

T PART.
SLAND.
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at Centreville.

E. I., Feb. 7.—A
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Central F. and D.
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held in the even-
by D. S. Wright,
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d Lewis supplied
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er the W. C. T. U.
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was Mrs. Charles
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N, Feb. 3.—In
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D. Nicholson, and
Geo. Wheat-
Angus McDonald

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IN CARNIVAL.

Squire Polymor-
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N BOSTON.

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R. WEDDING.

Journal," "what is a
boy, "what is a
king his magnifi-
populist answered:
then a woman has
s to one man."

ST. JOHN WEEKLY SUN.

VOL. 21.—NO. 7.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1898.

SECOND PART.

Our Clothing is Moving

All over the City and Country, people carry it with them wherever they go. Dear reader, if you have not yet had any from us you must have been losing money. Frasers' prices are the lowest. Come in and see.

FRASER, FRASER & CO., . . . CHEAPSIDE.
40 and 42 King Street, St. John, N. B.

JAPANESE OBJECT

To Serving Under European Officers and are Making Much Trouble.

Passengers on a New York Liner Repeatedly Attacked and Brutally Treated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13.—The Oriental Steamship company's steamer Gaelic arrived today from Hong Kong, Yokohama and Honolulu, bringing the following Oriental arrivals:

The Hong Kong Telegraph says that a case in point is being reported from vessels manned by Japanese crews, the Japanese resenting any instructions or surveillance from European officers, and are reserving an especial grudge for European passengers. Several cases have been reported where officers have been attacked by the Japanese, and warned to withdraw from the service, the retention of their positions being invariably followed by a murderous attack from ambushed Japanese enemies.

A case in point is reported from the New York liner Hakata Maru, from Japan via Hong Kong for England. There were thirty-eight passengers on board the liner, many of whom were repeatedly attacked by the Japanese crew whenever they left their own staterooms after nightfall. On New Year's day, the Telegraph says, all the Japanese sailors and waiters, "mad drunk," and clad only in breech-cloths, made an organized attack on the English officers and passengers of the Hakata Maru. The Japanese, armed with knives, crowbars and belaying pins, brutally beat the chief engineer and his assistant and attacked a passenger, Thomas Hall, in his berth, cutting his head open with a marlin spike. According to the Telegraph, the officers and most of the passengers were driven to the bridge, where, unarmed, forty Englishmen kept one hundred drunk maddened Japanese at bay during the entire night by brandishing their walking sticks.

The Shanghai Recorder deprecates any partition of China, which it says will certainly be unfavorable to mission-ary work, adding that it will be a sad thing, not only for China, but for all concerned, if the powers undertake such action, predicting that partition would be the beginning of unending strife and bloodshed.

The Recorder calls upon Great Britain to interfere, and says that China shall not be divided, but that she shall be reformed and saved, predicting that in such interference England would have the support of Japan and the active acquiescence of the United States.

Three Chinese were hanged simultaneously in the Victoria jail at Hong Kong on Jan. 12, the drop being made to accommodate all three, and the trio falling together, an armed man, who was a member of an armed gang of shop thieves, and in raiding a store, killed a Chinese employe. The criminals were disbanded soldiers.

The annual cotton report from Shanghai states that the year of 1897 was one of extraordinary vicissitudes to those in this trade. The year began with an enormous stock of unsold goods on hand. Prices declined steadily until the end of August. Then came a stringency in the Chinese money market, the result being widespread disaster among the cotton dealers, very few importers escaping heavy losses. The turning point is believed to have been reached, however, the year 1898 opening with an improved demand and an increased number of transactions, although Shanghai jobbers can hardly congratulate themselves on the prices obtained.

The chartered transport Jelunga, from Hong Kong, arrived at Singapore on Jan. 8, bringing the first battalion Prince of Wales Own, and taking away the same day the departing rifle brigade.

Royasu Shen, founder of the Yomuri Shimunda, one of the oldest papers in Japan, in 1874, died on Jan. 15, aged 63. He was formerly junior secretary of the foreign office. He started the first mutual life insurance association in Japan, and among other achievements edited the best English Japanese dictionary of his day, 1893.

Konichi Otoy, who is under arrest in San Francisco for the embezzlement of 27,000 yen from Savro Brandt, and the foreign office has communicated with Minister Hoshi with regard to his extradition.

As soon as the ratification of the treaty with France has been exchanged, the date of the standard and conventional tariff will be notified to the foreign powers and tariffs themselves put into operation. The receipts for the coming fiscal year commencing April 1, are therefore estimated to be an increase of 6,000 yen.

