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Reliance Loan and Savings Co.
Stock for Sale.

Choice bargains for investors in City
Dwelling Houses and other Real
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locations.

Fire and Life Insurance Attended to Promptly.

#### To Aerate Milk

"Is simply to expose it to the sir, and often does more harm than good, and the fall of

## **CLARIFY MILK**

istoremove all impurities from it, thereby removing the great danger of so many cases of sickness, espe-cially among children, that can be traced directly to the milk supply. MEAMFIED & ROTTLED MILK

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And will be delivered promptly

### MAPLE CITY CREAMERY

Dr. Neil Smith ..DENTIST ... ,

er A.I. McCall & Co's Drug Store Cor. King and Fifth Sts.

Life is worth the living in spit of what the dissatisfied may say.

Carter's

Little Liver Pills. Must Bear Signature of

Freut Good See Pac-Simile Wrapper Below

Very small and as easy to take as sugare CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIYER.
FOR CONSTIPATION
FOR SALLOW SKIN.

FOR THE COMPLEXION Price 28 Cents Purely Vegetable.

GURE SICK HEADACHE.

PUT BULLET THROUGH THIEF. ational Affair at Winnipeg Ends In Tragic Death.

Winnipeg, Oct. 16.—City Detective George Smith shot to death Oscar Gans, an alleged thief, as he was making a desperate effort to evade ar-

making a desperate effort to evade arrest.

The sensational climax of the chase was witnessed by a large number of people, who saw the fugitive leap from McFarlane's tailor shop at 335 Notre Dame avenue, pursued by the detective, rush west to the first corner, turn north for half a block and dash into a lane, turning east.

The officer shot him through the head as he was leaping over a fence, death being instantaneous. Smith had called on him to stop a number of times, but without avail, and fired a number of shots before the fatal one. Gans appeared at McFarlane's store Monday evening. He had several fur coats with him, and asked Mr. McFarlane if he wished to buy them. McFarlane told Gans that he had no money to pay on the coats then, but stated to the ivan that he would arrange a sale if he came around next morning.

Detective Smith, who had been sha-

next morning.

Detective Smith, who had been shadowing Gans, ascertained from Mr.

McFarlane of Gans' visit to the store.

PRISONERS SKIDOO.

J. Burk and W. Grey Escape From Toronto Jail.

Toronto, Oct. 16.—John Burk and William Grey, prisoners at the jail, escaped yesterday morning and are still at large.

Both men were on kitchen duty sarrying out slops with two other prisoners. They suddenly bolted through the steward's gate on Broadview avenue. Guard Frisby, who was in charge of them, raised the alarm. Steward McMillan made a dash and succeeded in capturing two of the men at his gate, but Burk and Grey got clear away, and sprinted up

men at his gate, but Burk and Grey got clear away, and sprinted up Broadview.

The men ran on and were lost in the Rosedale rayine.

The prisoners were "three monthers." Burk was convicted of illegal liquor selling, Grey hails from Mount Albert, and was found guilty of stealing grain from farmers north of the city. They were waiting transfer to the Central Prison.

#### SPEAKER TO REMAIN.

Premier Whitney Denies Yarn That Mr. Crawford Will Retire.

Toronto, Oct. 16.—In respect to the report that Mr. Speaker Crawford would retire from portical life upon the dissolution of the present House, and that on accepting the Speakership he had assured the Government he would not again be a candidate; Hon. Mr. Whitney westerday said.

would not again be a cannate; Fran.
Mr. Whitney yesterday said:
"To my knowledge nothing of the kind has occurred, and if it had occurred it would have come to my notice. I have no means of forming any opinion whatever as to Mr. Crawford's intentions in respect either to remaining in public life or retiring from it, but certainly no suggestion was ever made from any quarter in regard to what is in that story."

GLAD OF IT.

You don't know George, pa. He's generous to a fault.
I'm glad to hear it. Perhaps he'll be generous to some of yours.

#### Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy

"AL' DEALERS"

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff

WILL ATTACK THE FRENCH.

Mulai Hafid's Army, 8,000 Strong, Is Marching on Casablanca.

Mulai Hafid's Army, 8,000 Strong, Is Marching on Casablanca.

Paris, Oct. 16.—In a despatch from Tangier, a carespondent of the Petit Journal says that Mulai Hafid's army, 8,000 strong, is marching on Casablanca with the direct intention of attacking. Gen. Drude, commander of the French forces at Casablanca, is making elaborate preparations for defence. The tribesmen, who recently attacked a French column near Oudja, also are reforming and preparing for an attack.

