Around the City

THE CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT

(Thursday's Daily.)

The most important proceedings of yesterday's session of the Legislature was the speech of the attorney general on the second reading of the Controverted Elections Act. The act is rendered necessary from the fact that the act of the Federal Parliament in granting autonomy to the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta left the matter of controverted elections in the hands of the Legislature to hand it over to the courts at such times as the Legislature deemed advisable. The Government have decided the question of the validity of an election return is not a subject for a committee of parliament, but for the courts of the land. The bill is introduced at this early stage of the session that it may receive the assent of the King's representative and become law at once that an opportunity may be available to the electors of Gleichen should it be desired to contest the validity of the election recently held in that constituency. The speech of the attorney general gives the purpose and operation of the act in detail, who spoke as follows:—

Mr. Speaker, in moving the second reading of the bill respecting controverted elections I may say that the attention of the Government has been called to the fact that under a judgment of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories recently given, it has been held that the Controverted Elections Ordinance of the North-West Territories is not in force in this province, or in the Province of Saskatchewan, under the provisions of the Autonomy Acts. The judgment of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories has in effect held that the purpose of the Autonomy Acts was to leave the matter of the decision of validity of an election of the members of the legislature until such times as the legislature chose to hand over this authority to the courts of justice—consequently the court held that the language of the Autonomy Acts did not continue the old Controverted Elections Ordinance.

Lack of Election Law Not Felt.

Fortunately the lack of a Controverted Elections Law has not had any evil effects as yet in the Province of Alberta, for the very good reason that the elections that have so far taken place in this province have been conducted in such an honest manner that in no one single case has any elector in the province, no matter on which side of politics he may be, has felt so dissatisfied with the result of any election that he has desired to invoke the provisions of any such law as is embodied in a Controverted Election Act.

Now while this has been the case up to the present time, and so far as this side of the House is concerned, we are convinced that the elections in this country will continue to be conducted, as long as the present administration remains in power, with that same absence of anything approaching questionable election methods, which has characterized the elections held in this province up to the present time. The best evidence of which is the fact, as I have already pointed out, that there has not as yet been a single protest lodged against any election in the province.

Similar Provisions to Territorial Act.

The Government have, however, felt it their duty to introduce at this session a Controverted Elections Act having similar provisions to those which were formerly in force in the North-West Territories, and which have been found to have worked out quite satisfactorily since the passing of the original acts in the year 1897. The Government feeling that the principle adopted in modern times in almost all legislatures in the British Empire of deputing to the courts of the country the trial of election matters is a much better principle than permitting them to be decided by a select parliamentary committee as was the custom in older times.

Gleichen Election.

There is another circumstance, however which has weighed with the administration in coming to the conclusion that this act should be introduced at such an early date in the present session. As the members of this House are aware, we recently had a bye-election in the constituency of Gleichen. My honorable friends on the opposite side of the House were not very successful in that contest, and while there has been no indication that any one thinks that that election was conducted in anything but the fairest manner, nevertheless, in order to give any one who might desire to contest this election in the courts the right to do so, the Government has introduced this act this early in the session, and if it meets with the approval of the House the bill will receive its third reading and be in a position to receive the early assent of the Lieutenant Governor so that any one who desires to contest the validity of the Gleichen election may do so within the time limited by the act for filing a petition for that purpose.

A Chance for a Protest in Gleichen.

Section 3 of the act provides that: At any time within a month after the publication by the clerk of the executive council of a notice of the election, any defeated candidate or any duly qualified elector of the electoral district in which the election was held may petition against the undue return or undue election of any candidate at such election."

I might point out that the notice referred to, so far as the Gleichen election is concerned, appeared in the Alberta Gazette, January 21st, 1907, so that there will be plenty of time within a month from that date to have the proposed act in force, and in this way any one can then take advantage of its provisions to contest the election which has recently been held in Gleichen should he so desire.

As I pointed out, Mr. Speaker, the act as introduced in its entirety is exactly the same as the act which has been in force in the North-West Territories for the last 8 or 9 years.

COLD SPELL ENDED

(Thursday's Daily.)

—The coldest period within the remembrance of the old timers, has apparently drawn to a close with the moderation in the temperature yesterday and the balmy air of today. Such an unprecedented period of cold cannot be recalled in the history of Alberta and though the mercury has fallen lower for brief periods, such a prolonged cold spell has probably in recent years never been experienced in any part of Western Canada. The lowest registration of the winter was 47 degrees and on two other occasions the thermometer showed 46 and 41.

