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SIXTH YEAR MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1886. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE HOME RULE OUTLOOK.

INDICATIONS OF A TORY AND UNIONIST VICTORY.

Lord Hartington at Glasgow—Lord Churchill and Historian Froude Both Seemingly Lose Their Heads—Mr. Parnell at Plymouth.

LONDON, June 26.—Mr. Gladstone's reception at Manchester was a scene of tumultuous enthusiasm in the streets, in the great hall and by the roadside for three miles as he drove away. Never before in his life has he thrown himself so completely on the people, perhaps because never before has he alienated so many of his chief colleagues and supporters and other classes. His speeches now abound in personalities of every kind. As he crossed the border he flung half a dozen sentences at Mr. Ferguson, the Unionist member for Carlisle, and crushed him, and poor Mr. Ferguson abandoned the field. He attacked Mr. Goschen vehemently, but Mr. Goschen is not the man to be crushed. He is not only what Mr. Gladstone called him, the soul of the Opposition, but also its intellectual leader. Nowhere has the case against Home Rule been stated so clearly, cogently and copiously as in Mr. Goschen's speeches. Mr. Gladstone's attacks on Mr. Chamberlain are even more vehement and bitter. Yesterday he assumed a new tone toward Lord Hartington, whom, like the Duke of Westminster, he denounces in his public capacity with every profession of private esteem. He speaks with tenderness of Mr. Bright, "whose integrity," he says, "I revere, whose character I love, and who has conferred on his country inestimable services." All these are old colleagues. Then he passes to panegyrics on his present colleagues, Lord Granville and Lord Spencer. Then in well-weighed words he singles out Lord Rosebery as his own successor, and names him to the Liberal party as the man of the future. Perhaps no three days of this conflict of the giants have been more crowded than the last three. Almost every leading man on both sides has spoken, Lord Salisbury excepted. Mr. Bright's address, with its stately diction, its grave energy of thought, its deep religious feeling and its patriotic indignation against the proposals to hand over Ireland to the Parnellites, has stirred the country, Mr. Gladstone's opponents say, as nothing else has stirred it.

The reports of the Gladstone election agents in the provinces are anything but satisfactory to the party managers. They do not express confidence in the result of the elections, but simply state facts within their observation. The Tories and Unionists on the other hand are certain of victory and all the news of their general standing is encouraging. Much depends on whether Mr. Gladstone will make a more definite statement than he has yet made of his platform for fresh legislation on the affairs of Ireland. If he should announce his decisive abandonment of his Land Purchase Bill, and should promise imperial protection to Ulster in the event of a parliament being established in College Green, he would secure the adhesion of the Scotch Liberals who are now against him. Their defection is the greatest peril which he has to encounter, and is almost certain to defeat him unless they are conciliated. The Unionists already calculate that the elections will result in the seating of 390 of their faith against 280 Home Rulers.

Contested Seats.

LONDON, June 27.—In Ireland seventy-seven Parnellite candidates will meet with no opposition and seven seats will be contested. In London nine Tory seats will not be contested. In Scotland Unionists and Conservatives will contest sixty out of the seventy-two seats.

Lord Churchill in a Fighting Mood.

LONDON, June 26.—Lord Randolph Churchill opened the campaign at Paddington tonight in a two-hour speech. The meeting hall was crowded with an enthusiastic audience. Lord Churchill defended his election address, which has been so much criticised. Every word of it, he said, was gospel truth. He sat down to write it with the resolution to tell the truth and shame the devil. Mr. Gladstone's schemes, he continued, placed the Government in the hands of the Catholic Celtic peasantry under the control of American adventurers and an unscrupulous, fanatical priesthood. He had nothing to say to the American dynamite and dagger faction but to offer the old English challenge: "Come on; our prisons are large and rope is cheap." "We have plenty of amateur hangmen," he declared, "and for the first victim of dynamite or the dagger we have scores of avengers. When the first Englishman falls the lives and persons of the dynamiters and their allies will be placed at the mercy of an angry and outraged people." Lord Randolph concluded by comparing Gladstone with Nebuchadnezzar.

Lord Hartington Follows Mr. Gladstone.

LONDON, June 26.—Lord Hartington addressed an enthusiastic meeting of 5000 persons at Glasgow last night. He said he was sure that it would never be possible to control an Irish Parliament. He had objected to vote for the principle of Home Rule until he had seen Mr. Gladstone's plan. If Parliament granted Home Rule there was no guarantee in the face of the power wielded by the National League that the elections would be freely and independently conducted, or that the Dublin Parliament would really represent the majority of the Irish people. Mr. Gladstone had accepted the Parnell alliance. He, therefore, hoped that everyone would vote for the Unionist candidates at the coming elections.

Mr. Chamberlain's Alternative.

