

The Union

A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

W. & J. ANSLAW.
VOL. XII.—No. 13.

Our Country, with its United Interests.
Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, January 22, 1879.

EDITORS & PROPRIETORS.
WHOLE No. 585.

WAVERLY HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.
Has lately been refurnished, and very possible arrangement made to ensure the comfort of travellers.
LIVERY STABLES, WITH GOOD OUTFIT, ON THE PREMISES.
ALEX. STEWART,
Proprietor.
Late of Waverly House, St. John's.
Newcastle, Dec. 2, 1878.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI,
NEW BRUNSWICK.
THIS HOTEL is very pleasantly situated, has recently been fitted up in first class style, is in close proximity to the I. C. Railway Station, and the wants of travellers will be attended to promptly.
Meals prepared at any hour. Oysters served up in every style at short notice.
JOHN FAY, PROPRIETOR.
Newcastle, Oct. 8, 1877. 10

KIRK HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI,
NEW BRUNSWICK.
THE SUBSCRIBER has rented the New Building erected by Mr. McKean, near the Post Office and Custom House, and having newly furnished the same throughout, is prepared to accommodate the TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
No travel will be spared to secure the comfort of guests.
COACH will connect with the trains—Good stabling accommodation.
D. KIRK, Proprietor.
Newcastle, May 13, 1878.

CANADA HOUSE,
CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK.
WM. JOHNSTON, Proprietor.
CONSIDERABLE outlay has been made on this house to make it a first class Hotel, and travellers will find it a desirable temporary residence both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of steamboat landing. The proprietor returns thanks to the public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor to court and attention to merit the same in the future.
Good Stabling on the Premises.
May 18th, 1878. 14 1/2

ROYAL HOTEL,
KING SQUARE.
I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the "CONTINENTAL," and thoroughly renovated the same, making it as the "ROYAL," a first class Hotel, and affords a splendid view of the St. Lawrence and adjacent country.
Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.
Bickelhals' Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND,
St. John, July 9, 1877.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
RIVER DU LOUP,
JOSEPH A. FOUNTAIN, PROPRIETOR.
THIS HOUSE is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Station, and is well calculated to meet the requirements of travellers, and affords a splendid view of the St. Lawrence and adjacent country.
October 24, 1877. 31-37

TRUNK FACTORY,
ESTABLISHED 1822.
MR. W. H. KOWLES
HAS much pleasure in announcing to his many friends and customers that he has resumed business at No. 208, over A. J. Lord's, Furniture Emporium, where he will be pleased to attend to all orders entrusted to his care with neatness and dispatch.
Repairs Promptly attended to.
St. John, Aug. 14, 1878. 16

MIRAMICHI MARBLE WORKS,
WATER ST.—CHATHAM.
WILLIAM LAWLER,
Importer of Marble & Manufacturer of MONUMENTS, TABLES, HEADSTONES, MANTLES, TABLE TOPS, &c.
A GOOD STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.
GRANITE MONUMENTS made to order. CAPS and SILLIS for windows supplied at short notice. FREESTONE WORK in all its branches attended to, and satisfaction given.
January 24, 1878.

Lamps, Oils, &c.
CHANDLERS,
TABLE AND HAND LAMPS,
Chimneys, Wicks, &c.,
AMERICAN & CANADIAN OILS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
J. R. CAMERON,
11 King Square.
St. John, May 7, 1878

CARPETS & OILCLOTHS,
A full Stock of the above always on hand.
A. O. SKINNER,
68 KING STREET,
St. John, N. B.

Christmas Cakes.
All kinds of Christmas Cakes at a great reduction of prices, at
HENRY WISE'S,
Newcastle, Dec. 17, 1878.

Law and Collection Offices
—OF—
ADAMS & LAWLOR,
Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Bankruptcy, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., Real Estate, & Fire Insurance Agents.
CLAIMS Collected in all parts of the Dominion.
OFFICES:
NEWCASTLE AND BATHURST.
M. ADAMS. R. A. LAWLOR.
July 19th, 1878.