These are the official figures recorded at the Meteorological office and are of course correct. Cheap untested thermometers have recorded colder, but experts say when thirty degrees or below are reached only the best tested thermometers will register correctly.

EDMONTON RUSHES COAL TO FREEZING CALGARY

With a coal famine which might mean desolation in several hundred homes facing the people of Calgary, Edmonton coal dealers have risen to the emergency and are loading a train load of coal at the Tenth street side track this afternoon for shipment south. Three cars went out yesterday, four more will probably go out tonight and as many more as can be found to load will go in a special train tomorrow. Only the lack of cars precludes the possibility of large shipments every morning. Wholesalers and shippers of all kinds are giving up cars to the coal men to permit them to ship all the coal possible.

Calgary, for several days past, has been up against the real thing in the coal famine line. With coal within a few miles in all directions from the city, it has been a case of from wagon to stove without any intermediate stops at the bin, and even then there have been times when there was grave doubt in a thousand homes whether their coal would last longer than the low dip in the mercury. On Saturday it came to a show-down. There was no coal in town and none in sight, and many a stove showed a black and gaping maw, hungry for the dusky diamonds which create the artificial chinook. Public feeling became alarmed and a public meeting was called, at which the citizens called on the C. P. R. to protect them from the frost by hurrying in some coal from somewhere. Then the wires were hot for an hour and the superintendent sent back word that there were 15 cars on the way from Bankhead and that they would be in the city by midnight. The cars did not arrive on time, though several citizens, more anxious than others by the spectre of the coal famine, stayed up all night to see it come in. But on Sunday morning the train arrived and all the Sabbath day the coal trains dashed to and fro about the belle city of the cow country, delivering coal in 500 pound lots to citizens who had to have the fuel or resort to constant Delsarte to keep themselves from freezing to death. Fifteen cars, however, was a mere drop in the bucket. Before the stars twinkled again it was all distributed in small lots and there were still many citizens unsatisfied. Only to the most heedy was the coal distributed and all who had a day or two's supply had to take what the boys call the Mexican stand-off. It was a kind of a scramble, with the premiums going to the most imaginative romancer. By actual count at the coal office there were over three hundred new born babes in Calgary families on that eventful Sabbath morn, who had to have coal at once, and the number of frail and suffering mothers-in-law who were pinched and reached by the biting cold, was stupendous beyond all the dreams of the census taker.

But the coal was all gone and more must be had at once. The city council went into executive session to devise ways and means; the telegraph wires sung and the citizens sat up nights with anxiety on their faces and gunny sacks wrapped about their pedal extremities. For many hours the citizens of the cow camp watched the shimmering line of steel that leads to the land of fixed carbon, but the horizan maintained the same cold, steely look and no serpentine string of gondolas pushed its form across the edge of space to wind across the plains into the valley of the Bow.

Right there was where E. H. Riley got busy.

Mr. Riley is member for Gleichen. He knows Calgary and he loves her; and he hates to see her cold. He had been in the southern city over Sunday and he understood her sufferings. Late on Monday night he got into Edmonton and before old Sol pushed his crimson disk above the tops of the tall buildings on Jasper avenue he was pleading and begging, with tears in his voice and an eloquence that would carry a dozen Gleichens, for coal. Every coal dealer in the city was visited and inside of two hours he had promise of a train load if the cars could be secured. Then it was to the freight office for theirs and by the exercise of the same persuasive eloquence a few cars were secured in a land wherin report said there were no cars.

Then Mr. Riley wired the Albertan in Calgary:—

"Can get a train load of coal here. Do you want it?"

Hey, what; did they want it?

Editor Davidson just simply broke all previous records in getting over to Mayor Cameron's office with the billet doux of joy writ large on railroad manilla.

The mayor and council were in session at the time and no resolution ever went through more unanimously than the one by which the mayor was empowered to order a whole train load of coal in the name of the city.

The coal is going into the cars at the Tenth street siding here today at the rate of 20 or 30 tons an hour and it will be shipped direct to the mayor, who will take charge of the distribution. Enough will be shipped to relieve the immediate necessities of the town and if the C. P. R. can forward the cars Calgary need suffer no more this winter.

But the moral of this tale is buried 150 feet underground. It says that it is better to have a nice coal seam underlying the town than to depend on a chinook which don't always work.

