VOL. 3.

PEACE NOW ASSURED

drawing Claims Which Blocked the

Negotiations.

Abandoned Demands for Reimbursement for Cost of War

and for Repurchase of Half of Sakhalien Island-

Armistice May Be Arranged To-Day.

LAND, B. C

ves'

relief. Makes roads easy.

250 TRY IT.

N EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY. NIES ACT. 1897."

with a magnanimity worthy of their heroic achievements in the war, met the ultimatum of the Czar and abandoned censed to carry on busi-rovince of British Columment for the cost of the war, but for out or effect all or any of e Company to which the the repurchase of the northern half of ity of the Legislature of Sakhalien, Russia at the same time ped out of the motor car

agreeing to the division of the island. The Japanese also withdrew articles 10 and 11 of the peace conditions originally proposed—the demand for the surrender of the interned warships and limi-

In the final struggle the Russians

The delegates of the respective missions will be called in at the someon session, and the actual work of formulat-

ing the treaty of peace will begin. upon caused the most intense excite agreement in a nutshell."

M. WATTE ON THE RESULT OF CONFERENCE.

ovation he had received and the intense strain he had been under. He threw RUMORS OF A himself into his armchair and after a few minutes to pull himself together, he began to speak slowly, and deliberately, almost as if he was talking to himself.

"It seems incredible," he said. "I do not believe any other man in my place | ROOSEVELT WOULD would have dared to hope for the possibility of peace on the conditions to which we have just agreed. From all sides, own friends in Russia, I received up to

paid to Japan. "The Japanese wanted to take internnaval powers in the Far East, and I subject of difference.

have not consented.

"The Japanese wanted the Chinese

"The Japanese wanted the Island of Sakhalien, and I refused it, agreeing, however, at the lost moment to cede the PRESS OPPOSED TO southern half, and then only because I

was commanded by my sovereign to yield, copeck, but we obtain half or Sakhalien | co

now in their hands. "At this morning's meeting I presented my written proposition, which was the Russian ultimatum. It was accepted by the Japanese. I was amazed. Until Russia not yield Japan's patience is not was in the conference room I did not think what would happen. I could not inticipate such a great and happy is-

ARMISTICE WILL BE

of the news in the lobby of the Hotel

The Nichi Nichi, which is under the

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 29.-Peace Wentworth. A bulletin was telephoned there was a rush for the telegraph offices under the porte cochere of the annex, time of insidious foreign aggressions uptheir demands not only for reimburse—where the Russians are quartered, and on Chinese soil.

when their automobile drew up the air Articles 10 are

> Seemed Quite Overcome. Too full for utterance he could only

Forcing his way to the door, M. Witte encountered the members of the Russian mission, who rushed forward to shake tation of the Russian naval power in the his hand. Briefly in Russian he told them the joyful tidings. Then as he started up the stairs the newspaper cor-respondents clamored for information. session, and the actual work of formulating the treaty of peace will begin.

The news that peace had been agreed

Tespited the landing the replied as he turned at the landing half-way up the stairs.

"We get half of Sakhalien; that is the

An armistice probably will be arranged porch lisetning to the praises of hotel guests. "Do you pay indemnity?" was the universal interrogation. "Pas un son" (not a cent) was the reply.

had been quite overcome by the great ately thereafter the question of the release of the Russian prisoners.

circulated that there is some sort of a secret understanding behind the treaty.

from President Roosevelt down to my Sagamore hill the news that the peace envoys at Portsmouth had reached an the last moment this morning urgent rep- agreement. He was engaged at the very resentation that something should be moment on some matters regarding the paid to Japan. ed warships, and I have not consented. announcing that the envoys had agreed

"The Japanese wanted war indemnity ed he was surprised that it had come toor reimbursement of the cost of the war, day. His belief had been that the araye, demanded, and I have not conrangement, if made at all, would not be made probably before to-morrow. He witte, however, refused to take into con-Eastern railway south of Harbin, but I ences had been reached. He excused burg. It was after this that the Jap gave them only the railroad in the possession of their troops south of Chaustatement formal in its nature regarding sian proposition, which M. Witte had the action of the conference until he

try's honor and interest forbid the continuation of the conference. Should

without limit.' Portsmouth, Aug. 29.—A scene of the of thirsting after a pairry sum of money to be paid under the name of prisoners'