The Hoshi Shimunda says a commu-nication was originally made by the Japanese government to the foreign powers with the object of placing Formosa beyond the pale of the new treaty, but as only Great Britain and other power consented thereto, Japan decided to carry out the new treaties in Formosa.

The celebration of the coming of age of Crown Prince Haruno Miya, which

THE YUKON DEAL.

Rothschilds Offered to Build a Railway to the Gold Regions Without a Monopoly.

TORONTO, Feb. 10.—Geo. M. Rose, of the publishing firm of Hunter, Rose & Co., died this morning at 4 o'clock, after an illness of several weeks' duration. He was born in Scotland in 1829, and came to Canada in 1854. He was president of the Toronto board of trade in 1882.

MONTREAL, Feb. 10.—The city postmen claim that they have a just grievance against the government. Formerly they entered the service at a salary of \$30 per month, with a yearly increase of \$50 per month, until a maximum of \$90 was reached. This arrangement, they claim, has not been carried out since the advent of the Laurier government.

Hamilton Smith and Henry Bratnober, representatives of the Rothschilds, London bankers, are in the city. It has developed that these gentlemen on behalf of the Rothschilds, offered the government two months ago to build a railway into the gold region for a subsidy of five thousand acres of mineral land per mile, and did not ask a monopoly. Mann & McKenzie get 25,000 acres and a monopoly. For the consideration above the Rothschilds syndicate proposed to construct a railway inland from Pyramid Harbor via Dalton trail, a distance of one hundred miles, to a point where there is open navigation down stream to Dawson City.

The nominal objection to the Dalton Harbor is in Alaska, and that the road would traverse a short strip of United States territory, they claim is offset by the compensating advantages of Dalton over any other route.

ST. STEPHEN.

First Meeting of the New Council—The Recent Civic Elections.

ST. STEPHEN, Feb. 11.—The new town council held its first meeting last night. Mayor Clark briefly addressed the council and the following standing committees for the year nominated by the mayor and adopted as follows:

Streets—Bridges, Laflin, S. C. Stewart, Fire—Ryder, Douglas, Laflin, Poor—E. M. Stuart, Bridges, Stewart, Ryderson—Mayor, Douglas, Ryder, Stuart, Schools—Ryder, Stewart, Stuart, Police—Mayor, Laflin, Douglas, Stuart, Assessment—Stuart, Ryderson, Stewart, Health—Laflin, Ryderson, Douglas, Light and Water—Douglas, Laflin, Bridges.

Salaries were fixed as follows: Clerk, \$250; as before; treasurer, \$250 formerly \$300; road commissioner, \$150 per day, formerly \$50 per month; poor commissioner, \$35 per year, formerly \$5 per year; chief of fire department, \$70 per year, formerly \$30; driver of horse cart, \$1.30 per day, formerly \$1.50; firemen, \$85 per year, formerly \$75; marshal and Scott Act inspector, \$520, formerly \$750; night police, \$140, formerly \$150; driver of hook and ladder truck abolished.

These positions were filled as follows: Clerk, J. Weaver; treasurer, J. G. Stevens, Jr.; marshal and inspector, T. H. Campbell; road commissioner, R. Hewitt; chief fire department, J. Ryder; night police, H. Berryman; solicitor, W. C. H. Grimmer; all re-appointed; driver of horse cart, Arch Robinson; night police, J. Taylor. Regular monthly bills were paid.

Councillor Bridges was elected a delegate to the good roads convention at Fredericton, with R. Hewitt as substitute.

A communication was read from the Commercial Electric company, offering forty-five lights for twenty years if the council would guarantee the bonds for \$20,000. It was laid on the table.

In the recent town election Frank Todd took an unusual part, active part in favor of the defeated candidate. The Sun's report of the election referred to him as the president of the liberal club, and this reference seems to have worried the over zealous editor of the Beacon. All through the election fight some friends of A. S. Teed assured his opponents that he could not be defeated because Mr. Todd was supporting him. When Mr. Todd's strength was questioned his opponents were assured that, as president of the liberal club, he had strength hard to overcome. Notwithstanding the opinion of the Beacon, a reference to him as president of the liberal club is known to be justified by those who saw the fight at close range. The item was not written to show any impertinence to Mr. Todd or to the liberal party, nor would references have been made to it again if it had not been asked for in a public paper. It is not intended to say that the liberal party followed the president's lead, for the fight was not a party one.

