POOR DOCUMENT

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Strike Leaders In Winnipeg Arrested and Spirited Away; Labor Temple Raided by Police

Ten or More Taken Quietly In Early Hours in Government Blow At Sedition In West

Strong Cordon of Specials Surrounds Headquarters and Place is Searched; Literature of Bolsheviki Character Reported Found; Two Aldermen Among Those Arrested

Winnipeg, June 17—In the early hours of this morning many of the men prominently associated with the leadership of the strike here were quietly arrested by special police at their homes and spirited away in automobiles to some place in the country, presumably Stony Mountain.

Following is an official list of those said to be taken into custody:—R. Bruseil, Rev. William Ivens, R. B. R. Bray, George W. Armstrong, Alderman John Queen, Alderman A. A. Heaps, and four agitators of Russian nationality.

Ivens is editor of the Western Labor News and pastor of the labor church. Bray is leader of the pro-strike parades which visited the parliament buildings on several occasions recently. Russell is secretary of the metal trades council, and one of the inner circle of the strike committee. Armstrong is an official of the Brotherhood of Carpenters. Queen is advertising manager of the Western Labor News and member of the city council for ward five. Heaps is an upholsterer, also member of the city council for ward five.

Beyond expressing indignation at the presence of representatives of the law at their homes, it is understood the men taken into custody submitted to arrest quietly.

BLOW AGAINST SEDITION

The blow of the dominion government against sedition in the west fell between three and four o'clock this morning.

It was announced that arrests were also to have been carried out in Calgary and other western points at the same time.

LABOR TEMPLE RAIDED

Simultaneous with the arrests, the Labor Temple, from which the strike has been directed was raided by the Royal Northwest Mounted Police and literature said to be of a Bolshevik nature was seized. The building was thoroughly searched and doors and rooms that could not be opened were broken down. Books and papers of all sorts were taken and thrown into waiting automobiles.

The raid was conducted by Inspector Green of the city police force, and Inspector Mead of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. A cordon of special constables numbering several hundred was placed around the building.

LINK I.W.W. WITH BIG UNION PLAN

Ontario Police Seize Documents of Importance

One Declared to Include Large Chart on Manifesto Sent Out Over Signature of Haywood—Plan to Dominate Canada

Toronto, June 16—Documents which are said to prove conclusively that the Industrial Workers of the World and the "one big union" which has caused much of the labor unrest in Canada and other countries, are the same organization have been seized by the Ontario provincial police. It is known that the documents were taken in a raid made by provincial police a day or two ago, but where the seizure was made is not at present being divulged.

The document which more than any other is regarded as showing the connection between the two bodies is a large chart on the back of a manifesto sent out over the signature of William D. Haywood, general secretary treasurer, who last summer was sentenced to twenty years imprisonment. This chart takes takes the form of a large circle, above which is printed "One Big Union" and "Industrial Workers of the World." The circle is divided into six divisions and the chart divulges the scheme by which the organizers hope to govern the dominion, and ultimately the whole world, under their proposal.

FOUR LITTLE ONES DIE IN FIRE

Quebec, June 17—Four children perished in a fire at St. Francois (Beauce), last Saturday night, when the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Plante, was destroyed by fire. The parents were working in the field, and the house was in charge of a sick relative who managed to escape. The fire was caused by a boy sprinkling petroleum over red hot stove-pipes.

SENATOR CURRY HERE

Hon. N. Curry, accompanied by his wife and his son, N. R. Curry, arrived in the city last night by motor-car and left again at noon today.

DOCTOR SAYS HE'S CONQUERED FLU AND PNEUMONIA

New York, June 17—Influenza and pneumonia are no more to be feared than a boil on the back of the neck, according to Dr. Charles H. Duncan, one of the founders of the volunteer hospital, who, in an address here today before the convention of the Allied Medical Association of America, described his method of combatting Spanish influenza by means of "immunizing a patient to his own poison." Upon 246 patients ill with pneumonia and influenza last winter, Dr. Duncan said, he had used the treatment "without a single failure or any complications."

