HELP FOR THE HELPLESS

Donations to Mount Hope Orphanage Gratefully Acknowledged.

The following communication from the Sisters of Mount stope Orphanage

fully explains itself: Inasmuch as ye did it to the least of my brethren ye did it unto me. Tis nigh two thousand years since these words were spoken by lips divine, but still they warm the hearts of Christians in every clime; and here In our midst, these blessed words touch a responsive chord in the hearts of the people, and urge them to open-nearted and open-handed charity. In this way have they shown it in this holy Christmastide to the inmates of the Mount Hope Orphanage and Asylum for the Aged: Mr. M. Twomey, Windsor, \$10; Rev. J. T. Ayiward, \$5; Mrs. E. O'Brien, turkey; Mr. Ginge, Mrs. E. O'Brien, turkey; Mr. Ginge, Canadian Packing Company, ham; Rev. P. Corcoran, \$10; a friend, 6 turkeys, 1 fruit cake; Mr. J. Flood, crock of butter; Mr. D. McIntyre, turkey; London Drug Company, box tollet soap; Mr. Hussy, Kingsbridge, 2 turkeys, 1 barrel apples; Mrs. M. Dowen, 1 turkey, roll, butter, Mrs. J. Dewan, 1 turkey, roll butter; Mrs. J. B. Cox, turkey; Mrs. A. Parfitt, 2 jars preserves, 1 jar pickles, 1 bushel of apples; Mr. Richard Payne, 3 turkeys; Mrs. John Pocock, turkey; Rev. T. J. Valentine, \$5; Rev. P. L. Heureux, \$5; W. Barrett, Wallaceburg, large box of children's clothing; M. Masuret & Co., sack rice, mat of figs, box raisins, bag oatmeal, box laundry starch, pail mince meat, 10 pounds mixed nuts; Lockyer & Connor, 40 pounds beer; Mr. D. Collins, \$3; Mr. James Legg, \$1; Mr. S. R. Brown, \$10; Mr. James Wilson, box raisins, 13 pounds candy and nuts, 5 dozen oranges; Mr. S. Munro, \$10 worth caps; Mrs. McLeod, 1 dozen girls' hats, nicely trimmed; London Soap Company, \$5 worth scap; Mrs. Shore, \$5; Calumet Tea Company, Chicago, \$10; Sodality B. V. M., \$5 worth children's hose; Mr. John Daly, turkey, case tomatoes, box raisins, 10 pounds candy, jelly, maple syrup, 5 dozen oranges and lemons; Turville Bros., case corn, case tomatoes; Mr. W. Corcoran, case corn; Mr. John Mc-Gregor, quarter beef, barrel apples; Rev. M. J. Tiernan, \$5; Mr. and Mrs. George Robinson, 2 turkeys, web cotton; Mrs. W. T. Strong, turkey; Mr. M. Gould, \$5; Mr. M. J. Gould, \$1; Dr. Niven, 1 goose; Mr. C. G. Cruickshanks, 100 pounds flour, 50 pounds rolled oats; Hamilton & Son, 10 pound packages oatmeal, beans, split peas, barley; Rev. J. Bayard, \$6; Mr. D. Regan, \$5; Mr. J. E. Johnston, Chatham, turkey; Mrs. Tierney, plum pudding; Mrs. W. Moylan, turkey. fruit cake, preserves, pickles; Mr. John Garvey, quarter of beef; E. A. Adams & Co., 10 pound packages of raisins, currants, cornmeal and wheat flake, 2 pounds cocoa. 2 bottles stalminal beverage; Mrs.John Flynn, Asylum, 2 pairs chickens; Mrs. H. D. Long, turkey; Mrs. G. C. Gibbons, turkey; Mr. H. Boomer,

