

Makes lighter, whiter, better flavored bread—produces more loaves to barrel.

**PURITY FLOUR**



**ASEPTO SOAP POWDER**  
sweetens the home  
ASK YOUR GROCER

#### Prisoners Refuse To Work.

Yesterday morning eight out of thirteen jail prisoners led by Michael Mahoney refused to work at breaking stone near Holy Trinity Church, claiming the food supplied in the jail was unsatisfactory. The gang were marched back to the jail and Mahoney was placed in solitary confinement. The other seven were given the option by the sheriff to return to work and promptly accepted. Investigation showed that there were no grounds for complaint, the meat and bread supplied the prisoners being satisfactory.



By Order of the Common Council of the City of Saint John:  
Public notice is hereby given that a Bill will be presented for enactment at the present session of the Provincial Legislature to vest the appointment of the Chief of Police of the City of Saint John in the Common Council of the said city.

HERBERT E. WARDROP,  
Common Clerk of the City of Saint John.

#### NOTICE OF LEGISLATION

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick at the next ensuing session thereof for the passing of an Act to incorporate the Lancaster Loan Limited, with power to purchase, lease, take in exchange, or otherwise acquire, and sell, lease, exchange, mortgage, or otherwise encumber or dispose of land, buildings, structures, and improvements, of whatever description, and all buildings on structures that now are or may hereafter be erected thereon, and to take mortgages or other securities for unpaid balances of money, on the whole or any portion thereof, to prevent building and to construct, reconstruct, alter, furnish, and sell stocks and bonds of building and other companies, and to constitute and control of councils, or of committees, or other legally constituted authorities, in any City, Town, or Parish, in the Province of New Brunswick, for the purpose of erecting and maintaining roads, bridges, and other works, making roads or streets, and to do such other things as may be necessary and proper for the business of the Company.

Dated at Saint John, New Brunswick, this fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1910.

STEPHEN B. BUSTIN,  
Solicitor.

#### NOTICE OF LEGISLATION

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick at the next ensuing session thereof for the passing of an Act to incorporate the Lancaster Loan Limited, with power to purchase, lease, take in exchange, or otherwise acquire, and sell, lease, exchange, mortgage, or otherwise encumber or dispose of land, buildings, structures, and improvements, of whatever description, and all buildings on structures that now are or may hereafter be erected thereon, and to take mortgages or other securities for unpaid balances of money, on the whole or any portion thereof, to prevent building and to construct, reconstruct, alter, furnish, and sell stocks and bonds of building and other companies, and to constitute and control of councils, or of committees, or other legally constituted authorities, in any City, Town, or Parish, in the Province of New Brunswick, for the purpose of erecting and maintaining roads, bridges, and other works, making roads or streets, and to do such other things as may be necessary and proper for the business of the Company.

Dated at Saint John, New Brunswick, this fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1910.

STEPHEN B. BUSTIN,  
Solicitor.

## CORSICAN'S PRISONER IS BEFORE COURT

Proceedings Yesterday in Matter of Frank Brown, Chinaman Ordered Deported—Adjourned Until Today.

Hearing on the return of the order made in the habeas corpus matter of Frank Brown, a Chinaman, detained on board the Allan Line S.S. Corsican, occupied the attention of Mr. Justice McKeown in the Supreme Court chambers yesterday morning. After listening to the arguments of counsel His Honor adjourned the hearing until this morning at 10.30 o'clock to allow the immigration department an opportunity to be heard.

Brown was in court when the proceedings opened in pursuance of an order from His Honor obtained on Wednesday.

Supposed to be a Criminal.

Mr. Fred R. Taylor, acting for the steamship company, made a return to the order and read an order issued by the department of immigration to the effect that Brown was to be deported having been suspected of being a criminal. The alleged criminal act was supposed to have been committed in England. Mr. Taylor informed the court that this matter was in the hands of the justice department, not the steamship company, and accordingly he had communicated with Mr. E. H. MacPhee, K. C., agent for the department of justice.

Mr. MacPhee who was present in court, informed His Honor that he had wired the department but had received no answer. He thought an answer would be received during the day.

Mr. E. S. Ritchie, who, with Mr. W. J. O'Hearn, represented the prisoner, asked that Mr. Brown's release. He read an affidavit of George H. Budd, formerly the secretary-treasurer of the town of Raymond, Alberta, in which the deponent swore that he knew Brown, that Brown was the proprietor of a laundry, boarding house, restaurant and bathhouse in that town and that Brown had told the deponent that he (Brown) intended to go to England and would return. This affidavit was in evidence, subject to Mr. Taylor's objection.