LONDON, June 26.—Mr. Herbert Gladstone, speaking at Barnstable, said that while Mr. Chamberlain was in the Cabinet he submitted an Alternative Purchase Bill proposing to expend £40,000,000 to enable tenants on less than thirty acres to buy their holdings on the basis of from fourteen to sixteen years' rental, the only security to be their ability to pay and the responsibility of local bodies in Ireland.

John Morley Sizes Them Up.

LONDON, June 26.—Mr. John Morley, speaking at Newcastle last night, said that the defection of Mr. Bright was the most painful incident of the electoral campaign. While he would ever revere Mr. Bright as one of the purest of English statesmen, he must say that that gentleman's defection would not abate one jot or tittle of the policy adopted by one intellectually as great as, and in political grasp and foresight greater than, Mr. Bright.

The Principle Cannot Die.

LONDON, June 26.—The Council of the Metropolitan Radical Association has issued a manifesto to the radical electors. The manifesto says that Mr. Gladstone's Irish bills are dead, the Land Purchase Bill never to be revived, but that the principle of Home Rule cannot die. It exhorts the electors to use their whole strength to return a Home Rule majority.

Mr. Gladstone Leaves Manchester.

MANCHESTER, June 26.—Mr. Gladstone this morning appeared to be much exhausted as a result of yesterday's strain upon his powers. His voice was hoarse, but his spirit seemed strong as ever. He received a delegation of Liberals from Salford across the Irwell, and made a speech in response to their address. In this he said, among other things: "There is to-day but one discontented province in the whole British Empire, and that province is Ireland. It is time for Englishmen to stop this disgrace." After this Mr. Gladstone paid a visit to the Mayor of Manchester, and subsequently took the train for Liverpool. Thousands collected at the railway station to bid farewell to Mr. Gladstone upon his departure. He will stay at the residence of his nephew, seven miles from Liverpool, until Monday.

The Ulster Liberals' Manifest.

LONDON, June 27.—The Liberal Unionists of Ulster have issued this address:

To the people of the United Kingdom:

As Irishmen, we regret that we find ourselves in opposition to many of our countrymen. As Liberals we regret that we are compelled to reject the proposals of our long-trusted leader. We are driven to this attitude through simple adherence to the principles of Liberalism. For us the maintenance of the Union mean the assurance of our future. Under the Union, Ulster, once the blackest and most sterile, has become the most cultivated, prosperous and law-abiding province of Ireland, second to none in loyalty to the Queen. We protest against Mr. Gladstone's policy. It is ruinous to the best interests of the country. It is already breaking up mercantile confidence, depreciating Irish securities and driving capital out of the country. The Ulster Liberals believe that there is an alternative policy. At its root lies such a thorough comprehensive settlement of the land question as will lead naturally and gradually to a widespread system of occupying ownership in the country. With such a settlement agrarian outrages will disappear and the way will be open for the development of local government. We appeal with confidence to our brethren in England and Scotland to support us in this supreme crisis.

Messrs. Gladstone and Bright.

LONDON, June 27.—Mr. Gladstone has written as follows to John Bright: "I regret to read your letter to Mr. Peter Rylands. Without losing a moment, I beg of you either to publicly except me from your assertion that one year ago all Liberals held Mr. Rylands' opinion or to give proof of what you say. Never since the Home Rule struggle was started fifteen years ago, have I once condemned it in principle or held in any way the opinions of Mr. Rylands, which to speak frankly I think absurd."

Mr. Froude's Views.

LONDON, June 27.—Froude, the historian, writes:

The Irish will be loyal and obedient if firmly but justly governed. They are as little capable of governing themselves as a ship's crew on an English public school. There is in Ireland a discontented and miserable population among whom the desire for separation and hatred of England are universal. Another part of the population is neither discontented, miserable nor disloyal. The proposed legislation would place the loyal and worthy minority at the mercy of the mutinous and worthless. It is the least promising expedient ever proposed to recover a shaken allegiance. In one shape or another Home Rule has been tried a hundred times. The proposals of Mr. Gladstone are a repetition of these attempts under varying forms which have always headed toward disaster. A firm, just administration with a distinct assurance that separation would never be tolerated, would have the same effect in Ireland as in other countries wisely and resolutely controlled."

Parnell at Plymouth.

LONDON, June 26.—Mr. Parnell spoke tonight at Plymouth. He said the present struggle was a struggle of the British and Irish Democrats against class. The landlords saved them any compunctions of conscience by idiotically refusing Mr. Gladstone's liberal terms. Voting money to the Irish landlords was not out of the question. It had not been and could not be denied, he continued, that Lord Carnarvon agreed with him as to the main lines upon which autonomy should be granted to Ireland. All that Lord Carnarvon said was that he could not agree to the adoption of Mr. Gladstone's bill, which nobody denied. Mr. Parnell did not desire to make further disclosures, but he thought it very probable that Lord Carnarvon included the retention of Irish members in the House of Commons. Lord Carnarvon for six months had urged the adoption of his views, and the Cabinet had not opposed them seriously.