(Thursday's Daily.)

—Regular weekly assembly at Rennies tonight.

—J. E. Laurencelle is spending a few days in Calgary this week.

—Bank clearings for Edmonton for the week ending February 7th, $776,359.22.

—Prof. Riddell of Alberta College will address the Young Men's Club of McDougall church tonight. His subject is "A Man's Reach".

—Dr. Glendenning, provincial medical health officer left on Tuesday for High River and Claresholm to investigate the smallpox epidemic.

—The first carload of fish direct from the Atlantic coast to be shipped to Edmonton, arrived yesterday from Halifax to the Gallagher-Hull Co.

—The Stettler vs. Intermediate hockey match billed for tonight at the Thistle has been cancelled. The visitors are unable to get here on account of poor railway service.

—Mayor Griesbach and Commissioner Kinnaird went to Fort Saskatchewan this afternoon to meet the Town Council tonight with reference to the Fort telephone franchise.

Mr. Ward opened his class in telegraphy at Alberta College last night with a dozen pupils in attendance. About twenty five have enrolled so far for the course.

—The East End Dancing Club held their weekly assembly in Milner's Hall last night. Members are notified that there will be another "hop" Tuesday night, which will be the last until after Lent.

—Mr. T. Tremblay left this morning for his homestead above Stewart's mill in the Spruce Grove Section. He will do some development work on the property and expects to open a coal mine as there are indications that the fuel is under the surface of his farm.

—There was a large turnout at the Young People's meeting at Alberta College last night, with L. Dineen presiding. Miss B. Nichols delivered an address and a number of musical selections given by the college male quartette.

—Domestic troubles in an English, a French and a Galician family will be aired in the police court this evening and tomorrow. Complaints have been laid by the wives of each of those households that their husbands came home and while drunk beat and otherwise ill-treated them.

—The piano movers got the best of the city musicians in a hockey match at the Thistle last night. The score was 2-1 and the teams were so evenly matched that Referee C. D. Rogers had to have ten minutes after the game finished to figure out who had the majority of goals.

(Thursday's Daily.)

W. J. Adams is registered at the Alberta.

V. W. Campbell, of Calgary, is at the Brunswick.

S. C. Adams Calgary, is a guest at the Alberta today.

C. Larkin was a Calgary visitor visitor Tuesday.

Robt. Kenneth is an Edmonton visitor this week.

T. H. McQueen, of Kamloops is at the Jasper today.

S. M. Fanneman, J.P., of Red Deer, is in the city today.

F. Campbell of Whitewood, is a guest at the St. James today.

V. V. Wilson, of Calgary, is in Edmonton today. He is at the Cecil.

Frank Macdonald and J. G. Robertson, of Calgary, are at the Windsor.

J. E. Dartland of the Richelieu, liverpar is visiting Calgary friends this week.

A. J. Macdonald, of Fort Saskatchewan, was in the city yesterday at the Castle.

Wellesley Smith, of Vegreville is in the city for a few days. He is at the Pendennis.

Mrs. Ferras of Morrinville is the guest of Mrs. P. Patenaude a few days this week.

G. Lamenitter and J. Darigan of Edmonton were registered at the Royal Calgary on Tuesday.

Miss Ella Hull of Blackfalds is spending a few days in the city. She is a guest at the Castle.

W. C. Simmons, M.P.P., returned yesterday from an over-Sunday visit at his home at Lethbridge.

N. J. Evans, of Calgary, C. P. R. news agent on the C. & E. branch, spent Wednesday in Edmonton.

E. Dodds, of the Madoc Real Estate Co., left yesterday on a trip to Vancouver and other coast points.

John L. Studholme of the Great West Saddlery Co., is away on a trip to Calgary and other points east.

K. R. Morrison, postmasterr at Spring Lake, arrived in the city yesterday and will visit friends for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Osman Higman of Fort Saskatchewan, are visiting friends in the city. They are at the King Edward.

T. A. Groat of Waupatie Pass, is visiting his brothers, Messrs. W. and J. Groat for a few days. He is at the Castle.

Mrs. J. M. Thom left for Winnipeg on Tuesday morning on account of the serious illness of her father, Rev. D. Sutherland.

Mrs. J. B. Holden, wife of the member for Vegreville, arrived in Edmonton yesterday and will spend the week with her husband. They are at the Alberta.

