17. To establish slavery:

18. To repeal or alter any of the provisions of this Act, except those expressed to be subject to alteration by the Colonial Parliament:

And any enactment of the Colonial Parliament containing anything in contravention of this clause shall be void.

Original jurisdiction of the Queen in Council in certain cases. 29. That her Majesty in Council shall have original jurisdiction in all cases arising under any provision of this Act, whereby powers and prerogatives are reserved to her Majesty, or whereby the power of the Colonial Parliament is restricted, and also in all cases wherein the boundaries of the colony are brought in question, with power to assign any part of such jurisdiction or remit any case to the courts of the colony, or to any court which her Majesty may establish in the colony for the purpose.

Appellate jurisdiction of the Queen in Council. 30. That her Majesty in Council shall have appellate jurisdiction in all cases whatever arising within the said colony, and may, by Order in Council, limit and regulate the exercise of such jurisdiction.

Alterations in the Act how to be made.

31. That no alteration shall be made in any of the provisions of this Act herein expressed to be subject to alteration unless notice of such intended alteration have been published four times in one of the principal newspapers of the colony, at intervals of three calendar months, the first of such publications to be made with the assent of at least two-thirds of the whole number of the members of each House previously thereunto given, and a year at least before the bringing in of any Bill containing such alteration; and no such Bill shall be considered as passed by either House unless two-thirds of the whole number of the members of such House concur therein.

General legislative power of the Colonial Parliament. 32. That, with the reservations, and subject to the restrictions, hereinbefore mentioned, the Colonial Parliament shall have power to repeal or alter any law, charter, or letters patent in force within the said colony, including such of the provisions of this Act as are expressed to be subject to alteration by the Colonial Parliament, and to make new laws for the government of the said colony, as fully as the United Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland have power to repeal or alter any laws in force within the realms of Great Britain and Ireland, and to make new laws for the government thereof.