

### SUGAR PRICE AGAIN RAISED

Commerce Board Approves Refiners' New Price.

Retail Price Limit 26 Cents Plus Freight.

Ottawa report says: In an order issued by the Board of Commerce this afternoon, approval is given by the Board to the action of sugar refiners in fixing prices at twenty-four cents per pound. It is also provided that the sale of granulated sugar at a price higher than 26 cents per pound plus freight, if any, will be held by the Board to have been made at a price which includes unfair profits.

The order states that where sale in small quantities are demanded and by reason of currency limitations it is impossible to make exact payment for sugar in exact conformity with the provisions of the order, then if the demanded sale is of one pound and the price, in exact conformity with the order is 26 and 1-4 cents or less, the sale, if made, shall be for twenty-six cents, but in such case the dealer may refuse to sell one pound and may require purchase of four pounds, whereupon the price shall be one dollar and five cents for four pounds.

The same rule will prevail in regard to two-pound and three-pound sales.

The order proceeds: "Where the demanded sale is of one pound and the price, in exact conformity with the provisions of this order, is 26 and one-half cents or less, but more than 26 1-2 cents, the dealer may refuse to sell less than two pounds and the sale price for the two pounds shall be fifty-three cents. Where the demanded sale is one pound and the price in exact conformity with the provisions of this order is 26 3-4 cents or less but more than 26 3-4 cents the dealer may refuse to sell less than four pounds, and the sale price for four pounds shall be one dollar and seven cents. And generally, where small quantities are sold the dealer may adapt his price charged to currency conditions by marking down the price and not marking it up, the whole notwithstanding anything in this order contained.

"That while retailers' prices are aforesaid, sales of granulated sugar by wholesalers thereof at a price so high that a retailer of such sugar will be unable to resell such sugar at twenty-six cents per pound plus freight and at the same time realize thereon, freight paid, a margin, spread or gross profit of two cents per pound, will be held by this board to include an unfair profit.

"Provided, however, with respect to transactions in sugar, had previously to the date of this order, the liability of all persons, firms and corporations for criminal or other consequences with relation to sales or purchase of sugar shall remain and be effective."

### LANDING PLACES FOR AIR FLIGHTS

Being Marked Out Across the Dominion.

And Routes Charted, Coast to Coast.

Ottawa report says: Landing places will shortly have all been marked out for cross-country air flights in Canada, after which time it will be an easy matter for an airman to leave, say Halifax, and have his route charted through to the opposite side of the Dominion, with landing places marked on his map at distances of about 50 miles apart, so that he will know where to strike for if a forced landing is imminent. Captain Drummond, of the Air Board staff, has just completed a survey of the country between Winnipeg and Sudbury, locating suitable airfields and landing sites to be charted for cross-country flying. In seeking the locations, Captain Drummond traveled by Canadian National Railways to Hearst and then by Grand Trunk. The landing places are marked along these lines of railway which will be followed by airman for their first attempt.

It is expected that flying will be in progress at all four of the Air Board's stations in Canada by the middle of August. The station at Vancouver is now in course of construction, and machines are on their way. Mechanics are on the ground at Morley, Alta., and machines for use there are going forward at once. Bonville hangar will be opened next week, and Camp Borden is already the scene of some military flying. Classes at the latter camp will begin as soon as the necessary regulations have been approved by the Cabinet Council.

### NANSEN IS HOPEFUL.

Copenhagen, July 21.—Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, who was sent to Russia by the League of Nations to negotiate for the repatriation of foreigners in Russia and Russian prisoners abroad, said yesterday on his arrival at Helsinki that he met with great courtesy from the Soviet Government, and that he believes the proposal for exchange of prisoners will materialize shortly.

Emily Thomas, ten years of age, was drowned in the Saskatchewan at Edmonton.

### TURKEY WILL SIGN TREATY

Constantinople, July 21.—Turkey has decided to sign the peace treaty, to-day officially.

The Turkish War Office was advised to-day that the vanguard of the Greek army had entered Adrianople.

### FLAX PULLER MAKES GOOD

In Test at Jeannette Creek, Near Chatham.

May Mean Great Industry to Canada.

