4 P.M. EDITION

# London Advertiser

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42ND YEAR. NO. 17565 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1905. PRICE TWO CENTS.

## Two Thousand Orangemen In Parade to Queen's Park

### Demonstration Was One of the Largest Seen in London in Many Years.

### Speeches at Queen's Park—Mr. Essery Talks Plainly to Local Tory Bosses.

The Twelfth of July celebration held under the auspices of the Orangemen of London and the county of Middlesex was one of the largest witnessed in this city in many years, and what was most gratifying to the promoters, it passed off without an untoward incident of any kind.

With weather that was anything but favorable in the early part of the day, fully two thousand Orangemen and Orange ladies found their way to the city. Had the weather man been more kindly disposed, it is altogether likely that the followers of King William would have been fully twice as numerous.

The day opened with rain at many points, and the result was that many who would otherwise have come to celebrate, decided to remain at home. As it was, however, there were few lodges in the district that were not represented in the parade. From some places brass bands accompanied the visitors, while from a score or more of others, came the fife and drum organizations—some big, some small, but without which no Orange celebration would be considered complete.

Queen's Park was the rendezvous of the Orangemen and their ladies for the afternoon, and by the time the evening was well advanced the majority were homeward bound. The programme was of the usual character, including a number of addresses, sports of various kinds, and competitions for fife and drum and brass bands, and the awarding of prizes to the lodges that had made the best appearance in the procession.

***Music Filled the Air.***

From 10 o'clock in the morning until 7 o'clock in the evening the sound of music that was particularly pleasing to the ear of the Orangeman filled the air. At the first-mentioned hour the first of the lodges put in an appearance on the down-town streets, and from then until after 1 o'clock they continued to arrive, bringing with them massive Union Jacks, banners, and bands. The railways handled the crowds well. The C. P. R. had a special from Woodstock, and in addition to this it brought a number from points east of that place and also from points between London and Windsor. The Michigan Central had two big specials. One was from Detroit, and the other was from Tillsonburg, each picking up passengers at intermediate points. The Grand Trunk had three specials from Woodstock, Wingham and Petrolea, and each got a good share of business. The report made by every railroad, however, was that all along their lines rain was falling and the number of excursionists was much below what was anticipated. Of the places not touched by the special trains, Brantford possibly sent the largest contingent. It was headed by the Brantford band, which was admitted on all hands to be one of the best in the parade.

***Yankees in Line.***

One of the most pleasing features of the demonstration was the presence of the American brethren and their ladies. Such a large representation of the brethren from across the line had not been known at a London celebration before, and they made a decidedly favorable impression. The William McKinley Lodge, of Detroit, had the place of honor in the parade. The members were dressed in suits of white, and they marched like well-trained soldiers. Martin Luther Lodge also came from Detroit, attired in black uniforms, with gold trimmings, and they brought with them the International Pipers' Band, composed of pipers from both Windsor and Detroit. Then with the Detroit special were two ladies' lodges—Martha Washington, No. 41, and Purple Star Lodge, No. 65. From Port Huron came a strong delegation of Orangemen and a number of ladies.

The procession was timed to form on the Market Square at 1:30 p.m., but owing to a number of the trains being late, it was an hour behind time in starting for the park. In the ranks were some of the Orange veterans of the district—members of the order who had participated in celebrations for over half a century, and were still

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## "TEXAS" MAKES A BREAK

### Overpowered at Outer Gates of the Port Huron Jail.

Port Huron, July 13. — A dispatch from Port Huron says that "Texas" Burdell, awaiting results of extradition proceedings by the Canadian authorities, made a break for liberty on Thursday. While going to the jail baths, he broke from his guard and bolted, but was overpowered just as he reached the outer gates.

## FLAG UNMOLESTED

### Nothing in Sensational Story About Insult to Stars and Stripes.

There is absolutely no foundation for the story put in circulation that the American flag was trailed in the mud on Dundas street west last evening, although a little incident, in which a drunken man was the central figure, did occur.