"Briefly," said the physician, "I take one drachm of mucus from the infected area and pasteurize it in one ounce of filtered water, where it remains several hours. One cubic centimetre of this toxine, injected subcutaneously, will effect a spontaneous cure of Spanish influenza, pneumonia, catarrh or any similar localized infection. It will stop any cough except tuberculosis, inside twenty-four hours."

WOODSTOCK SECTION STRUCK BY STORM

House and Barns at Debec Burned, Lightning Kills Horse, Girl is Injured

Woodstock, N. B., June 17—A terrific electrical storm swept over this section early this morning. At Debec the house and barns of Michael McGann were burned to the ground. The lightning killed a horse and a daughter of McGann's was very seriously injured. Reports of other damage in the vicinity of the town are coming in.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE FOR VOTES FOR WOMEN.

Albany, N. Y., June 17—The New York legislature, without a dissenting vote, last night ratified the federal woman suffrage amendment. New York is the sixth state to ratify the bill.

NON-STOP FLIGHT, HALIFAX TO QUEBEC

Halifax, N. S., June 17—Lieut. Stuart Graham and Mrs. Graham, who recently made a flight from Halifax to St. Maurice Lake, Que., in a Curtis flying boat, which they delivered to the St. Maurice fire protection association, have returned here to arrange for delivery of another flying boat by the same method. This time, Lieut. Graham plans to attempt a non-stop flight from Halifax to St. Maurice Lake. He hopes to leave Halifax on Saturday of this week.

CRONSTADT REPORTED TO BE AFIRE

Bolshevik Warships Hoist White Flag and Will Surrender to the British — Way to Petrograd Opening

London, June 17—The North Russian general staff directing operations against Petrograd reports the fortress of Cronstadt, on the Gulf of Cronstadt, northwest of Petrograd, to be on fire, according to a Helsingfors despatch to the Daily Mail, filed on Sunday. Seven Bolshevik warships have hoisted the white flag, the despatch states, and will surrender to the British squadron operating in the Gulf of Finland. It is said that several forts near the fortress of Cronstadt have also raised the white flag.

The capture of the fort of Krasnoyagorka, across the bay from Cronstadt, will, it is said, enable the north Russian forces to strengthen its thrust against Petrograd and advance quickly on a wide front. Bolshevik garrisons near Krasnoyagorka went over to the White Guards yesterday. The north Russian force has taken during the present campaign 22,000 prisoners and eighty-seven cannon.

SHERIFF TELLS OF BLOW BY HAYES

Relates Circumstances of Occurence In Court—Hit in Eye and Lens of Glasses Broken

In the police court this morning one man charged with drunkenness, pleaded guilty and was remanded.

The case of John Hayes charged with assaulting High Sheriff Wilson in the court room in the Masonic Hall on June 6, was resumed. Sheriff Wilson testified that Hayes had been remanded by Judge Armstrong after the jury had disagreed on his case. The constables in charge were Francis McBriarity and Alexander Crawford. They were near the door and the sheriff was at the upper end of the court room, while the prisoner was sitting at the table beside his council.

The constables, he said, beckoned to Hayes, but he did not seem to pay any attention. The sheriff said he heard Constable Crawford tell the prisoner to come with him, but as he did not move, and shook his head, the witness went down the opposite side of the table and told the prisoner to go up to jail with the constables, but to this he shook his head and did not move. The sheriff then said he went down the opposite side of the table and again told the prisoner to go with the constables. The sheriff said he again told him to go, but he refused. His counsel, Mr. Mullin, told him to go, as he could see him again.

The prisoner, he said, then moved very slowly towards the centre of the room and caled him an abusive name. At this the sheriff took hold of the prisoner's arm and turned him towards the constables and told him to get into jail.

He said Hayes paid no attention and again the sheriff told him to move on and took hold of his coat sleeve and pushed him towards the door. The prisoner, he said, then called the sheriff more abusive names and refused to obey him. At this time there were a number of people in front of the prisoner and the sheriff asked them to move aside, and as they did so the prisoner started to go, but stopped quick, turned around and with his clenched right fist, hit the sheriff in the right eye, knocking off his glasses and breaking the right lens. The blow caused a lump over the eye and a slight discoloration under the eye.

