STAFFORD'S

TYPEWRITER RIBBONS.

IN ALL COLORS.

These Ribbons are wound on spools and put up neatly in a box.

Stafford's Typewriter Ribbons are sold under the guarantee of the manufacturer that they are BETTER IN EVERY RESPECT THAN ANY OTHERS.

Typewriter Paper.

LARGE ASSORTMENT AND SPECIAL VALUES.

Jas. I. Anderson & Co.

Booksellers and Stationers,

DUNDAS STREET.

ZXV

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS SINCE LAST ISSUE

TO ADVERTISERS—All changes of advertisements must be handed in not later than 4 p.m. on the day previous to be sure of insertion. Advertisements of business notices must be arranged for in the counting-room

Man Wanted—Lilley's Livery.
Nurse Wanted—256 Central avenue.
Servant Wanted—Fallahe House.
Lots for Sale—W. D. Buckle.
Cow for Sale—26 Alma street north.
Cook Wanted—London Asylum.
Dog Lost—245 Dufferin avenue.
Sewer Pipe—W. J. Element.
Notice to Tailors.
Girl Wanted—Mrs. Meredith.
Machines for Sale—200 Horton street.
Board Wanted—Box 24, this Office.
Servant Wanted—130 Albert street.
Boy Wanted—Alex. Smith.
Dog Lost—R. H. Johnston.
Auction Sale—W. Y. Brunton.
Children's Suits—Oak Hall.
Harvest Excursions—C. P. R.
Allan Line Sailings.
White Star Line Sailings.

NEW LUMBER YARD. W. D. WILLIS, CORNER YORK AND ADELAIDE.

Telephone 786.

ZXV

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

Latest Financial News by Mail and Telegraph.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 16—1 p.m.—Stock market stagnant; American Express, 118½; Atchison, 33⅝; C. B. and Q., 86; Canadian Pacific, 82¼; Canada Southern, —; C. and N. W., —; Delaware and Hudson, 128¾; Delaware and Lackawanna, 134⅞; L. and N., 74; Lake Shore, 109⅝; Michigan Central, —; Northern Pacific, 23½, preferred, 65; New York Central, —; N. W., 105¼; R. I., 73⅞; St. Paul, 84⅝, preferred, 113; St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba, —; Union Pacific, 43½; Western Union, 80.

London Money Market.

LONDON, July 16—12:30 p.m. — Consols, 95 9-16 for money; 95 11-16 for account; U. S. 4s., 102¾; U. S. 4s., 119½; St. Paul, 66⅝; Erie seconds, 100¼; Erie, 19⅝; Pacific Central, 51⅝; Reading, 24⅝; Canadian Pacific, 84⅝; New York Central, 102½ Illinois Central, 97¾; Bank of England rate, 3½ per cent.; open market discount, 1⅛ to 1¼.

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, July 16.

	Ask.	Off.
Montreal	222½	221½
Ontario	114	112½
Molsons	—	—
Toronto	222	218
Merchants	149	145
Commerce	129	128½
Imperial	162	161
Dominion	232½	231½
Standard	156	154
Hamilton	158	155
British America	100	98
Western Assurance	143½	142½
Canada Life	—	—
Confederation Life Association	—	—
Northwest Land Co	77½	76½
C. P. R. Grant Bonds	—	—
C. P. R. Stock	82½	82¼
Farmers' Loan and Savings	—	121
Farmers' L. & S., 20 per cent	—	111
London and Canada L. and A.	—	120½
London and Ontario	—	—
Huron and Erie	—	155
Huron and Erie, 20 per cent	—	144
Dominion Savings and Loan	96	—
Ontario Loan and Debenture	128	125½
Canadian S. & Loan	—	—
London Loan	—	—

SALES—Dominion, 23 at 231½; N. W. L., 7 at 77½.

COMMERCIAL.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son.

LONDON, Thursday, July 16.