About 7 o'clock a large American flag, belonging to one of the Detroit lodges of Orangemen, was suspended from the veranda of the City Hotel, when a man very much under the influence of liquor attempted to reach it. Whether he intended to straighten out the folds, or to pull the flag down, he did not say, but he scarcely got his arm extended before one bystander struck him on the jaw, this blow being followed by an uppercut from a man on the other side of the intoxicated individual. There was no further attempt to molest the flag, which remained in its position.

## COMPLAIN OF 'PHONE RATES

### Montreal and Toronto Merchants Say They Are Too High.

Ottawa, July 13.—Before the parliamentary committee on telephones yesterday, E. M. Trowern, Toronto, representing the Retail Merchants' Association, of Canada, complained that the rates charged by the Bell Company were more than many small dealers could afford. The Government should take over the trunk lines and give the utmost facilities to all local systems.

J. A. Beaudry, on behalf of the Montreal retail merchants, echoed the complaint that the Bell charges are excessive. If they were lowered many more would avail themselves of telephone services. One of the commonest causes of complaint arose from the fact that when a subscriber wanted to call up his own office or store from another part of the city he had first to pay 5 cents, and even then failed at times to get the connection.

## ETHEL AGAIN ENGAGED

### This Time Miss Barrymore Is to Marry Graham of the Guards.

New York, July 13. — The many friends that Ethel Barrymore, charming and gifted young actress, has made in America, both as a social and footlight favorite, will be surprised to learn of her reported engagement in England to Harry Graham, late of the Scots Guards and former private secretary of Lord Rosebery.

Although stories of her approaching marriage have been current from time to time, this last report from London seems to be founded on something more substantial than mere rumor.

In all the long series of the winsome actress' social and dramatic triumphs, nothing equals in brilliancy her present season in London. She has been courted and feted by the innermost circles of the smart set, counting among her intimate friends some of the most exclusive leaders of the aristocracy.

## A SHAKESPEARE MSS.

### Perfect Copy of Fourth Quarto of Richard Third Discovered.

New York, July 13. — A perfect copy of the fourth quarto edition of Shakespeare's tragedy of King Richard the Third, has been sold at Sotheby's for $8,750, to A. Jackson, and it is understood that it will go to America, according to a London dispatch to the Times.

The book was printed in 1650 by Thomas Creed, and was sold by Maththews Lawe, "Dwelling in Paules Churchyard, at the sign of the Fox, near Austin's Gate." It consists of 46 leaves. It is believed that only two other copies of this edition exist. One is in the British Museum, and the other was sold by Mr. Halliwell, afterwards Halliwell-Phillips, and is now in the Bodleian Library at Oxford.

The example sold is of peculiar interest from the fact that in five places a contemporary autograph of William Penn is found. The signature is probably that celebrated admiral, the father of the founder of Pennsylvania.

## CHOLERA IN JAP RANKS

### And the Privates Are Very Anxious to Get Back Home.

Sipinghai, Manchuria, July 13.—Quiet continues along the front, but the Japanese are still moving on Korea. The Russian trains move as far as Changtafu. Information from the Japanese lines indicates that the rank and file are exceedingly anxious for peace. To counteract this feeling Field Marshal Oyama is continually issuing glowing appeals to the patriotism of his armies.

The Chinese say that decaying corpses buried in shallow graves in the frozen ground after the battle of Mukden have created a terrible condition. Plague and cholera are said to have appeared among the Japanese.

### Income Tax for Aliens.

Amherstburg, July 13.—Government officials are disposed to collect an income tax from the force of employes engaged upon United States improvement in the channel of the Detroit River at this point. As Amherstburg is convenient to their work for engineers and many employes live here, and the town deriving benefit, Engineer Dixon, who is in charge of the work, has protested. If the Government insists, it is probable that the men will move over to Grosse Island, which is in American waters. Though the channel here is wholely in Canadian waters, the United States Government has spent millions of dollars in widening, deepening and straightening it and more is still to be spent in the work.

