

trustees to provide for the transportation of those children too far from school to walk, the Government agreeing to contribute half the cost. The interchange of pupils is also authorized, the purpose of all these amendments being to build up a stronger and better system in country and rural districts by unifying the educational needs and centres.

The extension of manual training, domestic science, commercial and high schools in rural and municipal districts is made possible, the Government undertaking to pay a certain percentage of the initial cost. Also husband and wife may qualify on each other's property in rural districts, thus allowing both the father and mother to vote upon educational matters.

Another amendment provides that advanced courses may be given in physical training, gymnastics, or cadet instruction, and where the teachers' whole time is devoted to these subjects the Government will give the usual per capita grant. (Chap. 74, 1918.)

The Oliver Government has more beneficial social and domestic legislation to its credit than has any or all previous Governments of British Columbia, and more than has been passed in the same length of time by any other province in the Dominion.

Liberal candidates, therefore, have no hesitation in asking for the support of the women of British Columbia, which may be given in the full assurance that under the Liberal Government women will always receive the consideration which is their right and which has not been given by previous administrations.

**Vote for Liberal Candidates and Safe, Sane,
Progressive Government.**

Election December 1st, 1920.
