

SIX SONS ARE SERVING COUNTRY

PTE. ROWLAND PIZZEY



36th Batt.

LANCE-CORP. J. PIZZEY



2nd Essex Regt.

Family of Mr. J. Pizzey All on Active Service, Except One, Who Was Rejected for Being Under Age--A Record to be Proud Of--Two Sons Are in 2nd Essex, a Regular British Regiment, and Have Been Through Much Heavy Fighting.

Another loyal family of English stock has been discovered in the city, this elderly couple having no less than five of their sons on service for King and Country.

Serving in the British army at that time were two sons, John and Newman, both in the 2nd Essex Regiment.

Lance Corporal John Pizzey was wounded some time ago, but is again with his regiment at the front, and Newman has so far gone through the war unscathed.

A complete record of the sons on active service are:

LANCE CORP. J. PIZZEY, 2nd Essex.

PTE. NEWMAN PIZZEY, 2nd Essex.

CANADIAN.

PTE. JOSEPH PIZZEY, 36th Regiment.

PTE. R. R. PIZZEY, 36th Regiment.

CORP. SAMSON PIZZEY, 36th Regiment.

DUFFERIN RIFLES.

PTE. ROBERT PIZZEY, with the Dufferin Rifles.

Previous to their enlisting with the 36th under Colonel E. C. Ashton, all of the sons were employed locally in Massey's except Joseph,

PTE. SAM PIZZEY



36th Regt.

MR. E. PIZZEY



Father of the Boys.

who was an examiner on the G. T. R. for some time.

LANCE CORP. JOHN PIZZEY.

Lance Corp. J. Pizzey was for some time employed at Massey-Harris' before leaving for the front on the call for reservists to rejoin their units in Britain.

Many interesting letters have been received from him during his ten

months' service at the front.

They mostly, however, are concerned with his domestic affairs, and reflect a spirit of sacrifice worthy of the best traditions of the Empire.

He was recently in Rouen Hospital, and remarked on the luxury that a bed was provided after his life in the field.

SOUND OF GUNS WAS RARE ON BRITISH BATTLE FRONT DURING ALL LAST WEEK

Aspect of Flanders is Most Peaceful in Lulls of War--Army is in Good Health.

(By FREDERICK PALMER)

British Headquarters, July 4--

One might have gone miles along the British front last week without hearing the sound of a gun.

It seemed as if the sides were taking a holiday from war out of respect for the beautiful summer weather, or else the summer was significant of preparation and accumulation of shells by one side or the other for some great effort.

Beyond the occasional explosion of a mine and routine shelling to harass the enemy's guns, to destroy new fortification works, or to keep the enemy from taking life too easily, there has been no action.

The soldiers in reserve have been swimming in the canal, resting under shady trees, playing cricket and football, and tending their flower gardens about their quarters, which have been made to look like those one sees in front of rows of cottages at this season in England.

The flat and gently rolling country of Flanders and Northern France, which was a forbidding grey, leafless waste under chilling winter mists, has become a pleasant land of rich crops dotted with groves, white long lines of motor trucks of the transport pass along stately avenues between poplars which line the roads.

NO FEAR OF SICKNESS

All fears of an epidemic of sickness in the hot months for the immense army billeted in the thickly populated lowlands are groundless.

Thanks to typhoid inoculation, the habitual personal cleanliness of the Englishmen and the strict enforcement of sanitary precautions by the Royal Army Medical Corps in the minutest details, the health of the troops is as good as that in the barracks at home.

Flies are being kept down to a minimum. There are few even around the camps of the cavalry and artillery horses.

The paths, roadsides, and fields where the men are billeted are kept as clear of litter as a first-class golf course or the lawn of a fashionable suburbanite.

Tommy Atkins frequently lends a hand to the French peasants, all of whom, from boys and girls of six or seven to bent old men and women, are engaged in the harvest, and by the way Tommy uses his scythe or fork one knows whether he is city or country bred.

The correspondent has walked through the long communication trenches safely in broad daylight to the firing trenches which, if approached in winter except over open ground and stumbling through and under

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MURDERERS OF PATRIOTS

German Rule in Turkey Stained With Bloodshed

(By Special Wire to the Courier.)

London, July 5--The Chronicle, commenting on the attempt on J. P. Morgan's life, says:

"German apologists will, no doubt, disclaim responsibility for Holt, as a mentally overwrought individual, acting entirely on his own initiative, but in spite of the evidence as to his mental condition, his act or acts, cannot be so simply dismissed.

