

BURLINGTON WRECK.

Broken Flange Results In Loss of a Life.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 17.—A special says that a fast Burlington train from Denver to Chicago was wrecked a mile east of Russell Thursday, injuring 11 persons, two of whom may die. The derailment of the front truck of the first mail coach, caused by a broken flange, was the cause of the wreck.

Louis N. Wilson, Kansas City, was killed. The severely hurt include: Mrs. J. B. Ryssel, New Brunswick, Canada, internally injured, may die.

A CORDIAL INVITATION TO DIS-EASE.

This is an apt description of constipation. It's an unnatural condition to begin with, and it's more, because it brings about blood sterilization, interferes with digestion, renders you susceptible to infective diseases and causes anemia. Not so much a purgative as a natural stimulant to the bowels is what you need. You get it in Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which increase liver activity, restore the bowels to perfect action and positively cure constipation and its attendant evils. Insist on having only Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butterbur; 25c. per box at all dealers.

Girl Determined to Die.

New York, Aug. 17.—After vainly trying three times to commit suicide by hanging herself in her cell, Regina Goldner, a young woman, prisoner in the Tombs prison, made a fourth and probably successful attempt to end her life yesterday by throwing herself over the balcony of the prison into the court below. The girl was recently convicted of attempting suicide and had been remanded to prison to await sentence. She was removed to Bellevue Hospital in a dying condition.

HAY FEVER GERMS ARE NOW FLOATING ABOUT

They are in the air everywhere, too minute to see, but just waiting for a chance to get into your lungs. Then they will play havoc with your breathing apparatus, and you'll wonder what to do. The doctor will say you had better inhale Catarrhine, for it kills Hay Fever germs, and, moreover, is dead certain to reach them. Catarrhine cures every time, and absolutely prevents the disease from returning. You inhale Catarrhine with this air breathed; it goes directly to the source of the trouble and kills it by removing the cause. At drug stores, or sent with guarantee of cure, to any address for \$1.00 forwarded to Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Child Painfully Hurt.

Kingston, Aug. 18.—Robert Shaw, the 18-month-old son of Chas. Shaw of King street, while playing with a small stick fell, the stick penetrating the roof of his mouth. The stick made a very nasty wound, the cut in the roof of his mouth being nearly half an inch deep and very jagged.

Sharper Given Sentence.

Bellevue, Aug. 19.—William H. Wilson, who was arrested in Toronto, charged with obtaining, by false pretences, \$30 from an immigrant named Alford, in this city, was sentenced Saturday by Magistrate Masson and given six months in the Central Prison.

To put the brake on the wagon going down the hill is a help to the horse, when the wagon is heavily loaded. But what driver would think of applying the brake to a loaded wagon going up hill? If he did, his sensible horses would probably balk. Many a man is in the condition of pulling a load up hill with the brake set against him. When his stomach is out of order, and the allied organs of digestion and nutrition impaired in their functions, a friction is set up which has to be overcome in addition to the performance of daily duties. A foul stomach makes a foggy brain, and the man with a disordered stomach has often to grope his way through the day's business like a man in a fog. He forgets appointments and problems seem presented to his mind "wrong end to." This condition is entirely remedied by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It puts the stomach and digestive nutritive system into a condition of perfect health, and gives a clear brain, a steady hand and a light step for the day's duties. Dr. Pierce's medicines do not contain alcohol or other injurious ingredients; they are not patent medicines because their ingredients are printed on the label of each bottle.

An ounce of assistance is worth a pound of advice.

Quail on Toast is the best 5 cent O'Gair in the market—made by O'Brien Bros.

There is no logic so powerful as necessity.

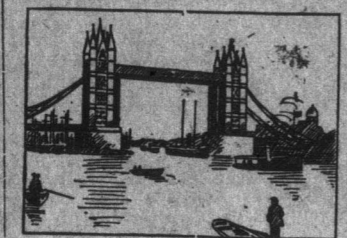
Lord Lake is the best 10c. O'Gair in the market—made by O'Brien Bros.

SOME FAMOUS BRIDGES.

Scotland Boasts Longest in the World—Crosses the Forth.