R. J. Inglis arrived in Edmonton yesterday after an extended visit in the east, several weeks being spent in the Old Country. He is stopping at the King Edward.

Mrs. L. D. Parney, of 736 Third street, received word on Tuesday that her brother in London was dead. The funeral takes place at Ridgetown, Ontario. Mrs. Parney and her son Fred left yesterday for Ridgetown.

J. S. Gross, of Morinville, is in the city today. Mr. Gross is section foreman of the C. N. R. at Morinville. The C. N. R. is putting in a "Y" to the mine of the Morinville Coal Co., about two miles east of Morinville. This property was taken hold of by a syndicate of local capitalists about two months ago and they are making it a success.

MEDICAL MEN WILL APPEAL

(Thursday's Daily.)

It is probable that the decision of the full court of Alberta handed down in Calgary recently to the effect that the Alberta medical act passed last session was ultra vires will be appealed to Ottawa. Dr. Brett, the president of the council with Drs. Braithwaite, Simpson, Lafferty and Holson were in conference with the Deputy Attorney General, Mr. Woods this morning and it is probable that an appeal will be made.

In such a case no further legislation will be enacted until the case is decided and in the meantime the Old Northwest Ordinance will prevail in government of the medical fraternity of the province and of Saskatchewan.

STREET RAILWAY MATERIAL.

(Thursday's Daily.)

Commissioner Pace said this morning that tenders would be called for the cars, wiring, sleepers, etc. for the street car system immediately on the return of City Engineer Keeley.

WITH THE CHURCHES.

(Thursday's Daily.)

The ladies of the East end Catholic church are giving a social and card-party Friday night at the residence of Mrs. John Kelly, Fraser Avenue.

ANOTHER GOOD MAN APPOINTED.

(Thursday's Daily.)

Dr. Forin received notice from the attorney-general's department that he had been appointed a coroner, to take office at once.

A HOPEFUL SIGN.

(Thursday's Daily.)

Edmonton has a Canadian Club which when a fortnight old had 138 members, and was still growing. The Canadian Club idea has got a firm grip on Canadian towns and cities and is a most hopeful sign for the political and commercial life of the community.—Toronto News.

WONG FOOK FINED.

(Thursday's Daily.)

Wong Fook of the Royal Restaurant was fined $200 and costs by Magistrate C. H. Stuart Wade at the police court last night. The information was laid by the provincial license department.

THE OPERATIC SOCIETY.

(Thursday's Daily.)

The next rehersal of the Operatic Society will be held this evening (Thursday) in Houston's Hall, at 8 o'clock.

All wishing to become members of the society are expected to be present. Houston's Hall is in the first block west of the Windsor hotel.

IMMIGRATION NOT AFFECTED BY COLD

(Thursday's Daily.)

Mr. Theodore Knappen and Mr. J. C. Langton, prominent real estate men of Chicago, were in Calgary yesterday. Mr. Knappen's opinion concerning American immigration next summer, as given to the Albertan, is of weight, as Mr. Knappen was connected with the Western Canadian Immigration Association for many years. He says:—

"The interest in Canada is increasing all the time. This severe weather will not effect the immigration to Canada in the slightest. There will be no ease up, however, it may be used. The people who are coming here in the spring have already made up their minds to come and they are not going to be scared out by a little thing like this. Western Canada will not suffer in the slightest on account of this severe weather."

THE LEGISLATURE

(Thursday's Daily.)

The important feature of the proceedings at the legislature yesterday afternoon was the statement of the attorney general on the Controverted Elections Act which is found elsewhere in today's issue. The House spent an hour in committee of the whole in considering the clauses of the High Court Act. The House agreed to change the title of the former. The court will now be known by the title, "The Supreme Court of Alberta." The committee reported progress to Mr. Speaker and begged leave to sit again.

Mr. A. S. Rosenroll, chairman of the committee on standing orders, called the attention of the House to the disregard petitioners for private bills have been giving to the rules for submitting such petitions, especially in the matter of advertising. The committee recommended that where the want of compliance in this respect had not injured private interests the petitions now pending be received and concurred in, but that in future the regulations be rigidly enforced. The time for receiving petitions was extended to February 15th.

The following petitions were presented:—

On behalf of Mr. Cross, who at the moment was absent, the premier presented the petition of the City of Edmonton and others asking for an act to amend the Edmonton charter.