SAMUEL THOMSON,
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy,
NOTARY PUBLIC & C.
LOANS Negotiated, Claims Promptly Collected, and Professional Business in all its branches, executed with accuracy and dispatch.
OFFICE—PUBLIC BUILDINGS,
NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.
July 17, 1878.

WILLIAM A. PARK,
Barrister & Attorney at Law,
SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC, & C.
OFFICE—Over the Store of William Park, Esq.
Castle Street, - - - NEWCASTLE.
May 1, 1877. 2

L. J. TWEEDIE,
ATTORNEY & BARRISTER
AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, & C.,
CHATHAM, - - - N. B.
OFFICE—Snowball's Building,
May 12, 1874. 13

WILLET & QUIGLEY,
Solicitors, Barristers, Attorneys,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, CONVEYANCERS, & C.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
JOHN WILLET. RICH'D F. QUIGLEY, LL. B.
March 24, 1876. 2inc-29

A. H. JOHNSON,
BARRISTER AT LAW,
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC,
CHATHAM, N. B.
A. D. SHIRREFF,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Life, Fire & Marine Insurance
AND
GENERAL AGENT,
Chatham, N. B.
August 29, 1876. 20-1/2

HERBERT T. DAWSON, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
OFFICE—In Mr. John Dalton's House;
RESIDENCE
At Mr. Wm. Gremley's, opposite Office.
Newcastle, March 26, 1877. 28

DENTISTRY.
Dr. Freeman,
will attend to DENTISTRY in its various branches, as his other engagements will permit.
Having procured every appliance and the most recent improvement, Dr. F. guarantees all operations and gives special attention to the insertion of
ARTIFICIAL TEETH,
Either on Rubber or a new and improved Base called Celluloid.
Being a resident in the County his patients will find no difficulty in having every guarantee made good.
Newcastle, April 18, 1876. 19f.

S. F. SHUTE,
Direct Importer of
Fine Watches, Rich Jewelry, Electro Plated Ware, Clocks, Fancy Goods, &c.
Orders Solicited, and goods sent to responsible parties on approval.
WATCH REPAIRING, in all its branches promptly attended to.
AGENT for the "Florence" Sewing Machine, and "Lazarus & Morris & Co's" PERFECTED SPECTACLES.
Remember the Place.
S. F. SHUTE,
Queen St., Fredericton.
Dec. 22nd, 1878.

WANTED.
A SHOP and OFFICE BOY—one willing to make himself generally useful.
Apply to
DR. FREEMAN,
Newcastle, Sept. 11, 77.

NOT BURNED OUT.
Leather and Shoe Finding.
THE subscriber, thankful for past favors, and desiring to say to his customers and all others, that he is still able to supply at usual prices, any who may favor him with their patronage.
J. J. CHRISTIE,
60 King Street St. John, July 2, 77.

PETER LOGGIE,
Wood Moulding & Planing MILL,
Near the Ferry Landing,
CHATHAM.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
FINISHING
for House or Ship Work, manufactured to order.
Venetian Blinds, Doors and Sashes. Pine and Walnut Mouldings. Jig Sawing and Planing, a Specialty.
Estimates and Specifications furnished on application.
Orders attended to with dispatch.
P. LOGGIE.
To Mill Owners and Mechanics.
THOS. B. PEACE,
MANUFACTURER OF
ALL KINDS OF SAWS,
Is prepared to fill orders from any part of the country. His saws are now being widely used, are made of the very finest quality of English Steel, and are warranted to be equal to the best English or American manufacture. A fair trial will prove the correctness of these statements.
All kinds of Repairing Done.
References By Permission:—
Hon. Wm. Muirhead, Chatham;
J. R. SNOWBALL, Esq.,
D. & J. RITCHIE & Co., Newcastle;
J. FLETT, Nelson;
BARKER & Co., North Esk.
SHOP—Water Street, Chatham, N. B.
September, 18 1876. 20

