ever took his seat in that House—should he be a man of right

The Attorney General, who began by observing the great numbers of petitions presented against the bill were founded upon misapprehension. There was nothing in it to affect injuriously the property of the Wesleyan Methodists, and the church had no interest at all in the subject-matter. The necessity of the bill was shown by the state of the Hardway phasits against the property of the Hardway phasits against the world willingly rob our Church of her endowments, they are called, to "the Dissenters Chapet Bill, photos, in proof were wanted, the keen sensibility of these pious person-age was the question of meum and tuum. They are called, to "the Dissenters Chapet Bill, photos, in proof were wanted, the keen sensibility of these pious person-age was the question of meum and tuum. They quake for their endowments; or at least, they fear that Socinians will get a slice of them. By their own showing, these endowments are small willingly rob our Church of her endowments, they are interest at all in the subject-matter. The necessity of the bill was shown by the state of the Hewley charity cause. The House of Lords had decided that neither the Unitarian nor the Church had any claim to any part of Lady Hewley's endownent; but they had not decided who had such claim: and now the Presbyterians and Independents were consuming the funds in a litigation between themselves. The spirit of the Legislature had tended in late years to as complete a toleration of the Unitarians as of any other Dissenters; and the present bill, conceived in the same temper, came now to the House of Commons with the general concent of all the legal authorities in the House of Lords. Before the Toleration Act, any gift of foundation, for whatever class of Dissenters, would have been illegal. The Toleration Act itself excluded from its benefits the Roman Catholics and the Protestants who were not Trinitarian. To relieve bese two classes of Dissenters enactments were from time to be doubted, however, whether the orthodox Dissenters gen would not interfere with any case where the foundation deed designated any particular sect. It was a mistake, therefore, to
treat this as a bill enabling trustees to violate their trusts. The
trustees of a foundation of the property of trustees of a foundation chapel had generally no power over the doctrine to be taught there; that was regulated by the congregation, who appointed, who paid, and who could remove the miaister. In the cases now in question, the congregations for the last fifty years had been chiefly Unitarians; these Unitarians had borne all the expenses; had built, rebuilt, repaired: and was it reasonable that all the existing edifices should be taken away from the chief. be construed by evidence given aliunde of the founder's religious or political opinions. It was not fitting that the highest questions of divinity should be discussed in Court, and referred to the to the master's-office. This bill gave weight to usage, and, as usage was allowed to have weight in all matters of private right, it was no unfit guide for interpreting the muniments of a religious foundation. But, wherever a trust for a particular faith appeared on the following the usage would have

no place, and the present bill no application.

Sir R. H. INGLIS opposed the Bill. He denied that the arch of England was unconcerned in this question: that Church he must contend, had a strong interest in the principles which the Bill contravened. The members of the Church of England had a direct interest in the maintannee of those principles which this Bill violated. Ever since the Municipal Porations Act the management of charitable foundati ginally vested in members of the Church of England, had been placed in the hands of gentlemen who would not even profess minally members of that Church; and if they we mitted to hold property vested in them for 25 years, there would be considerable danger to the permanence of those foundations as connected with the Church. He admitted that a prestige Lords and of the Bill was produced by the support of the Bill was produced by the support of the Government; but the question now was, not what the law is, but what the law is to be made. The Attorney General (Sir R. linglis) could not help thinking the strength of his case rested here—that whereas they might safely take an un-interrupted possession for 25 years as a sufficient guarantee of the south of the same than the held it, inasmuch as his next neighbour would not be likely to suffer an undisturbed possession of what he might be entitled to, the case was very different in respect to trust property, where the interest was so divided that out of 20 individuals named in a trust deed, it was it was very improbable that half knew their names were mentioned at all—so that by little and little the whole character of the trust might be altered by those on the spot electing persons of their own more immediate persuasion and gradually changing the trust from Trinitarian to Arian or Unitarian uses.— Sir Robert Inglis then complained of the alteration which, in the last stage of the Bill, the House of Lords had introduced into the last stage of the Bill, the House of Lords had introduced onto the last clause, and which authorised that any pending suit might, on the defendant's application, be settled in accordance with the principle of this Bill, upon payment of costs. de Hon. Baronet also observed, that he never heard of any Judge pursuing a course which it appeared the Lord Chancellor of Ireland had recently done (hear), that of postponing his dilivery. dilivery of a judgement he had given notice of, merely on account of his anticipating the passing of the present measure.

