

The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XII

CHATHAM ONT. THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1903

NO. 266

SALE OF Linen Table Cloths

ON FRIDAY—Bleached Linen Table Cloths, 2 1/2 yards wide, bordered all around, in elegant floral designs, good serviceable weight, pure bleached, fine glossy finish, on sale Friday at each, \$1.43

SALE OF MEN'S UNDERWEAR

ON FRIDAY—20 Dozen Men's Undershirts and Drawers, made by the Galt Knitting Company—their famous "Elastic Rib" and "Guaranteed Unshrinkable"—an overmake of the mill and a little off color. See our display in East Window. Pure wool goods, regular value \$1.25 a garment, on sale for 75c

SPECIAL SALE OF DRESS GOODS

ON FRIDAY—12 pieces Canadian made all wool Homespuns and Friezes, suitable for jackets, skirts and suits, in shades of green, brown and light grey, regular prices 75c, 85c, and \$1.00 a yard, all 1 1/2 yards wide, on sale Friday only for 50c

SALE OF DENIMS

ON FRIDAY—4 pieces of Blue Art Denims in navy and bluette shades, 36 in. wide, suitable for floor covering, furniture covering, etc., regular price 25c a yard, on sale Friday only, very special at a yard, 12 1-2c

SALE of ART SATEEN and ART DENIMS

ON FRIDAY—20 pieces of fine figured Art Sateens and Denims, 34 in. and 36 in. wide, in Oriental, Conventional and Floral Designs in every desirable combination of colorings, 20 designs from which to select, suitable for hangings and coverings and cushion tops, regular price 25c a yd, your choice on Friday only at 14c

SALE OF CURTAIN NETS

ON FRIDAY—Swiss Tambour Curtain Net, correct for sash and door curtains, in white only, very dainty design, regularly sold at 45c a yard, Friday for 25c

VELVET CARPET FOR \$1.00 A YARD.

Extraordinary offering in English Velvet Carpets, with borders to match, in excellent designs in brown and green effects, made and laid on your floor, very special at a yard, \$1.00

THOS. STONE & SON.

2 WAYS

Of doing business. Some content themselves selling few goods at large profits. We want to sell lots of goods at small profits. That's why we are kept busy all the time.

7 lbs. Rolled Wheat, 25 cts.
Pickles, 10c, per bottle
Soda Biscuits, 5c, per lb.
New Prunes 5 cts per lb.
3 lb. Tins Soda Biscuits, 25c
Ginger Snaps, 6c per lb., good quality
1 lb. fresh ground coffee, 15c.

GROCERY

Our China for presents is selling fast—large assortment fine new goods at prices that will ensure quick sales. Dinner, Tea and Chamber Sets at a price that keeps them on the move. Call and see them.

John McConnell,

Phone 190, Park St.

**BEST SCRANTON COAL**

AT LOWEST PRICES.
Prompt delivery can be made now.
Telephone 54.
Office—Opposite G. T. Ry. Hotel, Queen Street.

J. G. STEEN**PABBOTT & RUTHERWELL.**

Are selling Real Estate right along. They mean business.

Owners of property who desire to sell are quick to make a note of this. They are agents for The Monarch Fire Insurance Company; and they have houses to rent.

SAVE YOUR MUSIC

By having it hand-somely bound at the
PLANET OFFICE

WANTS COLONIES TO ACT.

MR. PEASE ASKS WHAT THEY ARE READY TO OFFER.

Over One Hundred South Russian Agriculturists Sail For Canada—Franco-Canadian Trade Increases.

London, Nov. 5.—J. A. Pease, M.P., Liberal, speaking at Darlington last night, said he believed that he was one of the few members who had been elected after advocating reciprocity with the colonies, but he would not pledge himself to any particular method nor till he knew what the colonies were prepared to offer us.

One hundred and twenty South Russian agriculturists sailed yesterday by the steamer Mount Temple for Canada. They will settle in the neighborhood of Winnipeg.

Mr. Kenrick Murray, Secretary of the London Chamber of Commerce, in his report dealing officially with his tour of Canada, speaks enthusiastically of Canada's future, especially of the wheat-producing districts. He also speaks highly of the industrial enterprise exhibited by Canadians, particularly in regard to electrical development.

A correspondent in France writes an interesting note of the Canadian commercial men one meets here in favor of Mr. Chamberlain's plan. He believes that the erection of a British tariff wall will greatly increase Franco-Canadian trade.

