# Britain's

The London Times Discusses Their Present Position and Prospects.

Believes They Are Entering Upon a Period of Fat Years.

Washington, Aug. 24.-Ambassador Choate is evidently a close reader of the United States. Knowing that the colonial question is uppermost in the minds of the American public at this time, he has devoted considerable attention to that. One clipping from the London Times gives a resume of the general prosperity of the British colonies throughout the world, in which much space is devoted to Canada.

The whole article will be published by the state department in the consular reports, but as the number of these is extremely limited and by no means sufficient to supply the demand, newspaper correspondents generally are requested by the department to make use of such extracts from them as will be likely to interest the readers of the papers they

As a summary of the financial and

"The lean years have gone by, and there is every reason to hope that British communities in different parts of the course of large that into operation in the course of large that the course world are entering upon a period of 'fat'

penditure from income in the Dominion, there is every year for purposes of railways, canals and other public works and services a further expenditure from capital account. This expenditure amounted last year to \$8,662,795. Allowing for the deduction of the surplus and the outlay for sinking fund estimated in the 802. In every particular the year shows

ruling in the markets of the world for the staple produce of the colonies have, of course, much to do with the prosper-world.

special circumstance must govern South short distance from the old collieries, but including a portion of the same seam or vein of coal, has been under way for ity of Canada, as well as with that of Australia, to which allusion will present to be looked for in the very large out nel 11/2 miles long has been run in the ly be made. But there is something to put of gold and diamonds, and the fact Alexandra mountain, which strikes the be attributed to the increase of local en- that South Africa has to import almost coal at a depth of 500 yards and opens terprise which has resulted from or ac-everything that is required by the white out sufficiently to give an output of 3,000 companied these conditions. The de- population, South Africa has practical- or 4,000 tons of coal per day. The vein velopment of wheat farming and cattle ly no manufactures, and it does not breeding on the prairies and the open-feed itself. The gold output this year "This mine will be equipped with the ing of new productive mineral districts reached £16,000,000 (\$77,864,000) in vahave helped to swell the total of Can- lue, and though this must not be reckon- be lighted by electricity, and the adian foreign trade, as well as to in- ed as the produce of a British colony, taken from the mine to the depot by crease the demand made by one part of coming as it does mainly from the Trans- electric locomotives. The contract for the Dominion upon the produce and in- vaal, it is largely the result of the in- this plant has already been let to a lodustry of the others. In the years which dustry of British subjects, The existence cal tirm. The electric tram line will be have been quoted the mineral production and development of the gold mining in- nearly five miles in length and operated of Canada rose, in round figures, from dustry of the Rand have profoundly af- by two 150 horse power generators of the an annual total of \$19,000,000 to \$38,- fected the industrial position, of the sur-000,000. The actual increase of animal rounding British colonies, and its prosand agricultural products is more diffiperity is scarcely less a matter of cogines, also 150 horse power each. This ors, has recently been started. The presSpeculations Regarding Treaties increased, and the number of farming Kimberley diamond industry. The comnomesteads taken up on government panies working at Johannesburg employ lands in Manitoba has grown from 2,406 nearly 10,000 white men, at an average in 1897 to 4,848 in 1898. Along the fage of £24 (116,80) a month, and about be carried 13 miles on a standard guage course of the railway lately constructed 68,000 natives at an average of £2 9s, 9d. railway to Oyster Harbor, which will, through the Crow's Nest pass of the (\$12.11) a month and rations. Rocky mountains into the mineral districts of southern British Columbia, new their gold output by about £4,500,000 A portion of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo towns are described as having 'sprung (\$21,899,250) as compared with 1897. up like mushrooms in a warm shower.' They also distributed in dividends £4,-In the Yukon district, where two and a 834.160 (\$23.525,400), or £2.120.890 (\$10,- additional of tracks, which are now comhalf years ago there was a population of 321,311) more than in 1897. From Rhoa few hundred persons, there are now desia during the past year a contribution upwards of 30,000, and the Atlin gold of about £200,000 (\$973,300 worth of gold Harbor, six miles west of Chemainus. fields, in the northern territory of Brit- has been made from the little beginning on the east coast of the island, bunkers