guidance of a diplomat of recognized nant editorial expressions in the leading ability, says: "The idea of dividing Sak-papers of St. Petersburg, where both the ability, says: "The idea of dividing Sak-halien is not to be entertained. An in-efficient and unsatisfactory peace simply amounts to the inviting of a future menace to our interests. An indemnity must also be insisted upon. A strong adherence to our demands might invite a rupture, but no other course is open. Under the circumstances a survive is IN THE FAR EAST Under the circumstances a rupture is preferable to a patchwork peace. The archy. If the army is in good fighting nation is determined to realize the aim and purpose of the way, and establish a lasting peace. We trust that the elder Emperor yesterday are united and prepared to carry out this national determination even if it involves the lamentof the comparative silence which, conthe comparative silence which, con-Japan Shows Magnanimous Spirit in Withable continuation of the war."

The Kokumni does not believe that a cicty to ancient institutions and tradi-

rupture of the negotiations will take tions, is in some quarters place, and trusts that Russia will yet ominous. yield to the Japanese fresh proposal.
"Otherwise," it says, "Russia must CAME AS A SURPRISE bear the whole responsibility for the con-

JAPANESE ENVOYS

Washington, Aug. 29.-News of the agreement of the peace plenipotentiaries at Portsmouth was received here with surprise, for while the official mind had in a measure been prepared for a successful outcome of the conference by the statements contained in the Associated Press dispatches from Portsmouth last night, no such speedy action was anticipated.

The state department realizes a great victory in having secured beyond any question the open door in Manchuria. The territorial integrity of China seems question the open door in Manchuria.

The territorial integrity of China seems also assured, and with the restoration of the vest Manchurian provinces to to the remotest corners of the earth.

M. Witte accompanied by Baron de Rosen came to the hotel for luncheon.

There was a demonstration upon their China and the Dowager Empress, it is There was a demonstration upon their China and the Dowager Empress, it is arrival. A great crowd had collected felt here that there is an end for all Japan was so anxious to make a good

when their automobile drew up the air was torn with frantic cheers and hats were thrown aloft. M. Witte as he stepped out of the motor car

On Chinese soil.

Articles 10 and 11 (interned warships and the limitation of Russian sea power in the Far East) were withdrawn. Japan agreed that only that portion of the se Eastern railway south of Chantfu, the position occupied by Oyama, should be ceded to Japan. Both sides, once the deadlock was broken, wanted a just and lasting peace, and in that respect it was decided to practically neutralize Sakhalien, each country binding itself not to fortify its half of the island, and Japan assuming an obligation not to fortify La Perouse strait, between Sakhalien and Hokkaido, which would bar

Russia's commercial route to the Pacific.
The plenipotentiaries further decided to add a new clause in the nature of a broad provsion for mutual commercial privileges by which each country will secure for the other the benefit of the "most favored nation" clause and the

"open door."
The new treaty, therefore, will be a The new treaty, therefore, will be a wonderfully friendly document, of a character almost to raise the suspicion one-tenth instead of one-quarter of the character almost to raise the suspicion that the two countries have not nego- erop yield. tiated peace, but have concluded the basis of a future alliance. There is, however, no evidence, as rumored, that any secret clauses are to be appended to the present treaty.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF JAPANESE.

Portsmouth, Aug. 29 .- The following statement was issued to-night by M. Sato on behalf of the Japanese plenipotentiaries: "The question of the final disposition

of the Island of Sakhalien and the rembursement to Japan of her war expenses have from the first been issues upon which absolute divergence of opinon has existed. The difference of opinon upon these points-not one, but both -has frequently threatened the existjesty the Emperor of Japan, responding to the dictates of humanity and civiliza tion, has in a spirit of perfect conciliation and in the interest of peace authorized his plenipotentiaries to waive the question of reimbursement of war exexpenses and has consented to a division of Sakhalien upon terms which are mumaily acceptable, thus making it possible to bring the important work of the conference to a successful issue.' It is asserted on good authority that

previously presented in writing

The official account of this afternoon's meeting was given by M. Sato on his arrival at the hotel. In the afternoon session of August 29th the conference has discussed the details of the treaty of peace. It has decided to entrust the drafting of the clauses to Privy Council lors De Martens and M. Dennison, legal adviser of the foreign office of Japanese

soon as possible. THE NEWS IN THE

RUSSIAN CAPITAL. St. Petersburg, Aug. 30 .- The Asso ciated Press dispatches from Portsmouth brought the first news of the results of the peace conference. It came as an electric surprise, as official and diplomatic circles had been practically without hopes of a peaceful issue of the nego-

out hopes of a principle of the pound in the ruins of the pound in the ruins of their Emperor Nicholas had expressed his willingness to cede the southern part of couple were found in the ruins of their the island of Sakhalien aroused indig- home,

THE BAYAN NOW LIES

the Mouth of the Amur Have

Tokio, Aug. 29.-The former Russian cruiser Bayan arrived at the Maidzuru London, Aug. 29.—The announcement naval station yesterday. The Bayan is that the Portsmouth, N. H., conference now known as the Azo in the Japanese

Been Destroyed.

