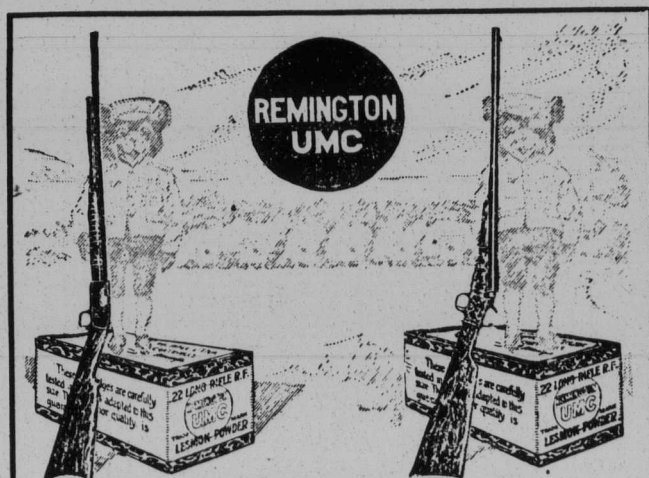




Many a Crackshot's Reputation Rests on his First ".22"

Most experts commenced their careers with a .22 Rifle. So choose your .22 as carefully as you'd choose a high-power Arm.

Remington-UMC
".22 Repeating and Single Shot Rifles"

are REAL RIFLES—not toys. Made of the same high-grade materials—by the same skilled workmen—in the same finely-equipped shops—as our higher-priced high-power Arms. Shoot Short, Long and Long Rifle Cartridges equally well.

See the full Remington-UMC Line at your dealer's. For a better score—use only Remington-UMC .22 Metallics. They guarantee your Arm.

REMINGTON ARMS-UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE COMPANY
(Contractors to the British Imperial and Colonial Governments)
London, Eng. WINDSOR, ONT. New York, U.S.A. 17

Target Tips and Hunting Hints
by Alfred P. Lane

Send questions to Mr. Lane care of this paper.



A New Questions and Answers Department of Interest to Shooters

Readers are reminded that this column is open to questions which should be sent to me in care of the Sporting Editor, and to discussions by the readers on anything connected with hunting or target shooting.—A. P. L.

S. G. S., Laceyville, Pa.

I have an old 12 gauge shotgun with the name Janssen Sons & Co. engraved on it. It is a hard shooting gun, having 30 1/2 inch barrels which are too long to suit me. Would it spoil the shooting quality of the gun to cut the barrels down to 26 inches?

Ans. It depends on the bore of your barrels. If they are full choke, cutting them down to 26 inches will certainly spoil their close shooting qualities. If they are cylinder bore, it will make no difference at all. F. G., New York.

I have a Belgian .32 single shot rifle. Will you kindly tell me if there is any cartridge I could use more powerful than the ordinary cartridge?

No.

H. D. C. G., Corpus Christi, Texas.

I have a 12 gauge hammerless shotgun, and I want a set of new barrels for same. Could you make a set 16 gauge to fit my stock? Could you make over the old ones or choke them? Would I have to send the entire gun or only the stock? How long will it take to make and fit them?

Ans. I hate to discourage you, but I would certainly suggest that you do not spend time and money trying to have a new pair of barrels fitted to the gun you mention. They are no longer made, and if a new pair of barrels were fitted by any other factory than the factory in which the barrels were originally made, it would necessitate considerable hand fitting at very great expense, and you would do much better to put the money into a new gun.

G. C. Z., Glenbrook, Conn.

1. Will you kindly publish the Maxim Silencer Law of the State of Connecticut in regard to using same on a rifle for target and hunting use?

Ans. I do not seem to be able to locate any State Law regarding the use of the Maxim Silencer. Mr. William K. Molian, President State Board of Fisheries and Game, Room 64, Capitol, Hartford, Conn., will be able to give you definite information on this point.

2. If there is such a law, is it merely a State or National Law?

Ans. If there is any law on the subject, it is a local one. There is no national law affecting the use of Maxim Silencers.