(Loud cries of "Hear, hear.") Surely the province of a Judge was to administer, not to alter the law, nor to wait while it was altered. (Hear.) He further observed, there could be no difficult. difficulty in making an arrangement by which existing rights of a private character could be reserved and protected. He concluded uded by moving, that the Bill be read a second time that

Mr. Plumptre seconded the amendment; declaring emphatable cally that the measure outraged and insulted the Christian

those

Mr MACAULY declared bis approval of the Bill, and gave full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in Supporting in Ministers for the purity of their motives in The many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the purity of their motives in the many full credit to the Ministers for the many full credit to the Ministers for the many full credit to the Ministers for the many full credit to t

number, because, perchance, it might endanger their seats in that House." (Hear.)

The Bishop of Salisbury, already charged with the care of a double diocese, bore the strongest testimony to the inconvenience of an arrangement by which he finds his own efficiency impaired. And finally, Lord Harrowby, a man of calm and manual integrated integrated integrated integrated integrated in this solid, he had made up his mind that this was a bill which it was absolutely incumbent on this house to pass (hear, hear). He wished and desired to take his full share in the responsibility which would attend the passing of the sequence and himself one of the countributions, and after having examined the whole subject with the most scrupulous attention, he had made up his mind that this was a bill which it was absolutely incumbent on this house to pass (hear, hear). He wished and desired to take his full share in the responsibility which would attend the passing of the increased number of schools and teachers to be thereby provided, but also on account of the extended interest himself of the most scrupulous attention, he had made up his mind that this was a bill which it was absolutely incumbent on this house to pass (hear, hear). He wished and desired to take his full share in the responsibility which would attend the passing of the increased number of schools and teachers to be thereby provided, but also on account of the extended interest himself of the most scrupulous attention, he had made up his mind that this was a bill which it was absolutely incumbent on this house to pass (hear, hear). The project in what has been given, not only on account of the increased number of schools and teachers to be thereby provided, but also on account of the extended interest himself of the description. matured judgment, and himself one of the commissioners who recommended this ill-omened contrivance, came frankly torward to avow himself converted by the 'universal abhorrence which had been expressed against the change,' and to give in his adhesion to those who proposed that it should be forthwith annulled.

The second reading was ultimately carried by a majority of 49 to 37; and we trust that henceforth, seeing that so strong a feeling has been created in favor of the sees remaining distuited, the Government will give all their influence in favor of Lord Powis' Bill. That it was resisted by them on Tuesday may be presumed to have arisen from the circumstance of the recommendations of the Commissioners having been already acted upon in the union of the Sees of Gloucester and Bristol, the appropriation of the revenues of lapsed Canouries to acted upon in the union of the Sees of Gloucester and Bristol, the appropriation of the revenues of lapsed Canouries to the augmentation of small livings, and the arrangements made for endowing the new Bishoprics; but the subject having undergone review in the House of Lords, and an alteration of the original intention having been recommended, her Majesty's Ministers may without the slightest compromise of priaciple carry out the decision of their Lordships.

We would also add to the above the following remarks of "The John Bull," on the speech delivered by that excellent Prelate the Bishop of St. David's in the course of the discussion. "In dismissing this subject for the present, we cannot do so without expressing our approbation of the admirable speech of the Bishop of St. David's. It was not a very long one, but the Bill, and upon the spirit of the measure which the Bill was intended to defeat. He asked the House where it meant to stop in the application of the principle it was then discussing? The population of this country was continually on the increase; another Bishopric in the west of England might be required; or suppose they wanted to make a Bishop of Leeds, would they consent to the consolidation of the Bishoprics of St. David and Llandant? 2 ont to the consolidation of the Bishopries of St. David and open question amongst them; and those who would trace the facts from year to year, would find it difficult to fix on the Liandaff?

With reference to the Bishopric of Manchester, observed the Right Rev. Prelate, there could exist only one feeling among their Lordships. (Hear, hear.) Every one felt that the establishment of that Bishopric was most desirable. Every individual would like to see the creation of the Bishopric, instead of its being a matter of speculation. The only point of regret in connexion with it was, that it should be purchased at such a price. That Bishopric, when erected, would not be a monument of the glory, strength, and liberal spirit of the English Church, as it ought to have been, but a memorial of its degradation. (Loud cheers.) If the future Bishop of Manchester ever took his seat in that House—should he be a man of right ever took his seat in that House—should he be a man of right feeling, and considered the steps which had been taken in order to seat him in that House—he could not avoid having emotions of a very uncomfortable character, especially when he felt that he was filling an usurped place, and had taken the place of one who ought to be in that House.

DISSENTERS' CHAPEL BILL.