Mrs. C. V. McCarthy, turkey: Mrs. Henry Becher, turkey; Mr. R. Mount-joy, half-case oranges; Mrs. Jas. Butler, turkey, 3 dozen oranges; Mrs. Keneock, ham; Mrs. T. Gould, \$2; Mrs.Diknoether, \$1; a friend, two tur J. Roche, turkey; Mrs. M. Mulkern, fruit: Mrs. T. Coffey, \$5; Mrs. O'Grady, \$10; Mr. C. A. Morley, turkey; Hunt Bros., turkey; Mr. and Mrs. W. Groom, pail of honey; Mr. P. Mulkern, turkey and a ham; Mrs. T. H. Small-man, turkey; Mr. P. J. Pocock, 200 pounds flour; Ryan & Russel, 1 box raisins, 2 boxes soda biscuits, oranges and apples; Mrs. J. Durkin, 5 dozen oranges; Mrs. J. P. Murray, turkey; Mrs. John Dignan, turkey and candy; Mrs. McNeil, 100 pounds flour and a ham; Mrs. Jas. Ward, turkey; North Branch Mills, 25 pounds pastry flour; Mr. N. Kargus, 1 dozen loaves of bread; Mrs. Simpson, 2 jans preserves, 1 basket cakes; Mrs. John Cleary, goose, bag of potatoes, crock of butter; Mr. B. A. Mitchell, package of oatmeal; H. J. Macfie, basket of cakes and buns: Mrs. T. McCormick, 200 1-pound boxes of choice cake and candy, and 23 pounds

pounds candy, 4 pounds cake; Mrs.

Kains, St. Thomas, cake and candy; Mr. M. Heenan, St. Thomas, a mam-

moth turkey; Mrs. E. Broderick, 1

a large box of toys. May he who marked with loving eye "two mites" given of old for his bless with his own beneficent hand, the hearts and homes of these kind people, one and all,

of Paris bon-bons; J. H. Chapman &

MOUNT BRYDGES.

Mount Brydges, Jan. 3.—R. Wor. Bro. P. Whitehead, P.D.D.G.M., of St. Clair district, No. 2, installed the of-ficers of St. John's Lodge, 840, A.,F. and M., G. R. C., Mount Brydges, on the evening of Dec. 27, 1898, as follows: Wor. master, Bro. Geo. Lipsit; J. P. M., Wor. Bro. A. Campbell; S. W., Bro. H. Badge; J. W., Bro. J. R. Veale; chaplain, Bro. P. Toles, treasurer, Bro. F. Thompson; secretary, Wor. Bro. T. C. West; tyler, Bro. H. Gillam; S. D., W. Dingman; J. D., Bro. F. Toles; I. G., Bro. G. Howe; stewards, Bro. R. Wotton, Wor. Bro. D. Small, Wor. Bro. J. Betts; board of relief, Bros. Betts, West and Small; auditors, Bros. Betts, Sawyer and

At the regular meeting of Mount Brydges Lodge, No. 217, I. O. O. F., the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: N. G., Bro. Richard Steer; V. G., Bro. Dr. Bice; R. S., Bro. James Elsey, P.G.; P. S., Bro. James

D. D. G. M. Willis will install the of-ficers on Friday evening, Jan. 6, 1899. One of the liveliest school meetings ever held in Troops' School took place on Wednesday last. Mr. Frank Heath and Mr. D. A. Forbes were nominated to fill a vacancy on the board caused by the retirement of Mr. J. B. Tilden. A standing vote was taken, and resulted in a tie. A poll was at once demanded, and voting will take place on Wednesday next. A close vote is

expected.

The following will be the officers of the Mount Brydges Epworth League for the next six months: Honorary president, Rev. J. E. Hoimes; president, Miss E. Heatly (re-elected); vicepresident. Mr. George Ringrose; secretary, Miss Eva Tuck; treasurer, Mrs. H. Badge; organist, Miss May West.

GLENOAK.

Glen Oak, Jan. 3.—At the annual school meeting last Wednesday, Mr. Thomas Wakim was chairman, and Mr. E. W. Hixon, secretary. Neil Paterson was elected trustee by fifteen majority. David Toal was chosen auditor. The contract for supplying twelve cords of hardwood, 30 inches long, was awarded to George Howe, at \$1 40 per cord. These corners are well fixed for school teachers. No less than four on the immediate corners, and a fifth will soon be to the front. Miss Minnie Stephenson is engaged to teach the Glen Oak school. E. W. Hixon, who has been attending the Normal in Toronto, is engaged in an adjoining section, Sutherland's. Will Mackenzie is engaged to teach near Bothwell, Lambton

county. Edward Stephenson is at Harrietsville; salary, \$350. Mr. and Mrs. John Pullen and daughter Eva spent Christmas at Joseph

Pullen's, Strathroy.