Chatham report: For the first time in the history of Canada a flax-pulling machine was tested out in actual operation this afternoon. The test was pronounced by the experts in attendance as highly satisfactory in every respect, and a great impetus to the flax-growing industry in Canada is predicted as a result of the introduction of this long-sought-for farm implement.

The demonstration was under the supervision of R. J. Hutchison, chief of the Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, who has spent the greater part of the last two and a half years assisting to perfect a machine which would successfully harvest a flax crop, and thus eliminate the immense amount of hand labor hitherto required, and which has been the one obstacle which has prevented flax growing from becoming one of the principal industries of Canada.

Major G. G. Ommanney, chief investigation engineer of the C. P. R., was present to watch the demonstration in the interests of the western flax growers. He stated that the machine on exhibition would undoubtedly be capable of successfully pulling the western flax.

It will mean a saving of a hundred million dollars a year in the West where at present all the farmers get from the flax is the seed, the fibre being destroyed in the cutting and harvesting of the crop, and finally burned. The lack of labor in the West will make the new machine a god-send to the Western farmers. It assists Canada to capture the flax markets of the world. Before the war Russia had between six and eight million acres of flax, supplying the world with an estimated 460,000 tons of flax. This supply has been cut off, creating the opportunity for Canada to make a bid for this trade. It is an export trade, as the great bulk of the flax goes to Ireland for the manufacture of linens.

### ULTIMATUM TO RUSS SOVIETS

Must Stop Any Advance Into Poland

Or Trade Negotiations Will End.

London report: The British Government's reply to the note of Foreign Minister Tchitcherin, of Soviet Russia, regarding an armistice with Poland will be despatched to-night. It intimates that if the Russians advance further into Poland all negotiations for trade between Great Britain and Russia will be broken off.

Paris, July 20.—Referring to Premier Lloyd George's ultimatum to Soviet Russia that, if the armistice proposals were not accepted, Great Britain and her allies would defend Poland with all their forces and in every way, Premier Millerand told the Chamber of Deputies to-day: "France will keep her word, as I am sure Great Britain will be faithful to hers."

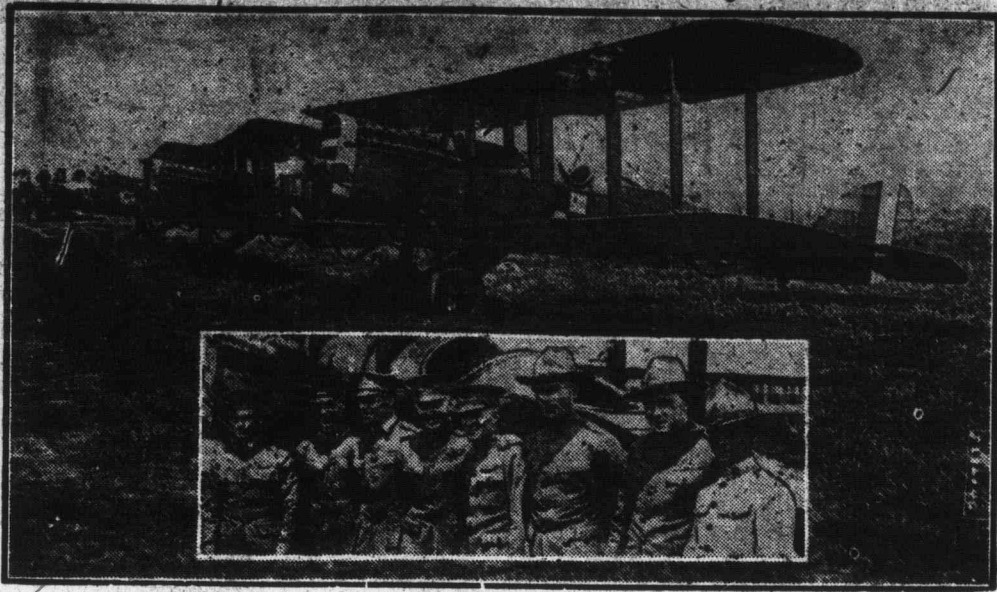
The Premier reminded the deputies that General Wrangel, the anti-Bolshevik commander in South Russia, had achieved striking successes against the Bolsheviks, and had installed a Government that recognized the obligations of the preceding Russian Government, and had won the sympathy of the population by agrarian reforms.

