

## WIFE IS LIKE OLD SELF NOW, SAYS COMB.

Been Rundown And Weak For A Long Time Before She Got Tanlac - Picture Of Health Now. He States.

One month ago my wife was so weak she could hardly do the housework but Tanlac has helped her so that to-day she is strong and happy like she used to be," said Mr. Com, 14 Summer St., Moncton, N.B., a well-known employee of the Canadian National Railroad.

For a long time my wife had been in a run-down condition generally, had little or no appetite and was all the time complaining of feeling tired and tired out. Then last spring she caught a severe cold and couldn't get rid of it. It seemed to affect her system and her stomach became badly disordered. She would get up awfully and have pains and her heart and in her stomach. At times she would break down and try to do the housework and give up and go to bed. When-

ever one of these spells came on her she would have difficulty in breathing and would get so weak she could not even walk across the room. Her color was bad and she often had headaches and sudden attacks of dizziness.

"One day I carried a bottle of Tanlac home and got her to take it as I kept hearing people speak of it. Well, she has taken three bottles now and it's a fact, she does not look like the same person. She can eat anything I can and never be troubled afterwards at all. She has gained in weight, has a good color and never has a headache or dizzy spell. I want to join her in speaking a good word for Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold in St. John's by M. Connors, in Paradise by Mrs. Martin F. Byrne, in Upper Gullies by Heber Andrews, in Portland by H. C. Haines, in St. Joseph, Salmonier, by Mrs. J. Gushue, in Millertown by Exploits Valley Royal Stores, Ltd., in Flat Island by William Samson, in Jamestown by Christopher Haines, and in Lewisporte by Uriah Preaker.

## The Irish Question.

Evening Telegram.

Sir—I have before me as I read these articles published by the Publicity Committee of the I.L.M. That so much time and money should be wasted in writing and publishing these articles is pitiable. Who, in my mind, would think of taking the name of Gilbert Keith Chesterton as authority? An arrogant, common swash-buckler. Yet Mr. Kelly goes to have a great admiration for him and quotes extensively from his writings in both his first and second articles.

In the second article, speaking of the loyalty of Mr. Kelly says: "The Ulstermen held up coastguards, police and imported arms from Germany. They armed and drilled a unit to resist an Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom, formed by the Provisional Government in London since the Fenian days, and a German attaché at one of the reviews, and openly spoke of killing in the aid of the Kaiser." Are these the facts?

On August 1st, 1914, Ireland was on the verge of civil war, for there were two Irelands; one, consisting of the quarters of the Island had just gained its charter of autonomy, the Home Rule Act, which only needed the Royal signature. The other part of the Ulster Protestants in the north-east, had sworn a solemn covenant two years before, that it would submit to this law; in it, Ulster was given a death-warrant, and that she was ready for resistance, for months she had been arming and drilling and having military manoeuvres with great seriousness. She was prepared for any sacrifice in order to keep her place in the Empire, despite of the Imperial Parliament, her army, consisting of 100,000 picked volunteers, had just been reviewed by the leader, Carson.

No less determination was shown on the opposing side. The Nationalists also raised an army; they had some number of volunteers, but they were well armed; but, to make up for this, they had the support of the Imperial Government and Ulster had no one to rely on but herself.

A few days later the Great War broke out. Ulster laid aside her internecine difficulties and went to help the world. And what of the rest of Ireland? "I wish I could say that she hesitated either. But it would be a lie." When, in September, 1919,

John Redmond, their leader at that time, pointed out their duty, a certain number of National Volunteers answered the call. But the others, the majority, waited. At last, all the "National Volunteers" who had suffered during their leader's appeal made up their minds; they denied Redmond and went to swell a new army, the "Irish Volunteers," opposed alike to Redmond, England, and the Allies. In the first month of the war the German press informed us that these Irish had their ambassador at the court of Potsdam—no less a person than Sir Roger Casement!

Gradually the rumour spread that Ireland would give shelter to the German submarines. It took two years to find the proof; it was forthcoming at the rebellion in 1916, mainly to the confusion of the incredulous, and at the time of Casement's trial. "Rebel Ireland had official dealings with Admiral Tirpitz's pirates." In January, 1916, Father O'Flanagan said: "Ireland should become an independent country in alliance with Germany." While Sinn Féin began to talk of our brave allies the Germans. Finally sedition was at a premium, the Courts were useless. As soon as a judge dared to show severity, he was reprimanded by the Republican Government. "The juries were the accomplices in all misdemeanours; for a speech inciting to treason the fine was one shilling and the Kaiser was applauded in open court. No steps were taken, the police had to keep quiet." "And this happened a fortnight before civil war in Dublin." If Ulster was guilty of disloyalty, how did she become so suddenly patriotic, and the rest of Ireland so disloyal? Or did the rest of Ireland just do this to shield Ulster?