"German Machiavellianism has never shrunk from crime to advance its interests in neutral countries. The pro-German clique who riveted the German yoke upon Turkey and forced her into war, has at every stage staged its pathway with murders of some of Turkey's best patriots, from Naxim Pachi downward.

"And why not? By the side of the public acts which the German army and navy committed in this war, and the wholesale murders and outrages which they designedly perpetrated against non-combatants, even hired assassination is not a particularly atrocious expedient."

Until a late hour last night Holt was questioned by police officials from New York and Washington.

Major Pullman, superintendent of the Washington police, the last of the inquisitors, endeavored to locate the room that Holt occupied in Washington before exploding the bomb in the Capitol, but was unable to do so.

It was in the course of his examination by several police officials that Holt disclosed his plan, entertained when he entered the Morgan home to hold Mrs. J. P. Morgan and the Morgan children as hostages in their own home or to kill them if Mr. Morgan refused to use his influence to stop the exportation of war munitions.

Despatches received here from Dr. L. S. Texas, stated that the Rev. J. F. Senabaugh, Holt's father-in-law, had taken steps towards engaging Martin W. Littleton, as counsel for Holt, but Littleton said he had not received such a request.

Mr. Morgan's condition, according

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MR. MORGAN'S CONDITION IS FAVORABLE

Tecs are Busy Trying to Clear Up Mystery of Frank Holt.

(By Special Wire to the Courier.)

New York, July 5--Efforts were made here, at Glen Cove, L. I., and in several other cities to-day to clear up the mystery said to surround the identity of Frank Holt, who on Saturday attempted to assassinate J. P. Morgan.

Federal detectives throughout the country were following up clues, which they hoped would reveal the chief events in his life. One of the important questions which they had to solve was that raised by the police of Cambridge, Mass., regarding the possible identification of Holt as Erich Muentzer, a former Harvard instructor who disappeared from that city after the death of his wife from alleged poisoning in 1906.

Statements from relatives of Muentzer and men who knew him as a student in Chicago, comparing descriptions of Holt with their recollections of Muentzer, were read with interest by the detectives working on the case. Photographs of Muentzer were compared with those of Holt.

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Lake Erie and Northern Accept Offer of \$30,000 For Galt End of the Line

The Municipal Railway Board are in receipt of a letter from Mr. Martin M. Todd, general manager of the Lake Erie & Northern Railway, to the effect that, on referring the offer of \$30,000 to his company for the Paris-to-Galt end of the municipal road, they have decided to accept, subject to the arrangement of a satisfactory agreement as to detail.

Further, that an order will be placed by Mr. Todd at once for the necessary material to provide for the electrification of the Lake Erie from Brantford to Port Dover. The order has already been given for electrification from Brantford to Galt.

The payment will be made in cash.

MAY STAY TILL END OF WAR

Mr. D. A. Thomas, British Capitalist, is Now in New York.

(By Special Wire to the Courier.)

NEW YORK, July 5--The American Line steamer St. Louis arrived here to-day from Liverpool.

She was escorted down channel by two torpedo boat destroyers to a distance west of Daunt's Rock, probably owing to the presence on board of Mr. D. A. Thomas, the British capitalist and coal operator.

Thomas comes here to supervise and expedite the production of munitions for the allies. The two destroyers remained with the St. Louis two days and nights, it was said, and did not leave her till the war zone was cleared.

When the St. Louis docked here Mr. Thomas was met at the pier by Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British am-

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BERLIN SAYS THAT REPORT IS NOT TRUE

Russians Claimed the Destruction of a Deutschland Vessel.

(By Special Wire to the Courier.)

Berlin, via London, July 5--The Russian report regarding the destruction of a vessel of the Deutschland class is untrue, according to a semi-official statement issued here.

It is also denied that the mine-layer Albatross lowered the German flag before running ashore on Swedish territory.

The Russians are said to have fired fifteen hundred shots at the Albatross of which only twenty-five were hits.

An eye witness of the naval battle asserts that nearly the entire stern of one Russian warship was shot away.

The Russian official statement issued yesterday said that a Russian submarine blew up on Friday a German warship of the Deutschland class which was steaming at the head of a German squadron at the entrance of Danzig Bay.

Cleveland has 24,934 wage earners. Chicago has a crusade of citizens against billboards.

At Fresno, Cal., 700,000 gallons of wine made a burning lake from a fire at a winery.

PTE. JOE PIZZEY



36th Regt.

PTE. R. PIZZEY



Dufferin Rifles

WOULD-BE MURDERER COOLLY ADMITS HIS GUILT TO THE POLICE

AUSTRIANS SUFFERING

Artillery of Italians Working Havoc in Their Advance

(By Special Wire to the Courier.)