The house were called upon to remove a technical defect of the law, and to adapt the law to the principles of justice. So far from believing it to be a discreditable composition between his religious belief and his legislative duties, he could only say that the best use he could make of his religious belief was to apply it to the performance of a just and important act. He was perfectly persuaded that this bill-was founded upon the everlasting principles of truth and justice. (The right hone gentlelasting principles of truth and justice (The right hon. gentle-

The Dissenters' Chapel bill had been read a second time in the House of Commons.—Majority in its favour 190. The following is an abstract of the principal Speeches delivered on the occasion:—

The John Bull says,—
The opposition on the part of the orthodox Dissenters, as they are called, to "the Dissenters' Chapel Bill," proves, if time introduced into the Legislature. The proposition against which the present bill directed itself, was, that where no particular sect was designated by the founder, the founder should be deemed at the control of the residence of the Reverend H. J. Grasett, M. A., the residence of the Reverend H. J. Grasett, M. A., and the residence of the Reverend H. J. Grasett deemed to have intended the charity for the sect he himself be-longed to. But this bill, while it combated that proposition,

The Radical Mr. Ward had again brought forward his motion on his favourite subject, the Irish Church. He was defeated by a majority of 274 to 179. We extract the following marks from the St. James' Chronicle, on these attack on the Church of the Empire.

"What have Roman Catholics to do with our Church? from those who had thus, from generation to generation, maintained them, and regarded them as their own, and that strangers should be placed in possession? Lord Chief Justice Tindal had laid it down that the language of the founder was not to be construed by the construent of the construent by the c yours, if you obtain or realise it. But you add, the Church of Rome has no money. Well, then, go to Rome, and, as a Church, ask for money from those to whom, as a Church, you will leave Buffulo at the same hour for Chippawa only, and acknowledge allegiance; or if the genial old gentleman who occupies the chair of St. Peter refuse, try to collect money among yourselves; but the United Kingdom has claims enough upon it without providing for priests of a foreign church. As to our own church, we repeat it, you have just as much right to meddle with the estate of A, B, or C, as you have to touch its property. As laymen, we admit you to be our fellow citiappeared on the face of the deeds, there the usage would have its property. As laymen, we admit you to be our fellow citizens, fully participating in all our privileges; but if you will persist in attaching yourselves to a foreign Church, and repel all check or control over your relations with that Church, you cannot complain with any pretence of reason, if in Church matters you are treated as foreigners. You have lately heard it acknowledged by one of your priests, Mr. O'Counell's chaplain, that your church is the freest Church in Christendom—what more can you fairly ask?"

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY.

We extract from the John Bull, the following notice of the

Report of the National Society :-The Report of the National Society for the present year has just been printed and put into circulation. It is an important document, replete with facts for our guidance in the great work of national education, and of high and powerful motives for going on with it. Nor is it undeserving of praise as a piece of literary composition. The style is clear, the language forcible, the reasoning cogent, and the arguments strong and perspicu-ous. It commences with the following striking statement; one that has been made before; but one that cannot be too often placed before the public eye, as demonstrative of the good effects of education combined with the religious teaching of

our venerable Church :-The year which has elapsed since your Committee issued connected with education, that it bids fair to prove a memorable era not only in the history of this society, but of the English nation. In the early part of last year the attention of your Committee was forcibly arrested by the facts which were your Committee was forcibly arrested by the facts which were brought under their cognisance relative to the outbreaks which Bernard Leslie; a tale of the last ten years; by the occurred in some of the manufacturing and mining districts during the autumn of 1842. It was clearly elicited from the concurrent but unconcerted testimony of numerous well informed correspondents, that the disturbances were caused, not so much by physical as by moral destitution; that they arose, not so much from the cravings of want as from the promptings of an undisciplined and disaffected spirit. Further inquiry into the circumstances which attended the riots in different neighbourhoods plainly showed, that discontent and insubordination were most rife in quarters which least enjoyed the advan-tages of education under the superintendence of the Church; whose office it is to teach men, even when suffering under the sorest trials, to possess their souls in patience. And while the absence of the means of sound instruction was every where marked by the prevalence of disorder, it was especially noticeable that the agitation was unable to gain footing in proportion as each place had been brought under the benign influence of an education conducted upon the principles of the Established

The petitioners against it had proved their The next point touched upon is the Special Fund, its inmisunderstanding of it by treating what was really a question of property as if it were a question of divinity. The main principle of this Bill was that which its second clause set forth that presents Bill was that which its second clause set forth Property as if it were a question of divinity. The main principle of this Bill was that which its second clause set forth that prescription was to be proof of title. He maintained the validity of that principle, and appealed to its prevalence in on the ground that all statutes of limitation had been, and necessarily must be, to some extent retrospective. Besides, this kind of property could not be taken from the Unitarians,

rived from the presence of the Bishops in that House (and he was perfectly certain that they sat there with the good-will of the country), and if the general opinion of the people continued so long and permanently, he would not wish to see Right Rev. Prelates sitting there one moment after that opinion had become general. (Hear, hear.) They sat there, however, because the country felt that they ought to sit there; and be told their Lordships if the time should ever come when the great hody of the people were convinced that there should not of the great hody of the people were convinced that there should not be a flower of Lords, they might rest assured that the louse of Lords, they might rest assured that the Hous cation betokened by the number and amount of the contribu-tions. But the experience of the last year bids them look beyond the subscription-list, to the results of individual zeal 25m. 3 to 4 ... and self-devotion; to the humanising effects of increased interpoor; above all, to the personal influence of each Clergyman in his own school-room, lightening and guiding the labour of the master and the mistress by sympathy and advice, and giving to the children a lively sense of that pastoral relation, without which all improvement in systems of education will but end in