Sounds of the Strife.

Lord Hartington made a long speech at Paisley Saturday night. He confined himself to the Ulster question and the alleged contradiction in Mr. Morley's and Mr. Gladstone's utterances.

Mr. Morley, speaking at Newcastle denied that there were any contradictions in his own and Mr. Gladstone's statement. He said that some sort of land scheme was certainly a part of their program, because England was answerable for the existing system, but any scheme proposed would be subject to modification.

Mr. Gladstone has written a letter to Sir Robert Peel, wishing him success in his contest and thanking him for his support.

The workmen's demonstration at Hyde Park has been postponed until July 3.

Cardinal Manning has written a letter to deny the statement circulated that he was an opponent of Home Rule. On the contrary, he says, he has always favored a plan of Home Rule consistent with the integrity of the Empire and the sovereignty of the Imperial Parliament.

The Irish Presbyterians have circulated resolutions in favor of supporting Unionist candidates in the coming elections.

The Dublin Methodist Conference by a vote of 137 to 22 has resolved not to interfere in politics.

Ladies' Sun Umbrellas only Sixty Cents and up at Petleys'. 61

SUPPRESSION OF SEDITION.

A Bill Prompted by the Manifesto of the Count of Paris.

PARIS, June 26.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day M. deMole, Minister of Justice, introduced a bill to prohibit the publishing of seditious pamphlets and placards, the penalty for violation of the law being fine and imprisonment. The bill was greeted with ironical cheers from the Right. M. de Cassagnac supported the bill and demanded urgency for it. He declared the time had come to tear the mask from Republicanism. M. Clemenceau opposed the demand for urgency on the ground that it was necessary to study the bill. M. de Mole insisted that the measure was justified by the manifesto of the Count of Paris. The liberty of the press, he said, would not be endangered. After an animated debate the Chamber voted urgency.

Men's Halifax Tweed and Serge Suits only $12, to order, at Petleys'. 61

Trouble in the Cameroons.

LONDON, June 26.—Advices from the Cameroons and Bonny colonies show that a bad condition of affairs exists there. The natives are incensed at their treatment by the German and French colonists and resolutely refuse to supply the whites with either food or water or to do any trading with them. The factories are losing money daily and are being gradually closed. The natives hope to tire and drive away the Europeans.

Things Lively on 'Change.

LONDON, June 27.—During the past week discount was inactive and weak, closing at 1 for three months and ½ for short. On the Stock Exchange business was animated with an active spirit in speculation, and there was a general rally in quotations of English railways and foreign stocks with numerous dealings. American railroad securities closed at the highest rates of the week.

Feasting the Poor Colonials.

LONDON, June 26.—Lord Downshire gave a sumptuous reception at ball and the Guildhall last evening in honor of the colonial representatives and visitors. Five thousand persons were present.

CABLE-NOTES.

The manifesto of the Count of Paris is adversely criticized in Germany.

Berlin municipality has voted two million marks for the exhibition to be held there in 1888.

In deference to Russia the name of Prince Alexander of Bulgaria has been struck off the German army list.

Kraszewiski, the Polish poet, is to be arrested for not returning to prison at the expiration of his leave of absence.

Further fighting has occurred between the Dacoits and the British troops. The latter lost 7 killed and 23 wounded.

The final act of the German reichstag before adjourning was to reject the brandy tax bill. A bill to form a literary convention with England was passed.

The French flag was not hoisted officially over the New Hebrides. It was simply displayed over the French storehouse on one of the islands. The British flag floats over another storehouse near by.

SHOOTING AT STRIKERS.

FATAL RIOTING AT CHICAGO ON SATURDAY.

One Man Killed and Others Seriously Wounded—An Exciting Chase—An Engine with Strikers on Board Pursues a Train Sent Out by the Company.

CHICAGO, June 26.—Five switchmen, who were beaten by the mob yesterday, appeared at the office of the Superintendent this morning and demanded transportation to their homes.

Shortly after noon the Lake Shore officials took an engine out of the round house. At 43rd-street under a strong police guard attached it to a caboose and started toward Englewood. There was a large and excited crowd at 43rd-street, supplemented by a large number of idle men and boys. In the caboose were a number of police. Immediately after the engine started, the strikers made an attack on the round house and drove away the few deputies on guard there. They then took possession of two locomotives which had been fired up and proceeded south on the railroad to overtake the caboose. On board the locomotives were forty or fifty strikers or adherents. The captured locomotives soon overtook the train, the foremost locomotive running into the rear of the caboosh but not overturning it. The deputies in the caboose fired some shots. The police then deserted the train and fled toward Englewood, when the mob at once took possession of the train and ditched it. The excitement over the affair is very great. The police appear to have lost complete control. The strikers are in practical possession of the railway company's shops and property outside of the city.