CANADIAN LOYALTY.

Comments Following Mr. Aylesworth's Speech.

London, Nov. 5.—The Standard, referring to Mr. A. B. Aylesworth's speech, hopes his assurance that Canadian loyalty will not be shaken by any sense of injustice was not needed. "If the bonds which hold the empire together are so fragile as to be strained by such a cause there is not very much sincerity in the sentiments which have been so freely displayed during the last three years."

The provincial newspapers, other than publishing the cable report of Mr. Aylesworth's speech, made no comment, but the cables are headed in The Birmingham Daily Post "A Patriotic Speech"; in The Liverpool Daily Post "Noble and Patriotic"; and The Manchester Guardian "Temperate Counsel."

The St. James' Gazette says:—It is to be hoped that the excess of some what loose and foolish talk which has been excited on both sides of the Atlantic by the Alaska award will receive a check from the dignified, temperate speech of Mr. Aylesworth.

SERIES OF EARTHQUAKES.

Experienced in Missouri and Other States.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 5.—This city and vicinity experienced a series of earth shocks, beginning at 12.18 o'clock yesterday. There is a difference of opinion as to how many. The earthquake was perceptible all over the city, and was mostly felt in the high business blocks in the downtown section of the city. One occupant of a high building said his chandelier swung three inches. The movement was from east to west.

A long-distance telephone message from Louisiana, Mo., says that a perceptible shock was felt there about the same time. Despatches from various points in Tennessee and Illinois, as well as throughout this State, report slight earthquake shocks.

ARMENIAN TROUBLES.

Two More Victims of Assassin's Bullets.

London, Nov. 5.—An individual, said to resemble the murderer of Sagat Sagouni, President of the Armenian Revolutionary Society, who was assassinated in the suburb of Hounhead on October 26, shot and mortally wounded two Armenians, close to the headquarters of the Hentchakist Society, at Peckham, Ry., yesterday, and then shot himself dead. He is supposed to have been connected with the Sagouni murder. The Armenians were Aral Grigorian and Sigran Samiran, both members of the Armenian Central Committee, which has been in session here. They were walking with a companion named Rouben Graberian when the assassin came up behind and shot them. The murderer wore a hat, but under his arm the police found a cap which corresponds with the cap which the murderer of Sagouni is known to have purchased the night of the tragedy.

UNDER THE PREFERENCE.

Exports of British Leather and Leather Goods Have Increased.

London, Nov. 4.—Statistics just published show that under the Canadian preference British exports of leather and leather goods have risen from seven to fourteen per cent. The total imports of sole leather have jumped from two to twenty-five per cent. The export of boots has increased slightly, but the fault is that British makers do not study fashions as Americans do.

WERE TREATED VERY SHABBILY

"Cheap John" Method Adopted by Windsor Board Towards Their Guests.**Electric Light Bill Staggers Public Library Board—Other Business Transacted.**

"I'm saving the peach till the last," remarked Secretary I. L. Davis, as he was reading the accounts at the Library Board meeting last evening. "The net cost of electric lights for the Library for the past two months is just \$33.37."

"Whew! Whew!" came in chorus from the other members. "That's awful!"

All agreed that too much light was being used and thought the librarian, by the proper manipulating of the switches, could save a good deal. The bill was ordered paid and the Secretary told to instruct the Librarian as to lights.

The Chairman's verbal report on his trip to the Windsor Library opening, accompanied by Fred Stone and J. W. Humphrey, proved remarkably interesting. Going down at noon they were escorted to the hotel on foot, where they registered themselves and put in the afternoon in the best way they could by themselves. They walked out to the opening of the new building at 7.30, heard Mr. Harcourt speak and returned to the hotel, went to bed, paid their bill next morning and returned home. The Samaritanes were treated the same.

At the Chatham opening all visitors' bills were paid, they were driven about in hacks at no expense to themselves, and given a banquet in the evening.

A communication was read from B. A. Franka, secretary to Andrew Carnegie, enclosing the balance of the money \$700. The letter stated that Mr. Carnegie had not returned to New York yet, and when he did, the request of the Chatham Board for more money would be referred to him.

F. B. McPherson sent a copy of his audit concerning library.

The Canadian Manufacturers' Association sent a copy of July Industrial Canada and asked to be allowed to send it regularly, gratis. The privilege was granted.

A donation of bound magazines was received and heartily accepted from C. R. Atkinson, K. C.

