42

INSURANCE :			
"	marine,		2520
"	44	losses, and different kinds of,	
"	44	upon whom loss by collision falls 2524 to	2526
"	+6	particular average losses which are borne by in-	
		surer	2528
"	"	responsibility of insurer when ship becomes disabled	
**	66	how the value of property insured under an open	
"	44	policy is determined	2536
u	**	insured bound to do all in his power between loss and abandonment to save the property, and his acts for that purpose are for the benefit of the	
		insurer	2537
44	"	when the insured may make an abandonment	2538
44	"	abandonment must be unconditional	2539
44	"	what things may be comprised in abandonment	2540
"	"	within what time abandonment must be made. 2541,	2542
44	"	how abandonment is made	2544
44	44	abandonment of ship stranded cannot be made if she can be raised	2545
"	"	time required for presumption of ship having foundered.	2546
"	**	effect of abandonment	
	"	to whom freight belongs in case of abandonment.	2548
••	"	responsibility of the insurer who refuses to accept	~040
		abandonment	2550
4.	"	amount of contribution which insurer is bound to	
		reimburse to insured	2552
1.4	* 6	when jettison gives rise to contribution	2553
**	"	how jettison must be made	2554
	44	what things do not contribute	2555
٤.	**	what things contribute when lost by jettison. 2555 to	2557
**	**	howship and goods are estimated in cases of average contribution	
**		no contribution for particular average losses	2560
•••	**	no contribution for jettison if the ship is not saved by it	2561
• •	••	contribution takes place if ship is saved by jettison but is afterwards lost.	2562
**	**	goods jettisoned do not contribute to subsequent loss of goods saved	2563
11	••	cargo does not contribute to payment for ship lost	2563