**THE subscriber having rented the shop and purchased the stock belonging to the estate of the late Wm. Casey, is now prepared to fill promptly and satisfactorily all orders for
HARNESSES! HARNESSES!
The subscriber having rented the shop and purchased the stock belonging to the estate of the late Wm. Casey, is now prepared to fill promptly and satisfactorily all orders for
HARNESSES & COLLARS
of every description, at moderate rates.
Repairing Neatly Executed.
All orders shall have the very best attention.
M. O. THOMPSON,
Newcastle, Jan. 21, 1878. 7/2**

EDWARD B. ROWE,
BOSTON FORWARDING AGENT
—FOR—
FULTON FISH MARKET,
—AND—
COMMISSION FISH DEALER,
47 Central Wharf,
BOSTON, U. S.
Consignments of Salmon
carefully re-iced and placed in best hands at very low charges.
All packages must be plainly marked care of "E. B. ROWE, BOSTON."
Stencils furnished if desired.
Lowest shipping rates—obtained and information furnished upon application.
May 6, 1878.

FISHERIES FOR 1879
WE are prepared to supply at short notice, at
BEST MARKET RATES,
Nets, Seines, Pounds, Traps, Hedges, (cheaper than brush); for the ensuing year's fishery.
AMERICAN NET & TWINE COY.,
BOSTON.
November 21, 1878. det-2m

HALL SELLS
SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS.
HALL Sells—
Colleges and School Books.
Bibles and Commentaries.
HALL Sells—
All kinds of Books.
Room Paper and Paper Blinds.
HALL Sells—
Drawing Paper and Drawing Books.
HALL Sells—
Foolscap Paper and Printing Paper.
HALL Sells—
Lectures, Journals and Day Books.
HALL Sells—
Sheet Music and Music Books.
HALL Sells—
Pencils, Pens and Ink.
HALL Sells—
Writing Desks, Opal Glasses, Port Folios, &c., &c.
FREDERICTON, N. B. oct-18

Carriage Repairing.
The Subscriber has erected a shop on the property lately owned by Dr. J. S. Benson, and is prepared to attend to the Making and Repairing of
CARRIAGES, HEAVY FARM AND LUMBER WAGGONS, &c.
Prompt attention given to all orders. Good work guaranteed.
ANGUS McLEAN,
Newcastle, July 23, 1878.

Christmas. Christmas.
A Great Display.
Everything
to suit the Times,
in Choice Groceries, Fruit Cakes, Breads, Syrups, Confectionery, Nuts, Biscuits, Crackers, Meats, Fowls, &c., at the "Newcastle Bakery."
H. WYSE.
Orders for
Christmas Cakes and Buns
should be sent in early.
H. WYSE.
December 17, 1878.

Job Printing, plain and in colors, in first class style at this establishment.

G. A. BLAIR,
Merchant Tailor,
CHATHAM, N. B.
Always on hand a large and select assortment of
BRO-CLOTHS, Doekings,
Cassimers, Beavers, Meltons, &c.
SCOTCH, ENGLISH, & CANADIAN TWEEDS.
Velvet and other Fancy Vestings.
Gentlemen's APPAREL,
Made up promptly, and in the best and most fashionable styles.
Orders from a distance will receive Especial Attention.
LATEST FASHIONS
ALWAYS ON HAND.
Remember the Stand.
Stone Building, adjoining Dr. Pallen's Water Street, Chatham.
June 25th, 1878.