### CAMELS BATTLE IN CITY STREET

Muskegon, Mich., report: Several thousand women and children were thrown into a panic when two camels fought until one was killed during the Bernice Circus street parade here to-day. Spectators dashed for safety as the animals fought with hoofs and teeth. Grant Robertson, their trainer, was thrown from one of the animals, and is in a hospital with a broken leg and other injuries. Attendants attacked the animals with clubs, but were unable to stop the fight.

### LET BERGDOLL ESCAPE.

New York, July 21.—Lieutenant-Col. John E. Hunt, commander of the Castle William Prison at Governor's Island, to-day faced an open trial by court-martial here, charged of responsibility for the escape of Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, millionaire draft evader, of Philadelphia.

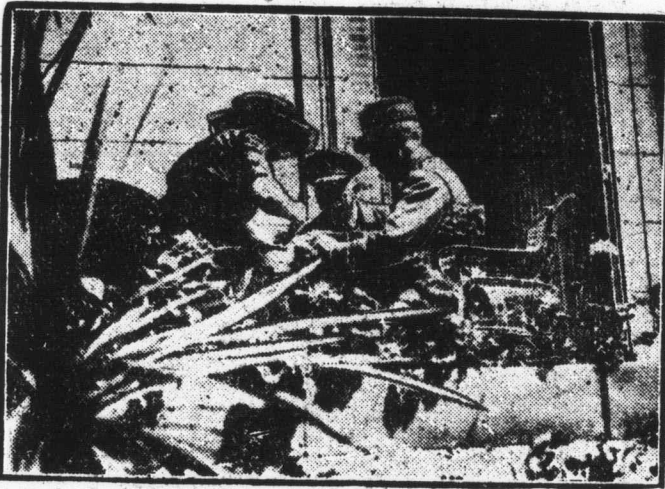


AMERICAN FLYERS ENROUTE FROM NEW YORK TO ALASKA.

The eight American airmen who are making the longest flight ever attempted on this continent—from New York to Nome, Alaska. The upper picture shows a line-up of the six machines and the lower shows the crew. A great part of the flight will be over Canadian territory.

### Allies Determined to Protect Free Poland

London cable says: Premier Lloyd George, addressing the House of Commons to-day said the Soviet's answer to the Allies regarding peace with Poland was incoherent, ambiguous, and propaganda largely intended for home consumption. So far as he could understand, however, the Soviet Government indicated its willingness to negotiate direct with Poland. The Premier asserted that an independent Poland was essential to the whole fabric of peace, and that the Allies were resolved that they must arrest the destruction of Poland and the march of Bolshevik armies through Polish territory. If the Bolsheviks over-ran Poland they would be up against the German frontier, and Mr. Lloyd George said this would furnish Germany a great temptation, with her millions of trained men. It would be a cheap way, according to the Premier, for Germany to get out of her obligations. "I only ask the members to think whether it might not have the effect of depriving the Allies of the fruits of the dearly-bought victory," Mr. Lloyd George added.



FIGURES AT THE BOULOGNE CONFERENCE.

The picture shows Marshal Foch (right) and Sir Henry Wilson, giving their autographs to the wife of the Mayor of Boulogne.

### ALL POLAND IS SWARMING TO REPULSE THE BOLSHEVIKI

Over Half-Million Answer Call, Amid Scenes of Great Enthusiasm.

Warsaw cable says: (By Associated Press.)—It is estimated that more than a half million responded to the call of the Polish National Council of Defence for troops. The war spirit is dominating Warsaw newspapers. The people generally believe that an armistice would not necessarily mean peace.

Processions of short-trousered students and uniformed recruits to-day marched beside clerks and middle-aged men from the shops and fields. The marchers went through the streets singing patriotic songs, and headed by military bands women tossing flowers profusely. Military mass was celebrated, with thousands unable to enter the church where the ceremony was held. Society women spoke from tables, automobiles and street corners, selling war loan bonds. The newspapers appeared in full pages of pictures urging recruiting.

