

MEMBERS OF KERWOOD WOMEN'S INSTITUTE



Photo by G. E. Foster.

The Situation in N. Oxford

[BY A. D. CLARKE.]

Leader Rowell carried North Oxford in 1911 by 559 majority. His majority should be increased this year, for though his opponent, R. E. Butler, is a very prominent and much beloved merchant in Woodstock, and a canvasser from the drop of the hat, and has been personally known as a man of temperate habits, he cannot shuffle the cards skilfully enough to prevent the liquor interests from turning up as trump. The jeopardy which the six hotel licenses are in with this paramount issue, the very pulse of the campaign, has led the vested interests to cling to Mr. Butler's shoulders like the "old man of the sea."

The activity of these interests during the hustle for manhood suffrage registration in the past week was coincident with the fury with which the Butler automobiles shook up the dust on the Woodstock streets.

The registration was the greatest ever recorded in the city of Woodstock, 764 names being placed on the voters' lists.

Previously the largest registration was in 1911, when 708 were registered. With all the fuss and bustle of the past few days, only 58 more names were added than in the previous election. There was no registration in the rural localities, so the list throughout the riding can show little numerical difference. Woodstock city has gone Conservative. In 1911 it gave Robert Lockhart a majority of 168 over Mr. Rowell on a vote, which stood, Rowell 875, Lockhart 1043.

PERSONAL CONVICTION TO PREVAIL.

The abolition of the open bar-room was not so pronouncedly the issue of that campaign as it is today, and many people of Conservative persuasion will certainly forsake party allegiance for personal conviction this time.

There was only one other polling division, which gave Mr. Lockhart a majority, and that was Blandford, where the majority was 9.

The other six rural municipalities gave Mr. Rowell 736 of a majority.

Mr. Butler's chief strength lies in the City of Woodstock. It is the only centre in the riding where liquor licenses flourish, aside from Bright, where there is a small hotel, which a strong deputation of citizens are striving to have removed and at present is only operating under a three-months' extension.

Mr. Butler has tried on three previous occasions to get elected in North Oxford, but failed. He was twice defeated by Col. Munro, and once by Dr. Andrew MacKay. Mr. Lockhart, who opposed Leader Rowell in the last campaign, would have liked a re-nomination at this time, and endeavored to persuade the Conservative convention to this view. When he saw that he was to have the opposition of Mr. Butler, he advised that three beatings should be enough to make a man retire, and let someone else try.

CONCENTRATING ON THE CITY.

Mr. Butler apparently hopes to gain little outside of Woodstock city. He is concentrating on the urbanites, and particularly upon the new arrivals, who have attained to their majority. It would appear that his automobiles, and those who are working for him, have been the greater part of the 764 manhood suffrage voters to registration. In strenuous campaigning the Liberal executive of Woodstock could take a few lessons from Mr. Butler and his friends. They may be reserving their energies for the charge on election day, or they may have quieter and more effective methods than are employed by the great hoary party. But even though an analysis of the electric figures of previous years gives positive assurance of success, and the silent vote on a great moral question is all in their favor, strenuous opponents in election fights have been sometimes encouraged by the other fellow taking too much for granted. The stir and commotion kicked up by a glad-hand artist is apt to attract the fellows who have only a superficial knowledge of the issues, and are to mark their ballots for the first time. Then, sometimes, a young chap feels more complimented by the party friend who asks him for his vote than he does by those who do not appear to take a personal interest in him. Newcomers to a community may even be sensitive to this regard.

MR. BUTLER'S AMMUNITION.

The campaign of Mr. Butler is undoubtedly to be waged largely upon his record as a donor to local institutions. He and his friends are not over modest concerning the fact that he gave \$2,500 to the Y. M. C. A. for a play-ground, and that he has offered to stake the ball team to any amount that will secure for Woodstock the premiership of the "webby league" and the "webby league" of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union. He has also given \$1,000 to the Presbyterian General Assembly to take all the children of Knox Church Sunday School for an automobile drive, or, in certain gatherings, that, though he doesn't take a drink himself, he has been known to stand a treat.

Some of these virtues he proudly advertised at his meeting Saturday night, even as the Pharisee of old.

But Mr. Rowell should win North Oxford by an increased majority. The earnestness of the man, the ability of the man, the sincerity of the man, and the progressive policies of the man have impressed the intelligent electorate of North Oxford as these qualities have the thinking bodies of the whole province, and made him an outstanding figure in Canada's national life.

