

SUMMARY OF NEWS.
By the Steamer Liverpool.

The right Hon. Poulett Thomson the Governor of Canada, and suit, embarked on Friday last, on board of the Pique, which immediately sailed upon her destination.

The Queen has appointed Edward Porter Esq., to be her Majesty's Consul at Bahia; and Goodschall Johnson, Esq., to be her Majesty's Consul at Antwerp.

The Morning Chronicle states, that the Earl of Clarendon has been appointed Master of the Mint, without a seat in the Cabinet.

Town-Council of Birmingham has published a strong protest against the Police Bill, giving the appointed and control of the police to Government for the next two years.

The price of land in New South Wales is raised from 5s. to 12s. per acre.

The Duke of Norfolk is about to give up farming. His Grace has given instruction to his agent to sell off all the live and dead stock at Mondel Park Farm, including his Grace's Southdown flock.

The Marquis of Normanby has appointed Lieut. Colonel Angelo, Commissioner of Police at Bolton-le-Moors, with a salary of 5000 per annum.

Lord Walsingham.—The Right Hon. and Rev. Lord Walsingham died lately at Merton Hall, Norfolk, after a few hours' illness.

Sir John Byng.—The demise of this gallant officer took place yesterday week, at his seat, Wotton Court, Kent.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. Thomas Baron Montagu, Comptroller General of the Receipt and Issue of her Majesty's Exchequer.

Russia.—The Emperor of Russia reviewed his troops at Borodino August 29. The camp was ten miles long. His son-in-law, the Duke of Leuchtenberg, accompanied him. The second corps of infantry alone, counted 50,000 soldiers and officers. The whole number was supposed to be 140,000.

A serious conspiracy is said to have been discovered in a Russian corps on its march to Poland. 500 officers are said to have been arrested. The object of the conspiracy was to seize a number of fortresses in Poland, and stir up the Poles to a general insurrection.

Money Market.—Considerable sensation has been created in the city this morning, especially among persons interested in or connected with American matters, by the intelligence from Paris of the refusal of Messrs. Hottinguer & Co. to accept a large amount of bills drawn on them by the Bank of the United States. We find that this unexpected intelligence is perfectly correct, and that the quantity of paper refused amounts to nearly 7,000,000 francs. Beyond the mere fact, however, we know nothing; and therefore shall refrain from entering into any comment until we are in possession of the causes which have led to this strange occurrence. It is necessary to state, however, that the transaction in question was wholly apart from the London Agency of the United States Bank, the gentlemen attached to which are in as much ignorance as any body else as to the origin of this affair. Mr. Jaudon, the agent here, set off for Paris on Friday last, as soon as he received intelligence of what had occurred; and we believe it will be found that he is gone quite prepared to liquidate the bills in question, and to remove the uneasiness which must necessarily exist in the French capital. It is also important to state, lest unnecessary alarm should continue here, that the amount of gold received by Mr. Jaudon from the United States,

by the two last packets, is of itself nearly sufficient to cancel the bill, refused acceptance by Messrs. Hottinguer. We avail ourselves of this opportunity to mention, that we are authorized by the agency of the United States Bank to give a most unqualified contradiction to the assertion of the *Times*, that assistance had been rendered to Mr. Jaudon, either directly or indirectly by the Bank of England, and that there has not been any transaction between the two establishments, further than the sale by the former to the latter of the gold just arrived from New York.—*Morning Chronicle*.

Protest of the North American colonial association to the appointment of Mr. Thomson.

11 Leadenhall street, Aug. 22. My Lord,—I am instructed by the committee of the North American Colonial Association to address your lordship on a subject which they deem of paramount importance, not only to their own interests, which are dependent on the prosperity of the British colonies in North America, but also to the colonies themselves and to the empire at large.

The attention of the committee has been attracted by rumours that have been generally circulated of the intended retirement of Sir J. Colborne from the government of Canada, and of the appointment of his successor.

Sir John Colborne possesses so entirely the confidence of the people of the Canadas, and is so well versed in their affairs, that his loss at the present crisis would be deeply to be deplored.

