

DE KUHNING SAYS FAREWELL

Last Sermon Before Taking up His Duties as Chaplain to Overseas Forces.

Rev. G. A. Kuhning, rector of St. John's (German) Church, who has been appointed a chaplain to go to the front with the second regiment, said farewell to his congregation last evening. The church was crowded and his parting address was given an attentive hearing.

Rev. Mr. Kuhning said: "It is a trying time when one is called to speak to those among whom one has lived and labored for many years, for the last time for a season at least. I pray God that what I say will be acceptable in His sight."

"At such a time I am conscious of so much that I realize that I must leave behind me a part of my life that must be left undone for ever and so much that I have done that should not have been done. It is a fitting occasion to confess this to God and to ask your loving forgiveness for all short comings."

"My lot here has been always a happy one—in every way—much more than I deserved. I am not forgetting the fact that there have been times when we did not agree or all see alike but if there be leadership on the part of the minister and independence on the part of a people there must necessarily be struggle and readjustment until we arrive at a just conclusion which respects the rights of all. I am sure you know this to be better than suppliance and interference which puts a people to sleep."

"I am sure that we can tonight know and believe that our one aim has been to advance what we believed to be the cause of God in this parish. There is today a splendid spirit of consideration and loyalty and reasonableness which augurs well for the future."

"I am sure that I am much in your minds and upon your hearts tonight as you are upon mine. I am going to give you a text to keep in mind when you think of me in the days to come, as one which will be a special message to me in the most trying days."

WITH THE AIR GRENADEIERS OF THE BRITISH ARMY



This picture, drawn by Christopher Clark from photographic material received for the London Sphere, the New York Herald and this newspaper, shows an aeroplane in the act of starting out from headquarters near Hollbeck on its morning work. The machine—a Farman "pusher"—has just left the ground. On the under side of the upper planes are visible two Union Jacks, one on each side, which serve as the distinguishing marks of the biplane and which help to check fire from the Allied lines. In front of the observer is a Colt automatic gun, and to his right, on the side of the nacelle, is a bomb dropping apparatus which is being used on certain British aeroplanes. The bombs are here placed in their separate compartments and are released by pulling a cord which withdraws a pin in the neck of the bomb, allowing it to fall.

AMERICAN PROTEST REVOKES DEFIANT REPLY FROM NUMBER OF THE BERLIN NEWSPAPERS

(Continued from page 1) Count Ernest Reventlow, the naval agent, in an article in the Tages Zeitung, declares that the request of the United States that ships be searched before further action is taken against them shows "that the people in Washington do not, or will not, comprehend the meaning of the German measure."

"We have so often demonstrated," Count Reventlow continues, "the impossibility of search that we can merely refer to our earlier remarks. Washington must know this, and therefore the demand of the note for a search, and the establishing of the identity of the neutral merchant, amounts to a declaration respecting war territory."

Reminder that States is Not Talking to Mexican Rebels. Count Reventlow repeats the German order, the declaration of which he asserts is a considerable warning, and adds: "Whether it is regarded or promoted against is of secondary importance."

"If its consequences are depicted as 'incalculable,' Count Reventlow continues, 'we may believe that the United States government misjudges its ground. The same can be said of the remarkable phrase in the note that the United States government will see itself impelled to hold the German imperial government responsible for such action of its naval authorities. She cannot escape the conclusion that President Wilson and Secretary Bryan in their communication with the Mexican pretenders and rebel leaders, have accused themselves to a tone that is not suitable for communications with the German empire.'

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS

FRANCE

Paris, Feb. 14.—The following communication on the progress of the war was issued by the French War Office this afternoon: "In Belgium: The bombardment of Neuport-Les-Bains, of our trenches in the dunes, and of the city of Ypres continued. Our artillery delivered a counter bombardment of the enemy's batteries."

"From the Argonne to the Moselle the war was calm. In Lorraine, the German forces moved against those of our advanced elements which occupied the signal station of Xon, northeast of Pont-A-Mousson. The results of the battle are not yet known."

"In Alsace the enemy has taken the offensive through the valley of the Lauch with two columns, advancing along the north and south banks of the river. The march of these troops is reported to have been delayed and impeded by our ski patrols. They are now in contact with our most advanced line."

RUSSIA

Petrograd, Feb. 14.—The following statement from the General Staff of the Russian command-in-chief was issued last night: "On the Niemen-Vistula front the fighting has taken place to the west of Iurburg, in the region of Lych, near Kadzido, and to the east of Perpetz. In the region of Lych we successfully repulsed the German attacks and inflicted on the enemy heavy losses."

"On the left bank of the Vistula our artillery successfully bombarded the enemy's columns, moving in various directions. In the Carpathians our troops occupied the fortified heights in the region of Swidnik, and also those between the Laskow Pass and the Upper San, where we captured about one thousand prisoners. On the front, between the Ulok and Tuchla Passes, we forced the Germans to fall back a little from the Kozulka heights. The enemy is entrenched about forty feet from our trenches. At Wyszakow we repulsed a stubborn attack by the enemy."