ROBLIN IS CONFIDENT OF BEING RE-ELECTED

Says He Expects Over Forty Out of Forty-Nine Seats on July 10.

Winnipeg, June 16.—Premier Roblin announced in an address at Carman last night that provincial elections would be held Friday, June 10, with nominations a week earlier. "I have no fear of the result," he said. He predicted that forty or more of the forty-nine men to be elected would be his supporters.

Speaking of the Liberal advocacy of direct legislation, the Premier declared that "the Liberal party, if returned to power, propose to introduce responsible government in this province. They propose to introduce an element of republicanism that is foreign and repugnant to every man that loves British institutions and the British flag. Members of the legislature under direct legislation are so many pawns on the chess board."

Found a Friend In Dr. Chase

His Medicines Proven Effective, and Always Kept at Hand in This Home.

Mrs. Chas. Lovell, Agassiz, B. C., writes: "I may tell you to tell you what a great friend Dr. Chase's medicines have been to myself and family. I cannot praise his medicines too highly, and Dr. Chase's name is a household word in our home. Well, quite a number of years ago I sent to you for a sample box of Dr. Chase's Ointment for protruding piles, and, having used the sample and found relief, I sent to a neighboring town for four boxes, and I am completely cured. "I have also used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver pills for constipation, and, after using them, I am completely cured of this dreadful disease. I am the mother of ten children, of whom nine are living, and when seven of my children were all very bad with whooping cough, caught in the middle of a severe winter, I used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, and they were all cured before the winter was over, and now we are never without Dr. Chase's medicines. In our home, and I recommend them to all."

creatures having no power, nothing to stimulate them to action."

He then proceeded to discuss and defend the Government's attitude regarding immigration, railway construction, temperance, etc.

In the course of his address, Premier Roblin said: "I have been nearly fourteen years in office. We have a record of which we are proud. Manitoba's development and expansion in that period is marvellous, and there has been no part of the moral, educational or material side that has not been fostered and cared for in a way that has earned for us the commendation of all who are competent to express an opinion."

CHURCHES UNITING TO FIGHT COMMON EVILS

Anglican Bishops and Other Clergy Hold Conference to Discuss Question.

[Canadian Press.] Montreal, June 16.—A London cable to the Daily Mail says: As a definite step towards united Christian action, the Presbytery was held yesterday in Westminster Abbey, at which the Bishops of Winchester, Oxford and Bath and Wells, with other dignitaries of the Anglican Church, discussed with representative free church ministers the possibility of common action of the religious bodies of the country, in regard to such matters as purity, gambling and general social and moral questions.

SEALING FUND CLOSED; HAS REACHED \$275,000

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., June 15.—The fund for the relief of the sufferers by the sealing disaster last March closed today. The total subscribed is two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

TRIBESMEN ATTACK FRENCH FORCE IN MOROCCO

Oudja, Morocco, June 15.—Gen. Baumgarten, with a column of French troops, while marching to join Gen. Gourard, was attacked from the rear yesterday by a large force of tribesmen, concealed in ravines. After a desperate hand-to-hand battle the tribesmen were repulsed with severe losses. The French forces lost five men killed and seventeen wounded.

REGISTER TODAY.

ONLY ONE DROWNED WHEN DREDGE SANK

William Burt, of Port Dalhousie Sole Victim—Portion of Boat Savable.

[Canadian Press.] St. Catharines, Ont., June 16.—It is now known that but one man perished when the dredge Delver, of the Dominion Dredging Company, sank outside the piers at Port Dalhousie. The victim was William Burt, of Port Dalhousie.

The crew consisted of seventeen men, but only thirteen of these were with Capt. Gamble when in tow of the tug Alice he set out for Port Weller to escape the sea by taking shelter in Port Dalhousie. A portion of the dredge, which lies just outside the piers, is salvable. The survivors were picked up by the tugs Alice and Meteor.

MIDWAY ATTRACTIONS

Western Fair Side Shows Will be Supplied by Con. T. Kennedy Organization.

The midway at the Western Fair this year will be filled by the Con. T. Kennedy Shows. This organization is not only the largest but is acknowledged as the best in the field of outdoor amusements. It requires 3 double length railway cars to transport this aggregation from place to place. It carries with it a thirty-five piece band of very high class musicians.

There will be a variety of shows and something that will appeal to all. What pleases one will not always appeal to another. There will be a trained wild animal show. The Leota Musical Show, Kempt's Motel City and Farm, An Aztec Village, Langland, The Igorrotes, The Hindoos, The Jumping Horse, an Egyptian Hall of Mystery and various others, twenty in all. This will be one of the cleanest and best midways ever shown at the exhibition. The exhibition dates are September 11 to 19.

