The ruling price was 95c LITTLE FATLS, July 18.—There was a stand off until late in the day. Finally prices were advarced to meet the demands of the salesmen and the ruling price was 9c, shout is shore last advanced to meet the demands of the salesmen and the ruling price was 9c, about 4c above last week's price. Transactions were 60 lots at 94c, 20 lots at 94c, 4 lots at 94c, 42 lots at 94c, 4 lots 94c, 9 lots on private terms, 7 lots on commis-sion, total 9,985 boxes. There were sales of 980 boxes dairy cheese at 74c to 9c, the bulk at 84c. Eighteen packages dairy butter sold at 184c to 19c; also 22 packages creamery at 19c.

FRUITS, &c.

APPLES, -'The first lots of new Canadian apples have been received, showing fair quality, sales of which have been made at \$1.00 per basket. A car load of American apples are on the way, which is offered in broken lots at \$4.75

to \$5.50 per bbl. PINE APPLES.—The market is rather quiet. latest sales being reported at \$2.50 to \$3.50 per

LENONS.—The firm condition of the market, noticed last week, has been well maintained. and it is said that nothing in the shape of good repacked fruit can be had under S5 per box. The weather has continued all that could be desired for stimulating the demand, and the holders are now asking \$5.50. We quote \$4.50 to 85 50 for fair to choice lots.

ORANGES .- There are scarcely any lots now in first hands, the last sa'es we heard of being at \$5 per box.

COCOANUTS.-The demand is rather slow and prices are unchanged at \$5 to \$5.50 per 100. CALIFORNIA FRUIT.—A good seasonale de-mand has been experienced for California fruit, the consumption of which seems to be increas-irg every year. Sales have been made of pears during the past few days, which are very fine, at \$5.25 to \$5.50 per box Plums have sold at \$3.25 to \$5.50 per box and peaches at \$3.25

to \$3.50 per box. CHERRIES.—The demand has been good and ales of fine stock have taken place at \$1.00 to

\$1.25 per basket. CURRANTS.-Receivers have experienced fair demand for red and white currants, which

have sold at \$1 to \$1.25 per basket. BANANAS.-The market is well supplied, and business has shown a fair volume during the week, at \$1.25 to \$4.00 per bunch for reds, and at \$1.75 to \$2.50 for yellow Jamaica. Aspinwalls are higher. TONATOES-Western tomatoes are very cheap,

sales having been made of spleadid stock at \$1.25 to \$1.50 per box, whilst fair qualities have realized \$1.00.

to turn out very fine, but, of course, it is too early yet to give any definite forecast. Old

to late prices being an inducement to western shippers to send their consignments to this market instead of New York.

nominally quoted at 12c to 14c in comb and 8c

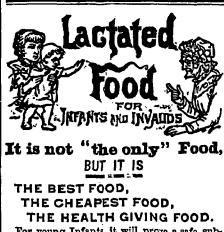
MAPLE SUGAR AND SYRUP .- Sales of syrup are now few and far between, occasional lots selling at 55c to 65c us to quality. In sugar, several round lots have recently been placed at 75c to 73c, and we quote 75c to 10c as to

oats in water over night, or allow only a small spoonful to each hen at a feed. One quart of corn or other grain is a good daily allowance for eight birds, given in two meals. Add grass, cabbage or other green things and scraps from the table. Golden millet is one of the best of

feeds for chicks.—American Agriculturist. It is said that there is no kind of feed that wil keep horses in health, give them a sleek appear ance and make them lively and spirited like the seed of the sunflower, feeding half a pint night seed of the sunflower, feeding half a pint night and morning. It is particularly recommended for giving a horse power of endurance, being fed half a pint night and morning with other feed. The stalks and hend, after the seed is worked out, also make good material for fires, and are especially convenient in summer, when a quick fire is desired and an enduring heat is not wanted. In their growth they make a showy appearance about dwellings and give an agree-able fragmance to the air. The latest direction in the line of utilization of the sunflower is the planting of a seed in a place at the proper diaplanting of a seed in a place at the proper dis-tances, so that the stalks as they grow will serve as bean poles.



PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—Coroner Ashbridge yesterday held an inquest before a special jury in regard to the deaths in the families of Lous Diebel and Geo. Palmer, as is supposed, from eating poisoned tea buns made by Palmer, who is a baker. The jury returned a verdict that the deaths of four posses more underbiddly the deaths of four persons were undoubtedly due to chronic lead poiscning, and that resulted from the use of chroniate of lead as a coloring matter in buns and other b-cadetuffs. They centured very severely the practice of using such deadly compounds in the manufacture of bread. Palmer was held in \$2,000 bail.