W. Weir, Ottawa, wrote regarding placing his book, "My Sixty Years in Canada," in the library. He sent it on approval and it had not arrived.

The Finance committee was appointed, with power, to arrange with the city regarding the light in front of the building.

The matter of accepting the building from the contractors was left with the Building committee and architect to go over the building with the architect.

Mr. Sheldrick moved that the privilege of the auditorium be given the Macaulay Club for Saturday nights for \$1.50 at a minimum of \$25 for the season, payable in advance.

The application blank for privilege of taking books was left in the old system and the Librarian notified that that was the case.

It was decided to put on about \$2,000 more insurance on the building.

An order was drawn on the city treasurer for \$100.

The following accounts were ordered paid:—
J. W. Humphrey, \$1.
Waterworks, \$1.
L. Wilson & Son, \$16.
Westman Bros., 75c.
Scott Bros. & Co., \$12.75.
I. L. Davis, \$1.25.
G. T. R., 74c.
Wm. Pressy, 50c.
Gas Co. account, \$33.37.

The District and Binner accounts, for \$6.25 and \$17.55 respectively were referred.

The Librarian's report for October was as follows:—
New borrowers, \$2.22.
Books given out, 623.
Cash received for cards, \$5.35.
Cash received for fines, 84c.

The members of the Board present were, Chairman Dr. Charteris, Secretary I. L. Davis, W. J. Twohey, J. U. Thibodeau, F. Stone and A. Sheldrick.

TARTE GOING TO ENGLAND.

The Announcement Made by Himself at Montreal.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—Hon. J. Israel Tarte announced last night that he will leave for England a week from tomorrow in the capacity of a working newspaperman to interview the political leaders there and to observe the trend of events. It is understood, however, that the ex-Minister of Public Works will stand on the Canadian platform, and that is the real reason of his coming departure. The matter has already been hinted at editorially in La Patrie, Mr. Tarte's paper, but it was merely dealt with as a reference to a rumor and nothing definite was stated.

AN ADROIT APPEAL.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S ADDRESS AT BIRMINGHAM.**Urges British People to Lose No Time in Binding Closer the Ties of Empire.**

London, Nov. 5.—Mr. Chamberlain achieved a new triumph at Birmingham last night, when he addressed a great audience in Bingley Hall. The gist of his speech was an appeal to the British people to lose no time in binding closer the units of the empire. He said that if we were out of sympathy with the colonies and refused their offers, if we could not co-operate in sustaining the empire, we would lose our opportunity, and it might never recur. Then we should never have that bond of commercial union which was at one time the ideal of Lord Rosebery, and with no commercial bond we could never secure that Imperial federation for which Lord Rosebery had declared he was willing to die. A large party in the country still regarded the colonies as costly encumbrances. He was not quite sure that the modern leaders of free trade did not share that antiquated view, and instead of appreciation of Imperial unity, all they thought of was the unity of the Radical party. We revered and gloried in those family ties, and no politician should induce us to do anything to cause us to sacrifice them. "I am not presumptuous enough," he continued, "to predict beforehand exactly what all these great States will do in return. I have confidence that they will do right. Meanwhile some facts are published. We know that a preferential system has been asked for by all the colonies on three separate occasions, and has been asked for at two conferences at which I presided in London. When I remember how all the colonies responded to their allegiance during the South African war, and sent men thousands, and paid money to those men, I believe we could negotiate with them without fear of the result, and that they will show us great generosity and patriotism."

Before Mr. Chamberlain arrived the vast audience kept shouting to Mrs. Chamberlain, who was on the platform, "Where's Joe?" The speech was marked throughout by tumultuous enthusiasm, especially at the end, when, with true dramatic instinct, he drew from a brown paper two enormous, equal-sized loaves of bread, representing a taxed and an untaxed loaf, and holding them at arm's length, laughingly asked, "Which is which?"

The Post says the Free Fooders are quite willing to give a preference to the United States and Germany, but not to Canada, Australia and New Zealand. Mr. Chamberlain's pitiless exposure of their position should be enough.

The Morning Leader says it is noticeable that nothing is said of the schedule of forbidden colonial industries. The colonies have made it evident that they will not dig, delve and plough for us. Like the Americans, they do not conceive that this is their national destiny.

The Times says Mr. Chamberlain demolished the fallacy of the free trade system last night. His fundamental propositions are that our exports to protectionist countries are declining; our trade with neutral countries stationary; and only the growth of our exports to the colonies and dependencies save us. The serious industrial depression is no longer to be denied.