Mr. Kelly goes on to quote Captain Stephen Gwynn, late M.P. Permit me to quote from the same source. Mr. Gwynn says: "I am against the demand for an Irish Republic." Also, "If I believed that the honour of Ireland was committed to maintaining the claim for complete separation, I should cease from all interference in Irish politics." Again, "The part of the British Commonwealth is more strongly attached to connection with that system than Ulster—I had better say, Protestant Ireland—and these people could and would fight to the uttermost to maintain that connection. The demand for an Irish Republic means crushing by force, before it can be obtained, one of the strongest and best

elements in Ireland." This was written by Mr. Gwynn in May of this year; does he agree with Mr. Kelly's picture of Ulster, 1919?

Mr. Kelly also writes, "Ulster was not always as she is now. In the 18th century Ulster Protestants played an essential and glorious part in the Volunteers and United Irishman movements. When the Union was engineered they protested as warmly as any. How, then, is their present national attitude to be explained? The answer may be found in the change in Irish tactics, and in the growth of industrialism." I can't believe that Mr. Kelly is serious in this last sentence of his paragraph. He must know that is not the true answer. Surely it is not necessary to remind him of the "League of United Irishmen" founded in 1791, and its premature rising in 1793; its violent reaction of which drove the Protestants to found their "League of Orangemen" in 1795; and they have never forgotten the massacres of 1798. That is the true answer of their anti-national attitude.

Mr. Kelly's third article deals with the Irish question as, "Not a Religious Issue." I marvel that any person with even a little knowledge of Irish history can make such an assertion; I can only conclude that the profundity of Lindsay Crawford's knowledge of Irish history, and Mr. Kelly's pretended knowledge, is very much exaggerated. In a weak attempt to prove his contention, Mr. Kelly quotes numerous names of Protestant—Socialists, rebels, and assassins, who have subscribed to give him this belief. He even goes so far as to mention a bishop who never existed. He says: "In the United States there exists a powerful organization known as the Protestant Friends of Ireland. . . . Among its members are Rt. Rev. Frederick E. J. Lloyd, formerly Episcopal Bishop of Oregon." Some years ago this man was called to Oregon for the purpose of being consecrated to the bishopric; but, for some reason the consecration did not take place. For three years after that he was a Roman Catholic, and, I think it was last year, he visited this city, leaving a card at Quiddi Vidi on which he styled himself bishop of some Catholic church. So he was never "Bishop of Oregon." Mr. Kelly would do well to confine himself to facts. Illusions are valueless. It is surprising how many apparently intelligent people are suffering from this hallucination, that the Irish question is "not a religious issue." It must be embarrassing to them to recall how, in the reign of the Roman Catholic King James II, the Irish went about with the white cockade in their hats, and for fifty years sang:

"Twas all for our rightful King."  
If the South of Ireland was Protestant to-day, or if England and Scotland were Roman Catholic, there would be no talk of separation.

Yours truly,  
L. CULLEN.  
Dec. 4, 1920.

## C. M. B. C.

The Class was well attended yesterday afternoon and the meeting was of particular interest. After the usual business routine, the Chairman addressed the Class on the British and Foreign Bible Society. He said it was a pleasure to him to do anything to assist so venerable and far-reaching an organization as the Society referred to. Founded in 1804 on the energy and self-sacrifice of a little Welsh girl, and for the purpose of placing the Word of God within easy reach of all who might require it, the Society had gone on increasing year after year, until it had really outgrown all anticipation, and was now offering the Bible to all mankind, regardless of race, or nation or creed. To enter the Bible House in Queen Victoria Street and to visit the floors and chambers, is perhaps the best way to understand something of the tremendous enterprise that is being carried on. As the visitor enters the doorway he is reminded of the stability of the work by the words inscribed upon the wall before him, "Heaven and earth shall pass away." On one side is the Committee Room, where busy men of secular affairs can still find many hours to dedicate readily and freely to the management of this cosmopolitan business. Here is the library, of intense interest to the student world, unrivalled for its well ordered collection of versions and editions of the Scriptures, of all dates and of almost all tongues. On the shelves are Bibles, memorable not only for literary, but also for human interest, among them being the Bible of the Welsh girl; the Bible, stained with the life blood of the native martyr of the Pacific Islands, who clasped it to his heart as he sank beneath the murderer's axe; and the Bible discoloured with the stains of damp earth from being buried on the mountain-top by the persecuted Christians of Madagascar, when the Pagan Queen of half a century ago attempted to extirpate wholly the book of the new religion. To measure the value of the work of the Society, is altogether beyond our capacity, suffice it to say here that it has published the Bible, or parts of it, in nearly 400 different languages. Owing to the advance of education, the breaking down of heathenism in the great countries of the East and the daily increasing demand for the Word of God, the opportunities of the Society were never greater. But as the

# FOR THREE WEEKS ONLY SPECIAL OFFER FOR CHRISTMAS



Of Interest to the Ladies.  
Magnificent Assortment of  
**LADIES' WINTER COATS,**

In Tweeds, Cloths, Velours, Silvertone, and Plush, etc.

Showing Wide Spread Collars, some in Self other with Fur Collar Belted and Cuffed.

The Pick of the prettiest styles from London and New York now offered at

## HALF PRICE.

As there is plenty of cold weather coming, you will more than receive your money's worth in Stylish, Serviceable Coats during this Three Weeks Sale.

