Trigona carbonaria Sm. freely visits them, collecting pollen. No species of Trigona occurs within the natural range of the H. annuus group.

At Gisborne, New Zealand, Mr. W. D. Cook kindly observed the insects on H. annuus coronatus in 1913-14. He did not send any specimens, but his account is sufficiently clear to permit the recognition of the bees, and I have inserted the names within brackets:-
"There seem to have been very few bees about this year; at any rate very few visited the sunflowers. I noticed a few ordinary German bees [Apis mellifera L.], a few bumble-bees, and a tremendous number of the common cream-coloured moth, and also a great many flies. [The bees] were nearly all a small black bumble-bee. There seem to be very few big bumble-bees about here (I mean the black one with the yellow band [Bombus terrestris L.]), but the one I saw most was about half the size and pure black (much larger than an ordinary bee)" [Bombus ruderatus fidens Harris.]

Thus in New Zealand the only bee-visitors were the introduced species of Bombus and Apis, as might be expected from the absence of native long-tongued bees. Had the sunflower reached that country before the bees, perhaps the flies would have been fairly satisfactory pollinators.

I add to this paper descriptive notes on some sunflower bees, two of which are new.

## Melissodes semiagilis (Cockerell).

Melissodes agilis semiagilis Cockerell, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., April 1906, p. 364, $\mathrm{o}^{3}$.

ㅇ. Length about 11 mm .; pubescence grayish-white, tinged with ochreous, vertex with black hairs, scutellum and posterior part of mesothorax with much black hair, the tegulæ separated from the black patch by a band of pale hair about equal to their width; head broad; flagellum dusky reddish beneath, except at base; first abdominal segment with a narrow pallid hind margin, the others with hind margin dark; second segment with pale hair at extreme base, and a rather broad median hair band; third segment with median band twice as broad as that on second; tibia of hind