A. G. R., Sunny Side, South Africa.

1. Is a single shot rifle less noisy than a repeater in unloading or reloading?

Ans. I do not exactly understand what difference noise can make in loading or unloading. Using a repeating rifle—if the sportsman is at all familiar with his weapon, he will operate the action to reload so quickly that what noise is made will be practically unnoticed owing to the relatively much heavier jar and noise of the actual explosion, and game is therefore less liable to be frightened than in the single shot where the noise, although much less

than with the repeater, is made at a sufficient interval after the firing of the shot, to be distinctly heard. The noise of unloading can hardly make any difference one way or the other, as the sportsman would certainly not be unloading the rifle, i. e., taking the cartridges out of the magazine or out of the chamber when there are any prospects of a shot at game.

2. For extreme accuracy, is the solid frame of the single shot rifle more accurate than the take down model of the same rifle?

Ans. With reliable makes of rifles there is no difference.

3. Do you consider the round nosed bullet of the .30 W. C. F. type more accurate than the blunt nosed bullet of the .25-35 or .32 W. Special?

I notice in all rifles where extreme accuracy is called for they use the round or pointed bullet.

Ans. Round nosed bullets are usually more accurate than the blunt nose.

4. The .32 Short Colt smokeless is not accurate up to 50 yds. when used by me in an old fashioned supplemental chamber through the .32 Special repeater. Is it caused by the rifling and wouldn't this jump cause the lead bullet to strip?

Ans. To my way of thinking, a supplemental chamber should be made so that the bullet enters the rifling as soon as it leaves the shell. At best the supplemental chambers do not give any great accuracy as the twist of rifling in the rifle barrel is usually not right for a pistol cartridge.

5. Do you consider good accuracy would be obtained by using the Marble-Brayton-Auxiliary Cartridge chamber? and if the .32 Colt Auto ammunition used in the above chamber through a single shot .32 calibre rifle, would it be accurate? If so, up to what range?

Ans. Reasonably good accuracy would be obtained up to about 50 yards. The accuracy would of course be the same whether shot from a single shot rifle or a repeater.

T. P. J., Charleston, Ark.

Does all of the powder in a .22 long shell burn when the shell is fired?

Ans. This depends upon the length of the barrel. In a rifle barrel of 16 or 18 inches or over all the powder is burned.

Alfred P. Lane

Montreal, May 29th, '09
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited,
Yarmouth, N. S.
Gentlemen—I beg to let you know that I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for some time, and I find it the best I have ever used for the joints and muscles.

Yours very truly,
THOMAS J. HOGAN,
The Champion Clog and Pedestal Dancer of Canada.

Editorial Comment

TO THE LIMIT OF OUR RESOURCES

The gifts of machine guns which are pouring in from all parts of the Dominion are very real evidence that the people are making the cause of Empire their own. The general character of the movement cannot but be heartening to the administrators in this country and in Britain, who are loaded down with the unexampled responsibilities which the prosecution of the world's greatest war has placed upon their shoulders. There is nothing more inspiring for a government in times of peace than to feel and know that public sentiment is with it. In times of war, when the life or death of the nation may be at stake, when important measures have to be quickly conceived, when an unfortunate chance may entail appalling disaster, there is nothing that more effectively relieves the strain and steadies the judgment of the responsible heads of the administration, than clear evidence that the people are with them heart and soul, and are co-workers with them for the success of the nation's cause.

The present British government is receiving a more nearly unanimous support from the people of the United Kingdom than any preceding administration under which a great war has been waged. The result is that Britain's strength is being manifested as never before. Marvels are being accomplished in the development of powerful armies, quickly recruited from the peaceful avocations of a non-military and peace-loving citizenship, on a scale never before dreamed of in Britain's history. In very truth, the phenomenon of the war has been the sudden and striking revelation of the potential martial strength of the least military of European nations. Nothing less than complete concord between government and people could have rendered such a revelation possible. In Britain, since the outbreak of the war, party and factional differences and domestic issues have found no lodgment in the public mind. The whole national concern has been the successful prosecution of the war.