## LIVELY WEDDING FOR THE PARSON

### Runaway and Blinding Bride Accompaniments.

## THE GIRL'S FRIENDS GET BUSY

### With the Aid of the Police Reserves the Happy Couple Finally Escape Their Tormentor.

New York, July 13. — The Rev. Roland S. Dawson last Monday night married against the wishes of his former congregation, which is a risky thing for any clergyman to do. It will be a long time before Dawson does it again. He has learned a sad lesson to wit: Love your flock, but play no favorites.

When Mr. Dawson was called to take charge of the Ainslee Street Presbyterian Church in Williamsburg, he sprang at once into great popularity. He was considered handsome. Of course the sewing circles discussed him. Of course every mother with matrimonial goods on the market set a vicarious cap for Dawson.

It was just about a year ago he began to specialize. The object of his affections was not any one of the dozen serious-minded young women whom the sewing circles said he might have had for the asking. He began to pay attention to Miss Minnie Edsall, who then was only 19, while he is 34 and gray-haired.

The frightful news was shouted across yards, from back windows, and exchanged with many a "Did you ever?" on the front stoops. The parson went from bad to worse. He saw the trend of popular opinion, and one day handed in his resignation and moved to New Jersey. But twice a week he came all the way back to Williamsburg to call on Miss Edsall.

Monday evening the neighbors of Charles Edsall got wind of the wedding. Soon it began to rain boys in Ainslee street. Most of them carried tin horns. One group was dragging an Italian hand-organ man.

The strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March arose from the piano within.

"Let 'er go," yelled the boy who was escorting the hand-organ man.

"Goodbye, Little Girl, Goodbye," began the hand organ. The parlor piano wasn't in it. Then a prominent member of the boys' club gave a signal, and forty horns tooted together.

The Rev. John T. Dawson, father of the bridegroom, who was conducting the ceremonies, had to yell at the top of his voice. The crowd kept growing until it blocked the street. Finally they tried to rush in the front door. Thereupon the two cops on duty there rang for reserves and gently cleared the street.

The time came for the bride and groom to go away. Two cabs were waiting outside. One belonged to the happy couple and the other was for the elder Dawson. A man in a tall hat and frock coat ran out and jumped into the cab. This happened to be the elder Dawson, but a young man with magnesium powder in a tin pan took him for the bridegroom, and forthwith touched off the powder right under the noses of the horses.

The team ran away. The cab bounced along Ainslie street with the elder howling for help out of the window. Two blocks down it struck a tree, lost a wheel, and dumped Dawson on his head. He was carried back to the house, laid out on a sofa, and treated for a cut on the scalp.

The flashlight blinded the bride, who stood on the stoop. She fell into the arms of her husband. About midnight, with the aid of the police, the bride and bridegroom were able to get away.

## CANCER CURE FAILS

### Dr. Doyen's Serum Gave Only a Temporary Relief.

Paris, July 13. — The report of the committee of experts who have been investigating Dr. Doyen's anti-cancer serum for five months has been presented to the Surgical Society. It is distinctly unfavorable. It admits that the application of the serum possibly caused a temporary improvement in some cases, thereby lessening the danger of subsequent operations, but it never cured the disease. Twenty of the 26 cases examined became worse under the treatment. The report concludes by expressing the opinion that Dr. Doyen, like other inventors, has mistaken his desires for facts.

## THE WEATHER.

### Tomorrow—Fine and Warm.

London, Thursday, July 13.

Sun rises..4:47 a.m. Moon rises..4:00 p.m.
Sun sets...7:59 p.m. Moon sets...1:36 a.m.

Toronto, July 12—8 p.m.