CUSTOM TAILORING.
THE Subscriber has opened a FIRST CLASS TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT in the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. P. H. Anslaw, and owned by the Hon. William Muirhead, near Letson's Scales, Water Street, Chatham.
Gentlemen wanting clothes made to order for
SPRING AND SUMMER
will do well to examine his splendid assortment to select from.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS made up under the general supervision of a First Class Cutter.
Cloth Purchased elsewhere will be made up on the premises.
V. S. MORRIS,
Chatham, April 30, 1877. my2

Jas. R. Howie's
CUSTOM TAILORING
AND
CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT,
MARBLE HALL,
Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.
SPRING STOCK OF
NEW CLOTHS
of the Latest Styles just to hand, to which inspection is respectfully invited.
Fancy Worsteds Coatings, Trouserings, Tweeds, all makes, &c.
A GOOD FIT GUARANTEED in every case.
Orders from the country especially attended to.
READY-MADE CLOTHING
AND
Gents Furnishing Goods,
of all Descriptions on hand.
Inspection respectfully invited.
JAMES R. HOWIE,
Fredericton, May 2, 1877.

T. M. STEWART,
(OF SCOTLAND.)
late Cutter for W. S. Morris, Esq., wishes to announce to the people of Newcastle and surrounding Districts, that he has commenced business over James W. Davidson's store, where with all the modern ideas in cutting, and the latest New York Fashions, he is prepared to make up Clothes equal to any made abroad.
A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.
Newcastle, 22nd April, 1878.

D. B. DUNHAM,
ARCHITECT,
OFFICE—MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
CORNER OF MARKET SQUARE AND PRINCE WILLIAM ST.,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
REFERENCES:—
D. J. McLaughlin, STEPHEN WITKAKER, Jas. E. WHITTAKER, S. K. FOSTER, Owners of Commercial Block, King Str., G. Y. NOWLIN, SIMON JONES, A. L. PALMER, JAS. A. TUTTS, JOHN Y. ELLIS, DR. LAYTON, DR. MACLAREN, HENRY VAUGHAN, G. R. FUGLEBY, DR. HAMILTON, C. H. B. ETC., ETC.
May 6, 1878. 8-1/2

PROTECTION SECURED
BY WEARING
Ayer's Larakins & Moccasins.
We have in Stock a number of Larakins and Moccasins, manufactured expressly for Fall and Winter Trade.
These articles are well and favorably known to afford the best protection for the feet, of anything in the market.
All Orders Promptly Filled.
JAMES R. AYER,
Sackville, Nov. 11, 1878. 4C13

LEMONS, ORANGES,
Raspberries, Strawberries, Maple Syrup, Rotted Bacon, Ham, Corned Beef,
Ducks, Turkeys, Geese,
SAUSAGE, 15 cents per lb., at
Dec. 17, 1878. H. WYSE.

HOLIDAY CONFECTIONERY
—OF—
H. J. REEVES',
Choice Confectionery, consisting of Clear Candy & Sugar Toys, Kings, Walking Sticks, Cream Candy, (all kinds), Almond Candy, Hazel do, Sugar Almonds, Scotch Mince, Grain Drops, Chocolate Drops, Conversation Lozenges, 86c Candy and Assorted Treps.
Also, Pastry, Sugar and Ginger Cakes, Sponge Cake, Scotch Cake, Currant Cake, &c.
BHOOP—Opposite, Led Street & Drug Store.