A Lake Shore engine in charge of a regular crew, left the round house shortly after 12 o'clock. Two cabooses were attached to it. On each caboose were about fifteen Town of Lake police and twenty Pinkerton men. In Englewood the officers mounted the cowcatchers of both engines and caboose. The train started off at two miles an hour. A large crowd of strikers had rushed ahead of the train while it was proceeding at a slow rate and on a dead run set out for Englewood. As the train's speed was accelerated the crowd was soon passed and a storm of stones and cinders was thrown into the men on the outside of the engines and cabooses. A cry of rage went up from the throats of the mob as the engines dashed by. Soon a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul engine and one belonging to the Nickel Plate road passed the crowd of strikers. The engines were on the way to Englewood yards to do some switching for the roads to which they belonged, but as they passed the crowd they were boarded by 100 firemen, who, without ceremony took possession.

Then began one of the most exciting races on record. Faster and faster flew the Lake Shore train and faster and faster came its pursuer. Thirty, forty and thenfully fifty miles an hour were covered by the pursued and still the pursuers crept up on them. Matt Pinkerton jumped to his feet on the hind platform of the last caboose and a revolver flashed in his hand. "Back, back," he cried, but was only answered by howls of derision from the dense crowd, which completely covered the pursuing engine. As it drew nearer the faces of the strikers could be seen. The pursuing engine arrived within a few feet of the caboose, when the Town of Lake police jumped inside and closed and locked the door behind them; leaving Matt Pinkerton and three of his men with newspaper reporters on the rear platform. A huge lump of coal sailed through the air, followed by three or four coupling pins, and a Pinkerton man fell headlong from the platform. "Crack, crack," went Matt Pinkerton's revolver, and a striker fell off the engine, from which, with the exception of a dozen men, the crowd jumped at the first fire. There was another shower of stones which smashed the windows of the caboose without doing serious damage to anyone on the platform and more revolver shots were fired by the officers. Then the pursuing engines caught up and coupled on to the Lake Shore train. The strikers' engines were reversed and coupling pins snapped like so many pieces of glass. The Lake Shore train was stopped just as the engine again approached at a full head of steam and struck the rear caboose a blow that threw the thoroughly frightened policemen to the floor and shivered every pane of glass in the cars.

The police left the dangerous ground and held a parley with the strikers, the result of which was that the engines and two cabooses were pulled back to Root-street crossing. Two strikers were shot, one seriously. None of the police were seriously injured. A Lake Shore official this forenoon served a written notice on the sheriff of Cook County of the condition of affairs existing along the line of the road, and notifying him that he and his sureties would be held responsible for any damage which might be inflicted by the strikers. The crowd is still in possession of the yards at 43rd-stet. Returning with the captured cabooses and engine the crowd overturned several box cars on the track, blocking the two main tracks.

As the Lake Shore train was being pulled back to 41st-street by the strikers' engines, the crowd along the tracks threw rocks and other missiles through the windows of the cabooses. Persons inside sought refuge under the tables and benches and escaped serious injury. The arrival at 41st-street was hailed with cheers by the great crowd of strikers and their sympathizers who were assembled there. The engine went into the round house, leaving the caboose on the side track.

Progress of German School Children.

The annual examination of the German classes took place on Saturday morning in the Victoria-street school. The reading and recitations of the scholars were very creditable. Mayor Howland was an attentive listener to the proceedings. Ald. Steiner was also present in high glee. His Worship complimented the teachers on the progress exhibited by the classes, and he reminded the children that a knowledge of German would be of great benefit to them. He felt specially delighted with the singing. He reminded him of his youth when he and his German friends went out camping in the open air and sang the great reformator's (Luther's) "Eine Feste Burg ist Unser Gott." Secretary Braun proposed three cheers for His Worship, which were heartily given by the children and all present. The annual German pic-nic, especially arranged for the little ones, will be at Slattery's grove Saturday, July 10.

Millinery and Mantles at half-price during the Big June Sale at Petleys'. 61

A Young Woman's Sad Case.

Annie Tonn, a dressmaker of 21, was arrested Saturday for concealing the birth of her illegitimate child. The accused confessed her crime and said she had thrown the infant into a closet Wednesday in rear of 47 Queen-street west, where she worked. Policeman Clarke searched these premises, but did not find the body, and then went up to her room at 22 Walton street where he found it in her trunk wrapped up in a silk dress. When told this, the girl persisted in the closetst ory, but her mental condition was such that she hardly knew what she was saying. Coroner Duncan will open an inquest on the infant at the Morgue tonight.

Chased by a Constable.

When Policeman Clooney was going along College-street about 2 o'clock Sunday morning he observed four men start off on the run. He pursued, thinking they were burglars, and fired a revolver shot over their heads. One of the men was caught and he had some fern roots in his hand. The constable let him go with a caution.