WILL FALL FLAT.

President of the Weavers' Union of Lowell Talks.

There Will be no Strike as Long as Agitators Keep away.

Fifteen Thousand People May Yet Be Brought Into the Strike in New Bedford.

LOWELL, Mass., Feb. 14.—From present indications the recommendation of the conference committee which met at Boston Sunday, advocating a general strike in the cotton mills of New England, promises to fall flat in this city, as the sentiment here is uncompromisingly against a strike at the present time. It seems to be the sentiment among the operatives here that the fight should be continued at New Bedford and concentrated there.

President Wm. L. Kinsella of the Weavers' Union, which number one thousand eight hundred members, said tonight: "There will be no strike here as long as the professional agitators keep away and allow us to manage our own affairs. However, the feeling is such that a very little agitation might precipitate one, as the female operatives especially are susceptible to such agitation."

At the meeting of the Ring Spinners' Union tonight the recommendation of the conference committee was entirely ignored, while at the meeting of the union of drawing-in girls, warpers and spoolers, it was decided that they would consider the recommendation seriously, and that all efforts should be concentrated upon the strike at New Bedford for the present. At the latter meeting it was also voted to communicate with the two local senators, with a view of having the weavers' fines bill amended, as it is not considered sufficiently fair.

Agents of the local mills interviewed today do not take the recommendation of the committee seriously, and some of them stated that they would welcome a general shut down of the New England mills, as it would curtail production, and thus relieve an over-stocked market. The storekeepers are a unit in their opposition to a strike here, and few of them anticipate one.

Alexander Ray, a local labor leader, has great faith in the outcome of a general strike, having his hope upon the result of the miners' strike. However, it seems to be in the air that Lowell will not be disturbed by a strike immediately.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Feb. 14.—The proposition has been under consideration by the local labor leaders for several days to call out on strike the employes of all the yarn mills in the city, which would bring into idleness six thousand additional operatives, or a total of fifteen thousand. This proposition is independent of that for a general strike throughout New England, and the effect of the movement, it is claimed, would be such a serious menace to local banks that it would result in overtures for a settlement of all the present difficulties by the manufacturers whose interests are allied with those of the city's financial institutions. It is argued that if the operatives lose the present strike, through the weavers' inability to hold out, the spinners in the yarn mills, who have not thus far been affected, would receive notice of a reduction in wages, and the proposition under consideration is intended to prevent that. The spinners' union will probably act upon this matter at its meeting tomorrow.

MANCHESTER, N.H., Feb. 14.—The labor situation in this city is extremely quiet, save there is not the slightest anticipation of any strike troubles. The operatives in Manchester had to undergo privations last summer, when the mills were forced to close, and evidently do not propose to undertake now trouble. It was distinctly given out by the walking delegates without the weavers' union was recently formed here, that no strike in New Hampshire was contemplated, and it was proposed that if there should be any trouble arbitration would be the deciding resolve. At present there is no sort of "strike" excitement or undercurrent here.

AMHERST.

Capt. Robert Kerr of Port Greenville Seriously Injured—Took Carbolic Acid by Accident.

AMHERST, N. S., Feb. 14.—Captain Robert Kerr of Port Greenville met with very serious injuries this afternoon, and should complications set in, fears are entertained that he will not recover. He was crossing the street, when he was struck by a sleigh. One of the shafts struck him on the temple, inflicting a severe wound, and the horse knocked him down, the sleigh passing over him. Two of his ribs were broken, one rib puncturing his lung.

The two year old son of James A. King of Oxford got hold of a bottle containing carbolic acid. He swallowed some of the poison, and although medical aid was immediately given, and the child seemed to be recovering, death ensued.

CASHI

Consign to us, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Pork, Hides, etc., etc., and get the CASH. Promptly and without trouble or expense to you. Small Commissions and Highest Market Prices.

