PHONE YOUR WANTS M2166

# THE MORNING ALBERTAN

Jan-May

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SIXTEEN PAGES — THE MORNING ALBERTAN, CALGARY, SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1913. — TWELFTH YEAR—NO. 7?

## PRESBYTERIAN CONFERENCE OPENS IN TORONTO SUNDAY WILL FAVOR CHURCH UNION

### Proposed to Raise $10,000,000 to See That Every Mission Field and Church in the Dominion is Provided With the Proper Plant

TORONTO, May 30—The Presbyterian congress will open in this city at 3 o'clock tomorrow, and all the present indications are that the fullest expectations of the committee in charge of the congressional proceedings will be realized. Toronto is the home of Knox college, the most important theological college of the denomination. The reunion here of the alumni of the college will be by far the greatest that has ever occurred. Arrangements are being completed for formal reunions of the graduates of all the colleges of the church in Canada, and all of these will be the most important that have ever occurred. Special trains carrying large parties for the congress have already arrived and every important hotel in the city has a number of ministers and their friends among its guests. By the ministers the congress is regarded practically as an integral part of the assembly, and the subject discussed by the visitors is rather the work of the assembly than of the inspirational meetings of the congress. A deep interest is shown in the outcome of the movement for church union and in the program for a great development of foreign missionary work in China.

**Great Forward Movement**

The plans of General Superintendent Dr. A. S. Grant for a great forward movement are also the subject of considerable discussion. No announcement has yet been made regarding the report which the committee or union will present. The general tone of the report is, however, well known, and it is conceded that this important cause will be advanced another stage toward consummation. Rev. Dr. Chas. W. Gordon, now distinguished leader of the church in Western Canada, was asked whether, in his opinion, the holding of the great Presbyterian congress with its appeal to denominational loyalty would have the effect of checking the movement for church union. Dr. Gordon made a vigorous and definite reply. "The great congress, to which we have looked forward with so much interest," he said, "will work in the opposite direction. The whole purpose of this great gathering is to give to the church a glimpse of the greatness of its task. As soon as Christian people realize the magnitude of this work they will understand that they must get together. In the past we have failed. We must now adopt a new plan of attack. There are great problems to be solved, economic problems, industrial unrest, social unrest. The feeling of Christians at the present day is one of tendency. Christianity proposes to solve these problems. We have tried to solve them for many hundred years on the old lines; now we propose to try something new. The vastness of the task is the call to a union of forces."

**Church Union in 1914**

The report of the committee on union will be presented to the assembly by Rev. Dr. W. G. Clark of Montreal. The question will, no doubt, be debated in the assembly, but there is now no distinguished leader of the church to maintain the cause of those who are opposed to organic union. Principal John McKay of Vancouver, who resisted the movement in the past, is no longer on duty, and Principal Gibson, who gives support to the scheme, is believed that the present assembly will adopt the report of the committee and ask Presbyterian people to consider the question again during the coming year for the second and last time. It is believed that the union will be finally consummated by the assembly of 1914.

**The Work in China**

At the congress the present condition of China will be fully discussed and the church will ask for hundreds of young men of Canada for service in that land. Men are wanted there for the schools, the colleges, for the practice of medicine, as well as for the strictly religious work.

It is believed that an appeal will be made to the churches of Great Britain, the United States and Canada to come to the aid of the new republic in the East in the way of sympathy and help. Rev. Dr. R. P. McKay, former moderator of the assembly, who is in charge of foreign mission work, says that there is need today for 20,000 young men of British education in the Chinese republic.

**Richest Church in the World**

Rev. Dr. A. S. Grant, who has been the main cause of the holding of the present congress will present his plan for the future work of the church. Dr. Grant says that the Presbyterian church in Canada is in proportions to its numbers, richer than any church in the Dominion, and as rich as any church in the world. He states that its ministers are in great need of financial support and of proper equipment. He proposes to raise, if necessary, $10,000,000, and to see that every mission field and church in the Dominion is provided with the necessary plant. "Christianity has failed," said Dr. Grant, "because it has not been given a chance." He proposes that the wealth of the rich men of the church should be secured for this great purpose and his success so far is taken as an assurance of what he will do in this regard in the future. It is conceded here that Rev. Mr. Murdoch McKenzie, of Honan, China, will be named as the moderator of the assembly on Wednesday night of next week, when the election takes place. The programme of the congress contains among others the following names:

Rev. Dr. D. G. McQueen, Edmonton; Rev. Dr. Murdoch McKenzie, Honan, China; Rev. Dr. Geo. Hanson, Montreal; Rev. J. Campbell White, New York; Professor Graham Taylor, Chicago; Dr. Robert Johnston, Montreal; James Balfour, K. C., Regina; President Gandier, Knox College, Toronto; Rev. John McNeill, Cooke's Church, Toronto; President Falconer, Toronto University; J. A. Paterson, K. C.; Dr. J. A. Macdonald, editor of the Globe; Toronto; Matthew Parkin, Principal of Queen's University, Kingston; Rev. Dr. Somerville, Montreal; Rev. Dr. Somerset, Ottawa.