dike in their wealth. contribute their share to the general to- led by the end of this year. The princttal. The annual reports of the boards pal industry of South Africa has thereof trade of Toronto, Montreal, St. John and Halifax give satisfactory accounts ficulties by which it has been hampered. of the condition of affairs in the pro- made very remarkable progress in the vinces for which they speak. The result past year. Putting gold, diamonds and of the general activity, though imper- copper aside as special products, there is, fectly summarized by export and import further, the satisfactory indication of the seturns, is yet very perceptible in the existence of the elements of prosperity fact that in the years for which the in the fact that the exports of general figures of revenue and expenditure have produce from South Africa rose from been given the total of Canada's foreign £4,401.000 (\$21,417,467) in 1897 to £5, trade has risen from \$240,000,000 to 551,196 (\$27,030.955) for 1898. Outside \$304,000,000. It is the first time in her the gold industry, South Africa possesses history that Canada has touched or through a great portion of its extent one even approached a total of \$300,000,000; of the best climates and most fertile pects of the coming year, anticipated re- elements of prosperity the same fair sults of a still more satisfactory charac- chance of fruition that they have in

on the brink of federation, we find a con- ject which President Kruger and Sir Aldition of affairs which, notwithstanding fred Miner may well unite in seeking the heavy blows of the past, promises as the outcome of the conference at scarcely less well for the future. In Vic- Bloemfontein." toria, where among the more important colonies the financial position has given the greatest cause for anxiety, revenue returns are such as to justify the anticipation of a surplus for the year of £250,000 (\$1,216,625), and there also treasury returns do not stand alone in bearing witness to an era of reviving prosperity. In mineral development, gold coal, which are the two principal products of Victorian mines, show a substantial increase, while in agricultural and garden produce the total value of the output has risen in five years from £5.000,000 (\$24,332,500) to £7,000,000 (\$34,065,500) in round figures. The value castle, Va. They procured the remedy of pastoral and dairy produce remained from Mr. W. E. Casper, a druggist of that stationary in Victoria up to the end of place, who is well acquainted with them last year, but the steady advance which and will youch for the truth of their statehas been taking place in the price of ments. For sale by Henderson Bros.,

and has greatly benefited the pastoral industry in the colonies of New Zealand, New South Wales and Queensland. The total value of pastoral property in the seven colonies of Australasia was esti-mated in 1897 at about £238,000,000 (\$1,-158,277,000), exclusive of the value of freehold land, and the annual return of produce was at the same time calculated at £35.000,000 (\$170,327,500).

"A very small increase in price is, therefore sufficient to give a large increase in value and corresponding pros perity to Australian pastoralists. The quotation for Canterbury mutton has this year reached a figure 81 per cent, higher than it did last year. Queensland beef has moved up 13 per cent. The value of merino wool has advanced something like Has Been Done During 50 per cent. from the lowest point which it touched in 1895. Victorian fruit, both dried and fresh, is making a good name for itself in the London market. The dairying industry through all the colon-Choate is evidently a close reader of the London papers. He has begun a systematic clipping service, sending to the state department such extracts from the British press as he believes will interest whole world. The troubles in the sugar out the people of the whole world. The troubles in the sugar out the people of the sugar not prevented the sugar out from Cansul Abraham E. put of the northern part of Australia ity of a report from Consul Abraham E. put of the northern part of Australia from increasing nearly 50 per cent. upon the output of last year. The area of cultivated land in New South Wales of cultivated land in New South Wales is seriously considering the establishment is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of the country has been so rapid that the provincial govern has doubled itself within the last five years, with a very remarkable increase in the year 1898. New land legislation has contributed to promote a movement in the same direction in Queensland, and, as the average difference in value of produce between an acre of pastoral land and an acre of cultivated land is as the difference between 1s 4d (32.4 cents) and £3 16s (\$18.49), is is not difficult to perceive the importance to the Australian seven claims, and a similar lease on the