VEGETINE
—WILL CURE—
SCROFULA,
Scrofulous Humor.
VEGETINE will eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula and Scrofulous Humor. It has permanently cured thousands in Boston and vicinity who had been long and vainly treated by all the usual means.
Cancer, Cancerous Humor.
The marvellous effect of VEGETINE in case of Cancer and Cancerous Humor challenges the most profound attention of the medical faculty, many of whom are prescribing VEGETINE to their patients.
Canker.
VEGETINE has never failed to cure the most indolent case of Canker.
Mercurial Diseases.
The VEGETINE meets with wonderful success in the cure of this class of diseases.
Salt Rheum.
VEGETINE has never failed to cure the most inveterate case of Salt Rheum.
Erysipelas.
VEGETINE has never failed to cure the most inveterate case of Erysipelas.
Rings and Ulcers on the Face.
Reason should teach us that a blotchy, rough or pimply skin depends entirely upon an internal cause, the greatest of which is a defective blood. VEGETINE is the best blood purifier.
Tumors, Ulcers or Old Sores.
Are caused by an impure state of the blood. Cleanse the blood thoroughly with VEGETINE, and these complaints will disappear.
Cataract.
For this complaint the only substantial benefit can be obtained through the blood. VEGETINE is the great blood purifier.
Constipation.
VEGETINE does not act as a cathartic to debilitate the bowels, but cleanses all the organs, enabling each to perform the functions devolving upon them.
Piles.
VEGETINE has restored thousands to health who have been long and painful sufferers.
Dyspepsia.
If VEGETINE is taken regularly, according to directions, a certain and speedy cure will follow its use.
Faintness to the Stomach.
VEGETINE is not a stimulating bitter, but a gentle tonic, which assists nature to restore the stomach to a healthy state.
Female Weakness.
VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs and always infuses animation.
General Debility.
In this complaint the good effects of the VEGETINE are realized immediately after commencing to take it; as debility denotes deficiency of the blood, and VEGETINE acts directly upon the blood.

Poetry.
The Rosary of My Years.
Some reckon their age by years,
Some measure their life by days;
But ever my thoughts are of their
Years,
And their life by the moans of their heart.
The dial of earth may show
The length, not the depth, of years;
Few or many they come—few or many they go—
But our time is best measured by tears.
Ah! not by the silver grey
That creeps through the sunny hair,
And not by the scenes that we pass on our way—
And not by the furrows the finger of care
On the forehead and face have made.
Not so do we count our years;
Not by the sun of the earth, nor the shade
Of our souls, and the fall of our tears.
For the young are oftimes old,
Though their hair be bright and fair;
While their blood beats warm their heart lies cold—
O'er them the spring time—but winter is there.
And the old are oftimes young,
When their hair is thin and white,
And they sing in age as in youth they sung,
And they laugh, for their cross was light.
But heed by heed I tell
The rosary of my years—
From a cross to a cross they lead—'tis well!
And they're blessed with a blessing of tears.
Better a day of strife
Than a century of sleep;
Gladsome in mind of the young of life,
The tempest and tears of the deep.
A thousand joys may foam
In the hollow of the ear;
But never the foam brings the brave bark home;
It reaches the haven through tears.
—Father Ryan.

Miscellaneous.
Colonia Timber.
An interesting paper containing reports from the governors of our various colonies with respect to colonial timber was presented to Parliament shortly before the close of last session. The reports have been made in reply to a circular, dated June 3, 1874, of Lord Carnarvon, who at the time held the office of Colonial Secretary, and who, at the instance of the Commissioners of Woods and Forests, requested that information on the subject should be collected for the use of the department as well as of the Institution of Surveyors. In the analysis which is given of the returns which were sent in accordance with this request, and which were too voluminous to be printed at length, the timber resources of Natal are the first dealt with. The forest lands of that colony are roughly divided into two categories—heavy timber land and "thorn" or mimosa districts, which yield a lighter sort of wood, used chiefly for fuel, but to some extent for waggon making and machinery. The principal trees are the stink-wood, the red spoke wood, the saffron, and the yellow wood tree, which grow over a considerable area. The clearing of the forest for the use of the colony were laid under contribution, and properly and economically worked, the export trade in timber might become of considerable importance, instead of being, as it is at present, of comparatively little value. In West Australia, on the contrary, the amount of timber cut annually for ex-