These men will deal with such questions as "Training for Service by means of the Home, the Press, the Church, the College;" "The Church's Opportunity in Canada;" "Canada's Opportunity Abroad;" "The Foreign Problem in Canada," "The Rural Problem;" "The Social Application of the Gospel;" "Evangelism;" "Temperance," and "The Stewardship of Money."

Rev. T. Crawford Brotine, chairman of the reception committee, has been one of the busiest men in the city today. The task of providing for the visitors is a large one but the generosity of Toronto has been equal to the occasion.

## WE HAVE BEEN DESPOILED OF THE FRUITS OF OUR VICTORY SAYS ENVOY OF MONTENEGRO

LONDON, May 30.—M. Popovitch, the Montenegrin chief delegate, after signing the preliminary treaty in behalf of Turkey, delivered a short speech in which he said:

"We have signed the preliminary treaty because nothing else remained for us to do. We are glad to have peace, but are profoundly dissatisfied with the terms we have been obliged to accept. We have been despoiled of the fruits of our victories. We have been made the whipping boy of Europe. Great Britain took the lead in depriving us of Scutari, and in order to secure a modification of the Albanian frontier so as to give us issues for cultivation and a railroute between Podgoritza and the sea."

LONDON, May 30.—The preliminary treaty of peace was signed at St. James' Palace by the delegates of all the allied allies and of Turkey. Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, presided at the meeting.

**Dr. Daneff Rejoices.**

Dr. Daneff, the Bulgarian peace delegate, in the course of an interview after the signature of the preliminary treaty of peace, said:

"I am rejoiced. It means not only Balkan peace but general peace, and Europe is saved from one of the most serious problems of the age.

"We owe a deep debt of gratitude to Sir Edward Grey, whose enduring and masterly mastery in treating diplomatic problems has brought about peace much sooner than some of us had expected. The first meeting of the peace conference has been fixed for Monday, June 2."

The actual ceremony war very brief. The delegates signed the treaty without reading it, evidently in full confidence that all the seven articles were in such wording as the powers chose to have them. The Bulgarian delegates proposed that peace become immediately effective without ratification of the treaty. The proposal was rejected, and the delegates then left, after having agreed to meet June 2 to consider the advisability of an eventual annexed protocol.

After informing the ambassadorial conference of the signing of the peace draft, Sir Edward Grey suggested that the conference limit its discussions to three questions—a constitution for Albania, the delimination of the southern frontier of Albania and the status of the Aegean islands. The ambassadors are now awaiting further instructions from their governments regarding a constitution for Albania, but the conference is working in harmony and expects to conclude its labors by the end of June.

The relations between the Balkan allies show a distinct improvement. The proposed meeting between the Servian and Bulgarian premiers is now definitely fixed to take place on the frontier tomorrow evening. The latest suggestion for the settlement of teh quarrel between the wo counties is hat Servia and Bulgaria denounce the old treaties and conclude a new alliance providing for a joint administration of Macedonia.

**Arrest of Suspects.**

Vancouver, May 30.—That mong the men under arrest in the city on a charge of murdering Police Constable Archibald there is also the murderer of Charles Atchison, who was shot in the C. P. R. yards at Kamloops last November, is one of the theories that the city police are working on.

The theory has been given weight by the discovery among the possessions seized by the police of a watch which was toten in a burglary last August at Port Moody. A second watch, which was stolen at Port Moody, has also been found in a pawn shop in the city. The description of these suspects of theirs at Port Moody tallied in many respects with the descriptions of the three men who took part in the hold-up in the C. P. R. yards at Kamloops and in the murder of Atchison and led the police to believe that their identity was established.