Bridges have played an important part in history, and from the days when Trajan built the bridge across the Danube there has been a steady development in the perfection of these structures.

One of the most peculiar bridges in the world is the tubular suspension bridge across Menai Strait. This bridge consists of two lines of immense tubing, each 1,500 feet long, supported by three granite towers beside the shore abutments. This strange



TOWER BRIDGE.

bridge is 100 feet above the sea, and weighs 11,000 tons.

The famous Niagara Suspension Bridge was begun in 1852 and completed in 1855. It is 245 feet above the water and 821 feet long.

The Forth Bridge, over the Forth of Forth, near Edinburgh, has two cantilever spans each 1,710 feet in length, the longest in the world. The total length of this structure is one and four-sevenths miles, and there were 51,000 tons of steel used in its construction.

The first cast-iron bridge in the world was the Coalbrookdale Bridge, England, which was built in 1770. The famous Brooklyn Bridge was begun in 1867, and not finished in nearly seventeen years. Its total cost was about fifteen million dollars.

There have been several London bridges. The first was one at the end of the tenth century, and another in 1014 built of wood. In 1176, Colchester began a stone bridge across the Thames, which was not finished until 1209. The new London bridge was begun in 1824, and completed in seven years at the cost of one and a half million dollars.—Record-Herald.

EMIGRANTS FROM POPLAR.

Canada Is Displeased With a Drunk-on-Sample.

At a recent meeting of the Poplar guardians there was read a series of letters dealing with the conduct of men who had recently been sent to Canada by the guardians.

The Assistant Superintendent to the Emigration branch of the Government of Canada wrote:

I enclose a copy of a letter addressed to the Superintendent of the Emigration Department of Toronto, with respect to a party of emigrants who, I understand, came from your union. I beg to advise you that further emigration of the character of those who have been refused admission unless you have previously given an assurance that they have completely broken off such habits as are referred to in the letter.

The enclosed letter stated: On Sunday there arrived here some thirty-one men, bringing cards of introduction. Picking out the one who appeared to be the least drunk of the lot, I learned that he had been engaged upon some farm colony some three or four months. They received express orders when they landed, which they obeyed in Toronto, and immediately proceeded to get drunk. At the lodging-house they raised such a disturbance that they had to be sent for the patrol wagon, and sent several to the police station. They are, without exception, the toughest lot that I have seen for years.

The guardians propose to express regret at the circumstances reported.

Strange London Schools.

In a slum corner of the East End of London there lives a man who is by profession a language teacher of parrots, and he carries on a very successful business. Parrots are sent to his establishment from all quarters, and in a very short space of time the proprietor sends them back to their respective owners with remarkable ability to chatter. He especially is to teach parrots to speak sentences in various languages, according to the particular foreign market to which they are to be sold.

Another interesting academy in the East End of London is a musical institution for birds. The proprietor has several rooms in each of which is a phonograph. His feathered pupils hang in the rooms, and get them to catch the refrain by constant repetition. He is able to teach a bird one song weekly, and his standard charge is half-a-crown for three weeks' tuition.

There is an academy for canines in a certain South London borough, which is known to all the prominent circus people of Europe, and which is the "old school" of many of the performing dogs in Great Britain at the present time. The interior is fitted up with trapezes, vaulting-boards, bars, rings, and other tricker's apparatus, and day by day, tumbling and jumping dogs and all sorts of performing canines are taught their clever tricks. It is, perhaps, unnecessary to add that the proprietor enjoys the benefit of a first-class income.—The Captain.

Might Be Worse.

Mark Twain once received a letter from his brother, who complained that he was afflicted with a boil and the jumping toothache at the same time and inquired if he had ever heard of a worse combination. "No," wrote the sympathetic Mark, "and I can imagine only one that might be worse—that would be to have inflammatory rheumatism and St. Vitus' dance at the same time."

In the Jungle.

Billy Hippo-Lion said that if I didn't pay him that money I owed him he was going to take it out of my hide.

DeMonk—Well, he'd have to use a steam drill to do that, wouldn't he?