The constables then took the prisoner in charge and conveyed him to jail. The sheriff told the court that the prisoner was in his custody at the time and he was acting in his official capacity, when the assault was committed.

Daniel Mullin, K. C., counsel for the defendant, cross-examined the sheriff and much the same evidence was adduced.

The case was postponed until this afternoon at 2.30.

ALL ENDED WELL.

She had received a wire from her husband sent from Halifax, saying that he had arrived safely on the Royal George and would be in St. John on the early train this morning. So the officer's wife was at the station when the train pulled in, the eager anticipation of re-union glowing on her face. She stood at the gate and watched the happy group of officers and men who passed through and as the last few stragglers drifted past her her heart sank—he had not come. She hurried to the pullman car porter but he assured her that "all de Gen'l'men have gone, ma'am. After waiting about for a short while she decided she would go home and with bowed head started to leave the station when the porter's high pitched voice rang out, "Heah he is, ma'am, heah he is. He was 'sleep in de top bunk all de time and ah fo'got to wake'm." So joy reigned once more.

Victory For Gouin Before A Single Vote Is Cast

More Than 40 Seats Out of 81 Filled by Quebec Liberals by Acclamation on Nomination Day

Montreal, June 17—Sir Lomer Gouin's Liberal government was practically returned to power yesterday at the nominations for the provincial elections. This is the first time in the history of provincial or federal elections in Canada that a government has been able to secure a majority of the members elected by acclamation. In some divisions where there are contests both or more candidates claim to be Liberals, either favoring the government or running as Independent Liberals because of the fact that another Liberal has been officially endorsed as the candidate, but in these cases such so-called Independent Liberal candidates will probably join the government forces in the assembly if elected.

Lack of organization, due to the shortness of the notice given, and the absence of means for a general contest, were responsible for the fact that there was no organized opposition to the Gouin forces on anything like a general scale.

With the exception of Hon. Napoleon Seguin, minister without portfolio in the government, all the ministers have been returned by acclamation.

There were more than forty acclamations out of a house of eighty-one deputies. Only one Conservative was elected by acclamation.

As Hiram Sees It

Mr. Hiram Hornbeam laid on the Times reporter's desk this morning a native strawberry plant bearing five ripe berries and seven green ones.

"They're goin' to be a great crop this year," said Hiram. "So's blueberries an rozberries an' blackberries. I never seen so many blossoms. The cultivated berries is doin' well, too. I'll hev a lot to sell this season. Make my own hosses—yes sir. I kin' do that wet days. The trouble with some of us farmers is we don't do enough when it rains. We need a little rain right now. By Hen! Things is gettin' sorto dry. But you orto see our garden. The old woman an' me don't wait for rain there—no sir. We got two waterin' cans an' she jist potters around that garden every spare minit. A. W. Baird showed me some pineys he got up Hampstead way, an' they was mighty fine flowers—but I told him he orto see our rose bush. I'll bet there aint another one like it in Noo Brunsick. My! what a lot o' satisfaction you kin git out of a nice garden. Mister—the city may be all right in a way, but I'm like that feller Northcliffe. They say he never sleeps in London if he kin help it. He wants to git down to his place in the country where he kin hear the silence, once in a while. Mebbe that aint the right way to put it, but a still night in the country hes voices you town folks never heard."

"Hiram," said the reporter, "you make me homesick. I know a pine tree in a fence corner that has talked to me in the darkness of many a summer night, and told me of things that happened when it was young—long, long before I was born. I hear the brook—the night call of a bird—the wind in the leaves—a bell in the pasture land—the bark of my dog—the hum of the bees—the whistling of the frogs, the rain on the roof. Hiram—I want to go home."

"Well," said Hiram, "if you aint got any home to go to out in the bush—you'll find a latch-string out in the settlement any old time you like to come. An' the roof don't leak, nuther."

ESTATES IN PROBATE

In the probate court this morning the will of James Doyle, retired pilot, was proved. He died on May 18, 1919, leaving personal property valued at $1,200. Mrs. Alice Maud Burns and Daniel J. Doyle were appointed executors. C. H. Ferguson is proctor.