But should that be inevitable, the committee crave your lordship's permission to express their opinion, founded on an intimate acquaintance with the inhabitants of the Canadas, and with the country, as well as with the state of feeling in the border states of the American union, that the separation of the civil and military authority in those colonies at the present juncture would probably be attended with most disastrous consequences.

The committee feel the utmost confidence that the permanent connexion of the North American colonies with the crown of Great Britain may easily be attained by judicious management, but that it may be irretrievably endangered by the appointment of a governor general who should not possess the confidence of the colonists at this period when their minds are unsettled by recent occurrences; and having been informed that the appointment of the Right Honourable C. Poulett Thomson to that office has been contemplated, the committee feel it to be a duty devolving on them to place before your lordship their deliberate conviction that his known opinions on subjects involving the interests of the colonists would necessarily deprive him of their confidence, without which it would be impossible for him to administer the government of the colonies with advantage or safety.

The committee are anxious to disclaim any intention of interfering on the prerogative of the crown by venturing to make reference to any anticipated appointment, so entirely at variance with that prerogative, and they are equally anxious to disclaim any intention of personal disrespect towards the Right Hon. gentleman to whom allusion has been made; and they most respectfully trust that any impropriety of which they may be considered guilty in these respects will be pardoned by your lordship in consideration of the important interests at stake.

I have the honour to be, my lord, your Lordship's most obedient servant,

Russell Ellice, Chairman.
To the Right Hon. Lord Viscount Melbourne: &c.

Downing-street, Aug. 24, 1839.

Sir,—I beg leave to acknowledge your letter of the 22d inst. I am sorry that the opinions which you have been instructed to state are entertained by a body of so much weight and influence as the North American Colonial Association; at the same time, being entertained, I feel that they could not have been more properly expressed, and I remain, sir, your faithful and obedient servant.

MELBOURNE.

Russell Ellice, Esq.

Spain.—On the 25th Don Carlos had repaired from Bergara to Gerona to review six battalions commanded by Maroto. The prince arrived accompanied by his ministers and an escort of cavalry, and finding the troops drawn up, he proceeded to review them. As he passed before the front of the first battalion, the Guides of Navarre, the soldiers cried "Viva el Rey!" Don Carlos then went up to the second battalion, composed of Castilians, who cried "Long live the King and our general!" The prince suddenly stopped, and, addressing the corps, said, "Wherever the King is there is no other general." The troops remained silent. He then rode before the line of the third battalion, consisting also of Castilians who saluted him with the same cries as the second. Seeing this, Don Carlos discontinued the review, and immediately left for Bergara. He had, however, scarcely reached that town when he received an express, informing him that Maroto had gone over to the Christians, and advising him to repair without delay to Navarre, if he did not wish to be overtaken and delivered into the hands of the enemy.

The intelligence of the past week, both foreign and domestic, continues to be as important as might be expected from the approaching catastrophe of two such events as the conclusion of the civil war in Spain, and the decisive crisis of the negotiations at Constantinople and Alexandria.

GENERAL ORDER.

"Horse Guards, July 10, 1839.

In reference to the instructions contained in page 140 of the General Regulations and Orders of the Army, the General Commanding in Chief desires that commanding officers of regiments and depots will be particularly careful that no soldier being a Roman Catholic, or of any religious persuasion differing from the Established Church, shall be compelled to attend Divine worship of the Church of England, and that every soldier shall be at full liberty to attend the worship of Almighty God according to the forms prescribed by his own religion, when military duty does not interfere. By command of the Right Hon. Gen. Lord Hill, Commanding in Chief—John Macdonald, Adjutant-General.

We have given several extracts relating to the refusal of the Messrs. Hottinguer to accept the drafts of the United States Bank, amounting to 7,000,000 of francs. Great consternation naturally ensued in consequence of such an unexpected event, but Mr. Jaudon hastened to Paris and effected an arrangement with the Rothschilds to honour all the drafts at maturity. This in some degree tranquillized the mercantile mind in England, but credit has nevertheless suffered a severe shock. It is the more to be regretted as the money market in England, when this occurred, had assumed much steadiness and confidence, and was fast recovering itself. *Albion*

St. John, Oct. 14.