## WARM

Light showers and thunderstorms are occurring tonight in parts of Northern Alberta, but elsewhere in the west the weather is fair and is quite warm.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Edmonton | 40 | 72 |
| Victoria | 48 | 72 |
| Moose Jaw | 48 | 80 |
| Parry Sound | 36 | 64 |
| Kingston | 53 | 68 |
| Quebec | 48 | 66 |
| Regina | 44 | 58 |
| Vancouver | 50 | 72 |
| Calgary | 48 | 80 |
| Winnipeg | 50 | 82 |
| Lnodon | 41 | 71 |
| Ottawa | 40 | 68 |
| St. John | 46 | 58 |
| Kamloops | 56 | 82 |
| Port Arthur | 44 | 74 |
| Toronto | 41 | 71 |
| Montreal | 44 | 72 |
| Halifax | 44 | 64 |

Forecast—All west: Showers and thunderstorms in a few localities, but mostly fair and quite warm.

## CITY PLANNER MAWSON COMPLAINS OF LACK OF CO-OPERATION

### Says the Members of the Town Planning Commission Should Have Given Him More Assistance; Has Not Been Properly Advised

### AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS HAVE NEGLECTED HIM

### Sportsmen Have Not Approached Him with Regards to Areas and Plans; Railroads Have Not Taken Him Into Their Confidences

**City Planning Expert Mawson complained to the city planning commission yesterday of a lack of assistance from the citizens of Calgary, and particularly from the members of the commission, in the compilation of data necessary for his work.**

Mr. Mawson has not been made aware of the laws governing expropriation, reservation, etc; he has not received plans of the proposed new railway stations, and information as to approximate area of freight yards; he has not been approached by the sportsmen of the city with regard to areas and plans, and he has not received a single photograph from the amateurs of the city.

Until the plans of the railways were in his hands, Mr. Mawson explained that he would not know whether it would be possible to create such a portal entrance to the city as would give a fine impression of the city to the new arrival in England and America, he remarked, it has been the custom of the cities to shy out from the railways when they were prepared to assist. Railways were anxious to beautify their surroundings; they regarded this not as philanthropy of generosity, but as good business.

The expert intimated that not only had he expected co-operation in the preparation of such data as this from the citizens, but he had also expected all the amateur photographers in the city to have sought him out before this. He found that he had only such information as his secretary, Mr. Crossland, had been able to compile.

**To Spy Out Beauty Spots.**

The city planning commission evidently were unaware that such data as this had not already been prepared by the secretary, and had expected that it could be easily acquired by Mr. Mawson himself. Mr. Mawson intimated that they were not quite familiar with such work, and consequently had no idea what data to bring to Mr. Mawson. He respectfully inquired what photographs, for instance, Mr. Mawson required.

The president, Mr. William Pearce, described the views from various vantage points which the city planner particularly desired, and invited the members to go out with him.

(Continued on Page Twelve.)

## MR. BENNETT VOTES FOR HIGH FREIGHT TARIFF IN THE WEST

OTTAWA, May 30.—The government voted solidly against a resolution of W. F. Maclean, member for South York, declaring that there should be no discrimination between eastern and western Canada in the tolls charged for freight and other services within the jurisdiction of the board of railway commissioners of Canada.

The resolution of Mr. Maclean was along the lines of that recently moved by the Winnipeg board of trade and the principles of which have been advocated by The Winnipeg Free Press.

The motion was construed by Hon. Frank Cochrane, minister of railways, as being tantamount to a vote of want of confidence in the government and the railway commission. Mr. Maclean's motion on his own side of the house, and it was seconded by Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux. It was supported by every western Liberal in the chamber, and opposed by the following western members from the other side of the house: R. B. Bennett, of Calgary, formerly counsel for the C. P. R.; George H. Bradbury, of Selkirk; Hon. Martin Burrell, of Yale-Cailboo; H. S. Clements, of Camox-Atlin; Alexander Morrison, of Macdonald; Hon. Robert Rogers, of Winnipeg; Wm. Sharpe, of Lisgar; Shepard, of Nanaimo; H. H. Stevens, of Vancouver; J. D. Taylor, of New Westminster; and Dr. Thompson, of the Yukon. J. A. M. Aikins entered a declaration, and before the vote was

## QUARANTINE DOCTORS SAY LITTLE GOOD OF EACH OTHER

### Assistant Says the Superintendent Pays More Attention to Sheep, Guinea Pigs and Chicken Feed Than to the Work at Station

### HAD TO FOLLOW CHIEF ROUND LIKE PUPPY DOG

### Account Produced in Court with His Signature Said Not to Have Been Signed by Assistant; Was Blank Before; Medical Men Not Speaking

Victoria, May 30.—Personal charges of a most serious nature when heard this morning at the session of the William Head quarantine enquiry at the court house in connection with the recent detention of the C. P. R. steamer Monteagle and ten alleged ill-treatment o fthe passengers.