Outside of the fruit market there was little doing to-day; some three loads of wheat and the same of oats were all that came forward. Prices ruled steady and without much change. New hay came in pretty freely and sold from $8 to $9 per ton. General quotations are as follows:

GRAIN.			
Wheat, per standard bush	$ 08	to	$1 00
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs	1 60	to	1 64
Wheat, Democrat, per 100 lbs	1 62	to	1 64
Wheat, Clawson, per 100 lbs	1 60	to	1 62
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs	1 62	to	1 64
Rye, per 100 lbs	1 25	to	1 30
Buckwheat	00	to	00
Oats	1 46	to	1 50
Corn	1 35	to	1 40
Peas	1 20	to	1 25
Beans, per bush	1 50	to	1 80
Barley, per 100 lbs	1 25	to	1 27
PROVISIONS.			
Eggs, retail	15	to	15
Eggs, basket	14	to	14
Eggs, store lots	13	to	13
Butter, pound rolls per lb	14	to	15
Butter, crock or larger rolls	12	to	13
Butter tub or firkin	10	to	13
Cheese	9	to	9
Lard	10	to	10
Dressed hogs	6 00	to	6 25
Turnips, per bush	00	to	00
Carrots, per bush	00	to	00
Potatoes, per bag	1 30	to	1 50
Parsnips, per bush	50	to	60
Onions, per bush	00	to	00
Apples, bag	0 00	to	0 00
Beef, per cwt	5 00	to	6 00
Mutton, per lb	7	to	08
Lamb, per lb	8	to	08
Veal, per lb	5	to	06
Chickens, per pair	50	to	75
Ducks, per pair	75	to	1 00
Turkeys each	70	to	1 00
Hides, No. 1, per lb	4½	to	4½
Hides, No. 2, per lb	3½	to	3½
Hides, No. 3, per lb	2½	to	2½
Wool, per lb	18	to	20
Calfskins, green, per lb	5	to	5
Calfskins, dry, per lb	9	to	0
Lambskins, each	35	to	35
Pelts, each	25	to	25
FLOUR AND FEED.			
Patent roller flour, per 100 lbs	275	to	2 75
Roller flour, per 100 lbs	2 50	to	2 55
Stone flour, stone	2 50	to	2 50
Buckwheat flour	0 00	to	0 00
Oatmeal, standard per bag	3 50	to	3 00
Oatmeal, granulated per bag	3 00	to	3 20
Oatmeal, rolled per bag	3 00	to	3 20
Cornmeal, per bag	2 00	to	2 25
Bran, per ton	14 00	to	16 00
Shorts, per ton	20 00	to	22 00
Clover seed per bushel	0 00	to	0 00
Timothy seed, per bush	0 00	to	0 00
Hay	10 00	to	12 00
Hungarian	00	to	00
Millet	00	to	00
Flax	0 00	to	0 00

BRUSSELS SALT

FOR ALL PURPOSES.

Specially recommended for curing hay.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON

372 Talbot Street, London, Ont.

TELEPHONE 662.

Montreal Market.

MONTREAL, July 16.

FLOUR — Receipts, 600 bbls; market quiet and unchanged. Patents winter, $5 20 to $5 40; do. spring, $5 25 to $5 50; straight roller, $4 00 to $5 00; extra, $4 50 to $4 70; superfine, $4 00 to $4 20; strong bakers, $5 25 to $5 25; Ontario bags, $2 00 to $2 20.

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 hard Manitoba, $1 10 to $1 12; corn, 68c to 70c; peas, 90c to 91c; oats, 55½c to 58c; barley, 65c to 67c; rye, 80c to 82c.

MEAL—Oatmeal, $2 90 to $3 00; cornmeal, $1 60.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork, $16 25 to $16 75; lard, 8½c to 9c; bacon, 9c to 10c; hams, 10c to 11c; cheese, 8½c to 8¾c; butter, townships, 15c to 18c; Morrisburg, 16c to 17c; Western, 14c to 15c.

Toronto Market.

TORONTO, July 16.

WHEAT—Manitoba hard, No. 2, $1 07 to $1 07; Manitoba hard, No. 3, 95½c to 96c; spring, No. 2, 99c to 99c; red winter, No. 2, $1 01 to $1 02.

PEAS—No. 2, 70c to 71c.

OATS—No. 2, 50c to 51c.

CORN—70c to 70c.

FLOUR—Extra, $4 20 to $4 25; straight roller, $4 40 to $4 50.

Sales—No. 2 Manitoba hard at $1; oats on track at 50c to 52c; peas at 75c.

English Markets.

Beerbohm's Report by Cable.

LONDON, July 16.

Floating cargoes—Wheat dull, corn none.

Arrivals—Wheat 1, sold wheat 1. Waiting orders—Wheat 3.

Cargoes on passage—Wheat inactive, corn depressed. Good cargoes Australian wheat off coast, 39s, was 38s 6d; present and following month 39s, 6d, was 39s; do. Chilian, off coast, 38s, was 38s 3d; present and following month 38s 3d, was 38s 6d; do. Walla off coast 39s, was 39s 6d; present and following month 39s 6d, was 39s 9d.