portation is very large, but there, as in so many other colonies, it would seem that steps are not taken to prevent waste, although Governor Weld gives it as his opinion that the time is not far distant when the matter must be taken in hand. Fully one-half—8,000,000 acres—of Tasmania is, it seems, timbered, and of that extent it is computed that about 1,000,000 acres are in private hands. Here, too, however, the area is reported to be diminishing owing to settlement, exportation, and home consumption. The next colony dealt with in the analysis is New Zealand, the area of forest land which was in 1874 estimated at 12,000,000 acres. Pine and beech are its chief products; but in New Zealand also the area under timber is, we are informed, rapidly decreasing. Similar reports come from Ceylon, where, however, in pursuance of the policy announced by Governor Gregory, steps have been taken to provide a remedy for that state of things. Sir, in the case of New Zealand, the affords a somewhat striking example of the effects of forest denudation upon climate, inasmuch as the extirpation of the indigenous trees shortly after 1840, was followed by a succession of severe and destructive droughts, from which, since it has been replanted, it has succeeded to suffer to anything like the same extent. The same has been made, while the authorities of Trinidad continue in stating that the removal of trees had produced an unmistakable effect on the permanency of the water supply, the same nature came from the Leeward and Windward Islands, with a very brief account of whose timber production the analysis winds up.

How Waterloo was Won.
Ney was unable to maintain his position without infantry, and had to retreat. His gallant men had come in by the slope of the hill, and every hollow, every square yard of the well-chosen field, was commanded by English guns. He resolved to attack the English squares once more, assisted by fresh troops, and again the commander. Seventy-seven squadrons of cavalry—ten thousand heroic and picked men—rushed once more upon the English squares, and again the English formed their solid squares, and received the enemy with their concentric and terrible fire. The fighting now grew more desperate than before, and the loss was on both sides. Both armies were almost exhausted. Wellington had called up his last reserve, and his ranks were thinning fast. When the doctor called that night, he found a drizzle-fog with his men, and after sending the medical man up to the bath-room to wash the blood from his nose and cool his eyes, Jones went out to hunt for the Cornell Professor.

Is Our Climate Changing?
The Brooklyn "Eagle," noting the fact that the winters in New England and the Atlantic States are milder than formerly, while they are more severe in the Western States and Western Europe says:—Some of our shrewd observers are inclined to the belief that the last expedition reached the North Pole, and a reason for the apparent change. For the effect would be clearly felt upon the ice fields of the north, and the winds of the north would be much tempered to us. It seems to be a settled belief that the Great Sahara is like an immense furnace, from which hot winds sweep over Europe, and if this be so, why may not the great ice fields of the north be like a great refrigerator, from which the like, marrow-freezing winds sweep our continent. If this be accepted and the theory of the northward movement of the continent, tempering by its influence the northern latitude be adopted, we have an easy explanation of the change in our winters and summers, and a reason to believe that the change is permanent and for the future.

Gloomy Forebodings of the Russian and German Emperors.
(From the London World.)
The emperors of Russia and of Germany seem to have been put rather out of spirits by the late regal attempts. Both of them speak of the short time they have still to live, the latter particularly so. According to the official paper, his words were as follows:—
"We have arrived at an era which endeavors to overturn the principles of the fallacious hope of arriving at a better state of things. As far as concerns me, I can, according to all human probability, expect to live but a short time longer. I commend my life to Providence, and the criminal tendencies of the age will not prevent me from accomplishing my duties as a sovereign, as I have always heretofore done."

A Heroic Lighthouse Keeper.
The Acadians have a tradition that God expelled the serpent from Eden, and desolation on Labrador and Anticosti when he gave them to Cain for a heritage. However that may be, it is certain that while other wilds of the earth were the scene of the most terrible wars, these vast wastes remain ever wild and empty. The Indians called the island Naticocote—the country of walling—and under the modern corruption of Anticosti it had added to its terrible renown. Its whole history, from the day it was discovered by Jacques Cartier in 1534, to the present, it is a record of human suffering. Here and there, however, there is a tale of heroism worthy of a noble scene. In August 1869, the family of Edward Pope, keeper of the Ellis Bay lighthouse, was stricken down by typhoid fever, and to add to his misfortunes the revolving apparatus of his light broke, and Pope had no means of communi-