For young Infants, it will prove a safe sub-stitute for mother's milk; for the Invalid or Dyspeptic, it is of great value. Hundreds who have used it recommand it as

THE MOST PALATABLE FOOD. THE MOST NUTRITIOUS FOOD. THE MOST DIGESTIVE FOOD.

It is a Cooked Foed: A Predigested Food: A Non-Fritating Food.

Send for circulars and pamphlets giving testimony of Physicians and Mothers, which will amply prove very statement we make. THREE SIZES-250., 50c., \$1. EASILY PREPARED. quality. Hors,—The market is very quiet, owing to Is __Wells & Richardson Co., Montreals

A Few ENGLISH WANDED BIRDS, Ill-trated. Theo II. Mead. THE SUPREMA COURT. Illustrate Z. L. White. AMERICAN MAGAZINE AMERICAN THE GHOST OF AARON'S PRONG. T MAGAZINE Hodge. A South CAROLINA VILLAGE. Lee AMERICAN A SOUTH CAROLINA VILLAGE. Let (Horby, A REMARKABLE FAIR OF PANTALOOS: Caleb Forgethe. VILLAON TUPES. Julian Hauthers OUR LEGEND (E Pluribus Untro.)-POCEM. MAURICE Thompson. A NEW ERA IN EDUCATION. Col. I. Educards Clarke. GREENMOUNT GRAVES. Cyrus Field Willard. MAGAZINE AMERICAN MAGAZINE AMERICAN MAGAZINE AMERICAN MAGAZINE Willard. AMERICAN A Surrade. (Poem) Clint MAGAZINE Seollard Sconara. Sugassions for August. By Physician of experience. AMERICAN MAGAZINE AMERICAN R. T. BUSH & SON, MAGAZINE AMERICAN Publishers, MAGAZINE 130 & 132 Pearl St., N.Y.

BABY'S BIRTHDAY A Beautiful Imported Birthday Carl set to any buby whose nucher will scud uth names of two or nuore other babies, and the parents' addresses. Also a handsome bin mond bye Sample Card to the modern much valuable information. (Alitica) (25) Wells, Richardson & Co., Montreal

MARRIED.

CARMODY-DONOHUE.-On July 12t Nontreal, to Miss Marcella Donohue, of Carson Montreal, to Miss Marcella Donohue, of Carson Nevada. No cards. [Nevada and Canad Nevada. 131

papers please copy.] 131 FITZSTEPHENS-O'BRIEN. - At St. Pat rick's Church, on Monday, July 11, by the Rev. Father Dowd, James Fitzstephens, to (Dolly Annie, fourth daughter of John O'Brien.

DIED.

BRADY.-At No. 836 Palace street, on Fr day, July the 15th, Sarah Alice Gill, below wife of Dennis Brady, ship liner, and affection ate mother of Frank. Dennis, Thoma: an Robert Brady.

ROGERS.—In this city, Bridget O'Reil, aged 74 years, a native of County Cavan, I-land, relict of Thomas Regers, of Ner Beaudette, and mother of J. B. and Jas. Rogers of this city.

HARTFORD .- In this city, on Sonday, 17th inst., Francis Patrick, aged 4 months 4 days, son of Thomas Hartford.

LYNCH.-In this city, on the 17th instan Michael Joseph, aged 1 year, 9 months and days, youngest son of Joseph Lynch.

MOELHERON.—In this city, on the lit instant, John McElheron, aged 6 years and months, son of Patrick McElheron.

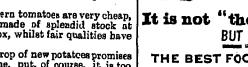
AYLWARD-At River Beaudette, 9th Jak John Aylward, aged 79 years.

WHELAN.-In this city, on the 10th ist Aloysius, youngest son of the late Jame Whelan, aged 21 years.

SUTHERLAND.-In this city, on the instant, Lizzie, second eldest daughter of Ang Sutherland, aged 9 years and 3 nonths.

MorARLANE.—In this city, on the lit inst., Bridget Reedy, aged 87 years, widow the late Alex. McFarlane, and mother of Ryan, Victoria Square.

HANLEY. -In this city, July 9th, Josef infant son and twin child of Thomas Hanks aged six weeks.



POTATOES—The crop of new potatces promises

potatoes are almost unsaleable, in fact, some holders say they cannot give them away.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eccs-Receipts have been more liberal owing

HORK-Some new honey is on the way to this market, and we shall probably be able to give prices next week. Old is slow of sale and

to 10c strained.