STATIONS BOMBARDED BY THE JAPANESE.

Tokio, Aug. 27. - Rear-Admiral Kataoka has reported to the navy department that a division sent by him to the mouth of the river Amur, bombarded and placed in jail. destroyed two Russian guard stations. Zharef and Lazareba, which were situated south of the embouchure of the Amuri and which had been recently reinforced.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY USED AT THE FRONT.

Gunshu Pass, Aug. 27 .- Intelligence of the constitutional grants by the govern-ment has been received by the army and general information relating to Ports-mouth affairs continues to reach here

rom three to ten days late. During the long quiet there have been einforcements to both sides, giving the heatre of war a much changed appearance. The front has been greatly exended, made possible by the use of the wireless telegraph and because of the unexpected size of the armies the character of the third stage of the war, whe ther it be active hostilities, demoralization or the garrisoning of contested ter-

itory, will be complicated. The acquisition of the railway and the rivers by the Japanese at Mukden, together with their Feng Wang Chung communications, and Gen. Kawamura's new line of communications and defence running from the head of navigation on the Yalu river across to Kaiyuan, with the occupation of the Changpaichang complete as that achieved in the north by similar organization, and in the rapid consolidation of these connections, the

destiny of Manchuria is clearly fixed, regardless of other influences. shansky the proportion of the crop to which he was entitled led to a serious several years ago. Heavy crops of oil beans, millet, maize, indigo and hemp are under cultivation there now. This com prises a region extensively scouted by the Japanese, who appear bold and active, ending the negotiations. The people omplain of horse thieves and robbers.

There is general appreciation throughout of the demonstrations in the United States for M. Witte.

HEALTH OF RUSSIAN ARMY EXCELLENT.

Lidiaputze, Manchuria, Aug. 28.-Reports telling of a large number of typhoid cases among the soldiers have been exaggerated. There are some cases, but the general state of health in the army is excellent. As typhoid generally arises through the soldiers drinking unboiled water, moving machines for the boiling of water are being rapidly established. The Japanese advance along the railroad has ceased. They have withdrawn

OUT OF RUNNING.

Rain Interfered With Shooting of British Columbians at Dominion Rifle Meeting.

Rifle Range. Rockliffe, Ont., Aug. 29.— The whole of the 6th D. C. O. R. men ter from the United Mine Workers this and the 5th Regiment, C. A., except two, afternoon declining the proposal for a were on the last squad at 900 yards last night in the heavy rain, and are practi-cally out of the Bisley aggregate and all team matches. Co. Sergt.-Major Caven is the only man who is well up. The first squads shot under favorable conditions.

The Macdougall Match. In the Macdougall match to-day Sergt. Carr won second place and \$20, Sergt. Richardson \$12, Capt. Forrest and Pte. Blackburn \$6 each, Sepgt. Perry, Capt. Stewart, Co. Sergt.-Major Cavan and Lieut. Slater \$4 each.

PROFESSORS STAND FIRM.

Determined Not to Take Any Part i University Work.

cials of the local university status of 1884 which have been condemned by pro-Kerrystown, and Ross opened a saloon, iving with his wife over the saloon. All of the people living in that locality have A meeting to-day of 342 professors deicipating in university work until a new rder of things is established and the people generally are given all civil rights and the universities granted full aca-

NEGRO LYNCHED.