In the matter of the estate of Frank E. Porter, who died intestate on June 9, H. W. Emery was appointed administrator. E. J. Henneberry is proctor.

E. P. Raymond was appointed administrator of personal property to the value of $615.63 in the province of New Brunswick, left by Mrs. Annie McKinney, of Quincy, Mass., who died intestate on June 7, 1917.

Phelix and Pherdinand

WEATHER REPORT

Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meterological service

Synopsis—The weather has been very warm in Ontario and comparatively cool in eastern Quebec and the maritime purovinces. A few light scattered showers have occurred in all the provinces except Manitoba.

A Few Showers

Maritime—Moderate winds, partly cloudy today and on Wednesday; a few light scattered showers, not much change in temperature.

Gulf and North Shore—Moderate northeast winds, fair today and Wednesday.

New England—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday and probably Thursday; warmer Wednesday, gentle moderate shifting winds.

LIBERAL POLICY ON TARIFF THAT OF SIR WILFRID

Important Pronouncements in Commons by D. D. MacKenzie

FAVORS GOVERNMENT CONTROL

Would Apply it to Transportation, Grain Elevators and Cold Storage Plants as Steps Toward Decreasing Living Cost—Supports McMaster Amendment

Ottawa, Ont., June 17—Making reference to the proposed sub-amendment by Dr. Clark to the tariff proposals, D. D. MacKenzie, Liberal leader, said in the House of Commons yesterday that one of the reasons for the sub-amendment was to "get me in a very close place on the question of iron and steel, but I don't propose to get into any corners for anybody. It is not my idea of life, particularly of public life, that a man should be getting into a corner." So far as iron and steel were concerned, in Mr. MacKenzie's view, a nation must develop its natural resources. There were certain things "that must exist in a country and be possessed by a country before you can live."

Mr. MacKenzie said that a great deal had been made of a statement in a speech of his on the government shipping programme. In that speech he had used the word "protection" when he should have said "bounty." Certain newspapers and a number of his Tory friends had used this reference to try to prove that he was a high protectionist. He was in favor, said Mr. MacKenzie, of encouraging industries which developed the natural resources of the country by bounty or other methods. So far as the tariff was concerned, the policy of the Liberal party was that laid down by the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The duty on bituminous coal, said the speaker, was very low. The revenue tariff on coal of this quality amounted to only 5 3-4 per cent. He was, he said, in entire accord with the principles of the Liberal party on tariff questions. Financial stability was the great end to be striven for in fiscal matters.

The leader of the opposition advocated government control of transportation, grain elevators and cold storage plants as steps toward decreasing the high cost of living. He was not, he said, wedded to the idea of government ownership, but under present serious conditions he thought the government should exercise jurisdiction over these branches of industry.

Making passing reference to the Winnipeg strike Mr. MacKenzie remarked that in his judgment the ministers sent to Winnipeg had not exercised that judgment which should have been exercised. He rather feared that the laboring people there "regarded the ministers as taking sides," and it was impossible for the government to bring about a satisfactory conclusion if one side was under the impression that the government was not disposed to give it a fair show. The government, said Mr. MacKenzie, would be wise to constitute a court which would deal with labor disputes.

The leader of the opposition expressed himself as being a believer in party government. Whatever development had been made in Canada had taken place under party system. Party government should therefore not be allowed to pass lightly. He declared emphatically that he was supporting not only the McMaster amendment to the budget, but also the resolution on the tariff brought down by the member for Brome on March 25 last.

The amendment to the budget, he said, expressed in compact form the attitude of the Liberal party at present. When the Liberal party was called upon to help farmers, lumbermen or fishermen, it felt that by helping these producers it was helping the people of the country as a whole.

CHEERY WELCOME HERE FOR MEN WHO CAME OVER ON ROYAL GEORGE

About 100 men for Military District No. 7, who came to Halifax on the Royal George yesterday, arrived in St. John this morning at six o'clock. They were met by Charles Robinson, secretary of the New Brunswick Returned Soldiers' Commission, and by R. E. Armstrong and S. H. Mayes and other members of the citizens reception committee and also by A. E. O'Leary and his representatives of the Knights of Columbus Army Huts. Refreshments and smokes were distributed.