London—Good shipping No. 1 Cal. wheat prompt sail, 41s, was 41s 6d; nearly due, 40s 6d; was 41s.

French country markets gery quiet.

Liverpool—Wheat easier, corn quiet and steady; Kansas winter 7s 9d—½d cheaper.

LIVERPOOL, July 16

The quotations for the past three market days are as follows:

	July 14.		July 15		July 16.	
	S. D.	S. D.	S. D.	S. D.	S. D.	S. D.
Spring	7 8½	0 0	7 8½	0 0	7 8½	0 0
Red winter	7 6½	7 0	7 6½	7 7	7 10½	7 11
Kan. winter	7 9	0 0	7 9	0 0	7 9	0 0
No. 1 Cal.	7 11½	0 0	7 11	0 11½	7 11	7 11½
Corn	5 7½	0 0	5 7½	0 0	5 7½	0 0
Peas, per c.	6 9	0 0	6 9	0 0	6 9	0 0
Pork	52 6	0 0	52 6	0 0	52 6	0 0
Lard	32 0	0 0	32 0	0 0	32 0	0 0
Bacon, s. c.	31 0	00 0	30 6	00 0	32 0	00 0
Bacon, l. c.	30 0	00 0	31 6	00 0	30 6	00 0
Tallow	25 3	00 0	25 3	00 0	25 3	00 0
Cheese, wh.	43 0	00 0	43 0	00 0	43 0	00 0
Cheese, col.	43 0	00 0	43 0	00 0	43 0	00 0

Wheat dull, demand poor, holders offer moderately; corn steady, demand fair.

American Markets.

DETROIT, July 16.

WHEAT—No. 1 white, 88c cash; new No. 2 red, 88c, 86½c July, 80½c Aug., 89½c Dec.

TOLEDO, July 16.

WHEAT—86½c cash and July, 86½c bid Aug., 86½c Sept., 88½c Dec.

CORN—Nominal.

OATS—Nominal.

MILWAUKEE, July 18.

WHEAT—Easy; 87½c cash and July, 87½c Sept.

CHICAGO, July 16—11 a.m.

WHEAT—July, 85½c; Dec., 86c.

CORN—July, 58½c; Sept., 52½c.

OATS—July, 34½c; Sept., 27½c.

PORK—Sept., $10 62½; Jan., $12 70.

LARD—Sept., $6 47½; Jan., $6 85.

SHORT RIBS—Sept., $6 50 to $6 52½; Jan. $6 75.

OSWEGO, July 16.

WHEAT—Market steady; white State, $1 12; red State, $1 10. Receipts, 21,500 bushels western white.

CORN—Market unchanged; No. 2 yellow nominally at 68c.

OATS—Market inactive; white western at 50c.

BARLEY—Market unchanged; no receipts or shipments.

Canada lumber receipts by lake, 630,279 feet; 622,500 shingles; 33,000 lath.

Canada coal shipments by lake, 3,770 tons.

CHICAGO, July 16.

THE LEADING FUTURES CLOSED.

WHEAT—July, 85 5-6c; Aug., 85½c; Sept., 84½c; Dec., 86½c.

CORN—July, 58½c; Aug., 55c; Sept., 52½c.

OATS—July, 34½c; Aug., 28½c; Sept., 27½c.

MESS PORK—Sept., $10 97½; Oct., $11 05.

LARD—Sept., $6 57½; Oct., $6 67½.

SHORT RIBS—Sept., $6 57½; Oct., $6 67½.

CASH QUOTATIONS WERE.

No. 2 spring wheat, 86½c; No. 2 red, 87c; No. 2 corn, 60c; No. 2 oats, 35c to 35¼c; No. 2 rye, 76c; No. 2 barley, nominal; mess pork, $10 80; lard, $6 40 to $6 42½; short ribs sides, $6 50 to $6 55; dry salted shoulders, $5 30 to $5 35; short clear sides, $6 80 to $6 90.

Receipts—			
Flour	11,000	Wheat	203,000
Corn	147,000	Oats	128,000
Rye	1,000	Barley	1,000
Shipments—			
Flour	7,000	Wheat	86,000
Corn	112,000	Oats	88,000
Rye	1,000	Barley	1,000

NEW YORK, July 16.

FLOUR — Heavy; unsettled; moderately active.