From this time forward let the affluent classes place sound education within the poor man's reach, in a spirit of free Christian benevolence, and their good shall not be frustrated. Let them prove to the son of toil that their object is, not so much to make themselves more safe, as to render him and his children times shall not be without their own honour. It shall be their praise to have reared up a godly and pious people, who out of an honest and good heart, keep the apostolic injunction to "love the brotherhood, fear God, and honour the King." But Half-past 1... whatever may be the outward signs and tokens in the world around—even though disaffection and ungodliness seem to triumph for a while -your Committee are resolved to pursue the or of their way; they will not draw back from the work to principles for which they contend, are contented to leave the whom faithfulness, not success, is the condition of reward.

POSTSCRIPT.

Arrival of the Great Western.

RENEWED RIOTS IN PHILADELPHIA. - We learn by the America, that viot and anarchy had again broken out in Philadelphia. The particulars, however, we have not received. A bloody affray had also taken place in the Mormon country in which the Prophet, Joe Smith, as he is termed, was killed.

Extract from Meteorological Register:
HER MAJESTY'S MAGNETICAL OBSERVATORY, TORONTO, CANADA.

	Days		Self Registering Thermometer.		Daily Mean Temp'r.
			Max.	Min.	24 Obser'vs
Monday,	July	1,	849	519	7190
Tuesday,	"	2	796	560	6509
Wednesday,	46	3,	715	401	6317
Thursday,	44	4,	710	427	5524
Friday,	**	5	762	587	5676
Saturday,	66	6,	818	520	6997

C. W. YOUNGHUSBAND, Lieut, R. A.

T. H. M. BARTLETT, Secretary.

HOME DISTRICT CLERICAL ASSOCIATION. The next meeting of this Association will be held, D. V., or Wednesday and Thursday the 31st of July and 1st of Au-



DAILVLINE BETWEEN BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS.

The Fast-sailing Low Pressure Steam-boat EMERALD, CAPT. VANALLEN,

WILL leave Buffalo every day for Chippdwa and Port Robinson, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and returning, will leave Port Robinson at 12 o'clock, noon, and the Rail Road Dock,

leave Queenston in the evening after the arrival of the Steamer that leaves Toronto at 2 P. M.

FEW cases of choice E. I. MADEIRA and BOTTLED A FEW cases of choice E. I. MADERVA and BOTTLED PORT WINES; Quarter casks of MADEIRA, SHERRY and PORT; and a few barrels of MUSCOVADO Cobourg, 10th July, 1844.

NEW WORKS, H. & W. ROWSELL, 163 KING SRREET, TORONTO.

HE Warden of Berckingholt; or Rich and Poor; by F. E. Paget, M.A. 78. 6d
Tales of the Town; by Henry W. Bellairs, M.A. 8 0

The Primitive Church and its Episcopacy; by the Anthor of "Doctor Hookwell.". A Day in the Sanctuary with an Introductory Treatise on Hymnology; by the Rev. R. W. Evans, B.D. 9 The Nursery Rhymes of England; collected by Jas.

young children, Illustrated with coloured Plates. 6 10 The Distant Hills; by the Rev. W. Adams. 3 9 The English Church and Roman Heresy; by Walter Blunt, M.A.

A Companion to the Services of the Church of England for every Sunday in the year. 2 parts.....

Lecture Sermons preached in a Country Parish Church; by William Hind, M.A.

Short Sermons for Children, illustrative of the Catechian and Lituray of the Church of England;

preached in the national Society's School, West-

Upper Canada College. ANNUAL PUBLIC EXAMINATION.

JULY, 1844.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL'S PRIZE.

* Monday, 22. | * Tuesday, 23. | *Wednesday, 24. | * Thursday, 25. | * Friday, 26. Translation into Greek & Lat. Prose Algebra and Arithmetic. Geometry. Latin Verse. Herodotus. MATHEMATICAL, FRENCH, ENGLISH, GERMAN AND HEBREW PRIZES. * Monday, 2.. | * Wednesday, 24. | * Thursday, 25. | * Friday, 26. | * Saturday, 27 . English into French. Geometry. 1 to 3, Milton. 1 to .. 4, Composition (English.) Prep. School. 1st Form. | 2nd Form. | 3rd Form. | Partial. | 4th Form. | 5th Form. | 6th Form. | 7th Form. Spelling.
Arithmetic.