Rome, July 5--The following official statement was issued last night at the headquarters of the Italian general staff:

"In the region of the Tyrol, Trentino and Carnia, there has been a continuance of artillery actions supported by small Italian detachments pushing toward the front. The Hensel fort was reached a number of times yesterday.

"Supported by continuous artillery fire, the enemy attempted to re-take last night trenches on the northern slope of Val Grande, occupied by our Alpine troops on July 2. This attack, like those preceding it, was repulsed.

"Our adversary renewed yesterday with particular violence counter attacks against several lines of positions conquered by us on the Carso plateau. In spite of the fire of the machine guns and artillery these counter attacks were repulsed with heavy losses.

We captured 300 prisoners, two field cannon, guns and munitions. According to prisoners, the Austrian losses, especially from our artillery fire, have been serious in the last few days."

Cornish, N. H., July 4--With the arrival here to-day of additional secret service operatives, extra precautions were taken to guard President Wilson from weak-minded people who might be stirred up by the assault on J. P. Morgan and the explosion in the capitol building at Washington.

Secret service men watch the president day and night all the time here, but from now on the guard will be increased and other means will be taken to prevent any attack upon the chief executive.

All strangers in Cornish and Windsor are being carefully scrutinized and the entire machinery of the United States secret service has been set in motion to protect the president.

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Tried to Kill the Financier to Prevent Munitions From Going to Europe; A Pro-German.

New York, July 4--Frank Holt, a crack-brained teacher of German in Cornell University, obsessed by the idea that God had appointed him to stop the shipment of war supplies to the allies, tried to murder J. P. Morgan yesterday morning after attempting on Friday night to wreck the Capitol at Washington with a dynamite bomb.

The New York and Washington police have information which leads them to believe that he planned next to go to Cornish, N.H., and attempt the life of President Wilson.

Holt forced his way into Mr. Morgan's house on East Island, 3 miles from Glen Cove, at 8:20 Saturday morning, drove the butler before him by the menace of a revolver, searched the house until he found Mr. and Mrs. Morgan on the second floor, and then as Mr. Morgan and Mrs. Morgan attempted to disarm him, fired two shots. One bullet entered the lower right side of Mr. Morgan's abdomen and lodged near the base of the spine.

The other pierced the right groin, ranged downward through the flesh of the thigh and passed out of the body.

The financier, who, as head of the banking house which is the purchasing agent of the British Government, had become an object for Holt's attack, is dangerously but probably not fatally wounded. This was the opinion, at least, of members of Mr. Morgan's family, of several of his partners and of his friends who had heard the report of the surgeons who examined his injuries and who probed successfully for the bullet which entered the abdomen.

He owes his life very likely to the courage and quickness of Mrs. Morgan, who, the first to detect Holt lurking in the shadows of the upper hallway, literally flung herself at the man and so disturbed his aim that he had no opportunity to shoot straight.

Mr. Morgan himself overpowered Holt, and with the assistance of servants tied him and trusted him after the Morgan butler, Henry Physick, had thumped him soundly over the head with the first handy weapon available, a lump of coal. Then Mr. Morgan after calmly assuring his house guests, the British Ambassador and Lady Spring-Rice, who had witnessed the desperate struggle on the second floor landing, that he was not badly hurt, and after telephoning to his mother and to Wm. D. Porter, one of his partners, himself telephoned to Dr. Wm. A. Seabriskey, of Glen Cove, simply telling Dr. Seabriskey that he had been shot and asking the doctor to come at once to the house.

MADE CLEAR STATEMENT

Holt, who had been roughly handled by the Morgan servants in the

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LORD FISHER HEADS "INVENTION BOARD"

London, July 5--The plea of British scientists that Great Britain organize the country's best scientific brains to combat German ingenuity in warfare found expression to-day in the official statement that Admiral Fisher, who recently resigned as

First Sea Lord of the Admiralty owing to differences with Winston Spencer Churchill, then First Lord of the Admiralty, has been appointed chairman of the Inventions Board, which is being formed to assist the Admiralty in relation to naval requirements.

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SOUTH AFRICAN CONTINGENT PROPOSED

London, July 5--A Reuter despatch from Johannesburg says:

"Gen. Jan Christian Smuts (Minister of Interior, Mines and Defence of the Union of South Africa), has announced that the South African gov-

ernment has offered to organize a contingent of volunteers for service in Europe, and also a force of heavy artillery. He is momentarily expecting a reply from the Imperial government."

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