cating with the Marine Department at Quebec or elsewhere. The light revolved, or flashed, as the technical phrase is, every minute and a half; and if it flashed no more it would probably be mistaken for passing vessels in that region of fog for the stationary light at the west point of the Island, and thus lead to dire loss of life. Pope found that with a little exertion he could turn it and make it flash, and at once determined to fill the place of the automatic gear. According to his habit he sat in the turret, with his watch by his side, turning the light regularly at the allotted time every night, from 7 p. m. onwards, and from the middle of August until the first of December, and just until the first of April until the end of June, when the Government steamer came to his relief with a new apparatus. All through the first season, Pope's daughter and grand-children were ill unto death, with nobody save him to nurse them. He waited on them tenderly during the day, and at night fell on the iron-bound coast he hastened to his vigil in the turret, doing his duty to the Canadian Government and to humanity with unflinching devotion. In the second season his daughter, who had lived through the fever, took turns with him in the light room. This man may have saved a thousand lives. He died in 1872, and his death was not until this day been chronicled, for of the heroes of Anticosti, as of the long roll of her victims, the world knows nothing.—N. Y. World.

Jones's Experiment.
A Professor of Cornell University lately published a number of hints as to "What to do in Cases of Accident." One of these was as follows:—"If you choke, get down on all-fours and cough." One of our neighbors—we call him Jones—read this, and determined to remember it. The other day he was eating his dinner alone, and he choked upon a piece of beef. Instantly he got upon all-fours and began to cough. Just then Mrs. Jones came in, and she saw the position on her by Jones's extraordinary attitude and his barking was, that he had suddenly been attacked with hydrophobia. So she first seized the pitcher of water and took it from the room. Then she sent one of the girls up-stairs for the mattress, which was then thrown over Jones, while Mr. Jones and the family sat on him and held him down. The doctor who got the more alarmed was Mrs. Jones; and the more he swore and foamed at the mouth, the more she insisted upon the hired girl given an extra 10c for the clothes line around the yard and tying him to the stove. Then the doctor came and pulled Jones's arm under the mattress and bled him, and put by-bleeds on his feet, and promised to come around in the evening to shave his head, in order to cut his scalp, so as to relieve his brain. When the doctor called that night, he found a drizzle-fog with his men, and after sending the medical man up to the bath-room to wash the blood from his nose and cool his eyes, Jones went out to hunt for the Cornell Professor.

There will be pain and anguish in that institution of learning when Jones arrives. He means war to the knife.

Is Our Climate Changing?
The Brooklyn "Eagle," noting the fact that the winters in New England and the Atlantic States are milder than formerly, while they are more severe in the Western States and Western Europe says:—Some of our shrewd observers are inclined to the belief that the last expedition reached the North Pole, and a reason for the apparent change. For the effect would be clearly felt upon the ice fields of the north, and the winds of the north would be much tempered to us. It seems to be a settled belief that the Great Sahara is like an immense furnace, from which hot winds sweep over Europe, and if this be so, why may not the great ice fields of the north be like a great refrigerator, from which the like, marrow-freezing winds sweep our continent. If this be accepted and the theory of the northward movement of the continent, tempering by its influence the northern latitude be adopted, we have an easy explanation of the change in our winters and summers, and a reason to believe that the change is permanent and for the future.

Gloomy Forebodings of the Russian and German Emperors.
(From the London World.)
The emperors of Russia and of Germany seem to have been put rather out of spirits by the late regal attempts. Both of them speak of the short time they have still to live, the latter particularly so. According to the official paper, his words were as follows:—
"We have arrived at an era which endeavors to overturn the principles of the fallacious hope of arriving at a better state of things. As far as concerns me, I can, according to all human probability, expect to live but a short time longer. I commend my life to Providence, and the criminal tendencies of the age will not prevent me from accomplishing my duties as a sovereign, as I have always heretofore done."