When "sweets" lose their sweetness—and "substantials," their charm—there are always MOONEY'S PERFECTION CREAM SODAS to coax back the appetite.

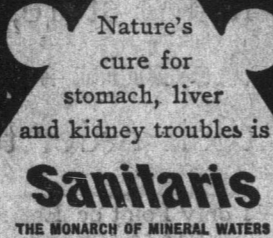
Do YOU know how good they are?

SPAIN WANTS FLOUR.

Removes Excise Tax on American Imported Cereals.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The Spanish Government has ordered the removal of the excise tax on importations of American flour.

It is expected that the result will be a large increase in the export flour trade with Spain, as there is a considerable shortage in the cereal crop in that country this year.



F. A. ROBERT, Agent, Chatham.

Mill at Dundalk Burns.

Dundalk, Aug. 19.—About 2 o'clock yesterday morning Dundalk citizens were awakened by the alarm of fire, when it was discovered the planing mill owned and operated by George Wood & Son was on fire. The flames had made such headway that none of the valuable machinery or other contents could be saved, and the efforts of the fire brigade were directed towards saving adjoining buildings. Wood & Son's loss on building, machinery and lumber will be about \$6,000, insurance \$1,000.

MAKE OTHERS HAPPY

Do not compel someone to rub your aching back or limbs this winter, but start right in and take



It will clear your system of Rheumatism and all other kidney diseases, making you happy, consequently cured. 50c. a box at Drug Stores or by Mail. 92 THE CLAPTON CHEMICAL CO. LIMITED, WINDSOR, ONT.

Brakeman Killed.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Aug. 19.—John Parker, aged 30, unmarried, a Michigan Central Railway transfer brakeman, while stepping from the top of one car to another when the train was in motion, fell between the cars in Montrose yards and had both legs badly crushed and his spine injured. The man was taken to the General Hospital, where he succumbed to his injuries.

Nurses' Mothers' Treasure

Most reliable medicine for baby. Used over 50 years. First compounded by Dr. P. E. F. in 1855.

Makes Baby Strong

Restores the little organs to perfect health. Gives sound sleep, without resort to opium or other injurious drugs. At apothecaries, 25c. 6 bottles \$1.25. National Drug & Chemical Co. Ltd., Montreal.

The Difference.

"Pa, what's the difference between the meaning of prepared and ready?" "Well, there's many a person who may be prepared to die, but I never saw one who was ready."

Don't keep so busy making money to afford pleasure that you have no time to devote to pleasure.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

The social climber believes that all's well that ends well.

NO COAL.

Looks As Though Northwest Would Again Suffer From Fuel Famine.

Cleveland, Aug. 3.—The northwest will suffer a more severe coal famine during the coming winter than the record-breaking one last year, which cost so many lives, according to local coal shippers.

It is declared that the inability of the railroads to supply the boats with enough coal and the great demand for ore, occasioned by the closing of the strike of ore handlers, will bring about a far-reaching shortage of fuel at the upper lakes. With good fortune the region on the west side of the upper lakes will have from 3,000,000 to 5,000,000 tons of coal less than it will require, according to estimates.

Ohio shippers are rushing fuel to the upper lakes ports in every vessel they can charter. Since the opening of navigation shipments to the head of the lakes are considerably greater at this time than a year ago. A prominent mine owner said yesterday:

"There are now 100 big ore carriers up the lakes awaiting cargoes. They cannot get away till the ore reaches the docks, which means a delay of perhaps 10 days. Those big vessels when they reach Ohio ports with ore are not going to take back coal."

"No vessel owner who is not under contract to carry coal will wait for a coal load, so the northwest probably, even with 12,000,000 tons of coal on the docks at Cleveland, will experience another fuel famine before next spring."

CROWNED HEADS MEET.

Elaborate Preparations Made to Ensure Safety of Nicholas.

Berlin, Aug. 3.—Emperor William of Germany and Emperor Nicholas of Russia are to meet to-day in the Baltic Sea off Swinemünde.

Emperor William will be on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, and the Russian Emperor on his yacht, the Standart.