Latin. Spelling.
Arithmetic.

Latin. Ex. French.
Eng. Hist. Rug. Hist.
Eng. Hist.
Latin. Ex. French.
Eng. Hist.
Latin. Ex. Arithmetic.
Arithmetic.
Arithmetic. Geography. Geography. Tibullus.
Greek.
Dictation. Geometry. Roman His Xenophon. Latin paper. Geometry French: Homer. Algebra. Arithmetic. French. French. 25m. 3 to 4 FRIDAY, 2. 9 to 12...... 1 to 4......

N. G. HAM, BARRISTER AT LAW.

SATURDAY, 3.

MONDAY, 5.

Office over the Post-Office, doBourg. 365-3m BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

2nd and 3rd Scripture Prize.

RECITATIONS AND DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.

Greek Testament Prize.

HE undersigned begs leave to announce to the Clergy and Laity of Montreal, and of the Diocese of Quebec generally, as well as the inhabitants at large, that he has commenced By the Steamer America, from Rochester to Cobourg, we business as a Bookseller and Stationer, opposite the Recollet Church, Notre Dame Street, Montreal, where he has on hand bave the account of the arrival of the Great Western at New York, from Liverpool. The news which she brings is three days later than that brought by the Britannia. The only item of any importance is the statement of a French squadron having sailed under the command of the Prince De Joinville to attack Morrocco.

Standard Divinity, Burns' Books for the Young, &c. &c., and he trusts to receive from the members of the Church, that attack Morrocco. Montreal, 8th July, 1844.

> H. & W. ROWSELL, BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, AND PRINTERS, 163, King Street, Toronto, A RE now receiving their SPRING IMPORTATIONS from England, comprising a large and varied assortment of

Account-books and Stationery OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, Which, for quality and cheapness cannot be surpassed; and also, a great variety of Works, by late and Standard Authors, including all those in use at the University of King's College.

Their stock of SCHOOL-BOOKS is very extensive, and comprises all such as are in use in *Upper Canada College*, and the various *District Schools* in the Province. H. & W. R. respectfully invite the attention of Bankers, Merchants or warders, and others, to their large and varied stock of

Ledgers, Journals, Day-books, Bill-books, ACCOUNT BOOKS.

Letter-papers, Foolscap, Pott, and all sizes of Writing-papers, plain and ruled, of the best and cheapest qualities. Sealing-wax, Wafers, Office-tape and Ribbon; Quills, Steel Pens, in great variety; Pencils, Envelopes, Drawing-papers, of all sizes and qualities; Drawing-pencils, Bristol-boards, Colour-boxes; Tinted, Gold, and Silver Papers; Embossed Drawing boards, &c. &c. &c.; and every variety of Plain and Fancy Stationery.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING A special meeting of the Committee of the Midland District
Branch of the Church Society, will be held at Kingston, in the
School Room of St George's Church, on Tuesday, July 16th.,

Coppersplate Printing & Engraving: &c. Coppersplate Printing & Engraving, &c.

> N. B.-A liberal Discount allowed to Schools and Teachers. and A few Mahogany Writing-Desks, (London indde)

> ORDERS FOR ENGLAND. THE Subscribers will, during the Season of Navigation, be constantly receiving Shipments from England. Orders

or Books, &c., forwarded to them, will be included in the lists they send home from time to time, and be executed without As one of the Firm will be in England during the whole of the Shipping Season, the orders sent will be executed Offices, on the most moderate terms, and trusts by strict To ensure their receipt during the present year, orders for books should be furnished on or before the 23rd of July next. H. & W. ROWSELL,

168, King Street. Toronto, May 29, 1844 IN THE PRESS AND SPEEDILY WILL BE PUBLISHED:

THE PRINCIPLES OF BOOK-KEEPING, TO A STUDENT OF UPPER CANADA COLLEGE:

AN ELEMENTARY COURSE OF BOOK-KEEPING BY DOUBLE ENTRY;

W. SCOTT BURN. H. & W. ROWSELL, Publishers.

Just received, and for sale by the Subscribers, DLAIN and beaded GOTHIC FONTS.

Which they offer at reduced prices.

H. NORRIS & Co. 157 King-st. Toronto

British America Fire and Life Assurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend at the rate of Eight Per Cent. Per Annum, on the Capital Stock paid , for the half year ending the 30th instant, was this day clared, and that the same will be payable on and after the 15th The Transfer Book will be closed accordingly from the 1st to the 13th day of July inclusive. By order of the Board.