Misses Annie and Mary B. Mackenzie are home from London spending holidays with their parents. A party of young people from here

enjoyed a good time at the home of Mr. Adam Roemmele in Ekfrid last Thursday night.

LOBO.

Lobo, Jan. 3.-The anniversary services of the First Baptist Sunday school were held on Christmas Day. The Rev. Mr. Marshall addressed large and attentive audiences at both services. In the morning, the school led the singing. In the evening the choir rendered a beautiful anthem, "Glory to God in the Highest."

On the following evening a relect programme was rendered: Chorus, by the school. "Pity the Poor"; vocal solos, by Misses Phillips, London; guitar soloe, by Mr. Paul, of Poplar Hill; readings, by Miss Hodgins, of London Conservatory, Miss MeArthur, of Oil Springs, and Master Robert Cannom, of Hamilton. High appreciation was shown by the hearty applause that frequently re-called them. A beautiful cantata, "Santa Claus' Arrival," was given by the school and friends, consisting of readings, solos, double quartets, choruses. etc. Solos were well executed by the Misses McIntyre, Edith Irvine, and Mrs. Steinhoff. Special mention may be made of the songs by the Brownies, Esquimaux, workmen, parade, and the four newsboys, and little Miss Mitchell as Mollly; while the fairies, with Miss Lizzie Sharpe as queen, in their white and gauzy dresses, looped with roses, carrying wands and crowned with roses, holly and smilax, and the floral chariot, made a very beautiful picdozen oranges, cabbage and cran-berries: Mrs. William Harper, \$2;

Santa Claus was the delight to all, and was represented by Mr. A. Sharpe, who distributed a treat of oranges and nedy, quarter of lamb; Mr. Joseph Po- a prize for each scholar. Misses M. and E. Irvine and Mrs. Edwards accompanied on the organ.

RAVENSWCOD.

Ravenswood, Jan. 4 .- One of the live-Christmas tree entertainments ever held in Ravenewood came off in the Presbyterian Church on the evening of Dec. 30. In addition to numerous recitations and music by the children and church choir, Rev. Mr. Haddow, of Watford, delivered a very humorous lecture, entitled, "Musical Memories of Scotland." The reverend gentleman kept the audience in the best of humor for over an hour, and when not convulsed with laughter, found time to applaud, showing that they fully appreciated his mimickries of the Scottish ballad singers. He interspersed his lecture with several songs, Miss Oeler, organist of the Baptist Church, Sarnia, playing the accompaniments.

The tree was beautifully decorated, and well laden with presents for both old and young. The children each received a Santa Claus brick, filled with candy and nuts, the bricks being im-ported from New York—no doubt the invention of some whittle-stick Yan-

Orman Cairns acted as Santa Claus in character, and with an ample staff of assistants, did justice to his position. Rev. H. Currie discharged the duties of the chair in his usual happy manner. Rev. Mr. Haddow complimented the choir on the manner in which they acquitted themselves. "An' nea doot, he's a pretty good judge o' music; he seemed to be gien gude at kittlin the kist o' whustles himsel." Proceeds amounted

BELMONT.

Belmont, Jan. 4.-Neal Brown died at the family residence on Sunday at 8:30 p.m., aged 75 years. The deceased was a native of the parish of Kilmartin, Argyllshire, Scotland. Having quit the land of the brown heath and shaggy wood in 1840, he settled on con. 5, North Dorchester. He succeeded admirably in the transformation of the almost unbroken forest into fertile fields, adding acre to acre until the estate included about 600 acres. He was a splendid type of Scottish character and endur-ance, and gave exhibition of wonderful Bond, P.G.; treasurer, Bro. John Trott; feats of strength at barn-raisings and

THERE'S SAFETY IN PROMPTNESS.

of Stomach Trouble.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Are the Cnly Positive and Reliable Cure fer These Diseases-Their Action Is Powerful and Prompt, Their Effect Positive and Permanent

A tiger cub can be easily killed. But when it has grown to full size and etrength, killing it is a different mat-

It is the same with disease. Take steps to cure it while it is in its first stage, and your object can be easily accomplished. Let it gain a firm footing, and it may cost hundreds of dollars, months of suffering, and untoid xiety, before it can be cured.