Showers and local thunderstorms have occurred over the lager portion of Ontario and in Western Quebec. Elsewhere in Canada the weather has been fine. The temperatures in Manitoba and the Territories have been between 72° and 78°, and in Quebec and much of New Brunswick between 80° and 90°.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 52—64; Calgary, 40—72; Edmonton, 46—72; Prince Albert, 54—76; Winnipeg, 62—72; Toronto, 67—77; Ottawa, 66—82; Montreal, 70—86; Quebec, 60—90; St. John, 60—72; Halifax, 52—72.

FORECASTS.

Thursday, July 13—8 a.m.

Today—Moderate to fresh southwest winds; fine.

Friday—Westerly winds; fine and warm.

TEMPERATURES.

| Stations. | 8 a.m. | Min. | Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Calgary | 46 | 42 | Clear |
| Winnipeg | 60 | 54 | Fair |
| Parry Sound | 72 | 68 | Fair |
| Toronto | 72 | 64 | Cloudy |
| Ottawa | 72 | 68 | Fair |
| Montreal | 76 | 70 | Fair |
| Quebec | 74 | 70 | Cloudy |
| Father Point | 76 | 60 | Cloudy |

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather continues fine and warm throughout Manitoba and the Territories. Heavy showers and thunderstorms were pretty general yesterday in Ontario, and during the night in Quebec.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Wednesday were: Highest, 76.5°; lowest, 69°.

## Warrens May Carry Fight To Dundas Street East

### Rumor They Will Try to Upset Contract Awarded to the Barber People.

Mayor Campbell has not executed the Richmond street contracts of the Warren Company. In the meantime the matter hangs fire.

His worship stated today that he will make no move until such times as the city solicitor has furnished him with a full report of the squabble.

The mayor has instructed the city solicitor to have a clause placed in the contracts to the effect that in no case will the city agree to pay the Warren Company more than $2 20 a yard for the pavement. When the work is completed, the city will measure the surface, and if it is found that the contract price named in the lump exceeds $2 20 per yard, the city will reduce the amount of the contract. If, on the other hand, it should be found that there are more yards of surface on the street than the measurements now show, the Warren Company must agree to accept the lump now named in its tender.

It was said today that the Warrens have determined to carry the pavement fight on to Dundas street east. They are credited with the intention of serving a writ on the mayor, calling upon him to refuse to execute the Barber contract for an asphalt pavement on Dundas street, between Lyle street and Queen's Park. The ground of objection is said to be that the notices sent out in connection with this pavement when it was being initiated were not in accordance with the provisions of the local improvement law.

This, of course, is a case of tit-for-tat on the part of the Warrens, who do not propose to lose the Richmond street contracts without putting up a stiff fight.

In city hall circles it is expected that the determination of the solicitors for the ratepayers who are objecting to the Richmond street pavements, to take the evidence of the property-owners as to the signing of the petitions, will bring forth some interesting testimony. It will either put a stop to all the talk which has been going the rounds in regard to certain people receiving free frontages as an inducement for them to sign the petition, or it will show that some people did receive the inducements. If the latter, then the interesting point will come up as to whether it is wrong for a citizen to accept a free frontage. From the standpoint of principle, all concede that it is wrong, but from a legal point of view there are those who say that it is a thing for which the law provides no penalty.

On the other hand, excellent authorities declare that if a man signs his name to a petition he thereby influences his neighbor. He also takes his share of the responsibility of putting the city in for the payment of about one-quarter of the cost of the pavement, for intersections, etc., and he also takes his share of the responsibility of making up the necessary two-thirds of the ratepayers on the street. Consequently, the courts may hold that a man is not free to do as he has a mind to in such matters, and he may find that the accepting of a free frontage is not only unjust to his neighbor, but a dangerous act for any citizen.

City Engineer Graydon said today that he would be sorry to see the bitulithic pavement on Richmond street knocked out. He recommended that a brick pavement be laid, but the people would not entertain the proposal, despite the fact that the street railway people have been granted permission to pave their share with brick. The street railway proportion amounts to 17 feet 2 inches.