IN JAPANESE POAT from the jail to the araw of Neuse river bridge and hanged to one of its braces

and 2 o'clock in the morning. Entrance to the jail was effected by forcing the jailer to surrender the keys. As soon as the attack was discovered the naval reserves were called out to attempt to prevent the lynching. Crowds rushed to the bridge. Sheriff J. W. Biddle was quickon the scene, pleading that Moore be

tor's wife was alone in the store. The negro attempted robbery, and struck Mrs. Eubanks on the head with a meat axe, fracturing bones and inflicting seriquences of his action. On Saturday

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 28.-A special from Newbern says the real cause of the lynching lay in the fact that at his preliminary hearing Moore's bond was fixed at the small sum of \$300. The lynching

TWENTY MEN DROWNED. Went Down With Steamer Which Turned Turtle Off the Coast of

Fernandina, Fla., Aug. 28.-Twenty en, consisting of all but two of the offieers and crew of the American steamer enica, bound for New Orleans from Philadelphia with coal, were drowned by of Battenberg. Chief Detective Carpenthe sinking of that vessel off Florida ter has the case in hand, but so far no

The disaster was the result of a fierce the night and early morning. Lashed by the storm, an immense wave struck the vessel with terific force about 1.30. o'clock this morning. The impact, coming just as the vessel was making a turn, caused a shift of the cargo, and the vesse! leaned and sank immediately. The accident occurred so quickly that only two of those aboard saved themselves. mountain region, makes control of the administration of South Manchuria as boat and reached Ameda beach about

> PREPARED FOR STRUGGLE. Typoglaphical Union of Chicago Demand

Chicago, Aug. 28 .- Having planned to raise enough funds to carry a small army of men on strike indefinitely, the officers of the Typographical Union here to-day demanded signed agreements from members of the Typothetae guaranteeing the eight-hour day, under threat of instant strike. By aiming to have a general strike of job printers in all the big cities near Chicago from Ohio to Missouri and Minnesota, local unionists expect to halt the Importation into Chiago of non-union compositors. In adlition to the six shops which posted open shop notices Saturday and came under the ban of the union, twenty-seven other members of the Chicago Typothetae are threatened. Union offi-cials expect that about ten of the remain-

ARMENIAN SHOT

FELL TO HIS DEATH.

rapid descent broke Williams' grip of in order to be here to receive the Prince, the har and his body shot downward.

JURY EXONERATES

SOUTH AFRICAN VETERAN Mystery Surrounding Death of Boy Has

Been Solved-Painful Scene

at the Inquest.

Norwood, Ont., Aug. 29 .- The mystery shooting on Thursday was cleared up on Eubanks at Clark, seven miles from African veteran and crack rifle shot, Newbern, last Friday, when the propriegave himself up to the police. Gow adous injuries. Mrs. Eubanks screamed morning ne explained that he was at and people came to her rescue. The negro fled, but was captured in a swamp turn it was arranged to give the Hills after a chase of a few miles, and was a scare. He further declared that he had no motive for killing young Hill, and that it was a mere boyish prank. The prisoner was present at the inquest held at Peterborough. The jury exonerated Gow, bringing in a verdict of accidental death by shooting. Consternation reigned in the Hill family when the verdict was announced. The foreman had no sooner read his finding when Mrs. Hill turned on him with fury, "you grinned at me," she shricked in shrill tones,

waving fists at him, "you laughed at me and my poor little boy lying dead, you should all have been hanged." Mayor's Chain Stolen. Montreal, Aug. 29.—Somebody has stelen the mayor's gold chain of office from its place in the city hall. The discovery was made when the mayor desired to don it to receive Prince Louis

clue has been discovered. The collar was valued at \$300. Mill Destroyed.

Halifax, Aug. 29—The new lumber company's mill in Parsboro was destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is \$50,-

Plant Damaged. Halifax, Aug. 29.-Fire did several thousand dollars' damage to the washing plant of the Dominion Coal Co. at Port

Morien, this morning. GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC ROUTE.

to Location West of Portage la Prairie.

Ottawa, Aug. 29.-The board of railway commissioners agreed this morning to give the Canadian Pacific railway an early opportunity to states its objections to the proposed location of the Grand Trunk Pacific line west of Portage la Prairie. The plans in question have already been approved by the governor-incouncil, but are strongly opposed by the that if the new road is built on the location proposed it will parallel their main line for 250 miles. It is left to the counsel for the two companies to fix a date for the presentation of their respec with at once, as the board is shortly leaving on an extended tour of Western Can-

It is evident the Canadian Pacific railway is determined to put up a vigorous fight against its rival.