CHARGED WITH FRAUD

[Canadian Press.] Paris, June 16.—On the formal complaint of the Brazilian minister, legal proceedings have been taken against Wenderly De Mendoca, formerly financial agent of France in the State of Alagoas, Brazil. De Mendoca is charged with defrauding the state of \$2,000,000. The police have seized his books and papers, but have not located him.

DEATHS OF THE DAY.

Canon Dies in Westminster Abbey. [Canadian Press.] London, June 16.—The Right Rev. Robert Tucker, canon of Durham since 1911, became suddenly ill in Westminster Abbey yesterday, and died in that edifice. Canon Tucker was bishop of Eastern Equatorial Africa from 1896 to 1899, and bishop of Uganda from 1899 to 1911. He was born in 1849.

Well-Known Actress. London, June 16.—Charlotte Addison, the actress who had played scores of roles during the past 50 years, died yesterday. She was born at Liverpool in 1849, and made her first appearance on the stage as a child in Tom Taylor's old play, "Nine Points of the Law."

COURT CASE AN ECHO OF TITANIC DISASTER

[Canadian Press.] Nice, France, June 16.—The hearing in a suit brought before the civil court by Mme. Marcelle Navratil, widow of a victim of the Titanic disaster, was begun yesterday. Mme. Navratil asks damages to the amount of 150,000 francs (\$30,000) for the loss of her husband. The court reserved decision.

METHODIST LAYMEN STRONGLY INDORSE "ABOLISH THE BAR"

Pass Resolutions at Montreal Urging Brethren in Ontario to Give It Hearty Support—Wish Rowell Godspeed.

[Canadian Press.] Montreal, June 16.—At a meeting last night of the Laymen's Association of the Methodist Conference, the policy of N. W. Rowell, leader of the Opposition in Ontario, in regard to the liquor question, was indorsed in the following resolution:

"Recognizing the unquestionable evils of the drink traffic in any form and the uniform opposition of the Methodist Church to the traffic, therefore be it resolved: (1) that we, the laymen of the Montreal Conference of the Methodist Church, here assembled, do learn with gratitude that N. W. Rowell, K.C., has added the abolition of the public bar and club licenses as a plank in his platform in the present campaign in the Province of Ontario; (2) that we wish Mr. Rowell Godspeed in his worthy undertaking and express the hope that all members of our church in the Province of Ontario will use both their influence and their franchise to elect candidates who will support Mr. Rowell in his undertaking."

A stir was caused by a speech in opposition by Bob Moha, of Milwaukee, at the end K.C. of Morrisburg, who argued that conditions in many parts of Ontario were not favorable to a successful enforcement of such a law, citing his own county of Dundas as an example. He was strongly in favor of local option, but it would, he thought, take an army of officials to enforce such a law.

The consciences of the majority strongly dictated their support of the abolition plank, however, and the measure was carried without a dissenting voice, although several members refrained from voting.

A resolution that stationing committees hereafter be composed of fifty per cent laymen instead of entirely of ministers as at present was passed during the afternoon, between ballots.

BELGIUM OF DISASTROUS STORM

One Killed, Many Injured, by Lightning—Hundreds of Cattle Drowned.

[Canadian Press.] Brussels, June 16.—A great storm did immense damage throughout Belgium last night. In Brussels five persons were seriously injured by lightning. Near Ghent a railway employee was killed. At Renix two trains collided, the signals having been disarranged by the storm, and many persons were injured. Hundreds of cattle have been drowned or killed by lightning.

MUSICIANS MARRY.

London, June 16.—The American singer, Mme. Alma Gluck, and the Russian violinist, Efren Zinkelsky, were married yesterday before a registrar in London. The announcement of the engagement was made last February.

DEAN OF THE ROTA PASSES ON BULK OF CHURCH LAW CASES



Monsignor Lega

Monsignor Lega is dean of the Sacred Tribunal of the Rota. He is one of the highest authorities in the Catholic Church on canon law.

The Rota passes on the great bulk of law cases arising in the church, subject to canon law, such as the Gould-Castellane divorce case.

Canadian Cadets Seeing the Sights of London



The group of Canadian cadets who have been visiting England on the invitation of Earl Roberts are here shown inspecting the cannon on the Horse Guards' Parade at Whitehall.