## HEADACHE RUINS "GOLD KING'S" JOY

### The Death Valley Millionaire Has His Woes.

## RETIRES EARLY TO COUCH

### Estimate Scott's Available Funds Now Are Lowered by Almost $100 in One Day.

Chicago, July 12.—Walter Scott, the spendthrift of Death Valley, arrived in Chicago at 11:57 a.m. yesterday over the Santa Fe.

The man who was scheduled to spend $5,000 in Chicago in one day was met at the Polk street station by a crowd of more than 2,000 persons, drawn solely by curiosity. They believed he might squander the $5,000 for an automobile or some such trifle. But he is said to be the real thing on the coast. His special train had made the record-breaking run from Los Angeles in 45 hours.

When the plainsman's garb first appeared and the crowd realized that the man was in sight who believes he could stir Chicago by a $5,000 expenditure, a cheer went up.

"Ladies and gentlemen," he said, "I'm glad to see you——"

But the crowds had gathered not to be made speeches to, but to make a demonstration for themselves. Frantic women, mistaking the "gold king" for Hobson, rushed to kiss him. One reached the goal. She was a married woman, however, and had known him when they both were "doing stunts" in a wild west show.

Mr. Scott had his yellow dog with him, as advertised.

"I tied a $500 bill around the pup's neck," he said, "just to show that my heart was in the right place."

The $500 was tied on tightly.

Taking the purp with him, but leaving his wife at the station, Scott, escorted by two policemen, leaped into a Wells-Fargo express wagon, and drove pell mell to the Great Northern Hotel. No one made a fuss over him at the hotel.

Scott was assigned to suite "L 16." Expectant bellboys, having heard of the "Croesus of Death Valley," nearly fell over themselves to answer calls. They soon found there was nothing doing. Mr. Scott's ideas of spending money in Chicago were hopelessly crude. All he could think of was to order drinks. And he forgot to tip the waiters, too.

According to schedule, as soon as he reached his room, he said:

"Don't let anybody get out of here until we have a drink. Tell the manager to bring up a whole gallon of booze."

Any back countryman who has disposed of his "hawgs" at the stockyards and with his pockets bulging had gone out to see Chicago could have gone Mr. Scott one better. It is all right to put on dog in Butte, Mont., or in Death Valley, Cal., but strenuous demands are made on one who comes to Chicago for the purpose of turning it inside out.

Mr. Scott's main topic of conversation was his money.

"I've got more money now than I can count in a whole day," he said, when he felt sure some one was listening. Most of his guests were busy sampling the liquor. "And I can count a million in fifteen minutes," he said, impressively.

No one listened. Such things had been heard of before.

"I've got a mine," he went on. "It's my mine, and nothing can take it away from me. I think money was made to spend. I believe in living fast and traveling fast.

"Why, I spent $5,500 for this here train from Los Angeles to Chicago. And I took $6,800 along for pin money."

A row of bellboys stood like wallflowers near the door, and waited—waited.

"I told the engineer to blow the smokestack off—"

"I wish he'd blow somebody else off," remarked one of his guests, audibly.

"I gave him $50 to buy a cigar with."

One of the guests drained the last drop from a highball glass.

"Buy yourself a straight cigar," I said, continued Scott. "Don't ask any

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## DYNAMITE BENEATH CZAR'S CASTLE

### Imperial Residence Near Moscow Mined With 250 Pounds of Explosive.

New York, July 13.—A World dispatch from London contains the following from the Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph:

"Private letters from St. Petersburg state that the police have discovered elaborate preparations for blowing up the castle of Ilinskoje, near Moscow, where the Czar with the imperial family intended to take up a brief residence. Beneath the apartments destined for his majesty's use a subterranean passage is said to have been found leading to a cellar where 250 pounds of dynamite lay concealed.

"The police have made many arrests, apprehending among others two engineers who conducted the cleaning and decorating of the apartments in the castle.