*James Baird* LIMITED

THREE WEEKS' SALE

Society can only work according to the support given it, an earnest appeal was made for greater interest in and increased support for this noble work.

## The East End Feed

—AND—

### Produce Store.

Now Landing:

### No. 1 Timothy Hay.

### Bran.

### 4 Bushel Bags White Oats.

At Very

Lowest Prices.

decl. 1m

### NOTICE.

TO FISHERMEN, LUMBERMEN and THE GENERAL PUBLIC:

I wish to announce that we have in our shop the only Vulcanizing Machine in Newfoundland, made for the sole purpose of vulcanizing soles and heels on rubbers and gutters or any other part of same needing repairs. We do not do it in the old-fashioned way—by cementing the rubber on. We bake the new rubber into the old and put the design on the sole the same as when it left the factory. We guarantee our work and if not satisfactory, return and we will do it over. We also sharpen Hatchets, Axes and Butchers Knives, also Skates sharpened and attached to boots. Give us a trial and be convinced. Outport work given strictest attention. Come in and see the machine working.

Yours truly,  
J. M. McKINLAY,  
Lime St., St. John's.

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## Save Used Postage Stamps

We pay cash for used Newfoundland Stamps. We buy all kinds of used Newfoundland postage stamps in both large and small quantities. Liberal prices paid promptly by money order.

Our big buying price list will be sent to you free if you write for it.

Imperial Stamp Co., Station C, TORONTO, - - - CANADA

### NOTICE.

PLEASE DON'T ASK FOR SCRIPTS. Ladies and Gentlemen—I am not an M.D. I am a C.D., Clothes Doctor. I can't give scripts, but when it comes to French Dry Cleaning, Dyeing, Altering, Turning, Washing, Spotting, Hat Cleaning and re-Block-ing, Glove Cleaning, Trench Coat and Raglan cleaning, leave it to me. We keep open every night from seven to nine. A postal card will bring us to your door. Outport orders promptly attended to.

The one and only

The Clothes Hospital,  
200-Duckworth Street.  
(Opp. T. & M. Winter's).

C. J. O'KEEFE, Clothes Doctor,  
June 10, 1920.

### NOTICE.

There will be a General Meeting of the G. W. V. A. held in the T. A. Armoury on Monday, Dec. 6th, at 8.15 p.m. sharp.

Business: Nomination of Officers for the ensuing year.

Paid-up members only will be admitted and membership cards shown.

dec4,21

MINAR'S LINIMENT FOR COLDS, ETC.

## T. J. Edens

Records, Records FOR ALL GRAMOPHONES.

Tommy Lad.  
The Rosary.  
Sussex, Sussex by the Sea.  
Memories.  
Can You Imagine (fox-trot).  
The Bell (fox-trot).  
Now I Know.  
Under the Honey-moon (fox-trot).  
Because (baritone solo).  
Beautiful Birds Sing On (baritone solo).  
Little Grey Home in the West.  
A Farewell.  
The Greatest Lad We've Ever Had.  
The Belts of St. Mary's.  
Where the River Shannon Flows.  
Come Back to Erin.  
The Music of the Wedding Chimes.  
Gates of Gladness (one-step).  
Cupid's Garden (intermezzo).  
Hearts and Flowers (intermezzo).  
An Old Garden.  
Bedouin's Love Song.  
Kilima Waltz.  
Hilo March.  
Hornpipe Medley.  
Jig Medley.  
Reel Medley.  
It's Nice to Get Up in the Morning.  
Peggy (fox-trot).  
Shadows Waltz.  
The Merriest Man Alive.  
Me-Ow.  
The Vamp.  
It Takes an Irish Heart to Sing an Irish Song.  
A Little Bit of Heaven.  
Preacher and the Bear.  
When You Come Home.  
Sailor's Hornpipe.  
Paddy's Reel (piccolo).  
Pat in America.  
Darker's Holiday.  
Dancing Dan Jig.  
The Advance Guard March.  
A Perfect Day (tenor and male trio).  
Carry Me Back to Old Virginia (soprano with male trio).  
Old Black Joe (male quartette).  
One Sweetly Solemn Thought (contralto and tenor).  
Prepare for Action (military band).  
Elegie (tenor solo in French).  
Dardanella (fox-trot).  
William Tell (overture).  
Cavatina (violin solo).  
Abide With Me (baritone with orchestra).  
On Miami Shore (for dancing).  
Etc., Etc.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the late T. J. EDENS are requested to make IMMEDIATE payment. The office will be open to receive such payments. All bills outstanding will be placed in our Solicitor's hands for collection.

FOR SALE.

One Horse, about six years old, weight about 1100 lbs. Suitable for express work or carriage.

Also, two Large Expresses; one with rubber tyres; and one Express Sleigh. Will be sold at a bargain.

Particulars may be had from

F. A. EDENS,  
411 Duckworth St.

nov26,21

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THERIA.

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Records, Records FOR ALL GRAMOPHONES.

Various small advertisements and notices on the right edge of the page, including mentions of 'Records, Records', 'FOR ALL GRAMOPHONES', and 'EMPIRE HALL'.