Kozminski, the Socialist leader, issued a long appeal calling upon the workmen to join the colors and serve at the front. While contending for a just peace, Roboznik declared that Poland's independence was endangered by invaders at the country's gates.

During the demonstrations, airplanes flew over the city, dropping pamphlets which stated that there was no news of acceptance of the armistice, and that Warsaw was continuing preparations for war.

### U.S. FALLS BEHIND

Britain Outstrips Her in Ship Building.

London cable: Total tonnage now building in the United Kingdom exceeds the amount under construction in the United States by 1,672,000 tons, according to returns published to-day by Lloyd's Register of Shipping. The aggregate amount now under construction in Great Britain is 3,578,000 tons—the highest amount ever recorded.

Much comment has been aroused in shipping circles by these figures, says the London Times. But it adds, the failure of the United States to maintain its lead in shipbuilding was expected, since the intensive construction there was chiefly a war measure.

### SECRECY AT THE NATIONS COURT

In Certain Cases, May Be Observed.

Although Publicity is to Be Rule.

The Hague cable: Secrecy may envelop the proceedings of the High Court of Nations in certain cases, unless the League of Nations Council changes the plans which already have been virtually approved by the Jurists' Commission in drafting the plan for the tribunal. In the main, the sub-committee of the jurists has decided to follow the five-power plan submitted by the five neutral nations for the proceedings of the high court, but has inserted a clause providing that, while generally the arguments before the court shall be public, one of the parties may demand that these be held in secret, and that the court shall have direction in certain cases involving some special diplomatic interests.

All decisions, however, are to be read at public sessions. In the event that a charge is brought by one party before the court, the other interested party and all the members of the League of Nations are to be informed of it. While some of the jurists think this means that publicity inevitably will follow, there is no official provision to give the press or the public access to briefs or complaints.

### FRANCE PREPARES TO PAY.

Paris, July 21.—The Ministry of Finance will send a representative to the United States within a few days, with reference to the payment of the French part of the Anglo-French \$500,000,000 loan, it was learned to-day.

D. G. Kurta and his 12-year-old son Donald were drowned in the Kootenay River near Nelson.

### RAIL AWARD MEANS A BIG RATE BOOST

Chicago, July 21.—Union railroad men are not satisfied with the wage award made to-day by the United States Labor Board. They are debating whether they should accept it "as the best they can get under the circumstances" or reject it and strike to enforce their demands.

As soon as the award was granted heads of the unions went into session to consider it. They adjourned two hours later to meet with the separate craft who are still in session, and will continue their discussions during the night.

Another meeting of the union chiefs will be held to-morrow, when they will go over the opinions of the men as expressed at to-night's sessions. After that meeting an official statement will probably be issued, setting forth the opinion and position of the union.

The unions had completed in advance their plans to do one of three things after they had seen the award:

- 1. Accept the award.
- 2. Call a referendum vote of the men.
- 3. Call a general strike.

The brotherhood heads have been empowered to call the strike if they see fit; but there is a tendency on the part of these men to act cautiously.

Railroad executives have announced that they will accept the award. They will look to the Interstate Commerce Commission to grant an increase in rates sufficient to overcome the swell in the pay-rolls.

### PUBLIC TO PAY THE SHOT.

Washington, July 21.—The American public, in increased freight and passenger rates, will be compelled to pay the \$600,000,000 increase in pay granted the railway workers by the United States Railway Labor Board in its award handed down in Chicago. This was made clear to-day, when it became known that the Interstate Commerce Commission take into consideration labor costs on the railroads in figuring the necessary increase in rates to give the roads a 5% per cent return on their capital stock, as provided in the Act.

This will necessitate the commission's granting such increases in both freight and passenger rates as will include the \$600,000,000 award, which must be added to the operating costs of the railroads.

### WILL AFFECT CANADA.

Winnipeg, Man., July 21.—Two hundred thousand railway workers in Canada will benefit to the same extent as United States Railway employees by the award announced in Chicago to-day, it was estimated by one of the highest railway officials.