Tangier, Oct. 16.—Judging from the latest semi-official declarations here, Sultan Abd-El-Aziz, during the conferences with the French Minister, M. Regnault, at Rabat, invited France to consider the question of establishing a protectorate over Morocco, including the immediate occupation of the entire coast.

The most disquieting feature of the general situation, with the exception of the entire coast.

The most disquieting feature of the general situation, with the exception of the entire situation, with the exception of the entire type of the sultan, that the ports be occupied by French troops, is the practical certainty that an attempt is now imminent to impose foreign military police upon the various seaports of Morocco, which, it is believed, will meet with fierce resistance upon the part of the natives.

The Franco-Spanish authorities

The Franco-Spanish authorities have announced their intention of beginning the new international police service early in November, and, with the chief of police, Col. Muller, the ex-officer in the Swiss army, they are now organizing the force and planning its installation.

While professing warm devotion to France, Abd-El-Aziz informed the French Minister, now at Rabat, that, though he gratefully accepted the services of the foreign officers in the organization of the international police, and would pay for them, the actual police force must be composed of Moorish subjects if France and he continue to regard the Algeciras Convention as the continue to regard the Algeciras Conventions as the continue to regard the Algeciras Conventions as the continue to th police force must be composed of Moorish subjects if France and he continue to regard the Algeciras Convention as being binding. France, however, desires to utilize large numbers of the soldiers of the foreign legion, Spahis, and other Algerian treops, known as "The Eutchers of Casablanca," which naturally is likely to excite the animosity of the natives. The importance of the attitude of Abd-El-Aziz towards the proposed French protectorate over Morocco, and occupation of the ports cannot be over-estimated. According to the view taken in diplomatic circles here, it means not only European intervention, probably with a reconsideration of the terms of the Algeciras Convention, but the immediate and thorough resistance of the natives, who are now wrought to the highest pitch of excitement by the report that Abd-El-Aziz is delivering rimself completely into the hands of the French. The resumption of business and restoration of normal conditions at Casablanca, as reported by the pro-French press of Morocco, are disproved by reliable information received here from Mazagan, which says:

"Moors returning here from Casablanca, if caught by the Government troops have ropes put around their necks, and are beaten through the camp."

SAUSAGES AND PUDDING.

Queer Ground For Divorce — Many Suits Filed at Pittsburg.
Pittsburg, Oct. 16.—A wave of divorce suits has struck Pittsburg. Yesterday common pleas courts Nos. 1, 2 and 3 started to hear the woes of 126 mismated couples all of whom are desirous to be freed of their matrimonial ties. Of the cases that are being heard, wives have brought the action in eighty-two of them, while forty-four husbands have made charges against their wives. Each of the 126 cases was scheduled for trial yesterday morning.

yesterday morning.

Most of the women charged their husbands with cruelty and infidelity, while most of the men charged their wives with ungovernable tempers.

Mrs. Anna M. Hodge had the most peculiar grisyance of entry of the weep larger than the most peculiar grisyance of entry of the weep larger than the most peculiar grisyance of entry of the weep larger than the most peculiar grisyance of entry of the weep larger than the most peculiar grisyance of entry of the weep larger than the most peculiar grisyance of entry of the weep larger than the most peculiar grisyance of entry of the weep larger than the most peculiar grisyance of entry of the weep larger than the most peculiar grisyance of entry the most peculiar grisyance of entry the most peculiar grisyance and the most peculiar grisyance of entry the most peculiar grisyance of entry the most peculiar grisyance and the most peculiar grisyance of entry the most peculiar grisyance and the mo

peculiar grievance of any of the wo-men. She said her husband would not give her anything to eat but sausages and rice pudding.

Paris, Oct. 16.—A wealthy American during the lunch hour Monday of the dressmaking establishments on the Rue De La Paix, got into conversation with two pretty young women, whom he thought were dressmakers. He promised to send them some picture postal-cards from Milan, and drew out his pocketbook and placed a card on it for them to write their addresses. Suddenly the bell recalling the girls to work was heard, and the young women rushed indoors, taking the pocketbook with them. It contained \$1,200. The police were not known in any dressmaker's establishment in the neighborhood.