WHEAT—Receipts, 84,300 bu; exports, 158,677 bu; sales, 10,002,000 bu futures; 318,000 bu spot; spot active unsettled; lower; No. 2 red, 95½c to 95¾c, store and elevator; No. 2 Chicago, 99½c; options declined ½c to 2½c on easier cables, fine crop weather and favorable crop reports, rallied ⅝c to ½c on export demand, and covering by shorts; closed firm at ½c to 1½c below yesterday; No. 2 red, July, 94½c; Aug., 95½c; Sept., 93½c; Oct., 94½c; Nov., 95½c; Dec., 96¾c.

CORN—Receipts, 30,000 bu; exports, 102,628 bu; sales, 1,136,000 bu futures; 27,000 bu spot; spot higher; dull; scarce; ungraded mixed, 71c to 86c; options lower with wheat; advanced 1½c to 2½c on light coverings; fell ½c to 1½c on realizing, and closed steady at ½c to 1½c over yesterday; July, 68½c; Aug., 64½c; Sept., 61 c; Oct., 59⅝c; Dec., 52½c.

OATS—Receipts, 68,000 bu; sales, 30,000 bu futures; 143,000 bu spot; spot stronger; unsettled; options steady; dull; July, 43c; Aug., 34½c; Sept., 32½c; spot, No. 2, 43½c to 44½c; mixed western, 41c to 47c; white do., 48c to 61c.

SUGAR—Active; firmer; standard "A," 4⅞c; cut-loaf and crushed 5½c; powdered, 4 11-16c; granulated, 4 7-16c to 4 9-16c.

EGGS—Dull; weak; 17½c to 17½c.

Live Stock Markets.

EAST BUFFALO.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., July 16.—Cattle—Only two carloads of western cows came in for sale to-day. They sold about steady at Monday's values. A few tail-end lots are still here from the beginning of the week, being peddled out for almost any price.

Sheep and Lambs—The market is almost at a standstill. The eastern markets could not be in a worse possible condition. The yards there are full of unsold stock. The butchers are over supplied with dressed mutton and lambs, and what few loads of stock were sold there only brought a little more than Buffalo prices. The prospects are considered very bad.

Hogs—Receipts about eight cars. Market steady and firm and all were sold at full strong yesterday's prices. Good Yorkers ranged from $5 50 to $5 60; light do., $5 45 to $5 50; pigs, $5 35 to $5 40; good mediums, $5 60 to $5 65, roughs, $4 to $4 50.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Hogs—Receipts, 19,000; quality fair; left over, 5,000; market opened active at 5c to 10c advance. Sales ranged at $3 70 to $5 10 for pigs, $4 90 to $5 45 for light, $4 75 to $5 for rough packing, $4 85 to $5 40 for mixed, and $5 05 to $5 50 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

Cattle—Receipts, 14,000; quality fair; market active on local and shipping account; prices were well supported for better grades. Prices quotable at $6 10 to $6 25 for prime to extra steers, $5 40 to $6 05 for good to fancy do, $4 50 to $5 35 for fair to good do., $3 10 to $3 75 for common to medium do., $2 40 to $3 90 for grass-fed Texans, $3 25 to to $4 40 for corn-fed Texans, $1 75 to $3 for stockers, $3 to $4 for feeders, $1 50 to $4 for common to choice cows, $1 50 to $3 50 for bulls, $2 50 to $5 for veal calves.

Sheep—Receipts, 8,000; quality fair; market active and prices higher. Quotations ranged: $3 50 to $5 10 for westerns, $3 75 to $5 35 for natives and $5 to $6 60 for lambs.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, July 16.—About 525 head of butchers' cattle, 400 calves and 2,000 sheep and lambs offered at the East End abattoir to-day. The few good cattle on the market to-day met with a brisk demand, at 4c to 4¼c per lb, while the greater portion of the common stock would not bring much over 3c, and some of the leaner dry cows 2½c per lb. It seems strange to see so many lean cattle brought there to kill when the pastures are flourishing, yet we see dry cows with scarcely any fat on their bony carcases sold from $15 to $20 each, and a good many thrifty young cattle that are not well fed enough to ship to Britain for stockers are being sold here for about $15 each. Calves much more plentiful, but nearly all of indifferent quality, selling at from $3 to $4 each; good veals, $5 to $6 each.

Sheep very plentiful and prices generally lower; 53 good sheep were sold to shippers at 4¼c per lb, and 18 of the best lambs to city butchers at $4 each, common lambs $2 to $3 each.

The Dairy Markets.

BROCKVILLE, July 16.—Offerings on the cheese board here to-day: 3,351 boxes white and 3,816 boxes colored; mostly all sold; white at 8½c to 8 9-16c, and colored at 8¾c.