In Canada, too, the people have been with the government since the war clouds broke a year ago. There have been petty criticisms from a few politicians and incurable partisans, but these have awakened no response in the country and have been powerless to break the unanimity with which Canadians have thrown themselves into the conflict. No government has been more solidly and enthusiastically supported by the people than the present administration during the past twelve months. Fortified by the assurance of this universal support, Sir Robert Borden and his ministerial colleagues have kept but one object before them and have exerted every effort to attain it—the placing of Canada in the forefront of the British dominions as the most potent and helpful of the Empire's overseas supporters. The reception the Prime Minister has been accorded in Britain and France during the past couple of weeks is evidence of the effectiveness of Canada's part in the war, and of the keen appreciation it has evoked. The British press, of all shades of opinion, have been outspoken in their praise of Premier Borden. He has been acclaimed by the people, admitted to the Councils of the nation, and made the honored guest of the King. He has been singled out for especial honor by the government of France. In these distinctions to the Canadian Prime Minister, the Canadian people are being honored. Because the government of the Dominion has correctly interpreted the sentiment of the people and has given expression to it in a capable and courageous manner, Canada has become a name to conjure with in the Chancelleries of Europe. It is fitting and timely that while Canada's strong stand in the war is being so strikingly acknowledged in the Old Country, the war benefactions and the great recruiting movement now in progress attest the increasing hold the cause of Empire is taking on the people of the Dominion. On the eve of the war Premier Borden cabled the British government that Canada would back the Mother Country to the limit of its resources. This pledge is being amply honored by the government and the people of the Dominion. The extent of our assistance will be limited only by our ability to give. Canadians are if anything more determined now to make good that assurance than they were a year ago.

PORTABLE SHIELD FOR SOLDIERS

The European conflict and particularly the dead lock on the western frontier, has set inventors to devising means for overcoming the great defensive strength and trench warfare. One device which presents many good points and seems practicable is a British invention termed a "moving fort." In fact, it is a shell or shield shaped like a bullet, except that the horizontal diameter is slightly greater than the vertical diameter. It is made of chilled steel and weighs just about 200 pounds.

It is just large enough to receive a man on all fours. It has a small wheel or roller near its forward end on its lower face for supporting most of its weight. It is propelled by the user by simply pushing against the ground with one foot, his hands resting on a suitable rod or support inside of the shell. A slight slot and rifle opening through the centre of the top front wall makes it possible for the user to see where he is going and enables him to shoot at the enemy. The very gradual taper of the shield and the hard metal safely deflect all rifles and machine gun bullets and fragments of shells, so that it is really a small moveable fort proof against all but high power explosives shell and even they do little damage unless they strike squarely.

By this means, a large number of men crawl very close to the enemies' lines and then spring from their "forts" and make one short sharp dash into the trench, and all is over. It seems a device well worth trying.

Deafness Cannot be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A NEW IMPETUS

United States Firms Looking to Canada For Branch Factories Again

During the past couple of years the movement of American industries to Canada and the establishment of branch factories in the Dominion slackened off to some extent, as compared to the rapid progress that was made in the building up of United States industries in Canada in 1910 and 1911. Now the movement is being accelerated again, and according to the B. A. N. "Daily Trade Record" of March 23rd, the "Made in Canada" campaign is responsible.

After referring to the fact that the "Made in Canada" campaign is taking business from American firms, which are now compelled to plan branches in the Dominion, the Record quoted Mr. G. W. Curtis, agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway who has just made a trip to the United States, and reports that the "Made in Canada" movement had caused a considerable falling off in the business which the United States had hitherto done in Canada. The new war tariff of 75 per cent. also served to keep out American goods.

As a result of these two factors, Mr. Curtis has received many inquiries from American manufacturers who are planning to establish branch factories in Canada so that they may benefit by the "Made in Canada" movement, instead of losing by it as is now the case with their factories on the United States side of the line.

This unsolicited testimony from United States to the effectiveness of the "Made in Canada" movement, which has swept over the Dominion during the past few months, affords abundant evidence of the value of the publicity methods adopted. That the "Made in Canada" movement will gather strength in the next few months if it is going to result in an increase in the number of industries in Canada will be the wish of all those who have a knowledge of the unemployment situation in the Dominion. Not only will new branches of American factories in Canada increase employment for Canadian mechanics, but the building and equipment of these factories will tend to revive building trade and create activity in many industries subsidiary to the building trade.

The Advocate is not too busy with its Voting Contest to be able to look after all mail orders for job printing. Each department has its own staff, and prompt attention is given all orders.

Fires in the home are easier to prevent than to extinguish.

In storing clothing, remove all matches and other material from the pockets. Do not hang clothes near hot chimneys.

Use only safety matches and keep them away from children. Never throw burned matches on the floor or into waste baskets.