LONDON LIBERALS

Continued From Page One

and the others. I know and feel it that though some of these old workers may be dead, that the Liberal party is not dead. It may be in adversity, but it is not cast down. It may be wounded, but its wounds are slight and it is recovering."

He then paid a glowing tribute to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the men at the head of the Liberal party in Ontario, tributes that evoked the greatest enthusiasm from the audience, declaring that Sir Wilfrid was the statesman who had created the true Canadian imperialism, the imperialism that had made the Dominion an integral part of the British Empire and had made it an ally of the Mother Land.

A Unique Figure.

Of Newton Wesley Rowell, he said he was a figure unique in the political world, a man who filled a position that no political leader in the country had ever filled before. The high moral character of the men who had been at the head of political affairs in the Dominion was reviewed. These men, he said, had, however, been politicians, men active in political life, while Rowell was a man of good a character, and a man who had gone before, and a man who had been a known leader who sought to benefit humanity and make citizenship higher.

"The Liberal party has allied itself to the great moral question of the day. Is it going to be successful?" asked Dr. Campbell.

"The Liberal party took an advanced step when it allied itself with the moral and temperance issue and that it would suffer a great deal as a result. It was said that we would lose the support of many. We have lost their support."

Not Matter of Expediency. "If the Liberal party took up the Moral Reform policy as an idea for the purpose of securing party support, then from his party, and when I say that I am not finding fault with the Conservatives, for there are many good men among them, and those two forces are a personal grievance and a charge of dynamite."

Hold Ties Lightly. "I do not know how strong the personal grievance feeling is, but there is the great mass of the voting public who hold their party ties lightly, and who control a general election. If the majority of these believe as does Rowell, then there is no question that there will be a change of Government and that change soon."

Dr. Campbell then paid his respects to the present provincial administration. "The Government that has recklessly squandered the revenues of the province, revenues greater than were ever handled by a government before, a government that has raised the expenditures of the province from \$5,000,000 to \$22,000,000 in ten years is not managing your affairs right. It is not enough that it has been reckless. If it had been modest enough the increased revenue it would not have been so bad, but it has reverted to increased taxation. It has had to borrow money. The provincial treasurer, at the head of the house, frankly said that he had not enough money, and that he would have to borrow more next year."

Using The Prod. "If there has been anything worth doing that the present Government has done, it is because it has been prodded into it. It has not made a movement without the prod. (Cheers.) We hear a lot of the Workmen's Compensation bill. They delayed giving us the bill for years while the Liberals prodded and pushed. Finally, they got Sir William Meredith to prepare a bill and got it through the house. The Liberals allowed them to do it. Now that the bill is through, the Government has put off putting it into force until the end of the year. It would not allow a single amendment to be made, though it is still uncompleted. It does not go into force until next December. If reports are true, it is the intention, if the Government is sustained, to amend the act in favor of the employers. If it is going to be amended at all it should not be in favor of the employer, but the employee. (Applause.)

The Three Fifths Clause. "Then they tell us of the temperance policy of the Conservative party. They point to the number of licenses that have been cut off. This was made possible when the Mowat act passed, and if it had not been for the three-fifths clause that was tacked on by the Conservatives, there would be many more."

"What about Hanna and his prison reforms? Give him all credit for what he has done. If the Government had done anything it should have been something for the prevention of the making of criminals, not for their care."

"The Government has been reactionary."

In the ten years that it has been in power it has run into debt."

Speaking of local conditions, he said that while frankly he did not consider the present conditions encouraging for a win, he advocated placing a candidate in the field and fighting for principle. He asked that the Moral and Temperance party, for whom Rowell was fighting, be heard from, and declared that he did not care who the man was who was brought out as long as he was a good man and would support Rowell's policy.

"What ever the result in London," declared the speaker, "Mr. Rowell is going back with a greater knowingness than he ever had before, and I am optimistic enough to believe at times that he will have a majority (prolonged applause.)"

Names Committee. C. A. Whitman then took the floor and introduced a resolution, naming the committee, afterwards selected, to consider the advisability of placing a candidate in the field.

P. G. Rumball, who followed, declared that the time was ripe for a change in Government, and made a stirring appeal for a fight in London.

His declaration in favor of an election, like every one of similar character, was greeted with prolonged applause.

Claude R. Sanagan, past president of the Young Liberals, said the only question in the various nominations throughout the country was whether the Liberal party would nominate a candidate to stand by the abolish-the-bar policy, but whether or not the man would measure up to the standard set by Rowell. This, he declared, was the question for the London Liberals to face. London was a good town to try out a temperance fight. The presence of the breweries here made it an excellent field.