LISTOWEL, July 16.—At the cheese fair held here to-day 29 factories boarded 2,256 boxes colored cheese and 7,611 boxes white cheese. The sales were: 140 boxes at 8 11-16c, 250 at 8¾c, 4,946 at 8¾c, 1,680 at 8 13-16c, 1,925 at 8½c. The market very active; all offerings sold; nine buyers present.

Petrolea Oil Market.

PETROLEA, July 16.—Oil, $1 32.

OUT NOW.

The WESTERN ADVERTISER (weekly) is out to-day. Its columns are replete with news. Get a copy at once and send it to your friends. Sold by dealers and at the office of publication.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Slater left yesterday for England.

—Mr. W. R. Hobbs has returned from a trip to Montreal.

—Miss Emily Barry, of East London, is visiting friends in Detroit.

—Mr. Ironsides took the levels yesterday for block-paving Queen's avenue.

—G. T. R. Stationmaster McHarg is spending his holidays out of the city.

—Two carloads of Stratford people passed through the city to Port Stanley yesterday morning.

—Miss Maggie Tause, of Jackson, Mich., is visiting her uncle, Mr. Wm. Ironsides, 481 Queen's avenue.

—The north branch of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Sunday school picniced at Wonderland yesterday afternoon.

—Rain has had a depressing effect on business in the fire department. No runs have been necessary for over a week.

—Several car loads of bolts have been shipped to this city by J. Ross, from Lawrence station during the past week.

—The weekly excursion to Port Stanley yesterday carried off eleven carloads of Londoners. The Salvation Army went in a body.

—A communication from Tilsonburg has been received at the City Hall asking information as to a system of waterworks for that town. It was furnished.

—The Latter Day Saints' Sunday school picnicked at Wonderland Wednesday and had an enjoyable time. Capt. Foster did all he could to make things pleasant.

—Ed. Meredith, Q.C., and family, of this city, have gone to Port Stanley yesterday, and will occupy the residence of L. G. Jarvis, on the hill east of the village, for the remainder of the season.

—Engineer Chipman, of Toronto, arrived in the city yesterday and will commence upon the work of preparing an estimate of the sewerage system cost, when instructed by the local authorities.

—The Outing Club of this city, accompanied by Dayton's string band, went to Port Stanley Wednesday night. Dancing was indulged in by the company at the Fraser House, and a most enjoyable time was spent.

—Forty-two car loads of excursionists bound for the National Teachers' Convention that is meeting in Toronto, passed over the Canadian Pacific Railway during the past few days. Some of them came from the coast.

—The cedar-blocking of Richmond street from Fullarton to the C. P. R., will commence sure on Monday, starting up the east side of the street so as to leave one side clear for traffic all the while the work is going on.

Superintendent Larmour, of the G.T.R., has ordered an investigation into charges made against a brakeman who last week is said to have been boisterous and used abusive language at a Sunday school excursion between Paris and Brantford.

—No arrangements seem to have been made from this city for the M. C. R. excursion to-day to Niagara Falls. Fares are quoted from Courtright and Taylor eastward, but no rate is named from London. S. J. Dixon, Toronto, will walk across the river at 4 o'clock.

—Inspector Bell received a letter from Ealing postoffice complaining of a fever-breeding nuisance near the corner of Hamilton road and Rectory street. Assistant Inspector Lutman ordered it to be removed this morning. A man named Godwin was responsible.

—Two excursions will pass through the city this morning from Woodstock to Detroit. The W. A. A. A. go by the C. P. R., and the Karn employes' excursion divides here, some going to Sarnia, thence by water, and others going direct by rail. Excursionists may return on Saturday.

—Mr. John Fried, late traveler for John Marshall, this city, has entered into partnership with Mr. Schiedel, who was lately manager of J. G. Wing's general store in New Dundee. The new firm of Schiedel & Fried have purchased the general stock in the store of J. & J. Livingstone in Waterloo.

—The family of the late Charles Bartley, news of whose death by accident was received on Wednesday in the city, can learn no particulars of the sad event. Mr. Bartley had been out at the coast four years and was well-known here. The remains were to be buried to-day at Victoria, B. C.

—The fame of Springbank as a pleasure resort is spreading beyond the confines of the city limits. This was shown yesterday morning by the arrival of 300 or 400 children from Ingersoll, representing the united Methodist Sunday schools of that town. They came by the G. T. R. and were transferred to the steamer.