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, nd similar stomach diseases, are nong the most stubborn ailments m. That to by removing the cause. limited, Toronto

▲ Valuable Rule in Treatment | Time and money spent in trying to cure these complaints in any other way, is time and money wasted. Now the cause of Dyspepsia, Bili-ousness, etc., is imperfect digestion. Remove the defect in the digestive system and you get rid of the disease. There is one remedy-and only onethat can do this. It is known the world over as Dodd's Dyspepsia Tab-

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are unique among medicines. They possess the power of digesting any kind of human food. One or two of these tablets taken after a meal, will easily, thoroughly and positively digest every

particle of food. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets act on the glands of the stomach and the stom-ach itself. They give strength and vigor to that organ and enable it to carry on its own work.

No disease nor defect of the stom; ach nor the liver can exist if Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets be used. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold

by all druggists, at 50 cents a box; six boxes \$2 50, or sent, on receipt of price, There is only one way to cure by the Dodd's Medicine Company,

logging bees, which were frequent at the inception of the township. He met with a casualty about two years ago, when he was precipitated from a haymow, breaking one of his legs at the thigh, which precluded him from the active duties of the farm. He married Annie Stewart, daughter of Elder John Stewart, of South Dorchester. They had twelve children two of whom died

had twelve children, two of whom died, His sons are: Neal, of Avon; John, Archibald, Alexander, of North Dor-chester; Duncan, of Delmar, and Hugh, at homestead. His daughters are: Mrs. Bone and Mrs. Hare, of Aylmer; Mrs. A. McVicker, of South Dorchester, and

Mise Ellen, at home. Alex. Blake Strachan, aged about 7 years, died on Friday morning. The interment took place on Saturday, when Rev. George W. Racey officiated, and preached a most appropriate sermon in the Methodist Church. Nora, a 2-year-old child of Frank Lock, fell from a chair and broke an

UNION.

arm at the elbow.

Union, Jan. 2.-The Methodist Church here was the scene of a pretty event-the wedding of Miss Bertha M. Sutton, and Adam Fulton, of Southwold. The edifice was thronged to witness the first wedding in the church, the couple being presented with a fine family Bible as a souvenir of the occasion. The fair bride was attired in white silk, with pearl trimmings, and carried a bouquet of white carnations. Misses Mabel Mc-Intyre and Gertie Mellor, who officiated as bridesmaids, were gowned beautifully in book muslin, with blue satin trimmings, and carried bouquets of roses bride entered the church leaning on the arm of Mr. Cecil McIntyre (half-brother of the bride), followed by the tetinue, to the inspiring strains of the wedding march, and stood beneath a canopy of evergreens. Rev. Mr. Going, of Port Stanley, performed the ceremony. At the close, 25 of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where a menu of marvelous excellence was served, after which the happy pair left for Port Huron, Clinton and Goderich. The choice presents to the bride evidenced her popularity. On their return they will take up their abode on Mill road, Southwold, where they will receive calls.

GLANWORTH.

Glanworth, Jan. 3.-Thomas Meadows fell upon the ice while returning from the residence of James Glen, and broke his thigh-bone, on Saturday night. The trustees have secured the services of Miss McGregor for Dewer's

school, at a salary of \$250. J. C. Coughlin is prostrated through

Miss Mary McInnis has returned from Chicago to her parental home.

STRATHROY.

Advertiser Agent, J. D. Meekison. Strathroy, Jan. 3.—John Findlay Stewart, of East Williams, received last week the silver medal presented by the Bank of Commerce for the best team of horses on exhibition at the Strathroy

Misses Edith and Maggie Dewan, of London, are the guests of the Misses Wright, Kittridge avenue. Mr. James Raymond and child, of

Buffalo, are visiting in town. The assembly held on Monday evening in the Lyceum, under the auspices of the young bachelors of the town was largely attended, many being present from Watford, London, Sarnia and other places. The music was furnished by the London Harpers.

Miss Mabel O'Neil and Miss Durand, of London, spent New Years with friends in town.

Mr. Arthur Wright, of Montreal, is spending a few days at his home here.
At the annual meeting of the Strath roy Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 537, th. following officers were elected for 1899: W. M., S. Radcliffe; D. M., J. S. Newton, chaplain, C. Scott; R. S., Thomas Hopwood; F. S., W. A. McInroy; treasurer, George Norris; D. of C., A. Autterson; lecturer, E. Steele; auditors, Bros. Radcliffe and McInroy; trustees, Bros. Radcliffe, Newton and Hopwood.