A Naturalized Citizen.

Mr. O'Hearn informed the court that Brown was a naturalized citizen of Canada, having lived here for 12 years. Mr. Ritchie asked several affidavits of prominent citizens of Raymond deposing that they knew Brown.

Mr. O'Hearn in view of the return asked that Brown be released.

Mr. Ritchie asked His Honor to order the steamship company to produce Brown's wife.

Mr. Taylor said his learned friend would have to get another order. They were perfectly willing to facilitate matters, but under a section of the act the company was liable to a fine and imprisonment if the order of the immigration authorities was disobeyed.

The court—You will have to get another order. I will adjourn the hearing until tomorrow morning at 10.30 o'clock to allow the department of justice to be represented. In the meantime Brown will be in the custody of the court.

The Chinaman was then handed over to the care of Constable Thomas X. Gibbon.

Mr. Ritchie announced his intention of obtaining an order for the production of Mrs. Brown, who is a white woman.

Immigration Inspector J. V. Lantana received a wire yesterday afternoon from Mr. Scott, head of the immigration department at Ottawa, instructing him to arrange with Mr. MacPhee, to represent the Government in the matter. Mr. MacPhee will oppose the habeas corpus proceedings.

#### HOTELS.

Royal.  
J. S. Hunter, J. Adams, Hector Prenter, Toronto; A. G. Snowdon, Frank Thompson, Montreal; A. MacLeod, Hampton; Louis B. Dalton, Hartford, Conn.; O. T. Sullivan, Boston; A. E. Thomas, St. Thomas, Ont.; J. A. Wilson, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Colpitts, Moncton; Robert J. Hunter, Galt, Ont.; T. S. D. Simmonds, Fredericton; J. H. E. Fawcett, Backville; Colin D. Taylor, Winnipeg; John C. Gowl, Toronto.

**Three Great Lines**  
—IN—  
**Men's Working Boots**  
\$2.00, \$2.50, \$2.75

Men's Heavy Buff Plain Toe, Tap Sole, Laced Boot. \$2.00  
Men's Sydney Grain, Blucher Cut, Bellows Tongue, a heavy waterproof boot. \$2.50  
Men's Oil Grain, Plain Toe, Bellows Tongue. \$2.75

These boots come on broad or medium lasts and every pair will wear like iron.

**FRANCIS & VAUGHAN,**  
19 KING STREET.

## CHEAP POWER THE PROBLEM FOR ST. JOHN

"The city fathers should give immediate attention to the problem of securing cheap electric power for industrial purposes," said Mr. C. W. Winter Brown of the firm of D. F. Brown and Co., to The Standard yesterday. "The sooner we realize that the problem of making St. John a bigger and brighter city is bound up with the problem of securing cheap electric power, the better for all concerned and the greater are the chances of achieving our ambition. My experience on the industries committee has brought that home to me rather forcibly. About the first question a man thinking of starting an enterprise in St. John asks is 'what is the cost of power?' and as it is almost impossible to give him a definite, much less a satisfactory answer, efforts to induce him to locate here cease to a large extent to interest him."

"St. John with all its enterprises, has neglected great opportunities. Its position with respect to water power resources is full of possibilities, and if we avail ourselves of them we will assure to our city an industrial future of great promise. Unfortunately our information in regard to neighboring water powers is not very definite, but I am told that within a radius of seven miles it would be possible to secure at least 3,000 horse power. Moreover between St. John and the Maine border there are many rivers offering excellent opportunities of developing considerably more power than St. John would need for many years to come."

Seriously Handicapped.

"Some of the big companies doing business here manage, it is true, to develop power on their own account at a very reasonable cost. One company, it is said, produces its power at a cost of only \$16 per horse power per year. But the small manufacturers whose operations do not warrant the installation of a steam plant or gas engine are seriously handicapped by the high prices charged for electric power, about the price of clothing manufacturers. I am told, estimate that they pay over \$100 per horse power per year."

Of course private power companies usually charge all the traffic will bear and from their point of view they no doubt confer a favor on the small consumer where they give him power at \$100 a year. Small manufacturers could not under ordinary conditions develop power on their own account at that rate.

A city power plant, however, could afford to give the small manufacturer power at cost because by assisting the industrial development of the city it would reap advantages that a private company could not hope to secure.

Many of the smaller Ontario cities are operating municipal water power plants, and supplying local industries with electric power and lighting at a price that would surprise many users of electric current in St. John.