regarded by mining authorities as most | mills and tinplate works near Port Ansatisfactory. It it a happy moment in geles. industrial position of the various groups of self-governing colonies the Times which the hope of federation has assumed a practical form in Australia, and, if follows: any parallel can be drawn from the effect of federation upon Canada, it is probable ly interested on Clayoquot Sound, where carried into operation in the course of also small quantities of gold and silver. the coming year, Australia will enter upon the new century in a condition no are the Helga and the Good Hope. They

revenue for the year, assuming that the estimates of receipts for the last three months are well founded, will be \$46, 632,398, and the expenditure will a heavily preponderating balance of imamount to \$42,026,028. This is a subports over exports. For the two years of 1896-97 the excess of imports over expert and the advance on the revenue of last ports was very great; but in 1898 the year, and the advance in the expenditure, though considerable, is quadrupled by the receipts. In addition to the execution of the figures of trade and the figures of trade were £26,709,000 (\$129,979,349) worth of exports and £24,500,000 (\$119,229,250) of imports, giving a combined total of £51, 209,000 (\$249,208,599) as against a combined total for 1897 of £48,674,906 (\$236,876,430). The entire white population of South Africa does not yet reach 1,000,000 persons, and when this total of regular expenditure, the net increase to foreign trade is compared with the £61,the public debt of Canada will this year 000,000 (\$296,856,500) done by the 5, be \$1,700,000. It was last year \$2,417, 000,000 inhabitants of Canada and with 802. In every particular the year shows £74,000,000 (360,121,000) of external trade done by the 4,500,000 inhabitants a better result than last year, trade done by the 4,500,000 inhabitants "Good harvests and the better prices of Australasia, it is evident that some

ish Columbia, bids fair to rival the Klon- of five paying mines now working with of 10,000 capacity have been erected, as ninety stamps in the northern district, well as two large wharves, where ocean "The Eastern and maritime provinces and that number of stamps will be treb-Fielding, in estimating the pros- soils in the world. To give the natural ter.

"If we turn to Australia as it hovers tecting power of Great Britain is an obother countries developed under the pro-

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA CURED. This is to certify that I have had chronic diarrhoea ever since the war. I got so weak I could hardly walk or do anything. One bottle of Chamberlain's Colle, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me sound and well. J. R. GIBBS, Fineastle, Va. I had chronic diarrhoea for twelve years. Three bottles of Chamberlain's Colic. Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me. S. L. SHAVER, Fincastle, Va.

Both Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Shaver are prominent farmers and reside near Finwool and meat is now making itself felt, Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver. a decided increase. The collections were

Consul Smith Draws Attention to the Vast Resources of Vancouver Island.

Has Been Done During the Year.

Washington, Aug. 29,-United States

ceive the importance to the Australian colonies of such a development,

"In Queensland the prospects of mincred development on a large scale are oral development on a large scale are tion to establish blast furnaces, steel

Other interesting data from the report

"An American company is also large-"First in the prosperous list," the article continues, "stands Canada, where the fiscal year ends on June 30, and Mr. Fielding, the Dominion minister of finance, was able, in making his budget speech the other day, to estimate the surplus for 1898-99 at \$4,600,000. The revenue for the year, assuming that the shafts-one 66 and the other 25 feet. "On Quatsino Sound men are at work on what are known as Queen, King, Tuscarora and Superior claims, said to

possess valuable properties. was struck 120 feet west of the body of ore on which the company has been at work. The new chute shows for 300 feet on the surface. So far the company has shipped 300 tons of ore from the mine. and the smelter returns have been most satisfactory.