### ELEVEN MURDERS IN NINE DAYS

Sinn Feiners' Heavy Toll of Irish Police.

Cause of Train Riots is Explained.

Belfast cable: Eleven members of the Royal Irish Constabulary were shot dead between July 11 and 19, and with the burning to-day of the Carronagh Court House the third court house in North Donegal has been burned within a week.

The object of the burning of these buildings has been to try to prevent the trial of Joseph O'Doherty, Sinn Fein member of Parliament, who has been charged with soliciting for the Dail Eireann, the Irish Republican Parliament.

No Dublin metropolitan policemen have been killed since April 20, the men of this force now being unarmed while on duty.

### THE TUAM TROUBLE.

Dublin cable: The official report of the rioting at Tuam received at Dublin Castle says that after the murder of the two policemen, a party of police and military went to Tuam. The police got out of hand on seeing the bodies of their dead comrades. Shots were fired and houses burned. The police allege that they were fired upon.

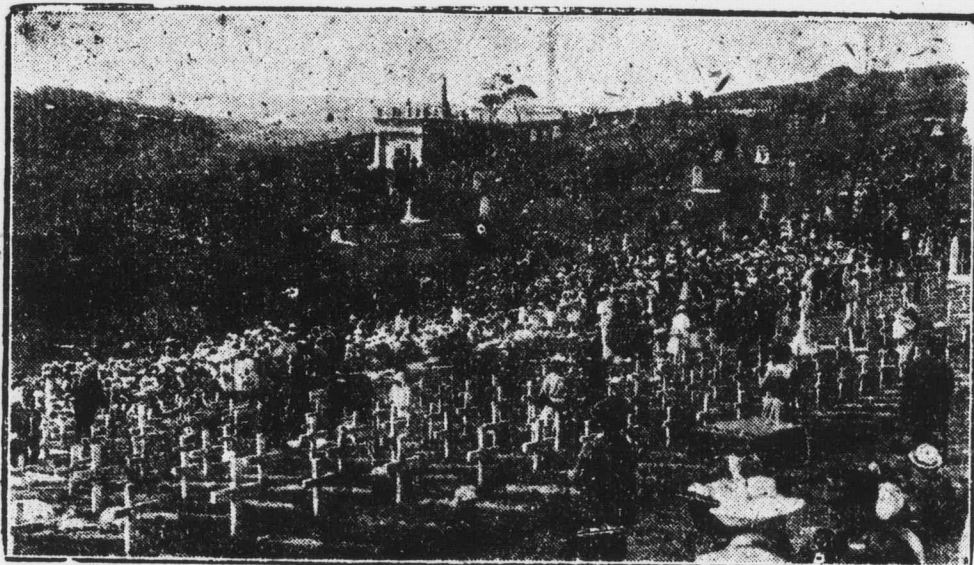
The policemen killed were Constables Carey and Burke. They were shot dead when returning from the Galway Assizes by a party of four from forty to fifty armed men who had blocked the road and felled trees and waited in ambush until the car in which Carey and Burke, a sergeant and another constable were riding, came in sight. Observing the obstruction, Carey and Burke jumped off the car and were shot and killed instantly. The two others alighted and fired upon their assailants until their ammunition was expended. They were then overpowered and relieved of their rifles, blindfolded and ordered to return to Tuam.

The police and military became active shortly afterwards.

### RESTORE STOLEN MONEY.

Dublin cable: Fearing a raid by Sinn Feiners, military forces to-day secured a large quantity of money belonging to the Unionists and in which quantities of shells and munitions cases were stored.

Other developments of the day included the visit of a clergyman to the offices of the Great Southern Railway for the restoration to the road of £1,700 removed from a pay train in County Limerick April 2. He said the police had rounded up the thieves, and if informed of the exact amount stolen probably would be able to recover the remainder.



CANADA'S FALLEN SOLDIERS NOT FORGOTTEN IN ENGLAND.

This picture shows the touching scene at Shorncliffe Cemetery, when, on June 9th, the children of the Folkestone Mythe, Sandgate, Cheriton, and Shorncliffe schools placed flowers on the graves of the Canadian soldiers there.