No doubt that is the reason why Ontario is developing its manufacturing industries at a more rapid rate than the other provinces. Some of the small Ontario municipalities are supplying power at \$12 per horse power per year—a rate which the Canadian engineer declares is an adequate charge for electric current generated by water power.

Provide For Small Manufacturers.

In a city like St. John it is evidently desirable that the small manufacturer should be provided with power and lighting at the lowest possible rates. While a few enterprises here are successfully competing in the western markets with their rivals located at Montreal and Toronto, probably a majority of our industries place their main dependence upon the markets of the Maritime Provinces. Consequently our industries as a rule are conducted on a small scale, and need not feel the burdens of high cost of power much more than the larger enterprises of Montreal do.

"Of course a good deal is being done to induce capitalists to locate enterprises here and no doubt in some respects we can offer big enterprises great inducements. But while we are boasting St. John, we should not neglect the small manufacturer, for if there is any truth in the maxim that competition is the life of trade, a large number of small enterprises is more conducive to progress than a half dozen big enterprises. If the city took steps to furnish cheap electrical energy for power and lighting, numerous small factories would be started here, and probably many big companies would also open branch establishments to supply the local trade."

Mr. Brown said that St. John should also consider the question of utilizing the city garbage and refuse for power and lighting purposes. A steam plant using garbage for fuel, would, in conjunction with the electrically available water power, solve the problem of cheap energy for many years. Mr. Brown declared that electric current at even \$80 per horse power per year would for the purposes of their paper factory be more economical than running a steam plant.

#### FUNERALS.

The funeral of Mrs. Roberta A. Slipp took place from her mother's residence, 110 Victoria street, yesterday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. David Hutchinson. The Pythian quartette were present. Interment was made at Fernhill. Many friends were in attendance.

The funeral of Mrs. Sarah H. Elliott took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 243 Main street. The Church of England burial service was read by Rev. R. P. McKim. Interment was made at Fernhill.

#### DEATHS.

Dillon—At her residence, 26 Richmond street, on Tuesday evening, Mar. 1, Annie T. beloved daughter of Patrick and the late Ellen Dillon. Funeral on Friday at 9.15 a.m. to the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception; requiem mass at 9.30 o'clock.

Roach—In this city on Wednesday, March 2nd, Sarah Harriet, widow of Thomas Roach of Sussex.

Funeral tomorrow (Friday) from her late residence, Wentworth street, service at 11 a.m.; interment at Roachville cemetery, Sussex.

## WANT ANSWER TO GIVE WHOLE TIME TO CITY

Treasury Board Appoints Committee to Report on Question—New Map, Showing Manufacturing Sites Ordered

At the meeting of the treasury board last evening the presentation of a bill for \$54,835 by the recorder for legal services in connection with the suit of John A. Kane against the city, gave rise to a prolonged discussion in the course of which Ald. Potts and Frink rather severely criticized the recorder's handling of the legal business of the city and advocated the appointment of a city solicitor who would devote all his time to the conduct of the city's legal affairs.

The board ordered that a map of the lots suitable for the erection of factories with the water, sewerage and railway connections and that copies be printed and placed at the disposal of the Board of Trade or manufacturers seeking information about St. John. Considerable other business was transacted. Ald. Baxter presided and Ald. Frink, Kelley, McGoldrick, Potts, Sprout and Veat were present with the controller, chamberlain and common clerk.

H. A. Pyne made application for a refund of his license fee of \$50 as he had only been in business 5 weeks. On motion he was granted a refund of \$10.

A communication was received from the Standard of Empire newspaper, asking that the city purchase advertising space in its Empire Day edition, filed.

J. A. Legere wrote that while acting as agent of the Ottawa Marine Department he had been presented with a tax bill of \$26 which he had paid under protest. He asked that the money be refunded.

The communication was filed.

James E. Cowan applied for a refund of \$10 charged him by the city for connecting his residence with the sewerage system.

On motion of Ald. Frink it was resolved that the money be refunded provided the recorder agreed that Mr. Cowan's claim was legal.

Hon. J. D. Hazen presented a bill of \$130 for legal services. It was ordered to be paid.

New Map of City Needed.

W. E. Anderson, secretary of the Board of Trade, wrote pointing out the need of a map of the city showing lots suitable for manufacturing establishments, with the water, sewerage and railway connections. Mr. Anderson stated that capitalists looking for a place to locate, frequently wrote to him asking for such a map, and at present there were no maps of this character in existence.