"This intelligence, associated with the murder of Shuvaloff has made a deep impression.

"The Czar has now given up all idea of staying at Ilinskoje."

### False Alarms at Chatham.

Chatham, July 13.—A patient suffering from rash created a lively scare near Victoria Park Tuesday evening. Dr. Hall, city medical health officer, and several other physicians were called to determine whether the rash was chickenpox or smallpox. In the meantime a tent was erected on Victoria Park, but the residents collected in crowds and demanded its removal. Meanwhile the doctors decided the case was medicine rash only, and the tent was taken down.

## M. WITTE HEADS PEACE COMMISSION

### Russia's Most Liberal-Minded Statesmen Appointed Plenipotentiary.

St. Petersburg, July 13, 12:53 p.m.—Emperor Nicholas has signed the appointment of M. Witte, president of the committee of ministers, to be chief plenipotentiary representing the Russian Government in the peace negotiations to be conducted next month in the United States. The appointment, which was signed after midnight, clothes M. Witte with plenipotentiary powers. Notification of the designation of M. Witte to head the mission was forwarded to Washington this morning. M. Witte will take passage on North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, which sails from Cherbourg, July 26. It is said that the disinclination of M. Muravieff to head the Russian peace mission was based partly on the state of his health and partly on the fact that his allowance for expenses to cover the period of his sojourn in America was only 15,000 roubles, which amount is considered insufficient, owing to the great cost of living in the United States.

M. Witte twice refused to become the successor of M. Muravieff on the mission on the ground that he did not wish to be a mere figurehead in the transmission to Emperor Nicholas of the peace terms offered by the Japanese. His selection, therefore, cannot but be taken to mean that the Emperor has yielded to his insistence that real powers of a plenipotentiary be conferred upon the Russian principal representative in the peace commission.

## PENSIONS FOR EX-MINISTERS WANTED BY THE OPPOSITION

### $15,000 a Year for the Premier Suggested—Autonomy Bill in Senate.

Ottawa, July 12.—In the negotiations which have been going on between both parties some members of the Opposition have urged the granting of pensions to ex-cabinet ministers, such as, for example, Sir Adolphe Caron, Sir Hector Langevin and Mr. Haggart. There are many politicians who favor this proposition. In addition to raising the sessional indemnity there is a suggestion that the salary of the Prime Minister should be increased to $15,000 a year, that of cabinet ministers to $10,000, and that a stipend of $5,000 should be given to the leader of the Opposition. There is undoubtedly a very strong and pretty general feeling among the members in support of the $2,500 indemnity. Not a few of them say they are positively out of pocket at the close of each session, and unless the indemnity is put on a more equitable basis they will have to quit politics.

Sir Richard Cartwright was heard in the Senate tonight on the motion for the second reading of the autonomy bill. He was in fine form and his sonorous voice penetrated to every corner of the chamber, where usually many speakers are inaudible. Though his speech occupied only 30 minutes, it was a most able and luminous presentation of the salient features of the Government's case. Sir Richard received an attentive hearing, not only from the senators but from the members [illegible] attracted to the Red Chamber by his oratory. The second reading of the bill was moved in the afternoon by Hon. R. W. Scott, who gave a clear and forcible explanation of its features and of the necessity for legislation.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell argued that the educational clause was in violation of provincial rights. He also said there was legal doubt as to the right of Parliament to pass such legislation, and the courts should have been asked to clear the matter up. Sir Mackenzie closed by moving the six months' hoist.

Sir Richard Cartwright, in his remarks, paid special attention to the statement that provincial rights were encroached upon. He was a very strong advocate of provincial rights, but the question did not arise in this case. These provinces had no provincial rights until they were created by the Dominion Parliament, and no legal obligation rested upon Canada.