Favors an Election. J. F. Madden, a temperance worker, and himself a life-long Conservative, declared himself in accord with the sentiment expressed for an election.

"I want to see an election here. I don't want Hanna, if he is elected, to go to the premier's chair and point to London as an example of where the people were satisfied with the Conservative temperance policy," was part of his speech.

W. T. Mossop, another temperance man, declared that there were many Conservatives who were not so ready to cast their ballot for Rowell and temperance.

"There is the money of good Conservatives being spent at Toronto to secure moral reform, and it is not being spent for fun," he declared. Conservatives are contributing to the moral reform funds, and they want to see their money bearing fruit. We have been asleep here in London. If we had placed a man in the field three weeks ago he could have won.

"Don't you ever think that the Conservative party has this riding in its pocket. I put it up to a Conservative last week, and he referred to the consistency of their platform, declaring that he would likely support Rowell's abolish-the-bar platform."

"Come with me and I'll ask him right now whether he will or not," I answered.

Might Stir It Up.

"I wouldn't do that," was his answer. "It might stir him up against it." "I'd like to see a man I'm afraid to ask whether he would support this abolition of the bar or not. What we want is a man in whom the principle of temperance is grounded deep, and then get behind this man and support him." (Applause.)

Another speaker likened the Conservative temperance policy to the killing of a dog by starting with slings pieces out of his tail instead of cutting off his head at once.

William Edgcombe referred to Rowell's prolonged fight, the weak policy of imitation of Whitney in introducing the anti-liquor legislation, and the doing of this with it, and ended his short address by the declaration that it was up to London to fight.

Michael Donahue took the platform after J. A. Cody had spoken briefly, nominating Dr. Stevenson whose name brought forth great applause.

"He can carry London hands down and he's the man to give us just Government and pure legislation," said Mr. Donahue.

Surprise to Dr. Stevenson. Dr. Stevenson was then called to the platform, and was manifestly surprised that his name had been brought before the meeting. He declared that he had simply come to do his share in fighting for the Liberal party when a candidate was nominated. He expressed his gratitude at the honor that had been accorded him, but declared that the question of acceptance was beyond his comprehension.

He commented on the enthusiasm of the meeting, and its democratic character, declaring that the democracy of the Liberal party was the feature of it that he worshipped. At the same time, he made a plea for the party to stand by its candidates.

Just as Good in Defeat.

"If he is defeated, stand by him for four years till he has another chance," he said. "He is just as good a Liberal because he is defeated as he is when he is victorious. A better one."

"We should not be cast down by defeat. We ought to come back stronger each time. I glory in the work of this meeting to put up a candidate. We have to stand by the policy of our leader, and we must put up a fight."

"We know that there will be the same old knock, the same old cry, 'What is that to us?' The song is getting so old that it is a joke. We will mind our own business, and go on with our fight. We are all united here."

Must Consider It. "As I said before, I was greatly surprised by my nomination. It would require a great deal of thought for me to consider it. There are other candidates the committee could secure. In my profession it is not always possible to devote the time that this would require."

"However, I will not see the election go by default. With the enthusiasm that has prevailed here tonight I feel sure that we will have a candidate."

T. H. Furdon, K. C., was the last speaker of the evening. He reviewed the temperance policy of the Liberal Government from Sir Oliver Mowat down to Leader Rowell, declaring that Mowat, Hon. A. S. Hardy and Sir George Ross had gone as far as it was possible for men to go in the temperance legislation that they had enacted. It was a question, he said, how far to go in temperance legislation. He also touched on the many sides of the question.

In closing the meeting Chairman Pocock congratulated those present on the splendid attendance and the enthusiasm that had been displayed over leader Rowell's policy.

Hearty cheers for the King and Leader Rowell brought the convention to a close.

Committee Named.

The committee appointed to select a candidate will meet Wednesday afternoon. The members are: T. H. Furdon, Frank Leonard, C. E. Somerville, T. S. Hobbs, George S. Gibbons, R. C. Struthers, John Campbell, T. J. Murphy, Harry Rankin, Chauncey Jarvis, George M. Reid, Arthur Little, Philip Pocock, J. K. McDermid, F. G. Rumball, William Heaman, William Geary, W. N. Manning, A. Talbot, John Stevely, Dr. H. A. Stevenson, Dr. W. J. Stevenson, William Jeffrey, J. A. Cody, John F. Madden, Major Leonard, A. A. Macintosh, Wallace Laut, George Stark, John Lang, A. Robinson, Claude Sanagan.

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