The German Baltic fleet will be present to give color to the occasion. The German authorities are taking every precaution to ensure the safety of the Russian Emperor. A large number of marine policemen will be sent to-day from Stettin to Swinemünde to do guard duty on shore.

The news of the meeting of the two crowned heads has been welcomed by the German press. It is announced that the Russian sovereign is coming for several days of friendly intercourse with Emperor William. This meeting is pre-eminently personal in character, and, it is said, is dictated by no specific political purpose, and there is therefore no occasion for any one to view it with distrust or suspicion. In conclusion the paper says:

"The German people see in this meeting an expression of the hearty relations existing between the houses of the two rulers and between the two countries, that are bound together by many mutual interests."

PULLS OUT.

Richardson Withdraws From Idaho Case on Account of His Associate.

Denver, Col., Aug. 3.—The news yesterday that E. F. Richardson of Denver, who was one of W. D. Haywood's counsel at Boise, has withdrawn from any further connection with the defence of officials and others of the Western Federation of Miners.

The whole sum and substance of the matter is that I cannot endure Darrow's methods," said Richardson. "If I do not sanction Socialism, at least not when it is coupled with trying a legal suit; especially when that case is a murder case and means a man's life."

Money for Mexico.

Montreal, Aug. 3.—It is said that the visit of Eugene O. Creel, Mexican ambassador to the United States, who has gone to Ottawa to discuss with Mr. Laurier some developments in connection with the relations of the Dominion and the great Isthmian republic is of great financial significance.

A large amount of Canadian capital has been invested in Mexican enterprises, both electric and mining, and Mr. Creel, who has during the principal part of his life been closely associated with Mexican banks and railways, desires to effect alliances between the banks of which he is the controlling spirit in Mexico, and the principal banking institutions of Canada. The object of this alliance is a free inflow of capital from Canada to Mexico.

Mr. Creel had conferences with the heads of the Bank of Montreal, the Bank of Commerce and other financial institutions.

Pure Food Congress.

Paris, Aug. 3.—When Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry in the United States Agricultural Department, returns to Washington he will recommend that the American Government call an international pure food congress to establish international food standards. He says the French Government is favorable to this scheme.

While in France Mr. Wiley has investigated the use of sulphate of copper in peas and other vegetables exported to America.

Worry and Suicides.

Woodstock, Aug. 3.—James Smith committed suicide on the farm of his brother William of Glandford Township, near Baldo, by hanging himself in the barn.

Despondency and worry over his physical condition is believed to be the cause. Smith came home from California a couple of years ago, and has since been in very poor health.

Dundas Cadets Win.

Ottawa, Aug. 3.—In the cadet series of competitions of the Canadian Military Rifle League, Dundas High School won first place, Guelph Cadet Battalion second, and Ottawa Public School third.

There were twelve entries for this, the first year, of a series for cadets. They shoot on their own ranges.



PRANCED ON CORNICE.

Drunken Hospital Patient Performs Daring Stunt.

Edmonton, Alta., Aug. 19.—An intoxicated man named George E. Wood pranced about on the cornice of the Misericordia Hospital, three stories from the ground, while in a state of drunken frenzy. Wood has been under treatment in the hospital for his amusements. He was sufficiently recovered to go down town, was permitted to do so. While out of the hospital he imbibed too freely of intoxicants and returned to the infirmary the worse of liquor. He retired to bed peacefully enough, but soon panted for air and freedom. Going out on the cornice he pranced in brief costume like a sentinel on watch until he finally decided to orate to an imaginary crowd below from the vantage position of the tower on the corner of the building.

He attempts to induce him to return to the hospital from his perilous position were vain till a bottle of whiskey was procured. When this was exhibited to his view he immediately retraced his steps, and when once inside was confined to the building till his senses were restored. The occurrence is remarkable, because it would be difficult for an experienced acrobat to make the same trip when sober that Wood did when under the influence of booze.

WAR BUDGET LIMITATION.

Modified British Proposition Adopted at The Hague.

The Hague, Aug. 19.—The Peace Conference Saturday afternoon held its fourth plenary session, which has been termed "the funeral of the limitation of armaments question."