—Mr. Alfred Tupper, who came from the Isle of Wight recently and entered the dry goods business in this city, sent a copy of this journal, containing his advertisement, to the Advertiser of Ventnor, his old home. It compliments Mr. Tupper on his business enterprise, adding: "We notice too that he stands to the old title, for as the Advertiser was his chosen medium in the island, so it is the ADVERTISER that contains his business announcement in the new world."

Sale of City Property,

All the unsold lots on the old Tecumseh Park were disposed of Wednesday in the city hall by Auctioneer J. W. Jones. The London Trust netted $9,932 71 as a result of the sale. Following is a list of the buyers and prices paid per foot:

J. F. Hunt, lot 89, facing on Pall Mall street, at $9 50.

W. Scarrow, lot 88, on Pall Mall, at $9 25.

G. A. Andrews, lots 101, on Hyman street, and 76, on Central avenue, at $11 and $14 75 respectively.

J. Graham, lots 102 and 104, on Hyman street, at $11 and $10 respectively.

W. Harding, lot 103, on Hyman street, at $10 25.

J. Johnson, lots 108, 109, 110, on Hyman street, at $11 25, $12 and $12 respectively, and 74 on Central avenue, at $15.

M. D. Fraser, lots 106 and 107, on Hyman street, at $11 and $11 50 respectively, and 77 and 78 on Central avenue, at $15 25 and $17 25 respectively.

A. Macguire, lot 73, on Central avenue, at $15.

Personal Register.

G. W. Potter, Salford, in city visiting his brother.

Mrs. McIntosh and Miss Butler, city, visiting J. B. Hughes, in Waterloo.

Miss Nettie Burke, city, and Miss Ethel B. Strip, Kingsmill, visiting a month at Cedar Springs, Kent county.

Wm. McLeod, city, visiting in St. Thomas.

Mrs. Atkinson, city, visiting friends in Downie.

Misses Ella and Mabel McMurray, Windsor, spending a vacation in the city.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

The Franchise and Election Acts to be Amended,

But the Amendments Proposed Are Amended by the Opposition.

OTTAWA, July 16.—Mr. Girouard presented a report of the Privileges and Elections Committee asking for the reduction of the number of members necessary to form a quorum from 21 to 11 in order that the committee may meet while the House is in session. The report was adopted.

ELECTORAL FRANCHISE ACT.

A bill introduced by Sir John Thompson to amend the Electoral Franchise Act proposed to enact that a voter must be a British subject at the time of being put upon the list, leaving out the words "by birth or naturalization." It was proposed also to extend the time for preliminary revision by adding fifteen days, making the date of concluding it Aug. 15. Under the bill no person's name could be removed from the list by reason of qualification being incorrectly stated. Another section provided that the revising officer as further security shall state the number of names on the list. Part of the act relating to the declaration of British subjects would not come into force till January next, as the forms are now out and an immediate change would cause great inconvenience. The bill was read a first time.

DOMINION ELECTIONS ACT.

In introducing the bill to amend the Dominion Elections Act, the Minister of Justice said it proposed that deposits should be made in legal tender or in the bills of any chartered bank doing business in Canada. It was proposed to restrict the transfer of voters by way of agents to two in each polling booth. Provision was made in case of the loss of ballot boxes for taking evidence by the returning officer, and necessary machinery was provided for getting an order from the Superior Court judge compelling a County Court judge to make a re-count where the aggrieved party was entitled to it. The bill was read a first time.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT.

Sir John Thompson explained that his bill to amend the Dominion Controverted Elections Act contained provision for the trial of all election petitions before two judges instead of one, as formerly. It was also proposed that petitions should not be made after 30 days after the declaration of the returns of the candidate. Provision was also made for the examination of witnesses about to leave the country. There was further provision extending the exemption relating to the liability of candidates for corrupt practices committed against their will and order by agents, and that the election shall not be declared void for corrupt practices by agents when they were contrary to the order and without the consent of the candidate and when he took reasonable means to prevent corruption and when it was of a trivial, unimportant and limited character and in all other respects the election is free from corrupt practices.

In reply to Mr. Charlton Sir John Thompson said he did not think it would be possible to frame the act so as to secure uniformity of returns.

Messrs. Mills, McMullen and Landerkin contended that it did not prevent the abuse against which the Opposition have been protesting so vehemently for many years. It was only transferring the responsibility from the clerk of the Crown in chancery to the returning officers. As the clerk of the Crown in chancery has been able to delay the time within which a petition may be entered by postponing the gazetting, so under the amendment the returning officer may do the same by delaying the declaration of the candidate.