On motion of Ald. Potts it was resolved to have a plan of the city prepared and lithographed, and the work placed in the charge of the city engineer, the chamberlain and the common clerk.

A bill of \$54,835 from the recorder for costs of defence in the suit between the city and John A. Kane was received.

The chairman said that some time ago Mr. Kane had offered to settle his claim for \$40 and he was surprised to see that Mr. Kane's claim now amounted to \$175.00.

The controller declared that the recorder could not inform him how Mr. Kane had figured up the amount of his claim.

Ald. Potts wanted to know what the recorder was sending in a bill for \$54,835, if he didn't understand the case.

The controller thereupon telephoned to the recorder and secured the information that Mr. Kane had filed a claim for \$70 more than two years ago. The controller added that the recorder over the telephone had qualified his previous statement by saying that what he meant to say was that he did not know what amount the claim had been settled for.

The chairman said that the recorder's bill should not be more than \$22, if the legal charges were placed against the services he was supposed to have rendered.

Ald. Potts said the city of St. John had no legal protection; and the sooner the city appointed a solicitor the better. When the two laws of the board asserted that in a bill for \$54,835 over \$20 constituted excessive charges, it was time for a change.

#### To Give While Time to City Affairs.

Mr. Brown said that it was a high time the city should employ a lawyer to give his whole time to the city's affairs. The legal business of the city was being efficiently conducted, and the interests of the people were outraged every day.

Ald. McGoldrick said that the city had not enough business to keep a lawyer employed, and he would like to find a man of any calibre to take a

## REPORT ON WATER POWER AT MISPEC

In view of the references made at the last meeting of the water and sewerage board to the advisability of securing a detailed report on the water power of the Mispec, the report submitted by the late Mr. Hurd Peters, Mr. R. H. Cushing and Mr. Wm. Murdoch in February, 1905 may be of interest.

In part it reads:

"Your sub-committee to whom was referred the question whether to offer the pulp mill at Mispec for sale, or to dismantle it, and utilize the premises for electric power, beg to report:

"Although there has been no doubt entertained as to the ability of Loch Lomond combined with Lake Latimer, to supply the city with water, the flow being to all appearances sufficient abundant for this purpose, the question of power opens a new field that requires careful research and lengthened observation in the dry season of the year. As the dry season had opened we have had no opportunity to gauge the minimum flow of the river at Mispec. The winter flow has been observed daily since Dec. 21, during which the whole output, including that of Loch Lomond, has varied from 440 to 200 horsepower."

"Although this power will be diminished when the city abstracts from the river its water supply, we feel safe in stating that 200 horsepower can be relied on for fully half the year."

"We are also positive that the supply of water to be derived from the Mispec valley alone without the aid of Loch Lomond is abundant for all the purposes of a steam pulp mill in the dry season of the year. The watershed is sixteenth greater in extent than that which now supplies the city of St. John east, and there is a dam on the river 2 miles above the mill which contains 5,000,000 of cubic feet of water—a quantity that would serve the purposes of a steam mill for three months."

Raising the Dam.

"The dam at the mill and from which the power is derived could also be raised 6 feet and the storage capacity thereby increased by about 10,000,000 gallons, or two weeks supply for such a steam pulp mill."

At other points along the river storage capacity for fully 140,000,000 of gallons of water can be found, but the ordinary summer flow yields sufficient for washing at all times and furnishing power to light the mill.

#### Electric Lighting.

"As to electric lighting, a plant could be installed at the mill and a line extended to the city for the sum of \$17,000, being an initial cost of \$70,800 for 240 arc lamps. This estimate includes three dynamos and three lines of double wiring to the Marsh Bridge. There is no estimate of turbines or engines as these are now there."

The annual cost of maintenance and interest would be about \$41,250 in the first year, and \$20,000 per annum, made up as follows, allowing \$100,000 on account of the pulp mill to stand charged against electric lighting, viz.:

Interest on \$100,000 at 5 p.c. \$5,000.00  
Interest on \$17,000 at 5 p.c. 850.00  
Wages, . . . . . 1,715.50  
Depreciation, . . . . . 2,200.00  
Oil, waste and sundries, . . . 134.50

Total, . . . . . \$9,900.00

"We therefore recommend that the Mispec pulp mill be offered for sale at a reserve or upset price, the city reserving to itself all rights in the waters of Loch Lomond and having as far as the mill is concerned, the right to divert the entire outflow from the Mispec river as at present."