The following resolution, proposed by Sir Edward Fry, was unanimously adopted:

"This conference confirms the resolution adopted by the conference of 1899 regarding the limitation of military burdens, and as military burdens have been considerably augmented in almost all countries since 1899 it declares it is highly desirable to see the Governments earnestly resume the study of this question."

When the resolution was put it was received with a good salvo of hand-clapping, especially from the Chinese delegates and those from some of the younger republics.

Sir Edward Fry, the head of the British delegation, in a speech proposing the resolution pointed out that the expenditure of European countries and the United States, excluding Turkey and Montenegro, for armies and navies had increased from \$251,000,000 sterling in 1899 to \$320,000,000 sterling in 1906. Lamenting this fact, he said: "Such is Christian peace in the civilized world in the twentieth century."

It is moderately clear now that the conference is practically at a deadlock. The projected convention for arranging that five years hence the signatory powers should draw up a program to be dealt with by the next conference in 1914 has been abandoned.

The question, therefore, remains open, and affords fresh evidence that the practical sense of the conference has no trust whatever in the present institution. Many hope that if there is another assembly it will be held without the assistance of any naval or military delegates, that it be definitely an international law conference based on the principles of arbitration. They point out that resolutions on armaments, a side question, and the conduct of warfare are so utterly platitudinous as to prove the uselessness of the military element, which has naturally put its professional faith in its own arms above any shadowy restraints that can be accepted here even as international law.

The people who are at odds naturally try to get even.

PILES

"I thought I must go on suffering from piles until I died; but Zam-Buk cured me," says Mrs. E. Reed, of Stearns (Ont.), and adds: "I was so weakened that I could hardly move about, and a little weight caused me great agony. Then I heard of the great Zam-Buk, and I am thankful to say that it has cured me."



STRICTLY PRIVATE

YOUR MARRIAGE LICENSE

AND WEDDING RING

VONGUNTEN'S

FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big 6 for unmarried men, and Big 8 for married men. For men, Big 6 for unmarried men, and Big 8 for married men. For women, Big 6 for unmarried women, and Big 8 for married women. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, postpaid, for \$1.25. On a bottle for \$2.50. Circular sent on request.

CALLING CARDS, INVITATIONS, WEDDING ANNOUNCEMENTS AND ENVELOPES

to match, Programs, Pencils, Etc., can always be obtained at The Planet Office.

MARKED FISH IN THE SEA.

Thousands Caught, Numbered and Put Back in British Channel.

Catching fish, measuring and marking them and then returning them to the sea with the chance of retaking them later is part of the work carried on by the Marine Biological Association of Great Britain.

By means of a stream trawler the fish are caught in the usual way. Each haul is carefully recorded, the fish are counted and measured and all details of locality, time, number, species, sex and size are put down, together with accurate observations on the water, the depth and bottom of the sea, the kinds and quantity of food available, etc. These data are subsequently tabulated and charted.

The method of marking the fish is interesting, for has been attended with valuable results. The fish chiefly used during the few years the experiment has been in progress have been plaice, because the proposals which have been made to interfere with the catching of them were based on inadequate knowledge.

The fish are marked on the dorsal surface with a very thin convex metal disk bearing a number. This is attached to a fine silver wire which is passed through the thinner part of the fish and secured on the underside by a small bone button. The fish are not appear to suffer inconvenience, and their growth is not interfered with in any way.

The thoroughness with which the North Sea is swept by the nets of the fishing fleet is demonstrated, says Discovery, by the fact that over 900 marked plaice of all sizes, 992 were recaptured within a year. This represents 19.7 per cent., or nearly one-fifth but for the medium sized fish the figures are far higher, ranging from 28.4 to 39 per cent. for the whole of the North Sea and to 43 per cent. in the more northern portions.

The men of the regular fishing fleet co-operate by forwarding to the laboratory of the association at Lowestoft all the marked fish they catch. At the laboratory reference to the records easily establishes how much fish has gained in size and weight since the previous catching. Moreover, the distance between the spot where it was released and the place where it was caught establishes its movements.

ROGUE ELEPHANT'S WORK.