The Canadian Pacific railway contends

that the Grand Trunk Pacific has no right to begin construction until the board has pronounced on the recent ap-Constantinople, Aug. 29.—The police and other officials are making inquiries into the mysterious death by assassination on August 26th by Apik Undjian, a

Ottawa, Aug. 29.-The time of the railway commission was occupied for over an hour to-day with the consideration of the V., V. & E. Company's application for the approval of plans to build forty miles along the Similkameen years old, says he was ordered to com- river from Princeton to Keremeos. The Similkameen & Keremeos railway has protested that it had been the first to file plans for this same ground, but the will be tried by an Ottoman court or by V., V. & E. replied that the plans in an American consular court. Turkey | question were not regular and that at all has always refused to recognize as for-eign subjects naturalized natives of the at the time and therefore has no legal status to file the plans. The hearing was adjourned till Thursday to allow the Similkameen & Keremeos Company an opportunity to reply to this statement.

ISLANDERS INDIGNANT.

St. Johns, Nfld., Aug. 29 .- At a public meeting held last night, attended by lead-

ters of er Ores.

the sea.

HOS. KIDDIF elter Manager.

wder

Bowes, Chemist ent St., Near Yates

fy that "The Liverpool and Insurance Company," is

of the Company is situate he capital of the Company of the Company in this

and Richard Hall, whose ne, is the attorney for the

July, one thousand nine S. Y. WOOTON,
of Joint Stock Companies.
or which the Company is
licensed are:
e business of life assurance
ches and in particular to
assurances of all kinds for
tey by way of a single payeral payments or otherwise
, or marriage, or birth, or
of, or the attainment of a
y person or persons or pross. person or persons, or upon any fixed or ascertainable happening of any other ent dependent upon or man life, or the occur-

business of fire insurance he business of fire insurance hes and to grant insurances or damage to or loss of by or resulting from light-tempests, earthquakes, exversion or inundation of misfortune whether of a like t kind, and to grant insurgiury or damage to or loss property during transit by against loss or damage of glary or theft.

AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL NIES ACT. 1897."

ish Columbia. tify that "The Sovereign mpany of Canada" ensed to carry on bus rovince of British Colum out or effect all or any of he Company to which the rity of the Legislature of

of the Company is situate onto, in the Province of the capital of the Company the capital of the Company lollars, divided into ten of hundred dollars each. For the Company in this te at Victoria, and Elliott ce agent, whose address is a titorial of the company, and and seal of office ince of British Columbia, July, one thousand nine

extends.

S. Y. WOOTTON, oint Stock Companies.
which the Company has
I licensed are:
s of life insurance with
y grant, sell or purchase
owments, and generally
ness of life insurance in
forms.

date I intend to apply hief Commissioner of for permission to pur-tunreserved, unsurveyed in Coast District, B.C., stake about six miles Lake, thence north 80 80 chains, thence south at 80 chains to point of

J. L. BUCK.

J. M. M'CAW.

DISCUSSED THIS AFTERNOON.

between Russia and Japan was practically concluded at this morning's session thrill flooded through the room. There were screams of joy, men waved their hats aloft, women actually wept. Then and in an instant the news was speeding

grasp and shake the hands that were extended to him.

ment at the hotel where the envoys were received the congratulations of the crowd staying. Everywhere there was a de in silence. For about five minutes the two plenipotentiaries were kept on the

The two plenipotentiaries have respec-tively proposed to their emperors the con-The Associated Press correspondent details of the armistice will be discussed accompanied M. Witte to his rooms. He at this afternoon's meeting, and immedi-

SECRET UNDERSTANDING. Portsmouth, Aug. 29.-The rumor is

NOT MAKE STATEMENT. Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 29.—President Roosevelt received in his library at the agreement came to him from the Associated Press in the form of a bulletin

"The Japanese wanted to limit our on all points which hitherto had been the While the President had been hopeful that such an agreement would be reachexpressed to his family his gratification sideration, it being contrary to the ultithat a peaceful solution of the differ- matum he had received from St. Peters-

> should have been informed officially of that action.