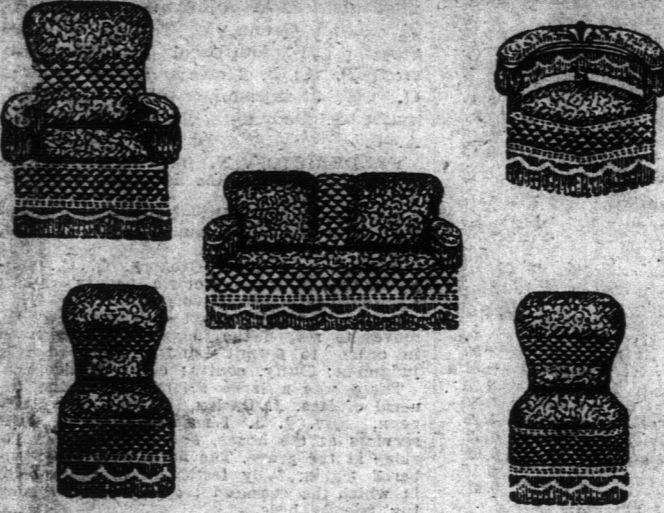
SPINGER BROS., Simonds St., St. John

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON,

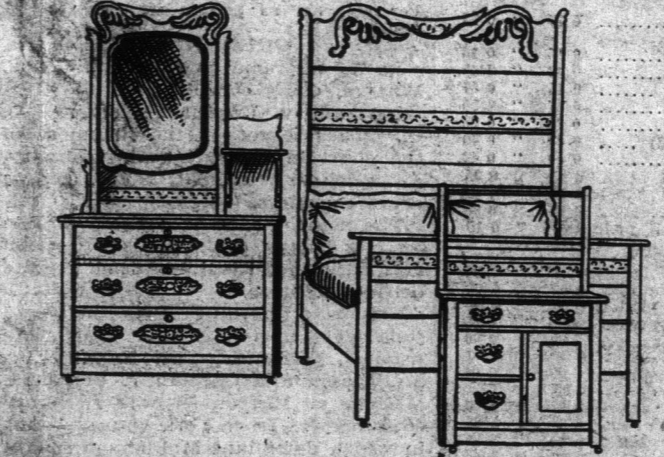
St. John, N. B.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Carpets and Furniture.

We are now offering some Special Bargains in Furniture and have several Parlor Suits and Bedroom Suits which we have much reduced in price, and a splendid opportunity is offered to secure bargains.



\$43.00 only for this Beautiful Parlor Suit of 5 pieces, Sofa, Arm Chair, Corner Chair and two small chairs covered with Silk Tapestry.



\$14.50 for this Hardwood Bedroom Suit, Antique Finish. Dressing Case has Fancy Shaped Mirror 20 x 24 inch, with Lamp Shelf at side.

Manchester, Robertson & Allison.

SPANISH AFFAIRS.

The DeLome Letters and the Thefts of the Same.

A United States Customs Party After a Cuban Filibustering Party.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The three hundred word cipher despatch received from Minister Woodford Saturday night was translated at the state department today, but no intimation of its import could be secured from official sources. Assistant Secretary of State Day, who had been entrusted with the whole correspondence by the president, refused to discuss the message. He said merely that there was no developments in the case which properly could be made public at this time. In one instance he supplemented this statement by the remark that the mere fact of information being withheld was not to be taken as a serious indication.

Every effort to supplement Secretary Day's statement with some information from the White House failed. To urge appeals for some definite, the president recalled through Secretary Porter that the whole matter was in Secretary Day's hands and that the president relied on him to handle the information for the press. It was stated at the White House that there was no truth in the rumor of a censure upon Minister Woodford for allowing Deputy DeLome to forestall him in presenting the application for the minister's recall. Minister Woodford's course, it was stated, had been entirely satisfactory and any criticism at this time was unfounded and unfair.

It could not be ascertained positively whether or not an answer to Minister Woodford's last despatch has been sent. It is almost certain, however, that a reply has been drafted and that it was put in cipher at the state department this evening. Sydney T. Smith, chief of the diplomatic bureau, was at the department till after nine o'clock. Special orders had been issued also to allow no one in the building without a pass.

The Duke D'Arcos mentioned in Madrid despatches as a possible successor to Dupuy DeLome, has been the guest of Rev. and Mrs. Hockey-Smith of this city during the past week. With him is the Duchess D'Arcos, formerly Miss Lowry of Washington. The duke was ambassador to Mexico and is stopping in Washington, en route to Spain. During the week he has been entertained by the British ambassador and Lady Pauncefote at luncheon, and by the late Spanish minister and Mme. Dupuy DeLome, who gave a dinner in his honor Thursday evening.

MADRID, Feb. 14.—The cabinet met this afternoon and discussed the present state of the war in Cuba and the DeLome matter as great length. It was decided to publish a decree accepting the resignation of Senator Dupuy

DeLome as minister to Washington, and appointing Senor Luis Polo Berhabe as his successor.

A decree will also be issued convening the chambers before the end of this month, so as to enable the election of the new Cortes, to occur on March 20.