T. W. BIRCHALL, British America Assurance Office, Toronto, 24th June, 1844. BRITISH AMERICA

FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Authorized by Act of Parliament to gran INLAND MARINE ASSURANCE. A S AGENT for this Institution, the Subscriber gives notice that he is authorised to grant ASSURANCE

either in the Fire or Marine department, in the name and on behalf of the Company. Cobourg, 3rd June, 1844.

FOR SALE,

A NEW and well built Stone Cottage, with five Acres of good land, beautifully situated in the romantic and thriving village of Ancaster, and distant but seven miles from the important town of Hamilton, District of Gore.

The Cottage is neatly finished and is, with the Stable, Coach House, Poultry House, Shed &c., in excellent repair. Being in the immediate vicinity of Churches, Schools, and the Post Office, it offers a desirable residence for a genteel family. The road to Hamilton is Macadamized, and is one of the best in the Province Apply to Mr. H. E. Nicholls, Land Agent, Victoria Row, or

to the Proprietor, LEWIS MOFFATT. Toronto, June 22, 1844.

NOTICE. WILLIAM HITCHINS having removed, intends con-Soap-boiler and Tallow Chandler, next South of Mr. George Stephens's Furniture Ware-rooms, Division Street, and trusts to merit support.

WANTED-a Man perfectly acquainted with the moderate prices. business, and who can command a character for general good Cobourg, June 18, 1844.

EDUCATION. BY Mrs. KING,

Bishop's Buildings, Newgate Street, Toronto. TERMS PER QUARTER: For Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, History, Biography, Plain and Ornamental Needlework, &c. &c. ... £1 10 0 Drawing, in Pencil and Water Colours 1 10 0 Music-Piano and Guitar, each First Rudiments BoardPayable Quarterly in advance.

N. B.—Six Young Ladies can receive Board and Education the above branches, for £40 per annum,—Dancing extra. The following Gentlemen have kindly permitted their names to be used as references:-

Rev. Dr. McCaul, V. P. K. C. U. Rev. H. J. GRASSTT, M.A. Hon. Mr. Justice McLEAN. Messrs. H. & W. ROWSELL. Toronto, March, 1844.

WANTED. IN a family resident in the country, a Lady, who has been accustomed to Turrion, to Superintend the Education of three children. The ordinary branches of an English Education would be required, with French and Music. For particulars apply (if by letter, post-paid) to Mr. Champion, Church Depository, Toronto. May, 1844.

Nursery Governess Wanted, COMPETENT to take charge of a family of young Children, and instruct them in the usual branches of an English Education. One who understands Music, and of the Established Church, would be preferred. Apply to Toos. CHAMPION, post-paid, 'Church' newspaper

May 1st, 1844. EDUCATION. A LADY experienced in Teaching, will give daily instruc-tion to a limited number of Pupils. For particulars apply to Mr. Champion, Church Depository, King Street.

THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO, Toronto, 5th February, 1844.

DENTISTRY. d Teachers.

(London indde)
manufacture than

Mr. Sisson, Hearly opposite Messrs. Gravely and Jackson's

Cobourg. June, 19, 1844. Tand and General regulary

AMES HENDERSON respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed his Office from forty Chants. The Air and the Bass will be placed next each other, and the Chords added for the Piano Forte or Organic to Montreal, where, in addition to his engagements Land and General Agency Office. as a General Land Agent, he will attend to any money trans-

General Agency Office.

be promptly attended to.
Opinions on Chancery Cases given, Petitions, Acts of Parament, Conveyances, Leases, Wills, Contracts, Copa ship Deeds, Charter Parties, and every description of Legal

N. B .- All letters must be post-paid. Montreal, 1st June, 1844.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

BUILDING LOTS, on the East bank of the River Don, near the City of Toronto, advertized in the fourth page to him as a Musician. of this journal, will be sold by Auction; on Tuesday Even-ING, the 11th day of June next, at EIGHT o'clock precisely, at Mr. Wakefield's Auction Mart.

TERMS: -Only £2 10s. on each lot required down, the remainder can be paid in four equal annual instalments.

NOTICE.

These Lots are larger, (being from one-fourth to three-fourths of an acre each,) cheaper, (see hand-bills,) and upon easier terms than any lots now offered for sale. The soil is well adapted for Pasture, Orchard, or Garden; and those lying at the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of the Margin of the River, but to the River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. P. Shirley, on the 19th ult, Mer. Archival Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. P. Shirley, on the 19th ult, Mer. Archival Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Miss Sarah Art Camden, by the Rev. Div. Particle River of Toronto, to Mis the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the exection of any kind of Machinery propelled by Steam, and would answer well for a Brewery, Distillery, or Tannery. N.B.—Purchasers wishing to have a Deed at office, can have

one, by giving a Mortgage.