The electric welcome sign was illuminated and with the crowds of relatives and friends who were there to greet the lads, despite the early hour in the morning, a first class reception was tendered them.

The men reported that they had a fine trip across the ocean and were well pleased with the treatment given them by the officers and men on board the Royal George.

The men were discharged during the day and left for their homes on the afternoon and evening trains.

Hun Delegate Says Germany Will Sign Treaty

Knows That Allies Have Given Orders for "Advance of Army of 600,000" on June 24 if She Refuses; Turks Received by Council of Ten

Paris, June 17—(Havas Agency)—One of the German delegates to the peace conference is quoted by the Echo de Paris as declaring before he left with the other members of the mission for Weimar last evening that Germany would sign the peace treaty, because she knew that the heads of the Allied governments were in perfect accord on the consequences which would follow a refusal to accept the terms, and that orders had been given for the advance, in that event, on June 24, of an Allied army of 600,000 men.

The newspapers today unanimously express approval of the strong memorandum Premier Clemmenceau addressed to the German delegation. Some of them regret that certain of the concessions were made, but they are one in expressing the belief that the Germans, faced as they are by the universal desire for peace and with their knowledge of the superiority of the Allied forces, will sign the treaty within the time limit.

Paris, June 16—(By the Associated Press)—The omission of a provision for an Allied civilian commission to control the administration on the left bank of the Rhine, from the revised treaty, it is explained, was due to the fact that this is considered as a supplementary convention between Germany and the Allied and associated powers. It was not necessary, therefore, to include it in the treaty.

Paris, July 17—The council of five met this afternoon and took up consideration of the remaining clauses in the peace terms with Austria. The council likewise considered other matters requiring its attention before the departure of President Wilson tonight for a trip to Belgium.

Paris, June 17—The Council of Ten received the Turkish peace mission this morning. The Turkish delegation was headed by Damad Farid Pasha, grand vizer. The meeting, which was a secret one, lasted an hour. The enemy status of the mission was emphasized by its entering through and departing by different doors than the members of the council.

MILK CASES IN POLICE COURT

The Board of Health had several cases in the police court this morning, handled by their solicitor Dr. J. Roy Campbell. The following men were charged with selling milk in the city of St. John without a license and they pleaded guilty. A fine of $10 each was imposed upon them —George Anthony, F. D. A. Boyle and N. C. Geldart.

James McDeavitt of Coldbrook, was charged with selling milk without a license and pleaded not guilty. Dr. T. F. Johnston, dairy inspector for the board, told the court that he went out to make an inspection of the defendant's barn, but he was not home, and besides there were twelve dogs on the premises which made it rather unsafe for a stranger. This case was postponed until Saturday.

J. N. Riley was also charged with not having taken out a milk license. He explained that he had taken his license two days before the summons was served on him. He was told to bring his license to court tomorrow. James O'Connell, was charged with the same offence, but he said he did not sell milk. It was explained that his dairy did not pass the inspection and therefore he was barred from selling milk in the city. This case was postponed for witnesses.

A. G. Day, 72 Adelaide street, was charged with keeping swine within the city limits. He pleaded guilty and was fined $10.

PHARMACEUTICAL EXAMINATIONS

The following are the results of the pharmaceutical examinations, which were held recently, and which were given out by the registrar, J. B. Mahoney:

Passed in general subjects—Charles Dickson and C. Wallace Smallwood of Newcastle, Fred H. Lake of Sussex, Randolph McKinnon of St. John, H. P. Moore of Kentville, H. G. Evans of Wolfville, N. S., Herbert Collins of Moncton, Donald York of Woodstock, Walter McKiel of Fredericton.

Passed in materia medica—H. G. Evans of Wolfville, Charles E. Taylor of St. John, Frank Hanson of Woodstock and James McCurdy of St. John.

Passed in pharmacy—Hugh Kearney of Woodstock, H. G. Evans of Wolfville, A. J. Hanlon of Fredericton.