Provincial Appointments.

Tobias G. Ridgway, of 19 Change Alley, London (E.C.), commissioner for taking affidavits in London for use in the courts of Ontario; W. Roaf, Thos. C. Milligan and Goodwin Gibson, Toronto; Robt. A. Pringle and E. K. C. Martin, Hamilton; John McCullough, Uxbridge; Stephen J. Young, Trenton; Chas. E. Bourne, Jarvis, to be notaries public for Ontario.

VICTORY OF THE VERVE.

The Sealed Handicap Race of the R. C. Y. C. and the T. Y. C.

The opening first class yacht race of the season took place on Saturday, under the joint auspices of the R. C. Y. C. and the T. Y. C. There were four entries, and the race was a sealed handicap. There entered: Aileen (cutter), R. C. Y. C.; Commodore Leys; Verve (cutter), R. C. Y. C., Mr. Cochrane; Cygnet (sloop), T. Y. C., Mr. Ewing; Rivet (cutter), T. Y. C., Mr. Blake.

The start, which was very exciting, was from the buoy off the Toronto Yacht Club House, thence around a buoy off the Royal Canadian Yacht Club House, then through the channel into the lake. The Aileen appeared for the first time in her new and much-enlarged suit of canvas, and certainly was a perfect picture as she flew past the starting buoy, with her full working sails all set. The others were reefed to a greater or less extent, and all looked as if they meant business, the Rivet appearing unusually saucy. The Aileen seemed to lose a minute or so by an over-start, but all got off in good shape. The wind was very puffy, as usually it is, from the northwest, and keeled some of the smaller ones well over.

The Verve rounded the R.C.Y.C. buoy first, followed by the Cygnet, Aileen and Rivet—the two latter appearing to come rather closer to one another than strict rules would permit. No damage, however, was done and the big cutter was not long in taking the lead, and whirled past the Queen's wharf amid the cheers of the excursionists waiting for the steamer. She was sailing splendidly, but was followed very well by the Cygnet, Verve and Rivet. The sloop was well handled by Roy of Belleville, who got all he could out of her, while she carried all the canvas he could stand. The Verve was certainly lying over too much for fast sailing, but her owners always seem to think otherwise. The Rivet was doing very well, in fact she never sailed as fast as gane a race before.

The next run was for home, and was a beat. The wind was much lighter outside and this told against the "big un," for she lost instead of gained on her followers. She was now carrying a club topsail, and as she approached the land with every stitch set she clearly gained again, and as she passed the Queen's wharf everybody wondered how she carried her immense sail. They forgot the thirty tons of lead bolted on her keel. Her decks, as seen from ashore, were as dry as when she started, and considering the new sails which stretched terribly, everyone admitted she sailed a splendid race. She passed the home buoy 6 minutes ahead of the Cygnet and 16 ahead of the Verve, but the "handicapping," which by the bye reflected great credit on the committee, gave the Verve first money, the Cygnet second, the Aileen third and the Rivett fourth.

Everybody missed the old Oriole, and all are anxiously awaiting the launching of the new one. It is expected she will be ready about the middle of July. The Aileen will then have a foe worthy of her steel, but her owners are confident that with their new sail area and the time between now and then for practise they will hold their own, while the Cygnet and the others declare themselves afraid of nothing, either built or building. Nous verrons! The joint committee is to be congratulated on the whole management of the race, which was a good beginning to what will certainly be a yachting year in Toronto.

The Bank Athletic Sports.

The Toronto Bankers' Athletic Association held their tenth annual sports Saturday afternoon on the Rosedale Grounds. The award, always beautiful, appeared at its best. The grand stand was filled by Toronto's "beauty and chivalry." The games were under the immediate patronage of Governor Robinson, who, with Miss Robinson and Capt. Geddes, arrived at 4 o'clock. The Queen's Own Band furnished music. The management, which was made up thus: President, G. W. Yarker; Vice-Presidents, J. C. Kemp, D. R. Wilkie, A. A. Allen; Treasurer, A. E. Denison; Secretary, H. F. Wyatt, and a committee of fourteen, had made their arrangements well and everything went off without a hitch. The officers of the day were: Referee, James Pearson; Judges, H. M. Pellatt, D. R. Wilkie, J. C. Kemp; Starter, Charles Biggar; Time Keepers, John Henderson, J. Massey, Chas. Nelson; Clerk of the Course, G. H. Dunstan and they performed their duties to everyone's satisfaction.

A rather high wind contributed to prevent the running of any remarkably fast times. The cinder path also was positively heavy. It requires looking after immediately. Bicycle wheels have cut deep ruts throughout its entire course.

100 yards dash, open—1, Fred Staunton, Hamilton; 2, G. F. Lane, Wanderers'. Staunton won by a bare breast. Six started. Time, 10¾.