The annual meeting of the West Middiesex Electoral District Agricultural Society will be held in the firemen's hall, Strathroy, on Wednesday, Jan. 18, at 1 o'clock, to receive the annual report of the directors and to elect officers for the ensuing year, immediately after which the annual meeting of the West Middlesex Union Society will be held, to renew the union and receive the report of the directors and to elect

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Noble, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. James Noble, Oxford street.

Miss Jennie Pearce and Mr. Charles Pearce, of Toronto, are the guests of Mr. E. Pearce.
Ansbach will be at the Lyceum this (Wednesday) evening.

Canada's Future.

Canada's future is a subject which has been tabooed for some time, but is again to the front in enlarged porportions. Again it is a question between the United States and Great Britain. In the January number of The Canadian Magazine, three articles are devoted to a discussion of our foreign relations. John Canuck points out that our sales to the United States are not increasing like our purchases; while on the other hand our purchases from Great Britain are declining while our sales to the Motherland are increasing. His well-handled statistics are start-ling. R. E. Kingsford makes an impassioned appeal to Great Britain not to neglect Canada in seeking United States friendship. He admits that Can-ada loves Great Britain and British institutions, but maintains that if British neglect makes Canada restive, then there will be an end of British rule on this continent. The third article is by Robert McConnell, editor of the Halifax Morning Chronicle. He makes an attack on the coterie of United States publicists who are actively endeavoring to force Canada into annexation to the United States. He exposes their methods and analyzes their arguments. He maintains that "there is room enough and scope enough on this continent for the two Anglo-Saxon nations, Canada and the United States-daughters of a common mother, custodians of a common liberty to work out their separate destinies without being jealous of each other or coveting each other's patrimony and birthright." These three articles when read together show that this question of Canada's future is raised in a pe culiar and unexpected manner by the development of Anglo-American friendship, and they throw much light on this once-buried issue.

A proposal has been made by a French chemist to obtain easily assimilable iron tonics from vegetables. by feeding the plants judiciously with

fron fertilizers. Berlin used up 811,918 tons of coal and coke during the first six months of this year. England furnished 132,622 tons of this amount.

The total number of chemical works registered in all parts of Germany is 6,144, with 125,440 employee

Buenos Ayres, the Metropolis of South America.

It Is the London, Paris and New York of the Southern Hemisphere and the Largest Spanish City in the World-Booming Town of South America-Its Wonderful Growth.

Buenos Ayres is the London, the New York, the Paris of the Argentine Republic. It is even more. It might almost be called the Argentine itself. It controls the country as no capital of the world does the land it is supposed to dominate. It is an old saying that Paris is France. She is not so to the extent that Buenos Ayres is the Argentine. There are half a dozen different cities in France which are independent commercial centers. Paris is by no means all France industrially. She is so artistically, socially and perhaps intellectually. Buenos Ayres is the political capital of the Argentine. It is its commercial capital, its industrial capital, its financial capital. Politically the most of the Argentine Congressmen are Buenos Ayres citizens. Many of them who represent far-away districts practice law here. They live in the city the year round, and carnations. Hugh Fulton, brother although they may now and then go to of the groom, acted as groomsman. The see their constituents. The republic is see their constituents. The republic is composed of rotten boroughs supplied by Buenos Ayres men. The result is that when Buenos Ayres takes snuff the

whole Argentine sneszes. Industrially, Buenos Ayres has 95 per cent. of the factories of the republic. It has more than 300, employing over 12,000 hands. The great volume of foreign trade, now amounting to more than \$200,000,000 a year, passes through it. Its wholesale houses supply the republic with goods. There are, in fact, only two places in the Argentine-Buenos Avres and the Camp. Buenos Ayres is Buenos Ayres. The Camp is all of the Argentine outside of Buenos Ayres.