An alarm of Fire was made about 9 o'clock on Saturday night. On inquiry we learned that it originated in the corner of the Commercial Bank, where a bundle of

cotton was discovered to be on fire, and which had communicated with the shingles on the roof of the building before it was discovered. Supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. Had it been at a later hour, no doubt, we would, this morning, have to record another calamitous conflagration.—*Commercial News*.

An Agricultural Fair took place at Charlottetown on the 2d inst. and was numerously attended by nearly all the Farmers on the Island. The evening previous, it was almost impossible to procure lodgings at any of the boarding houses. A Ploughing match also took place on the same day, when prizes to the amount of £2, £1 10 and £1 were awarded to the successful competitors.—*Id.*

JAMES WHITNEY AGAIN.—Authors keep themselves always before the public by putting out a new book or two every year. James Whitney seeks reputation in another direction—he launches a new Steamboat or two every year.—his march is over the mountain wave, his fame is on the deep.—Why the deuce don't the New Brunswickers give him a Dinner or a Pic Nic? We suppose it is because enterprise is the general rule with them, and not the exception. Whitney's last creation is a noble steamer called the *North America*.—*Novascotian*, Oct. 9.

MIRAMICHI, Oct. 8.

COUNTY JAIL.—Two of the three criminals Christopher Parker and George McCawley, found guilty at our recent Court of Oyer and Terminer, the first for forgery, the other for stabbing a constable, and confined in our County Jail made their escape on the night of Wednesday last. No information up to the present time has transpired respecting them. A description of their persons will be seen in an advertisement in another column.—*Gleaner*.

SHAM FIGHT.—On Thursday last the 69th Regiment with the Uniform Companies of the First and Rifle Battalions City Militia, and two divisions of the New Brunswick Regiment of Artillery exhibited the novel and exciting spectacle of a Sham Fight, in the vicinity of the City. The part assigned to the Militia Companies, we are informed, was performed with much spirit and the different movements were made in good style; altogether the scene produced a thrilling interest, and from its novelty and the fineness of the weather drew forth numerous assemblages of our citizens as spectators.—*Courier*.

CIVIL APPOINTMENT John C. Allen, Esquire, to be Register and Clerk of the Court of Governor and Council. Commission dated 1st March, 1839.—*Royal Gazette*.

Alexander Barney, master of the Brig Eliza, from St. John, N. B. is held to bail in £100 at Waterford, to stand his trial for taking a small quantity of tea and tobacco on board of that vessel.

P. E. ISLAND, Sept. 30.

The U.S. armed schooner Grampus, arrived at Charlottetown on Thursday last. She fired a royal salute under the British flag, which was returned from the Fort.

Tremendous Fire and Loss of Life in Philadelphia.—On Friday last week, the city of Philadelphia was visited by the most extensive fire, it is said ever occurred there, destroying about 40 buildings, mostly extensive warehouses, and injuring fifteen or twenty others. The loss is estimated at from 350,000 to 600,000 dollars, about 25,000 of which is said to be insured. Several lives are known to be lost and it is supposed that others have fallen victims.

The fire commenced about 11 o'clock in the night, in the provisions store of D. W. Prescott, No. 19 South Wharves, and as the wind was high it spread with so

great a rapidity till 10 o'clock the next morning, but little was saved from the building consumed. Eleven persons are named as among the killed, wounded and missing, and it is feared that this is not the whole number.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The following favors are received and will be inserted in our next number. The account of the "Rohan Potatoe." The letter signed—H from St. John; and the lines addressed to "W.L."

THE STANDARD.

SAINT ANDREWS, SATURDAY OCT. 19, 1839.

Charlotte County Bank.

Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.

Director next week, H. Hatch.

DISCOUNT DAY, THURSDAY.

Hours of business, from 10 to 2.

TT-BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier on or before WEDNESDAY, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

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To the Chairman of the

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St. Andrews, N. B.

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