It may be well to remark, that such a Deed will entitle the To may be well to remark, that such a feed will entitle the holder to a VorE in the First Riding of the County of York.

Toronto, May; 1844.

357-tf

Toronto, May; 1844.

357-tf

Toronto, May; 1844.

onsisting in part of the following:-

and Paper-Hangings; Boots and Shoes, Sole Leather, and Calf Skins; Grass and Cradle Scythes; Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, &c. &c.; with many other articles which it is needless to insert

All of which have been carefully selected by himself from the very best houses in New York and Montreal, and every pains taken to make his assortment the most complete of any n this part of the country; and as he is determined to sell at very small advance, for CASH or MERCHANTABLE PRODUCE, he confidently anticipates a share of public patronage. Colhorne, 6th June, 1844.

New and Splendid Assortment of Summer Goods.

J. HOLMAN. MERCHANT TAILOR,

BEGS leave to call the attention of his Customers, and the fashionable assortment of Summer Goods, consisting of Super-fine Black, Blue, Brown, Olive, and Colonred Broad Cloths; Black and Fancy Cassimeres; Plaid and Striped Doeskins; Plain and Figured Tweeds, Military Drills, &c. &c.—all of Black and Fancy Cassimeres; Plaid and Striped Doeskins;
Plain and Figured Tweeds, Military Drills, &c. &c.—all of
which he will make up in his usual good style, and at very
moderate prices.

Toronto, (2); Dr. Diehl, rem. for Diocesan Press, acc. of Rev.
W. M. Herelmer; Rev. W. Leeming, rem. for Diocesan
process. Mrs. Wettenhall, rem. in full, vol. 8; Rev. E. Waylen;

ALSO: A beautiful assortment of VESTINGS. Cobourg, June 17, 1844. 392-tf rem; J. Walton, Esq., rem.

EMPORISM.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE UNIVERSITY.

W. H. EDWOODS, No. 2, St. JAMES'S BUILDINGS, KING-STREET,

BEGS respectfully to acquaint his Friends and the Gentre of this City that he has recently fitted up A PRIVATE DRESSING-ROOM for their convenience, and he hopes they will favour him wi Also, a Room for the accommodation of Ladies and Childre

He would mention that he has on hand a quantity of RAZORS, HATR-BRUSHES, AND PERFUMERY. A Composition for the certain cure of Ring-worms.

RAZORS CAREFULLY SET. Private Entrance to the Dressing-Room, one door west of the Shop: Toronto, May, 1844.

191, KING STREET, TORONTO.

THOMAS WHEELER, CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER ENGRAVER, &c.

RESPECTFULLY solicits a share of Public Patronomo.

Duplex, Levery Horizontal, Vertical, French, and
Geneva Watches and Clocks, Cleaned and Repaired with accuracy and dispatch—and warranted:
Arms, Crests, Cyphers, Brass and Silver Seals, Doof a

Number Plates, Window Tablets, and Coffin Plates Engravior Coats of Arms Emblazoned. Stencilling and Marking Plates cut at short notice.

Jewelry neatly Repaired; Hair inserted in Rings; Broach China and Glass Riveted and Repaired in the most substan

All favours received from the country shall have imme diate attention, and he returned according to promise. * Reference, for integrity and ability, kindly permitted to de Lord Bishop of Toronto.

Toronto, May, 1844. CARVING, GILDING, LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE-FRAME MANUFACTORY

A FEW DOORS WEST OF THE MARKET. King Street, Cobourg: SIMON MUNRO

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to announce, that he first opened, in the TOWN OF COBOURG, an establishment for the above Business,—such as Carving, Gilonda, Locking glass and Picture-frame Making; House, Sign. Ornamental Painting; Glazing; Graining; Marbling, Paintings; Plain Gold, and Walnut and Gold Frames.

Paintings; Plain Gold, and Walnut and Gold Frames Frints; --made to order, and on the shortest notice. Prints, Maps, and Oil Paintings, Cleaned and Varnished in Gilt Mouldings, for bordering rooms, always on hand:

Orders from the Country punctually attended to. Cobourg, 12th June, 1844. LOOKING GLASSES. THE Subscriber has just opened a new Show Room at Lia Cabinet Manufactory, in Division Street, Cobourge of the sale of Looking Glasses of every size and descriptions: with

elegantly Gilt, Mahogany, Walnut, and other frames, conting of Drawing Room, Parlout, Cheval, and Bed-room Gla z si which he is enabled to sell as low as any House in the Provi GEO. STEPHENS All kinds of Cabinet Furniture on hand for sale, or manufactured at the shortest is t con

Also, in a few weeks, another supply of Piano Fortes. —
UPHOLSTERY done as usual. Funerals futuished;—Hears's
provided for any part of the Province.