Commercially and financially Buenos Ayres is the Argentine. It has the banks which supply the republic with money; big banks, with fine buildings; banks



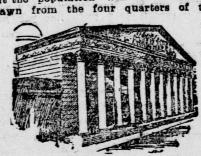
IN BUENOS AYRES. with deposits of from 80,000,000 silver dollars down. It had one with a capital of \$50,000,000, but this was closed by the failures which startled the financial world and made the Baring Brothers tremble, its depositors losing \$70,000,000 by its breaking. Buenos Ayres has its stock exchange, where "The Argentine" is bought and sold in parcels, and where stocks and bonds rise and fall as Buenos Ayres thinks them good or bad. On this exchange more than half a billion gold dollars' worth of stock was floated during the ten years ending in 1889. When the panic came 90 per cent. of the companies failed, and most of the shares are now not worth 1 per cent. of the Nevertheless, both city and country are in a good financial condition.

As a social center Buenos Ayres is the rgentine. The most of the money made in the Camp is spent here. The city has scores of millionaires, nabobs who each own their half million acres of land and who count their cattle and sheep in herds of thousands. They may go to their farms in the summer, but their winters are spent in their palaces here, where they give royal entertainments and pay \$1,000 for a season box at the opera house.

The Argentine is growing fast in populaton. It has on its seven-league boots. It trebles its population every 30 years, and it now has more than 4,000,000 peoole. Buenos Ayres grows even faster than the rest of the country. It is jumping upward at the rate of a hundred thousand a year. It has now 800,000 people, and by the end of the century its people claim that it will number more than a million. One-fifth of all the people in the country

live in Buenos Ayres. The city grows like a green bay tree. Long ago it began to take in all the adjoining territory. When it had its great boom on the edge of the panic all outdoors was plotted out in lots, and within five years the real estate transactions amounted to about \$400,000,000. Still enough land has been built upon to make a vast city, and that a most solid one. The houses are not detached, as ours. They are built in blocks of four acres, each surrounded by narrow streets. Some of the sections are so crowded that the people swarm in them like bees. In others there are wide stretches of bare fields. The city as it is laid out is 11 miles from end to end. Within its boundaries there is twice as much ground as in Paris. You find stores everywhere. There are miles of them. The reason is that

there are few stores outside. Buenos Ayres is a Spanish city. It is the biggest Spanish-speaking city of the world. It is almost twice as big as Madrid and three times as big as Barcelona. Ita Spanish character, however, belongs to the past, and it is fast developing a municipal individuality of its own. It will always have the Spanish language, but the population will be a mixture drawn from the four quarters of the



THE CATHEDRAL.

To-day more than half of the population is foreign and the city itself is fast losing its Spanish character. The houses on the new avenues, which have been recently made, are more like Paris than Madrid. The Avenida de Mayo is a wide boulevard, with an asphalt pave-ment. The buildings upon it make you think of those of the Champs Elysees, and there is a total absence of the flat, low, one storey structures of old Spain. It is the same with some of the business blocks which have been erected since Buenos Ayres began its ravid growth.

The most of the buildings, however, are low. For a century or so there was not a two-storey house in the city. The town was laid out in the Spanish style in rectangular blocks along narrow

FOR 25 YEARS Runyadi János

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As the Best Natural Aperient Water. UNEQUALLED AS A REMEDY FOR

Constipation and Stomach Disorders. Get the Genuine!

streets. It was founded away back in 1535 by a Spanish freebooter, Pedro de Mendoza. He named it "Buenos Ayres." here is especially good. It is not. Its at 2:14 next morning, 10 hours and 29 death rate is high. The average is over minutes from Omaha, a distance of 502 miles. The fastest time was just west

33 per cent. For a long time the air was of Aurora, where 90 miles an hour was so bad that lockjaw was almost epidemic. Until recently you could get it here by simply opening your mouth. No, Buenos Ayres did not get its name from its superflouos ozone. Mendoza, lika Cortez, Pizarro and the other adventurous Spanish cut-throats of his time, had a deep At all drug stores. regard for the saints, and he named the city after the Virgin Maria de Buenos

Bueno Ayres is a queer city. A city made up of shreds and patches, both as to architecture and man. As to man, it has people of nearly every race. Three hundred thousand of its residents are Italians, 90,000 are Spanish, about 80,-000 French and the remainder Germans, English and Argentines. The Argentines proper do not probably number over 150,000, and they are the only real citigens in the sense that they vote and take part in the Government. The rest prefer

Aires, whose aid he invoked for his ex-

pedition before leaving Spain.