"We also recommend that the question of lighting the city by water power be left for further consideration."

post where from lack of practice he was likely to forget all he knew about the law. Mr. Hunter had stated when Mr. Kane's claim was presented that there was no real claim against the city, as he had been paid for the work he had done; but he (McGoldrick) had accepted Ald. Kelley's view that Kane was entitled to the extra money.

Ald. Kelley said it was the fault of the aldermen that Mr. Kane's claim had not been settled long ago.

The chairman suggested that, as there seemed to be a curious tangle somewhere, Ald. Frink and himself should be appointed a committee to discuss the whole matter with the recorder and the legal representatives of Mr. Kane and that they also be empowered to make a report on the advisability of employing a legal adviser to devote his whole time to the city's affairs. On motion this suggestion was adopted.

The board then went into private session and adjourned.

#### Compulsory Education.

Winnipeg, March 3.—A strong resolution favoring compulsory education and demanding that the government take immediate steps toward amending the school law to give effect to this declaration was passed unanimously by the provincial school trustees convention yesterday. The convention declared the present condition of affairs was to be greatly improved and the lack of education among immigrants was the greatest menace to our democracy.

#### New Methodist College.

Toronto, March 3.—The establishment of the new Methodist college at Regina for the province of Saskatchewan was authorized yesterday by the special committee of the Methodist General Conference. Rev. J. H. Oliver and G. W. Brown of Regina, promoters of the scheme, stated that already they had a hundred and thirty thousand dollars of the quarter million required to be greatly increased and an up-to-date building, with a competent staff.

#### Another Epidemic.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., March 3.—An epidemic of diphtheria has become so widespread here that one school has been closed and others are depleted of their pupils. The present rural weather is believed to be the cause of the spreading of the disease. As

## MARCH

is usually a month with lots of storms. This means bad walking and you are sure to need Extra Rubbers.

Why not take advantage of our Sale and get them while the prices are reduced.

<b>WOMEN'S RUBBERS.</b> All Sizes. Regular Price 75c....Reduced to 65c.	<b>MEN'S RUBBERS.</b> All Sizes. Regular Price 95c....Reduced to 85c.
<b>GIRLS' PLAIN RUBBERS.</b> All Sizes. Regular Price 65c....Reduced to 50c.	<b>MEN'S RUBBERS.</b> Sizes 6, 9½, 10. Regular Price \$1.10....Reduced to 75c.
<b>GIRLS' ROLLED EDGE RUBBERS.</b> All Sizes. Regular Price 80c....Reduced to 65c.	<b>MEN'S STORM RUBBERS.</b> Sizes 6½, 9½, 11. Regular Price \$1.20....Reduced to 75c.
<b>CHILD'S ROLLED EDGE RUBBERS.</b> All Sizes. Regular Price 65c....Reduced to 50c.	<b>BOYS' ROLLED EDGE RUBBERS.</b> All Sizes. Regular Price \$1.00....Reduced to 80c.
<b>CHILD'S PLAIN RUBBERS.</b> All Sizes. Regular Price 50c....Reduced to 40c.	<b>BOYS' PLAIN RUBBERS.</b> All Sizes. Regular Price 80c....Reduced to 70c.

Remember, this is the last week of the sale.

**McRobbie** KING STREET

#### (MADAME) ADELINA PATTI.

"I am charmed with the tone and touch of the splendid pianoforte made for me by Messrs. John Brinsmead & Sons, and the case is lovely."

(MADAME) ADELINA PATTI.

"Extremely easy and agreeable to sing to, the full bright quality of tone sustaining the voice admirably."

(MADAME) PATEY.

(SIR) JOHN A. STAINER, M. A., Mus. Doc.

"The highest praise is certainly due to Messrs. Brinsmead & Sons for the complete success which has crowned their efforts to produce, on the most simple principles, a perfectly even, smooth, and sensitive repetition touch. The purity of the tone and the excellent mechanism of the pianos exhibited by them in the Paris Exhibition called forth warm eulogies from all competent critics."

(SIR) JOHN STAINER, M. A., Mus. Doc.

(SIR) G. A. MACFARREN.

"I thank you for the sostenuto pianoforte you lately sent me, which for delicacy of touch and sweetness of tone I much admire. It truly fulfills its name, for its sustaining power is remarkable."

(Late Principal of the Royal Academy of Music.)

These World Renowned Pianos can only be obtained at—

—THE—

W. H. JOHNSON CO.

—LTD.—

7 MARKET SQUARE, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

Halifax, N. S.

Sydney, New Glasgow.

Terms and price to your satisfaction. Open evenings.