

es' HOSE.



considerably heavier than any other hose made. But the quality is now and you had

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Blair

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make and we are sure you will be well as the newest

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And it has all the richness and softness of the largest U.S. PICTURE & PORTRAIT COY.

Bring Results

380th Day of the War

LATEST

From the Front.

Messages Received Previous to 9 A.M.

OFFICIAL.

LONDON, Aug. 18.

The Governor, Newfoundland:

General Hamilton reports a heavy attack on the Austrians and New Zealand corps repulsed on the night of the 14th. Five hundred yards were gained at Suvla on the 15th.

Zeppelins raided the eastern coast last night; one is believed to have been hit. Some houses were damaged and 46 injured, all civilians.

The Russian Government reports desperate fighting at Kovno, the Germans capturing one fort, and breaking in between others. Berlin reports to-night announce the fall of Kovno.

Italians report success in the Tolmino zone, and 500 prisoners and four machine guns captured.

BONAR LAW.

AIR-RAID ON LONDON.

LONDON, Aug. 18.

The outskirts of London were raided last night by Zeppelins. Several persons were killed but damage to property is not important.

SIR JOHN FRENCH'S REPORT.

LONDON, Aug. 18 (Official.)

General French reports that there have been no incidents of importance on the British line in Belgium and France since his last communication of the 10th inst. when the recaptured positions at Hooge had been consolidated. Since then our trenches in that neighborhood have been subjected occasionally to artillery bombardment, but there has been no infantry fighting with the exception of two bombing attacks on the night of the 11th, which were easily repulsed. On the remainder of the front there has been intermittent artillery engagements of no importance.

GERMAN MENACE AND THE STATES.

DETROIT, Aug. 18.

George Gordon Moore, a Detroit capitalist, an international figure in the European war, through his friendship for Sir John French, and the only American who has been a favored guest "somewhere in France," sounded a remarkably bold warning last night against what he called "the German menace," in an address before the annual convention of veterans of foreign wars.

He said that the German menace was not a new one, but one which has been recognized by the United States, and which has been met by the United States with a vigor and courage which has won the admiration of the world.

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Keep Your Hair on.

"HERBUTONE" will do it. "HERBUTONE" gives the hair a wonderful softness. It cures dandruff and stops falling hair better than anything else. It does not change the color and is not sticky or greasy. Price 50c. bottle.

For sale at the NVAL QUALITY STORES, STAFFORD'S, Duckworth St. & Theatre Hill.

RE-NAMED 'YSEER'. The former American steamship Dacia, condemned by a French Prize Court owing to its transfer from German to American registry after the outbreak of the war has been sold. Her new French owner has re-named her the Yseer. She sailed to-day under the tri-color from Cherbourg for Cardiff to take on a cargo of coal for Brest.

SHIPPING DISASTERS. LONDON, Aug. 18. The steamer Maggie Preston, 288 tons gross, sunk; crew saved. The steamer Bonny, 2,502 tons, sunk; 21 picked up. The Spanish steamer Isidoro, sunk; 8 picked up. The trawler George sunk; crew saved. The steamer Thornfield, of Liverpool, 438 tons; crew saved.

ITALIAN SUCCESSES. ROME, Aug. 18. Further Italian advances through the passes of the Alps and a brilliant bayonet charge which captured a strong line of Austrian entrenchments in the Tolmino region, are described in an official report just issued.

TURKEY AND ITALY. ROME, Aug. 18. Turkey, according to a Bucharest despatch has recalled permission for the departure of Italians, a large number of whom, including 700 reservists, are waiting to sail at Jaffa, Beirut, Messina, Alexandria, Smyrna. The Giornale says the news is confirmed in authoritative circles. It further learns from a reliable source that Turkey is continuing to send arms, money and proclamations to Libya with the object of providing a native rebellion against Italy. The paper concludes "the cup is full. We have serious reasons to believe that the Government will take energetic action toward the Porte to end these violent proceedings, which Italy cannot tolerate."

FORCED TO RETREAT. ROME, Aug. 18. An Austrian fleet of twenty-one vessels, aided by an aeroplane, bombarded the island of Polagosa in the Adriatic. The enemy were forced to retreat after killing one Italian officer, 3 men, and wounding 3 others.

NEARING A CRISIS. ROME, Aug. 18. Relations between Italy and Turkey are becoming more strained. There are indications of a rupture approaching. Vigorous representations to the Turkish ambassador have been made concerning matters in dispute, particularly Turkey's detention of Italian subjects. It is understood that an appeal has been made to Washington, through the American Embassy, to induce Turkey to carry out the promise to the United States to permit the departure of Italian subjects. In this connection great interest has been aroused by the report that Morgenthau has despatched American ships to Constantinople to facilitate the departure of Italians. Instructions have been sent to the Italian Ambassador at Constantinople to obtain immediate satisfaction.

