

and prohibited under articles 19, 24 and 27 of the Agreement. The South Vietnamese mission has furnished prima facie evidence to warrant such a full investigation of the case by the Commission.

(5) We shall submit in due course a full report setting out in detail the complaints made by the South Vietnamese mission, evidence forwarded in relation to these complaints, and our specific observations thereon."

10. The Commission accepts the conclusions reached by its legal committee that there is sufficient evidence to show beyond reasonable doubt that the PAVN has violated articles 10, 19, 24 and 27 in specific instances. On the basis of the fuller report that is being prepared by the legal committee covering all the allegations and incidents, the Commission will take action as appropriate in each individual case. The Polish delegation dissents from these conclusions.

11. Concurrently with the developments referred to in paragraphs 7 and 8 above, and subsequently, the Commission received communications from the PAVN High Command and its liaison mission alleging direct military intervention in South Vietnam by the Government of the U.S.A., and ever-increasing import of war material and introduction of military personnel in violation of the Geneva Agreement. The allegations, amongst others, were (a) the conclusion of a bilateral military agreement between President Ngo Dinh Diem and U.S.A. Ambassador Nolting; (b) the gradual introduction of about 5,000 U.S.A. military personnel into South Vietnam, "which will soon be increased to 8,000"; (c) the arrival of four aircraft carriers - Core, Breton, Princeton and Croaton - on different occasions, bringing in helicopters, other aircraft, military equipment and military personnel; (d) the introduction by the U.S.A. of approximately 4 companies of helicopters, many jet fighters, fighters/fighter bombers and transport planes, along with military vehicles and other stores; (e) the visits of a large number of high U.S.A. military experts and dignitaries to Saigon for inspection and guidance, particularly those of General Maxwell Taylor, Admiral H. Felt and General Lemnitzer; (f) the establishment of a U.S.A. Military Assistance Command with a four-star General, Paul D. Harkins, as its chief.