DIVISION OF SAKHALIEN. Tokio, Aug. 29.-9 a. m.-The press "Not only do we not pay so much as a opinion is almost unanimous in condemning the proposal to divide Sakhalien in consideration of a monetary remuneration The Hochi says: "It would be an abominable disgrace identical with selling the national treasury. The coun-

> The paper advises the breaking off of the conference owing to Russia's un-reasonable obstinacy. "The fact remains undemable," it says, "that the Japanese have been very courteous in every way. Japan is not impoverished to the extent

TO FOREIGN OFFICE. had concluded peace was received in navy. to be printed in the afternoon papers The Associated Press conveyed the first information to the foreign office, where Sir Eric Barrington, representing Foreign Secretary Lansdowne, expressed profound astonishment and said this was the first intimation the government had

TWICE-A-WEEK EDITION

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1905

In fact it has not been informed from any official source that Japan intended make such wholesale cor Sir Eric's first expression after he had been handed the dispatch by a representative of the Associated Press was:

to yield on all points. The Associated Press understands, however, that it was mpression on the world that she was dy to make extraordinary concessions. Sir Eric Barrington also informed the anese treaty was released by the an-nouncement of the decision of the Portsmouth conference, but that the terms would not be given out till the govern

ment had been officially notified of the result of the peace conference. SHOT BY COSSACKS.

Seventy Peasants Reported to Have Been Killed and Wounded. St. Petersburg, Aug. 28.—There is a great increase in the Agrarian agitation

in various parts of the country, notably in the Caucasus, where there have been serious disturbances. In the Gori districts the peasants are forcing the nobles, under the menace of death, to announce to the newspapers

The refusal of the peasants in the village of Inchadedshan to pay Prince Inuk-

conflict between the peasants and the The Cossacks fired on the peasants. killing and wounding, according to unofficial account, seventy. Peasants from the mountains came to

the assistance of the villagers, resulting in fresh conflicts, in which one Cossack was killed. Prince Inukshansky himself. had a narrow escape from shots fired at

CONFERENCE RESUMED.

Delegates of Mine Workers Meet Manager of the Western Fuel Nanaimo, Aug. 29 .- The negotiations etween the miners and Manager Stockett of the Western Fuel Co. were coninued to-day, and the committee pointed last week are having a conference with the manager. This morning J. H. Hawthornthwaite met the executive of the Western Federation, and talk ed over the situation with them, and was promised a reply in a few days, after the matter had been laid before the nembers. So far to-day nothing can be

gleaned of how far the conference has rogressed, except that it is only in the Mr. Hawthornthwaite received a lefonference between the company, the men and a member of the provincial govrnment as the committee and the com-

pany are in conference already. DOUBLE MURDER. Man and His Wife Killed and Their

Bodies Cremated. Seattle, Aug. 29.-Murdered for their money and cremated in the building where they lived, to hide the evidence of the crime was the fate vesterday of Phillip H. Ross and his wife, a young ouple who have been living near Kerrystown, a small town Northern Pacific railway near Kamasket, in this county.

been in the habit of having their cheques cashed by Ross, and he always kept a

Last March Ross and his wife located

about two miles from the

NEGRO LYNCHED.

Newbern, N. C., Aug. 28 .- John Moore a negro, 20 years old, was taken from the Craven county jail, in this city, yester-day, and lynched by a mob of 100 masked men armed with rifles and revolver With his hands tied behind him, the gro was led out about a third of a mile

and his body riddled with bullets.

The mob attacked the jail between

left to the law, but his efforts were un-availing, and the mob carried out its

Cause of Lynching.

Signed Agreement Guaranteeing

Eight-Hour Day.

ing firms will declare for war.

prominent Armenian, who was shot in this city by a man named Ghirkisg Varnian, who claims to be a naturalized itizen of the United States. According to the official version of the affair, Varlanian, who is a native of Kharpst, and resided for ten years in the United States, where it is alleged in his behalf were on the last squad at 900 yards last he became nautralized though only 20 mit the erime, but refuses to say by whom the order was issued. The question now arises whether the prisoner

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 28.-Releasing his grasp on a trapeze attached to a parachute as the latter opened to the wind 1,200 feet above the ground, John Williams, 38 years old, fell to his death t Red House park, near Capelia, Ills. ing politicians of both parties, prominent Odessa, Aug. 28.—The ministry of public instruction has notified the officials of the local university status of 1884 which have been condemned by professors and students all over the country. A meeting to-day of 342 professors decided to continue to abstain from participating in university work until a new at the dispatch of the vicinity determination to make a balloon ascent. As the aeronaut merchants and other representatives, it merchants and other representatives, it was resolved to abandon the proposed by the said to have rushed forward and seizer the trapeze bar, calling to his friends good-ties. As he clasped the bar the balloon rose into space, carrying both the aeronaut and Williams. When the the aeronaut and Williams. When the Prince's decision to make only a brief parachute was cut loose and commenced stay here, arranged to cut short his imto fill in the wind the checking of its portant scientific expedition in Labrador