Senor Cullon, the minister of foreign affairs, informed the cabinet that United States Minister Woodford had just handed him a note referring to Senor Dupuy DeLome's letter and to the meetings of several passages in it.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—There was a rumor that Calderon Carliste's call at the state department had relation to prosecutions for the theft of the DeLome letter, but it was stated later by those fully conversant with the facts that no move toward the prosecution of those concerned in the taking of the DeLome letter had been made or was at present in contemplation. It is said that if the loss had occurred while the letter was in the United States mails, then the usual precautions being taken by the authorities bearing with a diplomacy which there is no trace as to the port at which the letter was abstracted, as such evidence as is at hand goes to show that the letter was taken after it left the United States mails and after the hands of the Spanish authorities.

The Duc D'Arcos, whose name has been prominently mentioned as a possible successor to DeLome, was seen today by a representative of the Associated Press, and said he had no intimation whatever as to the consideration of his name for the Washington post beyond what he had seen in the newspapers. He had just returned from the post in Mexico, and was looking forward to a period of rest in Europe. The duke is a type of the nobility of Spain, tall and of distinguished bearing, with a diplomacy of polish, tact and agreeable manners, rather than severe reserve. He was here from 1876 to 1881, being first secretary under two Spanish ministers, and his associations in Washington were most pleasant, resulting a few years ago in the choice of an American wife. The Spanish legation has received no intimation as to the name of the next minister. Senor Dubose had nothing to say of the recent incident and had turned his attention to the regular affairs of the legation. He was not disturbed by the reports that a filibustering expedition had slipped away last night, as he had good reason to believe that the expedition had not succeeded in getting away, and also that General Sanguliy was not connected with it as had been reported.

HAVANA, Feb. 14.—Gen. Weyler has sent a congratulatory message to El Correo, the daily newspaper of this city, upon its "appearing in the patriotic arena, in defense of Spaniards and their interests," and advises the conservatives, through the general Palmerola, former secretary of the government, to abstain from taking part in the elections.

HAVANA, Feb. 14.—At a meeting last night of the radical autonomists important questions were discussed

with the view of securing peace and Spanish sovereignty in Cuba.

Spanish despatches have it that the insurgent Gen. Calixto Garcia on Feb. 8 advanced three leagues from Mejlas, province of Santiago de Cuba, in an attempt to pass a column of Spanish troops, commanded by Gen. Mario But, it is added, after a fight lasting from 3 to 6 p. m. Gen. Garcia was "dislodged." The Spanish force, the Spaniards further say, lost four soldiers killed and had two captains and thirty-two soldiers wounded. The report concludes with a statement that the Spanish troops advanced to the leagues into territory hitherto unexplored during the present campaign.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Feb. 14.—About 3 o'clock this afternoon, several hours after the tug having aboard the British transport custom officials, put in their report concerning a vessel which was reported to have been carrying a suspected Cuban filibustering expedition, the United States navy tug Nina arrived in this port with thirty marines aboard. She remained here an hour, during which time supplies were put aboard, and then sailed away in the direction of Montauk Point, which was admitted that the Nina was sent out to patrol the Sound, particularly along the eastern end, in search of a suspected filibusterer, while from another source it was learned that the suspect is the tug John A. Morgan, which left New Haven Monday afternoon with three barges, light, and a mud digger. The Morgan was a fishing vessel that frequently came to this port and was recently converted into a tug.

WARSHIP ASHORE.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Advises from Port Said report that the British battleship Victorious, which sailed from Malta Feb. 11 for China, went ashore outside the bar while entering that port. The Victorious, which was launched in Chatham, Eng., in Oct. 1885, is of 14,900 tons displacement, 390 feet in length, 75 feet beam, and her maximum draught is 27 feet 6 inches. Her indicated horse power is 12,000, and her speed 17.5 knots. She carries four 12-inch guns, twelve 8-inch quick-firing guns, eighteen 12-pounders, twelve 3-pounders, eight muzzle loaders and two light guns, and is provided with five torpedo tubes, four of which are submerged. Her complement of men is 757.

The Lake Ontario did not sail from Liverpool on Saturday, as reported by the Associated Press. In consequence of the accident to the Ontario, no mail boat left Liverpool on Saturday, and the week will be "skipped."

Money talks. Perhaps that's why they put a woman's head on the silver dollar.

CONTINUED SUCCESS.

Continued success means sterling merit. Norway Pine Syrup has sterling merit—hence its continued success. It cures coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness, sore throat and all throat and lung troubles.