Mile run—1, G. M. Gibbs of the Bank of Commerce, Guelph. A. C. Darrell of the Federal Bank, Tilsonburg, the only other contestant, dropped out at the half mile. Time, 4.46.

Mile walk, open—1, R. Irving, Ontario Lacrosse Club; 2, J. J. Featherstaugh, Merchants', Toronto. Irving won by some fifty yards. Four started. Time, 8.03 3-5.

100 yards dash—1, H. F. H. Strange, Federal, Toronto; 2, R. S. Cassels, Dominion, Brampton. The race between Strange and Cassels was close throughout, the former winning by a few inches. Four started. Time, 11.

Mile bicycle race, open—1, F. Foster, Wanderers'; 2, T. Lane, Wanderers'. F. Westmacott of the Wanderers rode a third machine. Foster won as he pleased, with Fane second about 50 yards behind. Time 3.03.

High jump—1, T. S. C. Saunders, Bank of Montreal, Toronto, 5 ft. 2½ in.; 2, T. G. Wells, Merchants', Ingersoll, and J. N. Gordon, Standard, Bowmanville, equal at 5 ft. 3½ in., one inch higher than first; 5 entries.

Mile run, open—1, Claude Macdonell, Argonaut R. C.; 2, G. W. Watts, Queen's Own Rifles A. A. A. The race was a fine one throughout, Macdonell winning easily by some 30 feet. 4 started. Time 4.56¼.

Quarter-mile run, for the Yarker Challenge Cup—1, J. N. Gordon, Standard, Bowmanville; 2, A. C. Darrell, Federal, Tilsonburg. 3 started. Time 53 3-5.

Sack race, 100 yards, 19 years and under—This race was funny, as sack races usually are. The winner, Lionel Hoskins, Commerce, Toronto, adopted a sidelong jump that carried him over the ground at a great rate. "Lou" McMurray of the Merchants toddled along Mikado fashion and came insecond, but a long way behind. W. Hope of the Standard, the other entry, stumbled, jumped and rolled to the tape about 10 feet behind McMurray.

220 yards dash—1, R. F. R. Strange, Federal Toronto; 2, J. N. Gordon, Standard, Bowmanville. This was the best race of the day. Strange won by a foot, and R. S. Cassells, Dominion, Brampton, pushed Gordon close for second. Four started. Time 22 2-5.

Hurdle Race, 100 yards, 10 hurdles, 3 ft. 6 in.—1, T. G. Wells, Merchants', Ingersoll; 2, T. S. C. Saunders, Montreal, Toronto. Wells ran well, taking every hurdle neatly. Saunders crossed the tape a yard behind. Four started. Time 20.

Half mile race—1, G. M. Gibbs, Commerce, Guelph; 2, A. C. Darrell, Federal, Tilsonburg. Three started. Time 2.18¼.

The International Cricket Match.

A valued cricket contributor, from whom we are glad to say we shall hear more during the season, writes of the next International match:

During the past year a cricket ground has been made at Seabright, New Jersey, on the coast about thirty miles from New York and within a few of Long Branch, the celebrated watering-place. It has been made without regard to cost and will be this year as good as $25,000 can make it. Its appointments are among the best in America. Here the Canada versus United States match will take place on the dates fixed, namely, Aug. 13 and 14. No fears need be entertained of the character of the crease and the hospitalities which will be tendered to the Canadians at this place. By force of the large number of foreign fixtures it was found necessary to play this match a month earlier than is customary when the Canadians cross the border. Philadelphia is far too hot in August for cricket, hence the change of venue. The popularity of touring organizations is well proved by an investigation into the reasons for this change of date. The Young Philadelphians do not return from St. Louis until the end of the first week in August. The Canadian touring season is at its height about the same time. Later the Gentlemen from the West Indies commence their tour through Canada. Then the Gentlemen of England appear on the scene and follow on the track of the West Indians; and lastly, the Australians will not unlikely follow in the same track. Each team on leaving Canada goes to the States, and there will be a succession of important contests. The majority of these matches will be under the auspices of the Ontario Association, and it behooves all cricketers to do everything in their power to help the association in their efforts to obtain accurate statistics of the relative strength of the clubs and players.

Gaudaur Beats the Record.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 26.—The single scull race at White Bear this afternoon, in which Gaudaur, Teemer, Hamm and Stone participated, was won easily by Gaudaur in 19.54, besting the world's record 7½ seconds. The course was three miles with a turn. The stakes were $5000, with $3000 to the winner. The course has been both surveyed and measured and affidavits to its correctness will be made. Teemer came in second and Hamm third. Teemer claimed a foul on the ground that Gaudaur did not turn his own buoy, but the claim was not allowed under the rules.

Montreal Defeats Ottawa at Cricket.

