ANNEX

1. Resolution on the subject of Restitution.

The Albanian, Belgian, Czechoslovak, Danish, French, Greek, Indian, Luxembourg, Netherlands and Yugoslav Delegates agree to accept as the basis of a restitution policy the following principles:

- (a) The question of the restitution of property removed by the Germans from the Allied countries must be examined in all cases in the light of the United Nations Declaration of January 5, 1943.
- (b) In general, restitution should be confined to identifiable goods which (i) existed at the time of occupation of the country concerned, and were removed with or without payment; (ii) were produced during the occupation and obtained by an act of force.
- (c) In cases where articles removed by the enemy cannot be identified, the claim for replacement should be part of the general reparation claim of the country concerned.
- (d) As an exception to the above principles, objects (including books, manuscripts and documents) of an artistic, historical, scientific (excluding equipment of an industrial character), educational or religious character which have been looted by the enemy occupying Power shall, so far as possible, be replaced by equivalent objects if they are not restored.
- (e) With respect to the restitution of looted goods which were produced during the occupation and which are still in the hands of German concerns or residents of Germany, the burden of proof of the original ownership of the goods shall rest on the claimants and the burden of proof that the goods were acquired by a regular contract shall rest on the holders.
- (f) All necessary facilities under the auspices of the Commanders-in-Chief of the occupied Zones shall be given to the Allied States to send expert missions into Germany to search for looted property and to identify, store and remove it to its country of origin.
- (g) German holders of looted property shall be compelled to dcelare it to the control authorities; stringent penalties shall be attached to infractions of this obligation.
 - 2. Resolution on Reparation from Existing Stocks and Current Production.

The Delegates of Albania, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Egypt, France, Greece, India, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway and Yugoslavia,

In view of the decision of the Crimea Conference that Germany shall make compensation to the greatest possible extent for the losses and suffering which she has inflicted on the United Nations,

Considering that it will not be possible to satisfy the diverse needs of the Governments entitled to reparation unless the assets to be allocated are sufficiently varied in nature and the methods of allocation are sufficiently flexible,

Express the hope that no category of economic resources in excess of Germany's requirements as defined in Part III, article 15 of the Potsdam Declaration, due account being taken of article 19 of the same Part, shall in principle be excluded from the assets, the sum total of which should serve to meet the reparation claims of the Signatory Governments.