The News styles the speech an ex-kilating music hall turn. It says the empire he would build would stand neither on freedom nor humanity, and the widely scattered community of some 11,000,000 souls would not for the moment accept the fetters Mr. Chamberlain had forged for them. The paper challenges Mr. Chamberlain to publish a list of his financial backers. It says their names would damn the cause. "One eminent millionaire Jew is continually mentioned in club gossip," The News says. "Who are the others?"

A LONG CAMPAIGN.

One Year's Work Ahead for Mr. Chamberlain.

London, Nov. 5.—Mr. Chamberlain, writing to a correspondent, says his crusade is likely to extend until autumn of next year, and if he has time before the general election he will consider the places he cannot visit during his present tour.

The Tariff Reform League has issued an appeal for funds signed by Mr. Chamberlain and the Duke of Sutherland. The manifesto sets forth that Cobden was supplied with £400,000 to pursue his campaign. The league hopes to find at least 100 sympathizers who will contribute £1,000 in four equal annual instalments of £250. Twenty subscribers have already accepted these conditions.

V. Gibbs, M.P., speaking at St. Albans, said that if the empire had possessed the power to retaliate the McKinley tariff would never have been imposed.

Ashore in the Fog.

Detroit, Nov. 4.—The heavy fog that hung over the lower lakes this morning caused two accidents and a general tie-up, all boats lying at anchor several hours. The consort of the Canadian steamer Rosemount, laden with grain, down bound, took a sheer and ran aground in the cut at Grasse Point. The wrecked sailboat has gone to her aid. The steamer Tecumseh, owned by Mr. Arthur Bros. of Detroit, is hard aground at Bar Point up bound.

ARE UNFAIR TO CITY MERCHANTS

Rector of Holy Trinity Church Counsels Against Shop Sales and Solicitations.**Ladies of the Church will Avoid all Schemes to Separate Citizens from Their Cash—A laudable Effort.**

The "Willing Workers"—a large and representative ladies' society in connection with Holy Trinity church—was formally organized on Tuesday evening at a meeting held in the lecture hall adjoining the church. Over fifty ladies were present and a hearty spirit of enthusiasm and loyalty was evidenced.

The objects of the society are four-fold, to enter wholeheartedly into the various branches of church work, to develop social intercourse and social helpfulness, to assist in all cases of need and distress, and to aim for an early renovation and improvement of the church building.

Barnstiness, energy and enterprise characterized the gathering and the ladies prepared to inaugurate their efforts immediately.

A novel and unique code of ethics will govern the Willing Workers. There must be no "hold up" in the accumulation of funds for their treasury. Everything must be spontaneous and voluntary.

There will be no ticket-selling, no calls "for small subscriptions," no solicitations for donations, no street store sales. Willingness and work—as the name implies—are the sole ammunition of the Willing Workers. The ladies have dictated the course of action upon the suggestions of the earnest young rector, Rev. T. Beverley Smith, who spoke forcibly against the adoption of the usual methods of raising money.

The public sale, he feared, always brought three distinct dangers. First, large sales descended too frequently into ordinary raffles. Again there was the danger of extorting too high a price on the grounds that it was for the church, thereby not giving value received and doing an injustice to their patrons.

But, perhaps, the greatest danger, and most unfortunate feature in connection with public church sales was the selling for almost nothing, thus entering into an unjust competition with the merchants and citizens who make their livelihood in mercantile pursuits. This was eminently unfair and unjust. The merchants paid their taxes, their rental, their wages and many other necessary expenditures. The church oftentimes had the use of a store generously donated and was put to practically no expense. The competition thus resulting was therefore neither equitable nor honorable.

Mr. Smith earnestly disapproved such methods of raising money for God's work, and the ladies of the society unanimously endorsed his position—and will adopt only such efforts as are imbued with spontaneity and voluntary free-will.

Feathers....

We pay Highest Cash Price for New and Old Feathers....

The Alaska Feather and Down Co., Limited
No. 6, 5th Street, Ronald Block, Chatham.

DOROTHY DODDS ARE HERE

Are here in all their brightness.

Many new lasts and styles have been added to our stock.

We can fit any ladies' foot with a Dorothy Dodd Shoe.

Prices { \$3.75.
\$4.00

Peace & Co.

SOLE AGENTS