ACCEPTS PREMIERSHIP. LONDON, Aug. 18. Premier Venizelos today notified the King of his readiness to form a new Greek cabinet in succession to the Gounaris Ministry.

SLIGHT ADVANCE IN GALLI POLI. LONDON, Aug. 18. Sir Ian Hamilton reports that in the southern zone the situation was unchanged. During the 14th and 15th the Turks kept up the usual artillery fire without much effect. In the northern zone the right flank of the Australian and New Zealand army corps position was heavily attacked during the night of the 14th and 15th, but all attacks were repulsed. At Suvla troops on the left flank made a short advance on the afternoon of the 16th, with a view to straightening out the line. They moved forward under considerable gun and rifle fire and gained about 500 yards, capturing a Turkish trench and taking two officers and twenty other prisoners.

KOVNO CAPTURED. BERLIN, Aug. 18. The following announcement was made here officially to-day: The fortress of Kovno, together with all forts and an amount of war material, which has not been determined, has been in German hands since last night. More than 400 cannon were taken. The fortress was captured by storm in spite of a most tenacious resistance by the Russians.

VILNA IN DANGER. PETROGRAD, Aug. 18. German aeroplanes are persistently bombarding the city of Vilna, about 50 miles east of Kovno. The possibility of the capture of Vilna by the Germans is foreseen at Petrograd, and operations preliminary to its evacuation are in progress. The Governor-

General of Vilna has ordered the removal of the equipments, factories and banks, together with supplies, metals, including church bells, leather, and everything else which might be useful to the invaders. Horses and live stock are being taken away. Preparations for the evacuation of Draly-stok continue. The Kovno in darkness at night on account of attacks by German aircraft. Reports reaching here from Poland, and that the Russians who remained at Warsaw after its capture have been removed to the interior of Germany.

A PALACE HOSPITAL. PETROGRAD, Aug. 18. The winter palace of Emperor Nicholas at Petrograd has been converted into a hospital for the wounded with one thousand beds. The row of gorgeous State Chambers facing the Neva River, are being used for wards. Only the Emperor's personal quarters are undisturbed, being maintained for his accommodation when he is stopping temporarily at Petrograd. The beautiful Pompeian gardens are being utilized for baths. English and American hospitals have been requested to increase operations as far as possible. The hospital facilities of the city are overtaxed owing to the removal to this city of wounded men from Bialystok, Vilna, Kovno and Riga.

DUTCH FIRE ON ZEPPELIN. LONDON, Aug. 18. The Handelsblad, of Amsterdam, says that Dutch troops opened fire to-day upon a German Zeppelin which sailed over Dutch territory. The newspapers state the La10 appeared over the island of Vlieland and Dutch soldiers fired at her with rifles. Zeppelin finally sailed away pasting between the island of Vlieland and Terschelling.

PATRIOTIC SPORTSMEN. ORILLIA, Aug. 18. A most patriotic meeting was held last evening in connection with the Champlain tercentenary at which Major Curran announced that \$250 had been subscribed for machine guns and \$1,300 towards a motor ambulance. It is anticipated that there will be no difficulty in bringing the amount for the guns up to \$8,000 and sufficient also to provide for a complete ambulance. The members of the Orillia Hockey team have volunteered to man two of the special guns.

CANADIAN MUNITION HEADQUARTERS. TORONTO, Aug. 18. Toronto is the Canadian munition centre, and the headquarters of the established in this city, which at all times will be in touch with the British War Office. This statement was made yesterday by a leading Toronto lawyer. He had just arrived from Ottawa.

CANADIANS AND THE ROYAL EDWARD. OTTAWA, Aug. 18. A cablegram from the Militia Department to the Government asking whether there were any Canadians on board the Royal Edward, has so far brought no response. The Canadian brother of the Postmaster General, is in the army medical corps, and was recently transferred to a British unit for service in the Dardanelles. This has led to some anxiety on the part of his relatives, but there is no information about him.

EARTHQUAKE IN B.C. VANCOUVER, Aug. 18. An earthquake whose shock was very noticeably felt in the Okanagan district, is reported from all over Northern British Columbia this morning. Kelowna, 200 miles east of Vancouver reports the shock at 6:05 a.m. Yale and Harrison at the same time. The tremor lasted 25 seconds. At Vancouver a slight jar was noticed.

EXPLOSION IN QUEBEC. QUEBEC, Aug. 18. Three men are dead, and a match factory in St. Casimir, a town on the Canadian Northern Railway, some 50 miles above Quebec, is in ruins to-day, as the result of a terrific explosion which wrecked the building. The explosion occurred while testing chemicals. The entire plant caught fire and was totally destroyed.

SOCIALISTS AND WAR. AMSTERDAM, To-day. The Socialist Party in the German Reichstag has decided to vote for the war credits asked by the Government.