MONTREAL, June 27.—Play was resumed in the Montreal and Ottawa cricket match yesterday. Coste and Steele, the not outs, commenced batting, but did not make any stand and the whole were disposed of for 43 runs. Brunell played very carefully for his score of 12, the top score of the innings. The Montrealers started their second innings, Smyth made 11, Lacey (professional) 24, and Gough 34; total 100. The Ottawa men played much better in their second innings. Lawrence, Campbell and Taylor played very carefully for their respective scores of 18, 12 and 28; total 88 runs. The total scores made by the Montrealers for the two days' play was 218 runs against 131 for Ottawa, leaving Montrealers the victors by 87 runs.

Teemer After Gaudaur.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 27.—John Newell, a well-known sporting man of this city, offers to back John Teemer against Jake Gaudaur for a race for $2500 a side, the race to be from three to five miles with a turn, and to take place on Chatauqua Lake before the departure of Teemer and Gaudaur for England. Mr. Newell is willing to make a sweepstake race of from $1000 to $2500, open to Hanlan, Gaudaur and all comers.

U. S. TARIFF REVISION.

Mr. Randall Proposes to Introduce His Bill to Congress To-Day.

WASHINGTON, D.C., June 27.—Mr. Randall will to-morrow introduce his Tariff Bill in the House. The Bill, he says, does not contain anything novel or extraordinary, and is designed to build up much needed industries, revive those that are languishing, and remove inequalities in the existing law. He does not claim that the bill is a complete or perfect measure of tariff revision, but hold that it is a decided step in the right direction and a sufficient indication of the policy that should be pursued in remodelling the tariff and revenue laws. The changes in the rates proposed are to go into effect on the 1st of January, 1887.

The Way It is Done in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, June 26.—The House of Delegates last night passed a bill granting the Iron Mountain Railroad Company the exclusive right to build an elevated railroad from the bridge in the city to the Union Depot. The Republican says: "While putting the bill through its final passage members of the House drank the railroad company's whisky and smoked its cigars. After the bill passed the entire body proceeded to the nearest saloon and indulged in a jollyacrousal at the expense and under the auspices of one of Mr. Gould's lobbyists."

A Bald Eagle Attempts to Carry Off a Child.

GREENSVILLE, Ill., June 26.—A bald eagle made an attack upon the 7-year-old son of Washburn Wright, near Mulberry Grove. As the boy was on his way to the pasture the bird swooped down on him, and fastening its talons in his clothes raised him in the air, soaring several feet with him, when his clothing parted and the child dropped to the ground. The youth's screams brought to him his father, who was fortunately near by, and his presence frightened the eagle away.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

A general war of rates is in progress on the Western railroads.

Two hundred and six persons were killed and over five hundred injured on railroads in New Jersey during 1885.

Bombi, the $3000 rhinoceros, died in its cage in Central Park, New York, Saturday evening. Inflammation of the lungs is given as the cause of death.

Another large order which will fill car from Australia for Steel Wire Door Mats. This will be the second shipment to that country this year. 136

THE REDEMPTORIST CONVENT.

Corner Stone of the Building Laid Yesterday Afternoon.

The corner stone of the convent for the Redemptorist Fathers, which is about to be built on McCaul-street at the back of St. Patrick's Church, was laid yesterday evening at 6.30. From 1000 to 1500 persons were present. A sermon was preached by Rev. Father Francis Miller, after which His Grace the Archbishop blessed the stone and laid it in its place. He was assisted by Rev. Father Brennan of St. Basil's, and Rev. Father Klauder of St. Patrick's. Rev. Fathers Leibfritz, Corduke, and Thumel were also in attendance. The building will be two storeys high with mansard roof, costing about $15,000. There are six Redemptorist Fathers and three lay brothers in charge of the parish of St. Patrick; they also conduct special mission services throughout the Province. In the morning at St. Patrick's Church there was a corpus christi procession, with grand musical high mass.

When the 7th Was Here.

From the London Free Press.

* * * Three years ago the Battalion (the Seventh) turned out to participate in the grand review at Toronto, and met with the most magnificent reception that could be accorded to a regiment, the mayor and others asking them to oblige the people of the Queen City by marching through the principal streets before leaving for home.

The Globe's Untruthful Railway News.

From the Hamilton Spectator, June 26.

The Toronto Globe gives circulation to a rumor that the Northern and Northwestern Railway officials had been ordered to report to the Canadian Pacific Company on July 1. Mr. Barker, General Manager of the Northern and Northwestern Railway, was seen by a Spectator reporter to-day, and gave an unqualified denial to this report. Mr. Barker will leave for England on July 10.

Assize Court Peremptory.

Peremptory list of non-jury cases at the Assizes to-day: Proctor v. Mulligan, Imperial Bank v. Shields, Farrar v. Conmee, Samson v. Co-operative Society, Cooper v. Boyd, Holmstead v. Morphy, Walmsley v. Griffith, Kanady v. Jennett, Carnegie v. Cox, and Gillies v. McCabe.