FRUIT, THE GREAT PHYSICIAN

Healing Powers of Fruit Proved by "Fruit-a-tives"

The simple juices of apples, oranges, figs and prunes, when transformed into 'Fruit-a-tives' will relieve diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Skin. The truth of this statement has been proved in thousands of cases of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Chronic Headaches.

The enormous sales of 'Fruit-a-tives,' are the best proofs of the value of this fruit medicine.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.



I. C. R. TIME TABLE

On and after Sunday, May 2nd, trains will be due to arrive at and depart from Newcastle as follows:

GOING SOUTH
Maritime, arrive 5.20 a. m.
Maritime, leave 5.25 a. m.
Local, arrive 10.40 a. m.
Local, leave 10.45 a. m.
Ocean Limited, arrive 1.37 p. m.
Ocean Limited, leave 1.45 p. m.
Night Freight, leave 3.05 a. m.

GOING NORTH
Maritime, arrive 11.51 p. m.
Maritime, leave 11.56 p. m.
Local, arrive 2.17 p. m.
Local, leave 2.22 p. m.
Ocean Limited, arrive 4.30 p. m.
Ocean Limited, leave 4.35 p. m.
Night Freight, leave 3.35 a. m.

To Chatham and Loggieville:
Leave Newcastle—12.05 a. m.; 5.35 a. m.; 1.55 p. m.; 4.40 p. m.
From Chatham and Loggieville:
Arrive Newcastle—5.10 a. m.; 1.20 p. m.; 4.15 p. m.; 11.40 p. m.

FOR FREDERICTON
Leave Newcastle—Express 5.45 a. m.
Leave Newcastle—Freight 7.19 a. m.

FROM FREDERICTON
Arrive Newcastle, Express 11.30 p. m.
Arrive Newcastle, Freight 2.45 p. m.
Local for McGivney's
Leave Newcastle—Express 4.50 p. m.
Arrive Newcastle—Express 11.05 a. m.



Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations

The sale here of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties: Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months' residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. COBY, C. M. G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388. 22-6mos.

THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Try it! Hair gets soft, fluffy and beautiful—Get a 25-cent bottle of Danderine.

If you care for heavy hair that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff. You can not have nice heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast. Surely get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store and just try it.

Timely Topics

ON PRINTING

FINE PRINTING IS AN ART

Do you know good printing?

Do you like good printing?

Do you know that it always pays to have the BETTER kind?

Perhaps you have been used to the one class of printing and know no other.

If this is so, it is time for you to have a look around and investigate and see what's what.

Do you know you do not have to go any farther away than Newcastle to obtain the BETTER class of printing.

Perhaps you have not given it a thought, but a great deal depends on the stock used in order to get a BETTER job. Investigate this.

Last, but not the least, do you know that The Advocate Job Department turns out only this BETTER class of work. If you will read on a little further, we will tell you how and why.

1st—We cater to that class of people who use only the best stock, and who know what BETTER printing is.

2nd—In order to give these customers the class of work they want, we have to keep in stock only the best grades of material. We do not handle cheap lines.

3rd—In order, again, to be able to turn out that BETTER class of printing, we employ only experienced and competent printers, who keep abreast of the times and watch the styles.

4th—What is as important as the above is equipment. If The Advocate Job Department was not fitted out as it is, with the most modern machinery and the very latest in type faces, it could not handle the fast growing trade, that has developed in the past year, of turning out that BETTER class of printing. Only the best inks are used, because this is necessary when high grade stock is used.

Now, Mr. Business Man, if you will read the above over carefully, see how your supply stands, then get in touch with this office, we feel sure you will become a customer. Give up that old-fangled notion that first class printing comes only from the large city printing offices. As a matter of fact, the reverse is the case, and prices are invariably lower.

REMEMBER THAT WE DO ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

For commercial use, we have superior grades of Letter, Note and Bill Head Stock, at prices and quality to suit any business and any purse. Our prices range from \$2.50 to \$4.00 per thousand for Letter Heads, and from \$2.50 to \$3.25 per thousand for Envelopes. Our Envelopes are the same material as our papers, and therefore match. We are always pleased to submit samples of stock, and prices, on application.

More Business IS WHAT WE WANT

You want the work—we want to do it for you. We have just the grade of paper you want, so why not let us get together in a co-operative way and make a strong pull for increased business—more business than usual.

ADDRESS ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO

THE MIRAMICHI PUB. CO.
LIMITED

Phone 23 NEWCASTLE, N. B. Box 359