Col. Amyot, who had introduced a bill to require petitions to be filed within 30 days after the day of election, expressed his dissatisfaction with the proposed amendment. He did not want the time left to the returning officers any more than to the clerk of the Crown in chancery. A fixed time was what he wanted.

Sir Richard Cartwright put his finger on the root of most of the evil against which the Minister was aiming his amendment. A former Government, of which the Minister of Justice was not a member, had changed the character of the returning officer. He used to be permanent—a sheriff or a registrar, an official of responsibility, but that had been changed, and now he was an appointee of the Government's candidate, and the office was distributed as a piece of patronage. He suggested that the Minister of Justice should put a stop to the present system, which, he said, lends itself to grave abuses.

Col. O'Brien thought there should be a day fixed for the declaration by the returning officer, and that the time for filing petitions should date from that day. He knew of a returning officer who, for his own convenience, had delayed collecting the ballot boxes and making the declaration for 30 days.

Dr. Landerkin has had experience of the frauds of the partisan returning officer and the opportunities for ballot-stuffing which lie in the present system. The proposed amendment, he said, would leave the law where it is now. The returning officer would be able to make the delay which he does now. He hoped a time for declaring returns would be fixed. He had gone through six elections. In the first four his election had been declared the second day after the polling. In 1887 the declaration was delayed eighteen days, and last March it was kept back, delayed and adjourned for eleven days, with no reason except to give an opportunity for stuffing the ballot box, and it was stuffed he declared. If the Minister of Justice would put from him the suspicion of wishing to leave the abuses of the present system untouched he ought to fix a time for the declaration of returns.

Dr. Sproule defended the returning officer of South Grey and declared Dr. Landerkin's attack was unwarranted and that the doctor knew that it was unwarranted.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) rose to a point of order. Sir John Thompson told Mr. Speaker he did not think there had been any disorderly language, but Mr. Mills insisted on his point, and Dr. Sproule had to withdraw his remarks.

Mr. Charlton having again urged the fixing of a day for declaration, Sir John Thompson at last said he would have no objection to making declaration day one week after polling day, except where there might be a recount. (Hear, hear.) The bill was read a first time.

THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

In accordance with a report of the Public Works Committee a motion was adopted that the evidence being taken by it with regard to the Interior Department revelations be printed from day to day for the use of the members of the committee.

THE PRINTING BUREAU.

Mr. Laurier rising said he observed that the papers about the Washington conference had not yet been printed. Mr. Foster replied that he expected they would be distributed to-day.

The House became attentive when Mr. Laurier, remarking that he understood the superintendent of the Printing Bureau was away, asked if he had leave of absence or if he had not overstayed it?

Sir John Thompson, although Mr. Foster was still on his feet, interjected that the superintendent was away, but he had leave and it had not expired.

"He has chosen a very busy time at which to go away," Mr. Laurier quietly remarked, and the Minister of Justice's response was that arrangements had been made to carry on his work.

There were in the lobbies yesterday disquieting questionings of Mr. Senecal's absence, and the House, during the few minutes' low-toned dialogue, felt as though it was on the brink of another outbreak.

THE TRADE QUESTION.

When Mr. Ives resumed the budget debate he endeavored for a time to show that the interests of farmers and manufacturers are identical. He then hastened to deal a blow at the Americans by asserting that a population sufficient to consume our surplus products existed in Europe. The sea and the air, he declared with the voice of a trumpet, were not the sole property of the United States. Canada could use those to transport her goods to the common market as well as her neighbor.

Mr. Davies, quick to observe the inconsistency of this with what had gone before, interjected: "Then you don't want reciprocity?"

"Oh, yes I do," was Mr. Ives' immediate retort. "It will benefit the country."

And thus the talk went on till the Speaker left the chair at 6 o'clock.

Mr. Ives continued to speak an hour after recess, and was followed by Mr. McMillan. He was astonished at the arguments which had been advanced to show that the National Policy had improved the condition of farmers in the Dominion of Canada. The House had told that this country would be flooded with agricultural products from the United States if we had reciprocity even in natural products; that we would suffer from this as we had suffered from the influx of American manufactured goods before the National Policy was imposed. The member for Huron quoted statistics to show that since the inauguration of the National Policy the Canadian farmers had not got the Canadian market to the same extent as before. Amid hearty Liberal cheers he said he held that unrestricted reciprocity was the only policy under which the farmers of the Province of Ontario would be benefited. The Creator of the Universe placed no barrier between that country and this. He held that our interests while we retained our national existence was to have the closest relations that we could with that country. All the talk about honorable gentlemen opposite going to Washington was a complete humbug. There was nothing in it. (Cheers and laughter.) Unrestricted reciprocity would be one of the greatest blessings that could be bestowed upon the people of Canada in general and the farmers in particular. (Cheers.)