Col. Otter Gazetted.

The Gazette of Saturday contains the appointment of Col. Otter, in addition to his duties as commandant of "C" Company, as Deputy-Adjutant-General of Military District No. 2, and of brigade major 3d, 4th and 5th brigade divisions of Ontario. His new duties begin on July 1 next.

Lorne Park.

Old St. Andrew's Church hold their annual picnic to-morrow and the Girls' Home have their annual outing Wednesday to this favorite summer resort.

Ladies' Rubber Circulars guaranteed waterproof, only "One Dollar," at Petleys'. 61

Good Advice.

—If you your lips would keep from slips,
Five things observe with care,
Of what you speak, of whom you speak,
Of how, and when and where.
Speak well of those who treat you well, and
Do to others as "you would be done by."
Get good value for your money at Strachern, The great house furnishing man, 179 Yonge street. edx

MIDSUMMER POLITICS.

I am inclined to think that the elections will not be this year after all. Sir John has forced the Opposition to show their hand; now he will have a twelve months to get up something new. He is reported to have said the other day "I'm going to carry the country, I'm going to carry the country." The result of the Quebec elections will settle the fate of the Dominion fight.

Mr. Blake is making some good speeches at the picnics he is attending. Personally he is stronger than ever he was; his lieutenants, outside of Sir Richard Cartwright, do not grow in grace or capacity.

Mr. Anglin takes the stump in North Simcoe this week. There is talk of Dalton McCarthy not caring to contest that seat again, and that Thomas Long, a local Conservative Catholic and a popular man, will run against the ex-speaker.

Ex-Mayor McMurrich is working his Muskoka candidature with a full head of steam on. He is reported to have joined five agricultural societies, several lodges, and subscribed to all the Sunday school funds in the district.

The citizens of Toronto paid, during 1885, $4545 for lighting and keeping in order Queen's Park. Yet the Police Commissioners insist that her citizens shall not frequent the park after 10 o'clock at night, and Mayor Howland and a majority of the City Council have ordained that the young men and youths of our city shall not play ball therein. Who owns the park anyway, the Police Commissioners, the City Council, the Mayor or the People?

The Prince Edward Island elections will be held on June 30, and the British Columbia elections on July 7.

Judge Toms of Goderich has given instructions that no municipal voters' lists are to be printed this year in the same form they have been printed for some time past, but are to be made more like those for the Dominion. The reason for this change is that the judges have had considerable trouble heretofore in making a revision of the lists, and it is thought that by this change the trouble can be lessened.

Mr. James Quinn was unanimously nominated by the Conservatives to contest East Simcoe for the House of Commons. The Association met at Orillia, and there was a large representation from all parts of the riding. A better man could not be selected, I think. He is one of the largest landowners in the county, has sat many years in the County Council, and filled the position of Warden many years ago. ONONDAGA.

Girls' Waterproof Cloaks only "Seventy-five" Cents at Petleys'. 61

RUN DOWN BY A STEAMER.

Thomas Broomhall Lost in the Bay Last Night—A Girl Saved.

The Canadian from Brock street and the John Hanlan from Princess-street were approaching Doty's dock at Hanlan's Point about 10 o'clock last night, when they slackened speed to wait until the Queen City and Imperial backed out. The Canadian was ahead of the Hanlan, and Capt. Jennings noticed a row boat, containing a young man and woman, trying to cross his bow a short distance ahead. He whistled three or four times as a warning, but the young man was not able to get clear and the Canadian struck his frail craft forward, capsizing and running over the boat and its occupants. Capt. Jennings shouted back to Capt. Moulton of the Hanlan to look out for them. When the Hanlan came up, her hands threw life preservers out from each side and lowered a boat, being ably assisted in the work by a passenger. In a few minutes they could make out a woman clinging to an upturned skiff. She was rescued from her position by the Hanlan's boat and taken on board; her companion could not be seen. The girl says the last she saw of him was clinging to the opposite side of the keel. She spoke, but he did not answer, and then disappeared. She gave her name as Annie Ingram, domestic at A. G. Booth, grocer, 379 Yonge-street, and that of the lost man as Thomas Broomhall, cigar dealer at 377 Yonge-street, aged about 24. The girl's escape was miraculous, as the Canadian must have passed over both of them. She was uninjured, but as she might be imagined, suffered greatly from the shock. The steamer's hands think that Broomhall must have been badly hurt, hence his inability to retain hold on the upturned boat. His body will be dragged for to-day. Island Policeman King took charge of Miss Ingram and drove her home in a hack from Princess-street, where the Hanlan landed at 11:45.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

56 births, 26 marriages and 46 deaths were registered last week.

Ald. Saunders did the honors of Mayor at the City Hall Saturday.

A $3,000