Mr. Rutherford also presented the petition of John Walter and others praying for an ordinance to amend the Strathcona Radial Tramway Co. ordinance of 1901.

J. W. Woolf (Cardston) presented a petition respecting the town of Cardston.

E. H. Riley (Gleichen) presented the petition of A. Christie and others, respecting the Knee Coal Co., asking for a railway charter.

Mr. Bredin (Athabasca) presented the petition of J. B. O'Connor, and others, for the incorporation of the Elks Club of Edmonton.

Mr. Woolf for Mr. Simmons (Lethbridge) presented the petition of the Red Deer Railway and Power Co.

On motion of Mr. Rutherford, the petition of the town of Strathcona was received and read.

The Chairman of the Committee on Standing Orders reported that the petitioners for the incorporation of the Grand Lodge of the I.O.F., Alberta, had complied with the rules of the House. The petition was received and concurred in. The bill to incorporate the grand lodge was accordingly introduced by Mr. Cushing, and passed its first reading. The second reading is set down for next Monday.

The premier's bill re assignments and preferences by insolvent persons will come up for its second reading to-day.

CALGARY FREEZES, MINES ARE IDEL

(Thursday's Daily.)

W. C. Simmonds, M.P.P. for Lethbridge, who returned from Lethbridge and the Hat last night, where he went to spend the week end, and was delayed in returning to the Capital, brings a story from the south which adds just one more item of evidence to the case of inefficiency which the recent bad weather is piling up against the railroads of the west.

Mr. Simmonds says that while in Calgary and a hundred other towns on the prairie citizens shiver and freeze for lack of coal, the miners at the Tabor mines are actually idle for lack of cars and the railroad is unable to take away the coal already mined. Every side track between Calgary and Medicine Hat was filled with coal cars which for lack of motive power could not be moved farther east.

SUPREME COURT.

(Thursday's Daily.)

The Cable case was called yesterday afternoon in the Supreme Court. O. M. Biggar, counsel for the defendant asked for an adjournment and applied for a commissioner to be sent to Portland, Ore., to examine a witness called Patterson for the defence. The appeal was granted and the case allowed to stand over until March 1st.

The case of Rex vs. Kell was adjourned on account of the illness of the chief witness.

This morning the case against the Free Press was put over until this afternoon. Mr. A. F. Ewing was unable to begin owing to the absence of Woods, the chief witness. The jury was selected and the case will go on this afternoon.

The court was engaged the rest of the morning in taking evidence in the case of Rev vs. Gibbs. The case is of such a nature that the judge asked that the spectators withdraw.

LEAVES TODAY FOR YELLOWHEAD

(Thursday's Daily.)

Sam Adams and N. H. Butterfield with a party of five other men and eight teams, leave this afternoon en route to the Yellowhead with freight for the Grand Trunk Pacific survey parties, three in all, that are now located between Lobstick Lake and the Big Eddy on the Macleod. They expect on this trip to be absent only about two weeks and may not proceed the entire distance to the Pass. They will travel via the Jasper trail and do not anticipate a hard trip if the present mild weather continues.

NO SECRECY

(Thursday's Daily.)

The government of the province of Alberta is not going to follow the illustrous(?) example of the statesmen in British Columbia, who smuggled the eight-hour law through the legislature of that province at midnight of a busy sitting in the closing hours of a session.

The following telegram has been sent out by the public works department addressed to all the principal coal mines mines of the province.

"Notice has been given of bill to be introduced, eighth instant, limiting working day in coal mines to eight hours and full discussion of measure is invited by mine operators and miners."

It is notice to all who may be interested that the eight hour law is coming up and that all who have a word to say should come to the capital and do so now or forever afterward hold their peace.

JUMPED FROM HOTEL WINDOW

(Thursday's Daily.)

Gilbert Aarka, a Norwegian, is in the Public Hospital very sick with typhoid. Before reaching the comfortable ward and the attention of the nurses, however, Mr. Aarka had to go through a very trying experience whilst in the delirium from the fever. He has been working at Lacombe for some weeks, he told the proprietor of the Senate Hotel where he went to look for a room last Saturday. But he had no money and put up his watch as a surety for his board until he could get work in Edmonton.

He was not a strong-looking chap and sat around the house each day, but made no complaint of illness.