Mr. Aylesworth's Condition. Mr. Aylesworth's Condition.

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—Hon, A. B. Aylesworth had intended to speak in North Wellington and East Northumberland during the bye-election campaigns, but is compelled by medical orders to forego the arrangement. The affection of the ear from which he is suffering is growing less acute and his hearing is improved. Hon, G. P. Graham intends to speak at both constituencies.

Stratford, Oct. 16.—An unknown oaby, aged two months, was found in a sewer tile in front of Robert Surr's residence on Shakespeare street, about 6 o'clock yesterday

morning.

The child, a girl, was wrapped in a black shawl, with no evidence to show who its inhuman mother is. It is being cared for at the hospital.

Cabbage His Downfall.

Woodstock, Oct. 16.—John O'Hanly. aged 63 years, was yesterday morning given six months in jail by Police Magistrate Ball. This is O'Hanly's 28th term in the Oxford jail His first crime was the theft of a abbage 40 years ago.

FAMOUS BISHOP DEAD.

Wilberforce of Chichester Dies

After Brief Illness.

Dr. Ernest Roland Wilberforce, ninety-fourth Bishop of Chichester, died from paralysis at Bembridge, Isle of Wight, at the age of 67. It is a singular coincidence that he should have died in the island, as he was born and married there. The bishop was a member of a family which has stood high in the esteem of the nation for generations. The name of his grandfather, William Wilberforce, will be forever associated with the cause of liberty, while many of the anti-slavery leader's descendants have added lustre by their services to the Church of England. Bishop Wilberforce's grandfather was mainly responsible for the bill for the abolition of slavery, which passed



DR. RENEST ROLAND WILRESPORCE through both Houses of Parliament exactly one hundred years ago, in

william Wilberforce had three sons, two of whom — both clergymen — left the Church of England for the Roman Catholic Church. The late bishop's tather was William Wilberforce's third son, the famous orator, Samuel Wilberforce, irreverently known as "Soapy Sam," who became Bishop of Oxford, and subsequently of Winchester. "Soapy Sam" was also the father of another celebrated Wilberforce—the present Archdeacon of Westminster, and permanent chaplain to the House of Commons, the Ven. Archdeacon Albert Basil Orme Wilberforce was educated at Harrow and Exeter College, Oxford. He became rector of Middleton Stoney, near Bicester, in 1866. Three years later he was appointed domestic chaplain to the Bishop of Winchester, sub-almoner to Queen Victoria in 1871, and Canon of Winchester in 1878. In 1882 he was consecrated Bishop of Chichester in 1896. The emoluments of that See are \$21,000 per annum. Bishop Wilberforce was an ardent tectotaler, but an inveterate smoker, and he inherited much of his famous father's diocesan energy. The bishop was twice married, first to Frances, third daughter of Sir C. Anderson, and secondly to Emily, only daughter of the late Canon Connor. Mrs. Wilberforce has received messages of sympathy from the King and from the Archbishop of Canterbury and other Church dignitaries. William Wilberforce had three sons

#### A MODERN BLUEBEARD.

Handsome London Bigamist One Year In Prison.

In Prison.

A more amazing bigamist than Bertrand Smith, who was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment at the New Bailey recently, is not known to Scotland Yard.

No fewer than six women have been married to him. Among the witnesses against him who were present in court were his actual wife, another woman whom he had married, and two girls whom he had promised to marry.

He is a handsome man of 46 years, with a carefully waxed moustache and

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No fewer than six women have been married to him. Among the witnesses against him who were present in court were his actual wife, another woman whom he had married, and two girls whom he had promised to marry.

He is a handsome man of 46 years, with a carefully waxed moustache and a very pleasant manner. Although a wheelwright, he was never seen in the street without a well-cut frock coat and a silk hat.

His influence over women is remarkable, and some of those whom he has most deeply wronged are still fascinated by the good-looking rogue. The first of his matrimonial adventures occurred when he was only 21. The bride was Miss Carrie Roberts, who now lives at Shepherd's Bush:
After living with his wife at. Mill-brook, Bedfordshire, for two years, he disappeared. In 1896 he was discovered at Manchester, and it was ascertained that in the meantime he had gone through the marriage ceremony with four different wemen.

For this he received the heavy sestence of seven years' penal servitude.
On his release in 1991 he vanished once more, to reappear in London at the end of last year.