Dr. J. D. Hunter, assistant medical officer and bacteriologist at the station, said Dr. Watt, the superintendent, had looked after his business in a most remarkable way. Dr. Hunter declared that on his arrivel at William Head he had received no instructions of any kind as to his work, except that he was to follow his superintendent as a puppy dog.

The allegation was made by Dr. Hunter that Dr. Watt had seemed to care more for his ranch than for his work in connection with quarantine work. In giving evidence, he stated that on several occasions the government launch had been used for transporting Dr. Watt's prize sheep to and from Victoria and New Westminster and bringing feed for his guineapigs and chickens.

**Denied Seeing Account.**

A bill with an attached voucher, signed by Dr. Hunter, was presented in court. The bill was for chicken feed and amounted to about $35, made out to Messrs. Scott and Peden. When this was presented to Dr. Hunter he remarked, "I see right now," he said, "this was the first time I ever laid my eyes on this bill."

Dr. Hunter, in explanation of this sensational statement, declared that in January the steward at the station had asked him to sign the accounts. This the doctor did, and was then informed that there were two or three other accounts to be signed and the doctor went on to sign them. Later on, however, he had had suspicions about feed bills, and that he kept his eyes open for a certain account from Scott & Peden. This, said Dr. Hunter, was the identical bill in court, and it was the particular surprise to him to see it on this occasion.

**Easterner's Big Will.**

Vancouver, May 30.—The will of the late J. P. Learmey, formerly of Charlottetown, P. E. I., has been filed for probate at $300,000.

## What the West Did Yesterday

**VICTORIA—**

Sir Thomas Lipton donates a challenge cup for one of the sailing events of the Victoria summer carnival in August.

City and public bodies are cooperating to give the mammoth liner arriving next month, a rousing reception. The railroad is issuing 1,000 invitations to a reception on board.

**MOOSE JAW—**

Advices have been received from Ottawa that a five million bushel storage elevator will be built here.

Bank clearings for the week were $999,140. Last year they were $991,484.

**WINNIPEG—**

Today's building permits totalled a half million, including a very expensive cafe.

**BRANDON—**

A large paving company will locate here.

**MEDICINE HAT—**

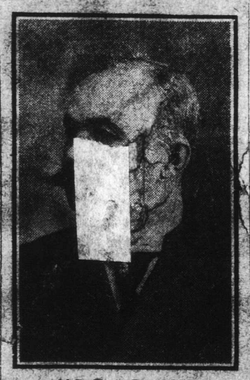
The city council is promoting a scheme for the erection of a second subway under the railway.

**CALGARY—**

A well-known agricultural expert from Chicago in making a tour of the entire west states, after studying crop conditions in the three prairie provinces and the middle western states, that the former are quite as good if not better than the latter.

After June 15 the C.P.R. Imperial Limited, eastbound and westbound, will carry two dining cars. It is the first railroad on the American continent to make this innovation and is found necessary on account of the exceptionally heavy traffic.

## WERE RICH MEN OF CALGARY VICTIMIZED BY ENGINEER ZINK? WARRANT OUT FOR HIS ARREST



ALD. T. A. P. FROST,
Zink Philanthropist to the Extent of $1,500.

### Ald. T. A. P. Frost and the Late John Breckenridge Said to Have Gone on Engineer's Paper for $1500 Each; Zink Said to Be in St. Paul, Minnesota

CARL ZINK, recently chief engineer of the proposed interurban electric railroad which would connect Carbon, Alta., and Banff, by way of Calgary, is wanted by the Calgary police on a charge of wrongfully converting an automobile, which stood in his name, but on which there was a first lien, on his own financial use.

Behind the warrant is a story of misplaced confidence which caused a raid on the pocket books of a number of prominent citizens of Calgary, and which, to all intents and purposes, will continue a thorn in the side of their bank accounts for some time.

Prominent among those who were "stung" are Alderman T. A. P. Frost and the late John Breckenridge. It is said that both men were on Mr. Zink's notes for $1,500 each, and that many other of the officials and stockholders of the road are also bemoaning losses of a smaller nature.

Zink is said to have made the mistake of selling an automobile which was mortgaged goods. The car, which he purchased from a local dealer, had not been paid for, and a first lien was held against it. It is alleged that Engineer Zink sold the car to F. W. Mapson, Imperial block, a real estate dealer. After Mr. Zink had left Calgary, a replevin was placed against the machine, and Mr. Mapson was compelled to virtually place it in the custody of the courts.