Passed in dispensing—John Belyea of Fredericton, Hugh Carney of Fredericton, H. G. Evans of Wolfville and J. V. Butler of St. John.

Passed in all subjects—H. G. Evans f Wolfville and Frank Hanson of Woodstock.

The examiners were—Dr. H. S. Bridges in general subjects, E. R. W. Ingraham in materia medica, M. V. Paddock in chemistry, N. B. Smith in pharmacy, A. D. Johnson of St. Stephen, in dispensing.

ULTIMATUM BY FOCH EFFECTIVE

March of Polish Troops Across Germany Resumed — French Fighting Hungarian Soviets

Coblenz, June 15—(By the Associated Press)—The Polish troops which were halted recently on their way across Germany by an order from Berlin, began moving eastward again today, in accordance with the demands made upon the German government on Friday by Marshal Foch on behalf of the Allies.

There are no details available as to why the troop trains bound to Poland from France were stopped.

Warsaw, via Paris, June 16—(French Wireless Service)—The repulse by the Poles in Eastern Galicia of strong Bolshevik attacks is reported by the Polish staff. In addition, the capture of considerable booty in the way of railway equipment on the road between Tarnopol and Krasne is announced.

General Rodriguez has been appointed to negotiate with the Ukrainians on behalf of the Polish high command.

Geneva, June 17—Czech forces under command of General Hennocque of the French army have begun a counter-offensive against the Hungarian Soviet troops and have captured several villages after ten hours of fighting, according to a Prague despatch received here. Two cannon, several maxim guns and a quantity of ammunition are said to have fallen into the hands of the Czechs.

The war minister of Czecho-Slocakia has decided to increase the army to 14,000 officers and 243,000 men.

EIGHT KILLED IN RIOT IN VIENNA

Communists Make Successful Effort to Release Leaders Who Were Arrested

Copenhagen, June 17—In rioting in connection with a communist demonstration in Vienna on Sunday, eight persons were killed and sixty-six injured. The trouble began when 6,000 demonstrants attempted to obtain the release of communists leaders arrested on Saturday. The police fired volleys into the air and then into the crowd.

The demonstrants succeeded in releasing the communist leaders. Five policemen were wounded.

The city is reported quiet, with the police being supported by troops in maintaining order.

Geneva, June 17—Bolshevik placards have appeared throughout Austria, not only in Vienna, but in the provincial towns, according to a telegram from Innsbruck. It declares that the people are clamoring for annexation with Bolshevik Russia. Emmissaries of Bela Kun, foreign minister of the Hungarian Soviet government, are said to be encouraging and lending financial aid to the movement.

BRITISH LORD CHANCELLOR TO ADDRESS CANADIAN BAR IN WINNIPEG IN AUGUST

Winnipeg, June 17—Right Hon. Lord Finley, lord chancellor of England, and one of the members of the committee of the privy council, has accepted the invitation of Sir James Aikins, president of the Canadian Bar Association, to address the annual meeting of the association in Winnipeg. It will meet August 27 to 29.

FELL SHORT BY NEARLY HALF IN RED TRIANGLE DRIVE

Fredericton, N. B., June 17—The collections for the Red Triangle Fund in May amounted to $2,671.73 in York and Sunbury. It had been expected to obtain $5,000. Fredericton contributed $2,042.73, Sunbury county $72.50, York county $555.50.

LOSS OF $5,000,000 IN LIVERPOOL DOCK FIRE

London, June 17—A big fire broke out on the Alexandria docks in Liverpool last night. Warehouses stored with timber, cotton, oil, 400 barrels of turpentine and other inflammables blazed fiercely for hours and are still burning. Several vessels were safely removed from the danger zone, but a blazing roof from one warehouse fell on the American steamship Norlinda, which was badly damaged. The crew of the ship escaped.

Newspaper despatches estimate the damage at £1,000,000.

New York, June 17—Shipping records do not carry a vessel by the name of Norlinda. A steamer named Norlima, owned by the Garland Steamship Corporation, is now in Liverpool, having sailed from Baltimore May 28.