Then he met Mrs. Alice Ross, a Kingsland widow, and undeterred by his previous punishment, induced her to marry him. He treated her with great cruelty, spent all bernothed for everything she possessed. His also became engaged to several others work and as regards increase of \$22,800,000. But Winnipeg with a production of \$25,000, and an increase of \$7,000, and an argards increase and that in everyge for production has increase of \$1,000 the works; it can be said that in everyge for production has increased substannel work is was \$1,400 in the five years. In 1900 it was \$31 for males and \$317 for fema

servants in Kingsland and Barnsbury, and lived on the money which he extorted from them.

This is as far as the police have been able to trace his adventures, but they believe there are many similar incidents which have not been brought to light.

Up to Date. "Where are you going to, my pretty maid?"

"Tm going to a lecture, sir," she said.
"May I come with you, my pretty

"Then you won't marry, my pretty

#### PROGRESS IN CANADA

GROWTH OF THE DOMINION IN THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

Foreign Trade Shows Enormous Increase-Manufactures Are Booming-Industrial Efficiency-Ontario and Quebec Forge Ahead-Value of Products In Principal Cities-Question of Labor and Capital.

Archibald Blue, chief officer of the Dominion Census Bureau, read a carefully prepared paper on "The Growth of Canada in the 20th Century" at

the C. M. A. convention recently. A wealth of detail in statistics A wealth of detail in statistics was given to show that our foreign trade, exclusive of coin and bullion, goods not the produce of Canada and exports estimated short, has grown from \$336,018,000 in the last fiscal year of the 19th century to \$518,800,000 in the sixth year of the 20th. Thirty years ago, at the end of a period of six years, it showed a gain of \$89,391,000, and at the end of our last perfect of six years the gain is \$182,748,000. Trade, transportation and banking have been the most active and potent of all agencies in the development of our country, said Mr. Blue.

Blue.

Comparing the areas of all field crops in 1905 and 1906, there were in the three western provinces 6,338,000 acres in the former and 8,408,000 in the latter year, being an increase of 2,070,000 acres or nearly 33 per cent. in one year. Last year's area was more than three times the area of all grops in 1900 yet it was only 28 per crops in 1900, yet it was only 28 per cent. of the land occupied as farms and only 7 per cent. of the surveyed land in the provinces.

Capital and Wages.

Taking all manufacturing works in Canada—those employing five hands and over and those employing less than five—the number for 1905 was 15,796. The capital employed in those works, including land; buildings, plant and working capital, was \$94,585,000, the number of employes on salaries and wages was 392,539 whose total earnings were \$165,000,000, and the total value of products was \$718,352,000. The capital employed in these works in 1905 was \$834,000,000, an increase of \$337,000,000; the number of employes was 383,920, an increase of 44,747; the amount of salaries and wages was \$162,175,000, an increase of 443,926,000; and the value of products was \$706,446,000, an increase of \$225,393,000.

The average ratio of capital to production for all industries in 1900 was 100 to 108, and in 1905 it was 100 to 85. The cause of this change is revealed in the returns of some of the recently organized works. The capital invested in electric light and power plants, for example, increased during the five years by \$63,500,000, and its ratio to production was 100 to 9.44. So also with smelting works like those in Nova Scotia, Ontario and British Columbia, whose capital has been increased by \$76,000,000, the ratio to production is 100 to 32.50.

Increase In Food Products.

Large increases have been made Capital and Wages.

production is 100 to 32.50.

Increase In Food Products.

Large increases have been made in food products, timber and lumber and their re-manufactures, metals and metal products other than steel, iron and steel products, textiles, cars, carriages, wagons, etc., and paper and printing.

As showing growth in industrial efficiency, which implies improved methods and machinery and harder work, it can be said that in every group of our industries the average of production has increased substantial that the state of the state

Capital and products show large increases in the five years for every province of the Dominion, except Prince Edward Island, but the large figures are shown for Ontario, and Quebec. In Ontario, the greatest increase of production is in flour and grist mill products, which is over \$14,000,000, and in Quebec it is in car works and repairs, which is over \$7,000,000. Seven of thirteen principal industries in Ontario and three of nine in Quebec have values of \$10,000,000 and over.