At last reports Mr. Zink was in St. Paul, and local friends, among whom he had made an excellent impression, were endeavoring to hush up the matter.

Zink came to Calgary as chief engineer of the proposed road, and aided in the grading work which was done by the late John Breckenridge for between 25 and 30 miles east of Calgary, toward Carbon. He was an excellent talker, a master of his work, and a man to quickly ingratiate himself into the good graces of all with whom he associated. Mr. Breckenridge was one of his earliest and warmest friends, and when Mr. Zink asked Mr. Breckenridge to endorse his note for $1,500, the latter readily agreed. The paper as yet has not been taken up, and now stands as a claim against the Breckenridge estate.

Mr. Frost, who is a heavy stockholder in the road and actively interested in its construction, was later approached by Mr. Zink and also induced to endorse Zink's paper to the extent of $1,500. The alderman is now looking around for some way to enforce the payment of the note by Zink, but inasmuch as the latter is in the States, and the laws allow only a civil suit in the matter, the alderman is extremely dubious regarding collection.

The automobile deal, according to those familiar with the case, was the one which caused the engineer's downfall. It was virtually the selling of mortgaged property, and a criminal offense. A warrant has been sworn out, but so far the police have been unable to locate Mr. Zink with any degree of certainty. It is a question if he can be brought back from the United States on the charge, even if arrested, as the selling of mortgaged goods is not an extraditable offense, and the people who loaned Zink money in Calgary, and those who endorsed his paper, have recourse only through the civil courts.

Friends of Zink in Calgary still have faith in him, and one man identified with the road yesterday declared that he believed the engineer would repay his debts here if given the opportunity. The affair has no bearing on the construction of the interurban road, and will not be allowed to interfere with the latter work.

## WANTS NO OPPOSITION TO PARCELS POST LEGISLATION

### Postmaster-General Pelletier Declines to Introduce Measure to House of Commons Under Any Other Conditions

### OPPOSITION ASKS FIRST TO EXAMINE THE BILL

### Prorogation of House of Commons Has Been Definitely Arranged for June 5—Lively Time in House Between Quebec Members

OTTAWA, May 30.—The entire afternoon and evening sittings of the house were taken up with a consideration of the estimates of the postoffice department. The general discussion of the affairs of the department was kept up for several hours, with the result that it was late this evening before any headway was made in voting the money required to run the department during the current fiscal year.

There were a number of references to the parcels post bill, of which notice was given in April, but which has not been proceeded with. The postmaster general said that he was willing to put his bill through if the opposition would not oppose it. The officials of the department, he said, had been working out the details of a parcels post scheme. They had overcome many difficulties, although not all of them, but it would be a help to have the bill passed.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux said that the bill as drafted did not give any particulars and placed too much power in the hands of the minister. However, if it were explained, he might possibly change his mind. The general impression left by the discussion was that the bill is not likely to be taken up this session.

There was a lively tilt between the minister and the ex-minister as to who was responsible for a contract let for stamp vending machines.

At a late hour Dr. Nesley of Himbeldt complained of a number of dismissals of postmasters in his constituency.

Mr. Perretier maintained that in every case the dismissals had been justified.

Prorogation has been definitely fixed for Thursday, June 5.

J. J. McDonald has applied for a writ of certiorari to have the conviction for perjury quashed against Charlie Mock. The writ is returnable before Judge Walsh on Monday. Mock is a Chinaman, and was sentenced in the police court to a year in jail for the offence.

## WIDE PAVING OF RESIDENTIAL STREETS A WASTE OF MONEY IS OPINION OF CITY ENGINEER

The desirability, from an economic as wel as an artistic standpoint, of narrowing the paved areas of residential streets, and of widening the boulevards, was emphasized by City Engineer Craig at a meeting of the City Planning commission yesterday. Major Wolley-Dod, and T. B. Kidner were appointed committee to confer with the city engineer and with the city planning expert on the matter.

The adoption of a general uniform scheme of improvement of residential streets has been under consideration by the city engineer ever since his arrival in Calgary last February.

The present method of paving and boulevarding entails an enormous expenditure, part of which is unnecessary. "When the traffic of a thoroughfare has been accommodated there is no further use for asphalt," said the engineer. "We require only enough pavement to provide for the traffic which passes that way. Any more is a waste of money, and at the same time a wide boulevard can be taken care of much better than a narrow one."