HEAVY GERMAN LOSSES. ZURICH, To-day. Despatches from Innsbruck report that the Russians have made a vigorous counter attack north of Siedlice in the wooded part of the Bug in the course of the engagement on Bug fought by troops of Prince Leopold, the Russians attacked with such violence that thousands of Germans were put hors de combat. In two hours Russians, thanks to the great victory achieved at Tlodava, are able to retreat in good order to the north of that locality. They continue, however, to inflict heavy losses on the enemy. During this battle the Germans on August 13th lost 12,500 men on the 13th, 8,000 on the 14th, 16,000, not counting 5,000 missing. In the Courland fighting between Schoenberg and Friederichstadt the Russians by their continued attacks rendered the retreat of the German army more and more difficult.

A POSER FOR GERMANY. The Frye was sunk before the British orders in Council were issued. It is a legitimate act of war, Germany can have no grievance against the British orders in Council, which carry out the principle that Germany defends in the Frye case. The German Government cannot have its cake and eat it. It cannot successfully maintain that it is proper for Germany to cut off food supplies consigned in neutral ships to Great Britain and "war without mercy" for Great Britain to cut off food supplies consigned in neutral ships to Germany—New York World.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIS-TEMPER.

ment of some consignments of German goods which were ordered before March first last but were not paid for. The consignments, some of which already are at Rotterdam awaiting shipment, while others have not yet left Germany, are valued at several million dollars.

BIG STRIKE CALLED OFF. WASHINGTON, Aug. 19. Agitation for a national strike at the munitions plants proposed by J. J. Keppler, Vice-President of the International Association of Machinists, was repudiated to-day by the Executive Board of the Association. The Board determined, however, to wage a vigorous general campaign for an eight hour day in all shops.

TO-DAY'S Messages.

1.30 P.M.

ENGLAND'S NEW GUNS. NEW YORK, To-day. The Tribune prints the following: Recent arrivals from England are able to afford some explanation of the delayed British advances. Their explanation is that the British have been waiting to launch his great surprise, and this surprise lies in the complete of a new gun and a new type of shell, which, it is believed, will revolutionize artillery operations and make the path of the Allies to Berlin more possible than hitherto. Soon after the beginning of the war, when it became patent that high explosives were to be the dominating factor in the struggle for victory, combined efforts of the British chemists and advance experts invented a shell unquestionably more powerful than any previously used by this Government, experiments with big guns then being manufactured were carried out at Woolwich arsenal. As far back as last November Government experts were at work on this problem; they experimented with various alloys of gun metal and one which would stand the strain of such a shell. Finally they succeeded. They produced a seventeen inch gun that would suit this purpose. Various experiments have been made and are believed to have been entirely successful. It is stated that the shell will be carried 25 miles, and will work havoc on a scale entirely unprecedented. This is answered the question why no advance movement of the British soldiers to France early in July the troops were not used. Nothing was to be done until these guns had been delivered in sufficient quantities at the front. Last Wednesday the second Canadian contingent, numbering forty-five thousand picked troops, the over- grain, brother of the Postmaster General, is in the army medical corps, and was recently transferred to a British unit for service in the Dardanelles. This has led to some anxiety on the part of his relatives, but there is no information about him.

2.00 P.M.

CARDINAL DEAD. ROME, To-day. Cardinal Serafino Vannutelli, Dean of the Sacred College, is dead, aged 81.

HARROWING ITALIANS. ROME, To-day. Despatches from Saloniki declare the Turkish authorities in addition to prohibiting the departure of Italians from Smyrna, have levied a heavy war tax, which foreigners never before have been required to pay, and which many Italians in Smyrna, being almost destitute, are quite unable to pay.

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MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIS-TEMPER.

FRESH SUPPLIES, Per S. S. Stephano To-day. New York Beef, Apples, Plums, New York Turkeys, Pears, Peaches, New York Chicken, Bananas, Apricots, New York Ducks, Oranges, Pine Apples, New Y. Sausages, Grape Fruit, Lemons, Cantaloupes, Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Cauliflowers. GROCERY DEPT. AYRE & SONS, Ltd. GROCERY DEPT.

Astonishing Values Ladies' Footwear! A \$4.00 Shoe for \$2.00. We have secured a lot of 200 pairs Ladies' High Class Tan Calf Buttoned Boots, similar to cut, Goodyear welted, equal to hand made. Sizes 2 1/2 to 5. A REAL PLUM. Usual price would be \$4.00. Our Price, \$2.00 per pair. \$2.00. SECURE A PAIR \$2.00. Steer Bros SEE OUR BOOT WINDOW

Unhidden Facts! Many happenings of great moment occurring on the battle-front to-day are being hid from us by the veil of censorship, but why should we hide from you the fact that for the next week you can obtain immense value in Cushion Covers--50c. and 60c. each. Cosey Covers--30c. each. Dress Girdles--25c. and 45c. each. AT A. & S. RODGER'S