***Supplementary Estimates.***

Further supplementaries for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, to the amount of $794,880, were tabled tonight. They include the following items: Department of railways and canals, to provide for the salary of a consulting engineer, $6,000; new departmental buildings, Ottawa, including site, $500,000; further amount required to aid the establishment of bait freezers for the deep-sea fishermen in the Maritime Provinces, $25,000; Government Northwest Territories, $224,580; to co-operate with the American authorities in the celebration of the utilization of ship canals at the Soo, $4,000; contribution towards the reception, in the city of Quebec in 1906, of the International Congress, $4,000; steam service between Annapolis and London, $5,000.

## NEW EDIFICE FOR PARLIAMENT HILL

### Cabinet Considering Site for Additional Departmental Building.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, July 13.—In connection with $500,000 in the supplementary estimates presented to Parliament last night for a new departmental building in Ottawa, it may be stated that there are several propositions before the cabinet. One is for a new block on Sussex street overlooking Majors Hill Park. Another site is that to the west of Parliament buildings overlooking the Ottawa River between Bank and Kent streets, and the third is to extend the Langevin block on Wellington street as far as Bank street. Plans for the latter were prepared some time ago by Mr. Ewart. This site seems to be pretty well out of it now. The site which is most favored is that on Sussex street, although the one west of the supreme court has got many supporters.

Mr. Hyman has got the matter in hand and something definite is expected soon.

## THE HOUSE TALKS GRAIN

### Greenway Says Farmers Lose Heavily Because of Seed Prices.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, July 13. — The House of Commons this forenoon discussed the grain inspection act. Mr. Greenway said the farmer was a great loser on account of the spreading price between No. 2 and No. 3 northern. He estimated this loss last year to be half a million. He offered an amendment for the appointment of an officer representing the shippers, who would have access to all inspection and transportation records.

Mr. Fisher said the Government had power to do this under the act, and would do so.

The department of justice has not yet received any request for an investigation into the alleged charges against a Northwest magistrate, who heard certain charges against C. P. R. conductors. A dispatch from Winnipeg alleged that a certain magistrate who heard the complaints against the conductors had received tickets from the company, representing over $100 in value at the time the case was before him.

***Trepoff Doomed.***

The resignation of M. Bouligoin as minister of the interior is expected daily. Gen. Trepoff, the assistant minister of the interior, will probably be his successor.

The Terrorists have recently renewed their warnings against Gen. Trepoff with ominous persistence. The general is constantly in receipt of letters signed by the executive committee of the fighting organization informing him that his hour has come. A remarkable feature of all the communications is that the writers take pains to say that no safeguards will avail to avert his impending doom. At the same time they tell him he need not be afraid to go abroad in the streets. They add: "Your sentence will be executed in your own room. You will die in your bed."

### Mrs. Oelrichs' Gems Gone.

Newport, R. I., July 13.—A daring robbery was committed at the villa of Charles M. Oelrichs in Kay street, and jewels to the value of about $10,000 were taken. Mrs. Oelrichs told a friend that she had lost practically all the jewels she had. The robbery was committed some time between 4 and 6 o'clock in the evening, when Mrs. Oelrichs and her daughter were driving, and no one was in the house but three servants—a butler and two maids.

### Alice Can't Go.

Melbourne, Australia, July 13.—President Roosevelt has declined the invitation extended by the Commonwealth Government to Miss Alice Rosevelt to visit Australia with Secretary Taft, and the members of his family, which was accompanied by the assurance that the party would be cordially welcomed by all classes.

## WHEAT OF EGYPT THRIVES OUT WEST

### Grain From Nile Grows Splendidly in the Fields of Manitoba.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Winnipeg, Man., July 12.—A. L. McLean recently brought a sample of wheat from Egypt grown 190 miles up the Nile, to experiment with in Manitoba. It was sown in the southern part of the province, and is growing splendidly, being now three feet high and heavily headed. The result of wheat accustomed to Tropical Africa growing in the Canadian west is being watched with much interest.

Inquiry throughout the west today assures that no damage to the crops watever was done by the fierce electrical storm of last night. The same sanguine tone noted everywhere which has prevailed throughout the season.