to keep out of politics and the army, for the foreign resident here has every property right of the citizen with none of his military obligations. Architecturally Buenos Ayres is

patchwork city. I have rooms high up in one of its biggest hotels, writes Frank G. Carpenter. They are high in price as well as in altitude. They cost me eight Argentine dollars a day. I am on the fourth floor, and from my balcony I can see over most of the roofs of the city. Step out of the window with me and take a bird's-eye view of Buenos Ayres. Below and about us lies a vast rugged plain of one and two-storey houses, whose flat roofs are made of brick tiles or corrugated iron. Some of them rise high above the others, and the whole looks like a lot of great store boxes jumbled together along narrow canons, which are the streets. Away to the south you see a few smokestacks, the masts of ships and big warehouses. That is Barracas, the part of the city where meat, wool and hides are prepared for shipment to America and Europe. To the north there is a spot of green wood. That is Palermo Park, where all the swells go to ride and drive every afternoon. You may see a thousand carriages there at a time.

To the east beyond that thicket of masts and spars lining the docks, extend- Model 26, 25-inch wheels...... \$ 40 00 ing on and on until they meet the hori- Model 24, 28-inch wheels...... 50 00 nect Buenos Ayres la Plata, which with the rest of the world. The river here is 28 miles wide, and in the foggy, misty air we cannot see its opposite banks.

Buenos Ayres is only 48 feet above the Atlantic Ocean, and back around and beyond it extends the vast plain of the valley of this river, as rich as that of the Mississippi. It is cut up by railroads and spotted with farms, some of which support cattle and sheep in herds of thous-

There are a few open spaces in the city of roofs. These are the plazas or parks. There are 12 in the city, varying in size from four to 12 acres.

The Plaza de Mayo covers eight acres. The finest bailding upon it is the cathedral, which looks more like a Government structure or an art gallery than a church. It covers more than an acre, and it will hold 9,000 people. It is seldom full, however. Buenos Ayres is the largest Catholic city of the world. Ninety-six per cent. of all the people in the Argentine are Roman Catholic. Still, the men are not ardent church-goers, and the women who attend the cathedral do not usually fill it. There are in the city 24 other Catholic churches. There are only four which are Protestant. Protestants are freely tolerated.

The Stride of the Ostrich.

Ornithologists tell us that when feeding the stride of the ostrich is from 20 to 22 inches; when walking, but not feeding, 26 inches; and when terrified, 111/2 to 14 feet, or at the rate of about 25 miles an hour.

The Chinese Empire.

The Chinese Emperer has his deminion acknowledged over 4,218,000 square miles of the earth's surface, a territory one-fourth larger than that of the Dominien

Babies Tortured by the Flaming, Itch

ing Eczema Find Comfort and Permanent Cure in Dr. Chase's Ointment Greater misery than that caused by the itching and burning sensations of eczema can scarcely be imagined. Young children are frequently subject to this torturng disease, and are specially liable during the teething

period. Mothers will read with interest the letter form Mrs. T. McKnight, of Kirkwall, Ont. She says:

"I feel it my duty to let you know what Dr. Chase's Ointment has done in a very bad case of eczema on my baby. We had tried any number of cures without any permanent relief, but from the hour we commenced using Dr. Chase's Ointment there was great relief, and the improvement continued until there was a complete cure. We think it the greatest of family ointments.'

Dr. Chase's Ointment as a oure for eczema and all itching skin diseases, has a record unparalled in the history It is looked upon as perfect, for it never fails to give quick relief and

permanent cure. Dr. Chase's Ointment, for sale by all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., To ronto.

Dr. Chase's New Illustrated Book, "The Ills of Life and How to Cure Them." Sent Free to Your Address.

NINETY MILES AN HOUR. Chicago, Jan. 3.-The new fast mail train on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road, which pulled out of Oma-The words mean "good air," but Men-doza did not name it thus because air rolled into the Union depot in Chicago

> Apply Persiatic Bedbug Exterminator to all crevices in bedsteads, and it will rid them of any bugs.

Neades

INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

"An excellent Food, admirably adapted to the wants of Infants and Young Persons, and being rich in Phosphates and Potash is of the greatest utility in supplying the bone-forming and other indispensable elements of food."

SIR CHAS. A. CAMERON, M.D.

Hobbs' Winchester Bicycles

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