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INSECTS OF THE NORTHERN PARTS OF BRITISH AMERICA.

COMPILED BY THE EDITOR.

From Kirby's Fauna Boreali-Americana: Insecta.

(Continued from page 93.)

31. AGONUM AFFINE, Kirby.—Length of body 4 lines. Locality not stated. A single specimen taken.

Body very black, glossy. Antennæ longer than the prothorax: prothorax of the same width before as behind, so as to appear more square than in the preceding species; its lateral margin at the base is likewise not reflexed, the dorsal channel is slight, and the disk is minutely and transversely wrinkled; the basilar impressions are deep, large and circular; elytra very slightly bronzed; three punctiform impressions, the anterior one adjoining the third furrow, and the two posterior the second, are visible in the usual situation; the four anterior trochanters are of a deep red.

[28] 32. AGONUM ERYTHROPUM, Kirby.—Length of body 41/4 lines. Taken in Canada by Dr. Bigsby.

Body glossy, black underneath, above bronzed. Antennæ black, with the scape dusky rufous; prothorax tinted with copper, obcordate, with rounded angles; basilar impressions round and deep; elytra tinted with copper, with three nearly obsolete punctiform impressions in the usual situation; legs dusky rufous; in other respects it resembles A. seminitidum.

This species appears to be the American representative of A. parumpunctatum. It is, however, larger, more bronzed, the impressions are less distinct and more distant, and the thighs as well as the tibiæ and tarsi are rufous.

[The name of this species is pre-occupied by Dejean's P. crythropus; it is placed with a mark of interrogation in Dr. LeConte's list under Platynus subcordatus, Lec.]

33. AGONUM CUPRIPENNE, Say. Plate I. fig. 4.—Many specimens of this lovely Agonum were taken in lat. 54°. It appears to be very common in North America, where it represents A. sexpunctatum, the most brilliant