Carrier Warerooms up stairs: Cobourg, June 11, 1844 MR. BEAUMONT, 357-tf Professor of Surgery in the University of King's College,

> SOCIETY OF LONDON, &c. &c REMOVED TO BAY STREET, NEAR TO FRONT STREET, At home for consultation from 10 a.m. till 12 dally:

FELLOW OF THE ROTAL MEDICAL AND CHIRERGICA.

Toronto, April, 1844. Ecclesiastical Music.

SHORTLY WILL BE PUBLISHED,

A Selection of Psalm Tunes, Chants, &c. EDITED BY J. P. CLARKE, ORGANIST OF CHRIST'S CHURCH, HAMILTON;

(Formerly of St. Mary's; Glasyow.) making this selection, the Editor has confined himself of the old and standard Tunes of the Church; and next the correctness and the purity of the Harmony, the great object which he has aimed at has been simplicity.

The number of Tunes will be about one hundred, and about

Each Tune will have three verses printed with it, taken front the selection published with the sanction of the Lord Bishop.

To render the volume as useful as possible, a few Elementary attention and integrity, to merit a continuance of their patronage.

Montreal, June 19th, 1844.

To render the volume as useful as possible inserted; and a short Dissertation upon Organ-playing, for the benefit of Piano Forte players,—in which will be explained the difference of fingering between these Instruments, and the use and management of the Stops.
This it is hoped will be of service where Congregations are

WILLIAM HEPBURN (late Registrar of the Court of Chancery, Canada West) has opened an Office at No. 7, Rue St. Laurent, Montreal, where every description of business connected with the Public Offices, Land Agency, and otherwise, and also Commercial Agency of every kind, will trusts that this work will be found not without its asefulness in

the promotion of so desirable an object.

Hamilton, May 10, 1844.

Of a former selection by the Editor, the Londoff Harmonicon for October, 1832, has the following review:

"It professes only to be useful, and so it must prove: for a better collection of Tunes could not in such a compass have been made; and indivine from the twenty or thirty that been made; and judging from the twenty or thirty that wahave examined, we may venture to speak most favourably of

> BIRTHS. At Toronto, on the 3d instaut, Mrs. T. Baines, of a son.

At the Parsonage, Melbourne, Mrs. C. B. Fleming, of a son

At Camden, by the same, on the 1st instant, Mr. John Snider to Miss Ann Jane Snider, both of said Township.

DIED At his residence in Hamilton, C. W., on the 1st instant,

RESPECTFULLY announces to his Friends and the Public generally, that he has just received, direct from New York and Montreal, and is now opening at the premises lately occupied by J. D. Goslee, Esq., the best assortment of House of Assembly. His remains were interred in the Church ever offered to the Public in this section of the country, | yard of St. Paul's Church in Cavan in the same grave with those of his father.

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods; Groceries; Hardware; At Bushville, Miramichi, New Brunswick, on Friday Evening Crockery, &c.; Drugs, Patent Medicines, and Perfumery; Paints, Oils, Dye-Woods, and Dye Stuffs; Books, Stationery. Elizabeth, Daughter of Thomas Horsfield Peters, Esq., Barris-

Ye gentle spirits far away, With whom we shar'd the cup of grace, Then parted; ye to Christ's embrace, We to the lonesome world again, Yet mindful of th' unearthly strain Practised with you at Eden's door, To be sung on, where angels soar, With blended voices evermore

Letters received during the week ending Thursday, July 11. Rev. S. Armour; P. S. Bridge, Esq.; Wm. Lawson, Esq.; each rem. in full, vol. 8; Dr. Finlayson, rem.; Rev. P. Shirley, rem.; Rev. T. H. M. Bartlett; J. Hall, Esq., rem.; Rev. J. Leeds, rem.; Rev. R. Lonsdell, rem.; Rev. J. G. Geddes; D. Bethune, Esq.; F. W. Barron, Esq.; Capt. Levesconte, (the rem. referred to duly received); G. Goslee, Esq.; Rev. A. H. Burwell; Dr. McKelcan; A. Smilie, Esq., add. sub. and rem.; Rev. W. Anderson, rem.; Rev. J. Shortt; Lord Bishop of T. Champion, Esq., add. sub. and rem.; H. Rowsell, Esq., with parcel; J. D. Humphreys, Esq.; W. Marsh, Esq., (next week); Rev. H. Patton, rem.; T. R. Heslop, Esq.; Rev. B. Lindsay,