A Heroic Lighthouse Keeper.
The Acadians have a tradition that God expelled the serpent from Eden, and desolation on Labrador and Anticosti when he gave them to Cain for a heritage. However that may be, it is certain that while other wilds of the earth were the scene of the most terrible wars, these vast wastes remain ever wild and empty. The Indians called the island Naticocote—the country of walling—and under the modern corruption of Anticosti it had added to its terrible renown. Its whole history, from the day it was discovered by Jacques Cartier in 1534, to the present, it is a record of human suffering. Here and there, however, there is a tale of heroism worthy of a noble scene. In August 1869, the family of Edward Pope, keeper of the Ellis Bay lighthouse, was stricken down by typhoid fever, and to add to his misfortunes the revolving apparatus of his light broke, and Pope had no means of communi-

cating with the Marine Department at Quebec or elsewhere. The light revolved, or flashed, as the technical phrase is, every minute and a half; and if it flashed no more it would probably be mistaken for passing vessels in that region of fog for the stationary light at the west point of the Island, and thus lead to dire loss of life. Pope found that with a little exertion he could turn it and make it flash, and at once determined to fill the place of the automatic gear. According to his habit he sat in the turret, with his watch by his side, turning the light regularly at the allotted time every night, from 7 p. m. onwards, and from the middle of August until the first of December, and just until the first of April until the end of June, when the Government steamer came to his relief with a new apparatus. All through the first season, Pope's daughter and grand-children were ill unto death, with nobody save him to nurse them. He waited on them tenderly during the day, and at night fell on the iron-bound coast he hastened to his vigil in the turret, doing his duty to the Canadian Government and to humanity with unflinching devotion. In the second season his daughter, who had lived through the fever, took turns with him in the light room. This man may have saved a thousand lives. He died in 1872, and his death was not until this day been chronicled, for of the heroes of Anticosti, as of the long roll of her victims, the world knows nothing.—N. Y. World.

Jones's Experiment.
A Professor of Cornell University lately published a number of hints as to "What to do in Cases of Accident." One of these was as follows:—"If you choke, get down on all-fours and cough." One of our neighbors—we call him Jones—read this, and determined to remember it. The other day he was eating his dinner alone, and he choked upon a piece of beef. Instantly he got upon all-fours and began to cough. Just then Mrs. Jones came in, and she saw the position on her by Jones's extraordinary attitude and his barking was, that he had suddenly been attacked with hydrophobia. So she first seized the pitcher of water and took it from the room. Then she sent one of the girls up-stairs for the mattress, which was then thrown over Jones, while Mr. Jones and the family sat on him and held him down. The doctor who got the more alarmed was Mrs. Jones; and the more he swore and foamed at the mouth, the more she insisted upon the hired girl given an extra 10c for the clothes line around the yard and tying him to the stove. Then the doctor came and pulled Jones's arm under the mattress and bled him, and put by-bleeds on his feet, and promised to come around in the evening to shave his head, in order to cut his scalp, so as to relieve his brain. When the doctor called that night, he found a drizzle-fog with his men, and after sending the medical man up to the bath-room to wash the blood from his nose and cool his eyes, Jones went out to hunt for the Cornell Professor.

There will be pain and anguish in that institution of learning when Jones arrives. He means war to the knife.

Is Our Climate Changing?
The Brooklyn "Eagle," noting the fact that the winters in New England and the Atlantic States are milder than formerly, while they are more severe in the Western States and Western Europe says:—Some of our shrewd observers are inclined to the belief that the last expedition reached the North Pole, and a reason for the apparent change. For the effect would be clearly felt upon the ice fields of the north, and the winds of the north would be much tempered to us. It seems to be a settled belief that the Great Sahara is like an immense furnace, from which hot winds sweep over Europe, and if this be so, why may not the great ice fields of the north be like a great refrigerator, from which the like, marrow-freezing winds sweep our continent. If this be accepted and the theory of the northward movement of the continent, tempering by its influence the northern latitude be adopted, we have an easy explanation of the change in our winters and summers, and a reason to believe that the change is permanent and for the future.

Gloomy Forebodings of the Russian and German Emperors.
(From the London World.)
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