

ANSWERS.

(1) Guatemala and Costa Rica. (2) See this issue. (3) By the "diamond jubilee" we mean the celebration of the sixtieth year of Victoria's reign. (4) Nearly all the St. Lawrence canals have a depth of only nine feet. (5) President Kruger is the ruler of the Transvaal Republic against which Jameson led the raid. (6) Col. Vassos is the commander of the Greek army of occupation in Crete. (7) General Gascoigne. (8) Prof. Drummond; *Natural Law in the Spiritual World, Ascent of Man, and Greatest Thing in the World*. (9) Canada's regular line of connection by steamship, on the west, is from Vancouver to Japan. The C.P.R. has a line of boats on this route. (10) Canadian poets: Charles Roberts, William Kirby, Archbishop O'Brien, John Reade, Bliss Carmen, Frederick J. Scott, Pauline Johnston, Ethelwyn Wetherald, Archibald Lampman, Duncan Campbell Scott, Jas. D. Edgar, and Wilfrid Campbell. (11) George I., king of Greece, is the son of the present king of Denmark. He came to the throne of Greece in 1863. (12) The king of Greece is a brother-in-law of the Prince of Wales and uncle of the Czar.

QUESTIONS.

(1) How did King George of Greece get his crown and what nations contribute to his income as king? (2) What is meant by the "Dingley Bill?" (3) A Toronto merchant recently visited a European city in connection with the diamond trade. What city was he most likely to visit? (4) What is meant by *heir apparent*? *heir presumptive*? (5) What is the debt of Cuba, its population, and its chief exports? (6) Distinguish between a *democracy* and a *republic*. (7) Who has been named as the next governor-general of Canada? (8) What is the public debt of Turkey and what nations are its chief creditors? (9) Of what value is Crete to Turkey? (10) What cities will be included in Greater New York on the passing of the bill of incorporation? (11) Why has there been a large export of corn from the United States to Europe the past few months?

"Good words" are reaching us daily in reference to our "History Notes." In ordering remember that we have three note books in history: "The Entrance Canadian History Notes," by G. E. Henderson, price 12 cents; "The Entrance British History Notes," by G. E. Henderson and Chas. G. Fraser, price 15 cents; and "The Canadian History Notes," by the same authors, price 15 cents. The last mentioned is written more in detail than "The Entrance Canadian History Notes."

Miss E. MacMath, Goderich: "Your 'History Notes' and THE ENTRANCE are used by all the members of my fourth class, by whom they are much appreciated."

The Central Business College, Toronto, gives the right kind of training for business positions, and assists its students to secure them. Unexcelled advantages. Catalogue free. Write to W. H. Shaw, Principal, Yonge and Gerrard Streets.

Geography.

SOURCES OF CANADA'S WEALTH—FISHERIES.

1. The fisheries of Canada are the most extensive in the world. The salt water inshore fisheries cover 15,000 square miles, and the fresh water fisheries 36,350 square miles. The value of the products of the fisheries is \$23,000,000 per annum.

2. The salt water fish in order of total value are: Cod, herring, lobsters, mackerel, salmon, haddock, and oysters.

The fresh water fish are: Whitefish, salmon-trout, herring, sturgeon, bass, pickerel.

3. Engaged in the fishing industry are 70,719 men using boats, nets, and other gear valued at \$9,439,116.

4. To preserve the fisheries protective laws have been passed and the government have established a lobster hatchery at Bayview, N.S., from which 168,200,000 young lobsters were distributed to stock the Canadian waters. We have also 13 fish hatcheries from which 125,840,000 young salmon, trout, whitefish and salmon-trout have been sent and planted in our lakes and rivers. The work of restocking the oyster beds at Shediac, N.B., and Tracadie, N.S., is also being carried out; in 1895 there were planted 168 barrels of oysters in Nova Scotian waters.

5. Our lake fisheries are the most extensive in the world and employ 4,155 men. They are carried on by hoop-nets, gill nets, pound-nets and seines. British Columbia canned \$2,366,000 worth of salmon in 1894.

6. The product of our fisheries is exported to the following countries: United States, \$3,054,000; Great Britain, \$2,981,000; British West Indies, \$1,206,000; Spanish West Indies \$1,098,000; Brazil, \$585,000; British Guiana, \$210,000; France, \$109,000; Italy, \$34,000.

GOVERNMENT.

A government administered by representatives elected by the people is called a Republic. When the people directly make the laws the government is called a Democracy. When the government is entirely in the hands of a single ruler it is called an Absolute Monarchy. Examples of these: The United States, Ancient Greece, or town meeting, Russia.

A warden is appointed by vote of the county council each year. A sheriff is appointed by the local government and holds office until removed by the same authority. A judge is appointed in our

country
his cabin
ernment
duct. A
town or
pointed
until re
is chose
ant-gov
bly kno
leader
ernmen
party o
A lieut
nor-ge
we usu
holds o
appoint
ot the
His tes

We
exami
our ne
best t
comp
next r
We
ence i
book
of TH
friend
fully

No
1.
open
high
2.
on th
botto
3.
inch
-squa
zont
circ
havi
of th
V