In fourteen cities and towns with increases in the values of product of \$2,000,000 and aver, Montreal stands first with a production of \$28,625,000, and an increase of \$27,300,000. Hamilton is third, with a production of \$26,625,000, and an increase of \$7,7500,000. But Winnipeg with a production of \$18,933,000 shows an increase of \$10,367,000, and Peterboro with \$11,566,000 shows an increase of \$7,777,000, and as regards increase of \$7,777,000, and as exceeds Hamiltón at the end of the five years. Vancouver and Sault Ste. Marie also exceed London in the same comparison.

In the fourteen cities and towns the

comparison.

In the fourteen cities and towns the increase in the value of manufactures in the five years is \$112,419,000 or 58 per cent. Montreal's increase is 40 per cent., and Toronto's is 47 per cent.

Canadian House Furniture. Canadian manufacturers of house furniture would find a much larger market in England if they would conform to the slight detail of finish that the British public demands. In the matter of office, furniture the Canadian article meets all the requirements. It is to the medium-class furniture that the chief objection is taken, the polishing being considered defective.

Undoubtedly the best brewed on the continent. Proved to be so by aralysis of four chemists, and by awards of the world's great Exhibitions, especially Chicago 1893, where it received ninety-six points out of a possible hundred, much higher than any other Porter in the United States or Canada.

#### CHASING RAINBOWS.

Folks to Whom Happiness is Always
Just Out of Reach.

How many people go through life de
luded with the conviction that if they
could only get a little more money, get
into a little more comfortable position, own a little better home, or it
they could only get over the particular trouble that is annoying them at
the time, they would be happy.

I know a man who had a very hard
boyhood, suffered aftest poyerty, who

I know a man who had a very hard boyhood, suffered great poyerty, whe is now fifty years old, and he has always honestly believed that if he could only get the particular thing he was after or get over the particular difficulty that was annoying him at the moment he would be perfectly happy, but he is the same anxious, restless, expectant spirit today as when a youth. He has been quite successa youth. He has been quite successful and has done some very remarkable things, but he is invariably in hot water. There is always something that nettles him or destroys his happiness, and, although he is a well meaning man, he has made his family, his employees and everybody about him very unhappy because he is al-ways fretting and worrying, always orrowing trouble.-Success

In proportion as nations get more corrupt more disgrace will attach to coverty, and more respect to wealth.

#### FISHES IN SLEEP.

In Most Species They Experience Change of Color.

The way fishes sleep is a study which few people have taken up, but which is nevertheless very interesting. They are very light sleepers and frequently assume singular positions, but the most remarkable thing is the change of color which the majority of them undergo while asleep. Usual of them undergo while asleep. Usual ly their spots and stripes become darker and more distinct when they have successfully sought temporary ob

livion. Sometimes the pattern of their cott oring is entirely changed. The ordi-nary porgy, for instance, presents is the daytime beautifully iridescent have playing over its silvery sides, but a night, on failing asleep, it takes on a dull bronze tint, and six conspicuous on its sides.

If it is suddenly awakened by the If it is suddenly awakened by the turning up of the gas in the aquarium it immediately resumes the silver; color that it shows by daylight.

Naturalists ascribe these changes to

the principle of "protective coloration" and point out that the appearance of black bands and the deepening of the spots serve to conceal the fish from their enemies when lying amid the

Kind words are helpful.

# Clearance Sale Of Discontinued Styles of Pianes

Every year or so we change the style of our designs and issue new catalogues. Our 1907 catalogue is just out, showing the latest styles with which we are stocking up heavily. But we have on hand a few pianos which are not in the new catalogue. They have been discontinued in favor of some slightly different designs. The pianos are new, perfect in every way. However, as they are last year's styles, we have decided to clear them out.

Buy at once if you want one

2 New Upright Pianos, regular \$350, Sale Price \$280 3 New Upright Pianos, regular \$400, Sale Price \$320 2 New Upright Pianos, regular \$450, Sale Price \$360 New Upright Pianos, regular \$500, Sale Price \$400

Also a large list of slightly used and

# Second-Hand Organs and **Pianos**

that we are willing to sacrifice

ORGANS at \$15, \$20, \$25, \$35 and \$50. SQUARE PIANOS at \$50, \$75, \$90 and \$100. UPRIGHT PIANOS at \$150, \$175, \$200 and \$225

With each instrument we furnish a stool and pay freight to any point in Ontario. ALL FULLY GUARANTEED. Cash in one payment; or easy terms on the installment plan f desired.

# The House of

188 Dundas St., London, J. J. CALLAGHAN, Manager