Mr. Corby rose shortly after 11 o'clock to continue the debate. He took up the question of exports and imports with a view to showing that the National Policy had added enormously to the prosperity of the country.

Mr. Campbell spoke convincingly of the numerous burdens that the farmers had to bear as a result of the National Policy. It was the duty of the Government to remove the duty on binding twine, salt and coal oil, and thus break down the monopolies. It was, he said, amusing to see the attitude of honorable gentlemen opposite with regard to reciprocity. One gentleman talked about being opposed to reciprocity or anything else. Another told the House that it would be very wrong to negotiate a treaty with the United States, that it would ruin the manufacturer, and then he turned round and said that he would favor a reasonable, fair and equitable treaty. What, asked Mr. Campbell, was a reasonable, fair and equitable treaty? Unrestricted trade between the two countries, in his opinion, was what would be truly beneficial to the country. (Cheers.)

Mr. McLennan moved the adjournment of the debate, and at 12:30 the House rose.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SWEPT BY A CYCLONE.

Disastrous Storm at West Superior, Wisconsin—Several Lives Lost.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., July 17.—A wind storm of terrific violence swept over Superior yesterday, carrying death and destruction in its path. The wind was accompanied by pouring rain. The storm lasted only about half an hour, but during that period many thousand dollars damage was done, besides the taking of at least five lives and the visiting of terrible injuries upon many parties. During the progress of the storm an alarm of fire was turned in from the fifth ward, and the department responded to find the new large three-story frame hotel on Third street a mass of ruin. It had blown down. In spite of pouring rain those at the scene rushed in and assisted the firemen in the cause of rescue.

The dead were: John Laur, aged 36, married; Charles Lucius, single, 24; Herman Paussey, single, 26; unknown man, about 35 years of age. John Schofield died from injuries received in the back and broken limbs.

Among the more seriously injured are: John Brown, broken leg; John Long, internal injuries, fatally hurt; Wm. Semple, Dick Clark and others, injured more or less seriously. Much damage was done in all directions.

IN RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 17.—The storm Wednesday night in this city and the surrounding districts was the most severe for years. At Riverside, a few miles down the bay, lightning struck in half a dozen places and much damage ensued unattended, however, by loss of life. A house occupied by Mrs. Barry, at Sabin's Point, as a boarding house, was struck and considerable damage done, and several trees were shattered. Three persons received shocks, two of whom have not yet recovered.

The Deadly Lamp—Five Victims.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 17.—At Rankin Station, near Braddock, five persons living in the same house were killed or fatally injured. The house caught fire from an exploded lamp and burned.

In a Short Time.

Mr. Andrew Browes, Alma House, Dronfield, Derbyshire, Eng., writes: "For many years I had been sorely afflicted with rheumatic gout; some of the time so badly I had to get upstairs on my hands and knees. I could not walk or do any work. I had tried a great many remedies without obtaining any lasting benefits. I employed medical men, but they did not seem to do me any good. My feet were at times swollen to twice their natural size, and I suffered the greatest agony. I had about given up all hope of ever being well again when my attention was directed to your infallible remedy, St. Jacobs Oil, which I applied with most marvelous effects. I was in a very short time free from pain, and I have, in a large measure, regained the use of my feet and limbs."

Sea urchins are reported uncommonly numerous on the South Atlantic coast. These should not be confounded with the ordinary spar buoys.

A bottle of Angostura Bitters to flavor your lemonade or any other cold drink will keep you free from Dyspepsia, Colic, Diarrhea and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Be sure to get the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

"Were you named after your father?" "Certainly. Didn't suppose I was named before him, did you?"—[Detroit Free Press.

Safe, Sure and Painless.

What a world of meaning this statement embodies. Just what you are looking for, is it not? Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor—the great sure-pop corn cure—acts in this way. It makes no sore spots; safe, acts speedily and with certainty; sure and mildly, without inflaming the parts; painlessly. Do not be imposed upon by imitations or substitutes.

Mr. Job Scales, of Toronto, writes: "For short time ago I was suffering from Kidney Complaint and Dyspepsia, sour stomach and lame back; in fact, I was completely prostrated and suffering intense pain. While in this state a friend recommended me to try a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. I used one bottle, and the permanent manner in which it has cured and made a new man of me is such that I cannot withhold from the proprietors this expression of my gratitude."

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