APPENDIX G. G.—(See Journal, Page 222.)

SIR GEORGE ARTHUR, K. C. H. Lieutenant Governor.

The third ojection—in respect to the Military Reserve—is one which does not involve principle. The only objection to make the advance, on the part of this House, is want of means; and we have no apprehension that Her Majesty's Government will object to wait, until the amount of those Barracks is realized from the proceeds of this Reserve.

APPENDIX F. F.

Truly extracted.

JAMES FITZGIBBON. Clerk of Assembly.

APPENDIX G. G.—(See Journal, Page 222.)

APPENDIX G. G.

THE SELECT COMMITTEE to whom was referred the Report of the Right Honourable the EARL OF DURHAM, HER MAJESTY'S late GOVERNOR-IN-CHIEF of British North America,

RESPECTFULLY SUBMIT THE FOLLOWING REPORT:

In discussing the report of Her Majesty's late High Commissioner on the affairs of Upper Report of the Select Com-Canada, your Committee are fully aware, that their observations cannot be understood by the Right Honourab your Honourable House, as conveying any censure on Her Majesty's Commissioner; who commences by informing Her Majesty, that his information, respecting the state of Upper Canada, had not been acquired in the course of his actual administration of the government of that Province, a fact to which the report itself bears ample testimony. His Lordship observes that, "it is very difficult to make out from the avowals of parties, the real objects of "their struggles, and still less easy is it to discover any cause of such importance, as would "account for its uniting any large mass of the people in an attempt to overthrow, by forcible "means, the existing form of government."—From the first part of this paragraph it appears, that the political parties into which the Province is said to be divided, have no very strong ground for complaint, otherwise some definite description thereof would doubtless have been given to His Lordship; who, in the latter part of the same paragraph, insinuates, that a large mass of the people of Upper Canada were desirous of overthrowing the government, a fact totally unknown in this Province, and already sufficiently refuted by the conduct of the people. His Lordship then informs Her Majesty, that Upper Canada "has long been entirely "governed by a party commonly designated through the Province as the 'family compact,'" and that, "there is in truth, very little of family connection among the persons thus united." Why then should his Lordship give his assistance in the dissemination of any such erroneous idea, as that title has been used to propagate? His Lordship does not appear to have understood, that the object of the Press in adopting the term of "family compact," as a name by which to designate "the Bench, the Magistracy, the holders of the high offices of the Episcopal Church, and a great part of the legal profession, the possessors of nearly the whole of the waste lands of the Province, the people all powerful in the chartered Banks, and sharing among themselves almost exclusively all offices of trust and profit;" intended to impress their readers with the idea, that a close family connection did exist among all the persons in authority throughout the Province, and that if it were not so understood, the force of the epithet would be altogether lost; for throughout his Lordship's report "the family compact" is blazoned forth with studious pertinacity, although the inaptness of the title had been previously admitted.

The High Commissioner next endeavours to shew, that all persons of education, and more especially members of the learned profession, ought rather to settle in the United States than in Canada, a Surgeon, for instance, because he must shew that he is duly qualified before he can be permitted to practice within this Province; an Attorney, because he is not permitted to practice therein as a Barrister,; and a Barrister, because he is not allowed to act as an At-

Your Committee are of opinion, that in all these regulations the legislature has snewn a proper and praise-worthy desire to prevent ignorant pretenders to medical and legal knowledge, disturbing the animal economy or social condition of Her Majesty's subjects. Then comes his Lordship's list of British grievances, which is altogether remarkable; he complains of the Banking system, in which he says the Canadian party are supreme, (a large portion of the stock in the most ancient of the chartered Banks, is, however, owned by persons residing