Human Life and Property Destroyed By Them In India.

Mr. Lloyd and Mr. James were camping in the vicinity of Mohong Garden when one of their elephants, breaking his chains, made a dash for it. The day roams the Teral Doon and the Moorong with his jungle mates, writes the Teral, Bengal correspondent of The India Field.

For thirty years that and other elephants have been allowed to work their wicked will on human life and property untrammelled, and the tale of mortality has grown year by year till it is past bearing. About two years ago the Government offered a reward of 300 rupees for the destruction of Mr. Lloyd's runaway, which is now known as the club-footed rogue by reason of some malformation of the chain round his foot, which made it swell out. He is said to have but a single tusk. I am under the impression that the same animal is known by the name of "the Roora rogue," and the number of his victims alone mount high, though I am certain that he is not the only offender.

Last September an old woman and her two young children were sleeping in their hut. Hearing movements about their granary in the night, one of the children woke up their mother, saying that there were thieves at their door. The sound of human voices was enough. An elephant which had just torn off the grainhouse charged the house and killed the woman and child; one child escaping by hiding. Next morning showed this animal to have been a female for she had a calf with her. Though retreating to the Government reserved forest at night, Teral elephants are getting bolder and bolder, advancing well into the cultivated houses and gardens everywhere, till the dread and loss caused by them are so great that tenants are throwing up their lands on all sides.

King Edward Had No Cash.

A valuable autograph is in the possession of a shopkeeper in Bond street in the form of a cheque signed by King Edward. It happened a week or two ago that His Majesty entered the shop to make a purchase, and finding himself not provided with sufficient cash, pulled out his cheque book and drew a draft upon Messrs. Coutts.

The incident is probably without precedent, and it is certain that the cheque has not been presented at the bank for payment, the tradesman much preferring to retain the document, as it is said that no other cheque payable to a tradesman and bearing the King's signature is in existence.

As a matter of fact His Majesty seldom knows the luxury of spending money, for his real "privy purse" is invariably carried by an equerry or gentleman in attendance, who pays all outgoing. In fact the King often carries no money at all.—London Tit-Bits.

Seems Rather Doubtful.

An extraordinary story of an incident at St. Giles' Church, Colchester, is published in London. The church is in course of demolition for rebuilding, and it was thought fit to remove the coffins of Lady Ann and Lady Johanna Lucas, which were deposited in a vault near that containing the remains of Lucas and Lisle, two gallant cavaliers, who were shot by order of Gen. Fairfax after the siege of Colchester.

When a leaden coffin containing the body of Lady Johanna Lucas was lifted an aperture was accidentally made in it, and to the consternation of the lookers-on, it is said, a quantity of blood streamed out. The corpse was interred in July, 1571.



TIME TABLE



Steamer City of Chatham

Will make her regular round trip from Chatham to Detroit every MONDAY and WEDNESDAY, leaving Rankin Dock, South Chatham, at 7:30 a.m., and returning leaves Detroit, foot of Randolph Street, at 3:00 p.m. Detroit time, or 4 p.m. Chatham time.

Will also make round trips from Detroit to Chatham every FRIDAY and SATURDAY, leaving Detroit, foot of Randolph Street, at 8 a.m. Detroit time, or 9 a.m. Chatham time, returning will leave Chatham 8 p.m. Detroit time or 4 p.m. Chatham time, arriving in Detroit about 6 p.m.

SINGLE TRIPS—Thursday leaving Chatham at 9:30 a.m., Sunday leaving Detroit at 8 o'clock, Detroit time, or 9 p.m. Chatham time. Round trip, 75c. One way, 50c. A. RIBBLE, Master.



TORONTO-MONTREAL LINE.

3.00 p.m.—Steamer leave Toronto daily for Montreille (Rochester), 1000 Islands and Montreal.

HAMILTON-MONTREAL LINE.

6.30 p.m.—Leave Toronto Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Bay of Quinte, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and intermediate ports. For tickets and berth reservation apply to:

W. E. RISPIN or H. FREMONT, Agents R. & O. Co., Chatham, Ont. H. Foster Chaffee, A.G.P.A., Toronto.