On Wednesday morning at 3.30 the proprietor of the hotel was called up to Aarka's room, where the man, having thrown his valise through the window, was trying to get out by the same route. He was put back to bed and watched, the hotel people considered him insane, as he had neither complained of illness nor touched liquor.

In a short time he made another attempt and succeeded in jumping through the window. The police were then called in and the man removed to the police station at 6.15 a.m. The officers were also of the opinion that he was insane, as he lay about the room all morning, Dr. W. A. Wilson being finally telephoned for.

The doctor immediately diagnosed the case as typhoid and the man was removed to the Public Hospital for treatment. He is now there in a very restless condition.

ADVANCE GUARD SETTLERS ARRIVE

(Thursday's Daily.)

The first detachment of the big rush of settlers due to arrive in the city this spring reached here yesterday and registered at the Immigration Hall.

There are eight of them in the party five of them coming from across the line. They are—

Robert Hoersdegen, Hogo Jurgseum and Adolph E. Jauseun of Germany; Wm. Hopper, Nebraska; A. Dollison, Oregon; C. O. Dann, Nitour, Wash; and M. Bossheimn and Carl Johnson of Seattle, Wash.

They intend taking up homesteads in the vicinity of Edmonton, and as soon as weather conditions are favorable will proceed to select their farms.

ABOLISH CREDIT SYSTEM.

P. Burns & Co., limited, have decided to open a cash meat market in the new store that has been in course of erection just north of the post office on McDougall avenue. The store will open for business early next week. The firm will continue their business in the present premises as before. The new departure will not affect in any way the business hitherto carried on in the city.

In an interview with the local manager, Mr. Dixon, as to the price of meats in this city, it was admitted by him that staple cuts were a good price, but that they were as low as the present methods of doing business on the credit system, where such large amounts have to be carrried over from month to month, with all the risk of bad debts, would permit. "No series of accounts in a firm's books," said Mr. Dixon, "is worth one hundred cents on the dollar."

In the new market, business will be cash and each purchaser will be obliged to carry home his own parcels. There will be no unnecessary expense of bookkeepers and delivery outfits, and the saving thus affected will be applied to the reduction of prices.

The cash meat market will be run to emulate the big meat markets in the large cities where every line of butchers' supplies will be found. A feature will be made of Saturday sales duly advertised. Edmonton is going to be a great city and in order to make it modern and abreast, obsolete methods in business must be discarded and up to date money making and money saving methods take their place. In this innovation Messrs. P. Burns & Co. mean to be in the front rank.

AT THE HOTELS.

ALBERTA—

L. W. Caldwell, Winnipeg.
J. W. Shirkey, Lacombe.
S. J. Short, Duagh.
Mr. and Mrs. Holly Shephard, Toronto.
W. A. Henley, Winnipeg.
L. J. Hutchinson, Lerg.
Mrs. Tierney, St. Albert.
Mr. McNicol, City.

JASPER—

Joe Howson, Battleford.
T. Conron, City.
J. D. McLeod, City.

PENDENNIS—

Jas. McNiven, Dunvegan.
W. M. Preston, Dunvegan.

QUEENS—

R. B. Wilson, Tofield.
Mr. and Mrs. Oslheist, Belmont.
F. Ingraham.
J. E. Meisner, Stony Plain.
M. Reynolds, Clover Bar.
Geo. Uren, Clover Bar.
Jos. Reith, Clover Bar.
Jas. Daly.
C. McLaughlin, Clover Bar.
Geo. Casserun, Staveley.
W. C. Hogg, Zion.

IMPERIAL—

W. H. Whitla, Fort Saskatchewan.
H. L. Pemberton.
J. O. Cassel.

KING EDWARD—

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Robinson, Vermillion.
M. J. Manning, Red Deer.
G. W. Fenn, Kansas City.
S. Yugg, Clover Bar.

ST. JAMES—

Jas. E. Wells.
Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Stanton, City.
J. S. Cross, Morinville.
J. Spicer, Regina.

Groceries! Groceries!

IF IT IS GOOD TO EAT WE HAVE IT

WE have just received and placed in stock a Car-load of First Quality Goods, including all the best brands of Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

Quality is what you have uppermost in your mind when buying, and our aim is to give you the best in the market at the lowest possible price.

Give us a trial for anything you require in the Grocery line, and we will convince you that we mean what we say.

Messrs. Duncan Bros. & Butters

(Successors to McDougall & Secord.)

Prompt Delivery. DEPARTMENT STORE. 'PHONE 36