"Mr. Mawson remarked that even in England, where grass is grown with little effort, no one ever attempted to keep a narrow band of three or four feet of grass in good condition. He thought Sixteenth avenue the most beautiful street in Calgary at present owed. I would if possible extend the street limits so far that the fences would be relegated to the rear of every lot," said Mr. Craig, "but I would prefer to set the sidewalks in to the street line, make the pavement narrower and widen the boulevard."

## METHODIST CONFERENCE HEAD PLEDGES CHURCH IN FIGHT AGAINST ALL VICES

### THIRTEEN YOUNG MEN ARE MADE MINISTERS

The ordinate class this year is by far the largest that has ever come before the Alberta conference. This evening 13 young men were received into full connection with the ministry of the Methodist church. The motion for their reception was moved by Rev. T. A. Wilson of Red Deer and seconded by Rev. J. E. Hughson, B.A., of Macdougal church, Edmonton, both of whom delivered excellent addresses welcoming the young men to the ministry and giving them sound advice. The young men in turn gave an account of their religious experience and call to the ministry. The men who were thus received are:

George D. Misener, B.A., enry M. Horricks, Cyril Edson, Joseph Lee, Samuel S. Peat, Samuel Webster, John G. Goddard, John M. Fawcett, F. Stacey McCall, B.A., Willis G. Leard, Edwin J. Pratt, M.A., B.D., Isaac N. Hoadley, William E. Macniven, B.A.

The afternoon session was wholly devoted to missions, addresses being given on the home work by Rev. James Allen, M.A. The secretary, Rev. James Endicott, D.D., of the foreign mission department and F. E. Stephenson of the young people's forward movement. Ladies of the local church gave the delegates a banquet this evening.

MEDICINE Hat, May 30.—Rev. Thomas Powell, new president of the Alberta Methodist Conference, in his address this afternoon pledged the organization of which he is the head to do all in its power to fight the liquor and social evils. Dr. Powell, who has charge of Grace church, of Edmonton, in the contest for the presidency, received 68 out of a possible 129 votes.

The other nominations for this office were Rev. C. A. Lewis, who was runner-up; Rev. G. G. Weber, W. J. Hogarth, A. D. Richards, and R. B. Finley.

Rev. G. G. Weber was elected secretary, this being his third such term in this office.

The executive committee [illegible] A. D. Richards, Rev. A. E. Hughes, Rev. E. S. Bishop, and Rev. [illegible] Galloway as statistical secretary. In replying to the honor, the president-elect, while emphasizing the necessity for a deepr spirituality among the ministers and the laymen of the church, laid special emphasis on the necessity of the church making a stronger outward impression upon the public life of the province. He made reference to many problems on which he said the influence of the church should be brought to bear for their solution. The liquor traffic, he said, must be fought, and the social question was one that should have the most serious consideration of every member of the church. Sabbath desecration seemed to be getting worse each day, and in the cities dozens and scores of stores were keeping open on Sundays. The most remarkable thing about this was the officers of the law seemed unwilling or unable to do anything about the matter.

Rev. Powell also spoke on the matter of wages. It was his opinion that the ministers said too much about their own salaries and not enough about the wages earned by others. In Alberta, the ministers were the best paid in the country. A minister earning one thousand a year was better off with his free house than the mechanic who got $1,500.

## COMMISSIONERS VOTE GRANT FOR Y. M. C. A. BUREAU LICENSE

### Organization Proposes to Take Fee of $1 to Each Employer Securing An Employee

The commissioners will recommend to the city council that the Y.W.C.A be granted $50 to pay for a license for the employment bureau conducted by that organization. Representatives of the Y.W.C.A. recently approached the mayor for a reduction of the usual fee, in view of the fact that the Y. W. C.A's in Edmonton and other cities had secured a similar license for the nominal figure of $5.00. The local Y.W.C.A. has conducted a free employment agency for over two years, the secretary is paid by the association and about 120 girls are placed in the city through the bureau each month. To defray future expenses, the Y.W.C.A. proposes to charge a fee of $1.00 to each employer securing an employee. But this cannot be done until a license is purchased from the city.

Commissioner Graves thought it would be unwise to create a precedent of reducing a license to any concern, but suggested that the Y.W.C.A. be given a grant of the amount of the license fee. The mayor assented to this and the suggestion will be submitted to the council.

A board of censors, to sit in various cities of the Dominion and pass upon moving picture films, is an unnecessary expense to the province, in the opinion of R. B. Chadwick, censor of moving pictures for Alberta.