

Mabe Jonga' Picturk.

## HoW TO DO IT.

Tut: fields are all white, And the reapers are fow;
We chldren are willing, But what can we do
To work for our Iord in his harvest?
Our hands are so small
And our words are so weak, We cannot teach others;
How then shall we seek
To work fur our Lord in his harvest?
We'll work by our prayers, By the pennies we bring,
By swall self-denials-
The least little thing
May work for our Lond in his harvest.
Until, by aud by,
As the years pass at length, We too may be reapers, And go forth in strength
To work for our Lord in his harvest.

## MISS JONES' PICTURE

I have just been looking at Miss Jones' picture. How do you think Miss Jones looks?

She wears a shawl pinned close up to her throat, a cap tied under her chin, and a pair of spectacles over some very wiselooking eyes. What a funny-looking picture: I call it a funny picture, because the clothes are an old lady's clothes; but the face is a little girl's face, round, and plump, and rosy. If I could take off the cap, and the shawl, and the spectacles, $I$ should see a girl of four years, with a white dress, a pink sash, and long curls hanging down over her shoulders.

Her name is Edith May. Her mamma
calls her Filte. Filie likes to tix herielf up, and "play peophe," as sha calls it. She takes many difli-rent $p^{\text {arts. }}$

Sometimesishe is an old lady, nom sometimes she is a vornur hady Sumetines she plays she is mammi and then sho runs round taking rate of her dollies, and says she doesnit know what she shall do now that Tilly has the meales, and Hamala has the chicken-pox ; and she verily believes that the bathy has the measles ton.

The other day, she sand sho was going to be Miss Jones, and god down to the saloon, and have her pirture taken.

So she fixed herself up with cap, and spectacles, and shawl, and went duwn to the photogruph roum, and told the artist that she was Miss Junes, and she | called to have her picture taken.

Then the artist placed a chair for her, and she sat up as straight as she could. When the pictures were fimished, he sent them to her manma, who has sent one to me; and here you have it in the Hariv Inais.

## KEEL THE JUOR.

Doons have always been a trouble to we. When a child I was often stopped in my cager, heedless haste, by "My child, shut that door." But harder yet to shut, and still harder to keep shut, was this door of the lips, which leads into the presence of the unruly member. At every jar, almost every sound, this door has been ever flying open, and it has cost me more trouble and time, more anxiety and tears to keep it shut than all those creaking doors in the old house at home. It is not the fault of the door, $I$ must allow. There is a certain something behind the door that seems to act like a spring; at any rate, it is ever ready to spring out and open the door I have closed so securely.

One day, long, long ago, I heard this saying of Solomon, "Feep the door of thy lips;" and I resolved then that I would watch this doer very carefully. Sometimes I even kept my hand upon it, determined it should not open. I have bitten the tongue that pushed so hard till the unruly member almost bled; but it was all to no purpose. Then I read this rule of an ancient or modern philosopher: "Count ten, twenty, or even a hundred before you open the door when angry." I tried, but I generally forgot till my door was open, or, if I did keep it clnsed a little for once, it swung back just as casily the next time.

1 resolved and remesulved I prayil at least 1 thought 1 dhl-and atill 1 ind we. could wit nuerved.

One haply day 1 fomme thas prayer - Keep thou the deor of my lipa." "Ah. this 19 junt what I want " mu hoart cried abl. "I Inve tried and finleal I want nome one to do it for me. lard 1 nino up the task to thee. Kerp than the dener of mis has. keep thon lhe heart lxdhend tha lipes." And now, whenever 1 travt hen, he does what all me tryung and countin; and resolvin:: could never do. S S limes.

##  IRADHERS.

It is very clear that if I never drink intoxicating liguors. I shall never hecome a drunkard.

It is very clear that if I never nse intoxicating drank, I shall never be grulty of helping to make others drumkinds.
It is very clear that if 1 never go into drinking companies, I shall escape many of the temptations and suares that are lad for the young.

It is very clear that if I drink intoxicating liquor frequently, I may learn to like it, and so become a drunkard.

It is very clear that all drunkards were once moderate drinkers, and ouly becane drunkands by degrees.
It is very clear that moderate drinking is the fountain from which all drunkenness flows, the school in which all drunkards am truined.

It is very clear that if there was no moderate drinking, there would be no drumkenness.

It is very clear that if the drunkard would be reclaimed, he must abstain from that which has made and that which keops him a drunkard.

## KEEP TRYING TO DO RICiIT.

Do not give up trying to be nood nfter one mistake. Begin anew every morung, and see how much better you can do each day. A tree never grew to be a tree in a single ${ }^{-}$day; first it was a seed, then a slender sprout, then a weak sapling, and at last a stout tree. So you will grow if you will keep trying to do right; froma fearful, helpless disciple of Jesus, you will go on till you become a brave atd successful soldier in his canse. And yet he loves the little ones who try to serve him just as well as the bearer of the cross; he secs the love in the heart which prompted the action. Remember how he watches your muvements! So never give up.

Dr. Waugh tells us of a converted Hindu who, when too weak to kneel to pray, said: "I cannot kneel to pray, but l keep up a sweet talking with Jesus ia my heart."