"The situation along the Carpathian front, in the western and middle section, in general is unchanged. The strong Russian counter-attacks in the vicinity of Dukla Pass are becoming rarer. In the eastern section we have progressed. Simultaneously with the successful advance in Bukovina, our troops, after repelling the enemy near Kosroemesoe, crossed Jablonica Pass and the passages on the both sides of this road. Our forces in the upper region of the river Pruth went their way out of the mountain valleys and reached Wisznitz, Kutly, Kossow, Delatyn and Paszicze. The number of Russian prisoners of war taken in the present series of battles now amounts to 29,000."

LESS BEER FOR GERMANS.

Amsterdam via London, Feb. 14.—Restrictions have been imposed on the production of beer in Germany to become effective February 15, according to the Lokal Anzeiger. From that date until March 1, it is said, the breweries are forbidden to use more than fifty per cent. of their usual quantity of malt, and after March 1st, they must not exceed 40 per cent. The authorities later will fix definitely the amount of malt each brewery may consume.

ROW AT CARD GAME ENDED IN MURDER

Montreal, Feb. 14.—Geesephi Recoll, aged 21, was shot dead this afternoon in Richmond Avenue, and Stefano Malstro was arrested on a charge of murder in connection with the tragedy. It is said the two had quarrelled at a game of cards just prior to the shooting.

GERMAN MINES OFF CANADIAN PORTS?

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—The possibility of German mines having been strewn off Canadian Atlantic or Pacific ports is indicated in an official warning issued by the naval service as to the operations of government mine sweepers. The notice says that "government vessels are sometimes engaged in sweeping operations off ports in Canada. Whilst so engaged they work in pairs, connected by a wire hawser. They show the following signals: A black ball at the foremast-head and a similar ball at the yard arm, or where it can best be seen. For the public safety, all other vessels must keep out of the way of vessels flying this signal and should remember that it is dangerous to pass between vessels of a pair."

WHITE STAR LIVER HAD UNEVENTFUL TRIP

Liverpool, Feb. 14, via London.—The White Star line steamer Arabic arrived in the river Mersey today from New York. The voyage across the Atlantic was uneventful. The British flag was flown throughout the trip. No submarines were sighted.

DIED.

SHORT—In this city on the 13th inst. May Short, daughter of Annie and Robt. J. Short, in the 21st year of her age. Funeral from her late residence, 127 1/2 Erin street, at 2.30; service at St. Mary's Church; friends invited to attend. (Boston and New York papers, please copy.)

COLWELL—In this city, on the 13th inst., Charles E. Colwell, in his 50th year. Funeral from his late residence 105 King Street West on Monday, 15th inst. Service begins at 2.30 o'clock. (Woodstock and Houlton, Me., papers please copy.)

LAHEY—Suddenly in this city on the 13th inst., Edward Lahey, in the 45th year of his age, leaving a wife and two sons and three daughters. Funeral from his late residence 305 Germain street, Tuesday at 2.30.

MERKLE WILL STICK.

Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, Fred Merkle, the veteran first baseman of the Giants, will start at his old position again this year. There are many youngsters seeking his job, but the Giant manager is too good a player to let out.

HEART WOULD PALPITATE.

HAD WEAK and DIZZY SPELLS.

Palpitation of the heart is one of the most common of all heart troubles. The heart will beat fast for several seconds, then slow, then start to flutter, and a feeling of utter depression will come over the system accompanied by weak and dizzy spells, making you feel that you are surely going to die. When you feel this way what you require is a real good heart and nerve tonic; one that will strengthen the weak heart and build up the nerve system. For this purpose we know of nothing that can equal Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Mrs. J. S. Nicholls, Listowel, Ont., writes: "I was weak and run down, my heart would palpitate, and I would have weak and dizzy spells. A friend advised me to try your Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills so I started at once, and found that I felt much stronger, and my heart was ever so much better within a short time. I cannot praise your medicine too highly for it has done me a world of good. My husband has also been bothered with heart trouble ever since childhood and finds great relief in using your valuable pills."

PRIEST AND WOMAN MURDERED AT NEW BRITAIN, CONN.



LITHUANIAN ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Killed by a person or persons whose motive is shrouded in mystery as deep as is their identity, the Rev. Joseph Zebria, pastor of St. Andrew's Lithuanian Roman Catholic Church, of New Britain, Conn., and his housekeeper, Miss Eva Gilman, were found dead in the rectory of the church in that city.

The body of Fr. Zebria lay on the floor of his little study, which is at the left of and only a few feet from the front door. There were two bullet wounds just over his heart, and tightly wound around his neck was four feet of heavy twine. He evidently had been shot while standing in the doorway of his study, as if in greeting callers, and had fallen backward, for his face was upward, his arms were outstretched and his body lay straight, with the feet just over the door sill.

Advertisement for 'The House' featuring 'Misfit Hero' and 'The Red Cross Association'. It includes details about the play, the cast, and ticket prices for various seating areas.

Advertisement for 'Thousands Are Ailing From Constipation'. It promotes Dr. Hamilton's Pills as a cure for various ailments related to constipation.

Advertisement for 'O'Rourke' featuring a 'Gentleman' and 'Captain of Villainy'. It describes the character and the quality of the product.

Advertisement for 'Justice' featuring 'Famous Players'. It promotes a theatrical production or performance.