### Struck by Lightning.

Listowel, July 13. — During a very heavy thunderstorm, which passed over here at 11:30 a.m., Aaron Temain's stable, near the racecourse, was struck by lightning, and within a very few minutes, building and contents were totally destroyed. The fire brigade, though unable to do anything for the stable, were able to insure safety to the nearby buildings. Loss about $500, with small insurance.

### "Bobs" Asked to "Pink Tea."

Montreal, Que., July 13. — The Soldiers' Wife League, of this city, have received a communication from Lord Roberts' aide, stating that his lordship's plans for his visit to Canada are as yet unsettled, and no definite engagements have yet been made. The league offered his lordship an afternoon reception, at which it was hoped the officers of the militia and their wives could meet him and Lady Roberts, for which offer he expressed thanks.

## SHOCKING TRAGEDY OF THE SEA; PASSENGERS KILLED FOR MONEY

New Orleans, July 12.—One of the most shocking stories of murder with robbery as the motive in the annals of crime was brought to this city yesterday by Captain Hans Holm, of the Norwegian fruiter Bratten, which plies between New Orleans and Honduras points. It was subsequently confirmed by the officers of the fruit steamer Rosina, which came in later in the evening with additional details.

The little island of Utilia, lying off the Honduras coast, whose population is an indiscriminate mixtures of whites, Caymanites and Caribs, was the scene of the tragedy in which twelve lives were sacrificed. The captain of the little trading steamer Olympia was about to make a trip to Ruatan, Truxillo and Belize. She had about $1,400 and was to buy cattle at Truxillo to sell at Belize. She carried a crew of four and quite a number of passengers, making a total list of people aboard number thirteen. Among these were two women and children.

The vessel left the harbor of Utilla at 11 o'clock Friday night, June 30, and after she had been under way less than an hour everybody was aroused by a shot and, rushing on deck, found a negro armed with a Winchester rifle shooting down the men one after another. This negro was Robert McGill and, as it afterwards developed, he had stowed himself away aboard with the intention of robbing the captain and then swimming ashore. After he had killed all but one of the men he ordered the last survivor to go below and scuttle the ship. When the unfortunate reappeared on deck and reported the negro shot him dead. He then put the two women, Miss Elsie Morgan and her sister, Mrs. Walter Rose, in the dory with Mrs. Rose's six-weeks-old infant, and left the boat, steering for the mainland.

He changed his mind about allowing the women to live and killed Mrs. Rose and her infant. He then began shooting at Miss Morgan and wounded her in the arm. She jumped overboard and started to swim back to the island. He fired at her ineffectually, but his ammunition evidently gave out, for he promised her immunity from harm if she would come back to the dory. She started back and when within oar's length he struck her on the head with the oar. Believing she was dead, he rowed away toward the mainland. Miss Morgan swam back to the island, where she was thrown on the beach by the waves in an exhausted condition. She feared that the negro would follow her, so she hid in the bushes and for two days suffered from the heat and exposure, until found by a woman from her neighborhood and rescued from starvation.

In the meantime the dory had been washed ashore and there was excitement on the island, as it was believed the Olympia had gone down with all hands. When Miss Morgan told her story, an immediate search was instituted for McGill and the authorities on the mainland were notified. They caught him at El Portvinir, a little town on the road to Ceiba, and there was quite a demonstration, but he was protected. His life was saved through the presence on the coast of President Bonilla, who was on an inspection tour. The Honduras warship Ta Tumbia, which has figured in so many revolutions, was brought into service, and the murderer placed aboard and sent back to the island.

Up to last Sunday he was still alive, though it is firmly believed that he will be tortured to death. The laws of Honduras prohibit capital punishment, but the people will take the case into their own hands.

Miss Elsie Morgan, the only survivor of the terrible experience, visited New Orleans three years ago, and is a well-educated, refined young woman of 25 years.