Vancouver Island Coal. "The coal output of Vancouver Island for 1898 was 1,118,915 tons. The extension of the Wellington mines, located a "The special circumstance is, of course, the past year. During that time a tun-

most modern electrical machinery, will coal most approved type, directly connected

with automatic high speed horizontal enplant also includes two standard mining ent output is about 600 pairs per year, locomotives, specially constructed and very powerful, each of 100 tons capacity. "From the electric road the coal wiff after July 1st. be the point of shipment, railway is used to make this transfer. but it was necessary to build six miles pleted, 500 men having been employed during the pest few months. At Oyster

vessels of the largest class can load 800 tons per hour at low tide. Locomofives from U. S.

"The total outlay on these improve ments reaches a trifle over \$1,000,000, which is all expended by Dunsmuir & Sens, of Victoria, the owners of the mines and of the island railway, who employ over 2,000 men constantly. The ties and lumber come from the mill at Chemainus, the cars are built at the Albion Iron Works, of Victoria, the iron for the rails comes from England, and the locomotives from the United States. Five hundred men are now at work in this new Wellington mine, and it is ex-

around the Wellington collieries. The ity of 250,000 feet of lumber. machine shops and terminus of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway are also wlation of 600, and a United States conlocated at this point, A narrow-gauge sular agent is located there. railway runs four miles east to Departure Bay, where the shipping wharves are situated. In 1897 the output was 232,642 tons, and foreign shipments 188,139 tons. Last year the output was 315.738 tons, and the foreign shipments 232,642 tons. Of the exports for 1898 220,180 tons were shipped to the United States, being carried by 194 steamers and 30 sailing vessels, of which 82 were of American register, including 40

made on the following articles: Spirits, \$170,920; malt, \$20,648; tobacco, \$38,-172; raw leaf, \$1,837; cigars, \$10,064; petroleum, \$194; other receipts, \$626.
"Victoria customs collections for the onths. An increase in revenue is

year ended December 31, 1898, were the largest on record. They were 25 per cent, larger than for the previous 12 rived from the Chinese tax, over 500 more Chinamen having entered the country than in 1897. The exports also show an increase. Comparison of the last two years' revenue shows the following figures: In 1897, \$733,440; 1898, \$980,880; increase, \$247,440.
"The Alaskan trade had a very favor-

able effect on the shipbuilding industry of Victoria, for of the 22 steamers built in 1898 in the province of British Columbia, no fewer than 12, with a ton lage of 4,944 tons, were built in Victoria. The majority of these were river steamers for the northern rivers. Besides the building of steamers, there was a great deal of work done here in re-fitting and repairing vessels, on which \$44,000 was expended. The shipping trade of the port of Victoria shows an increase over 1897, the number of vessels entering

provements of the south channel in Nanaimo harbor, and \$30,000 for the works at Esquimalt harbor and the naval sta-

Nanaimo Coal Shipments.

"Considerable improvement has taken place in Nanaimo during the past year, due to the phenomenal increase in the quantity of coal shipped, which has induced miners to move here and bring their families. The total population is now about 4,500.

"The output of coal during 1897 amounted to 319,277 tons, and last year to 520,222 tons, an increase of 200,945 tons. During the same time the foreign shipments increased from 233,349 tons in 1897 to 403,535 tons in 1898. This coal was shipped in 157 steamers and 23 sailing vessels, of which but 12 were of American register, although of the coal shipped 335,025 tons went to United States ports. "During the past year the New Van-

couver Coal Company increased its storage capacity in that city 8,000 tons. It also erected a new loading wharf, fitted with improved steam machinery that can load 6,000 group has six claims. Contracts have of coal in 12 hours. A separate wharf been let for a tunnel 24 feet and two is now being constructed with the same machinery, so that two ocean steamers can bereafter be loaded at the same time. The mines are lighted and mo-tive power furnished by electricity from the company's own plant, consisting of two dynamos. All the electric plant is "An important mine owned by American capital and managed by G. H.
Hayes, of Tacoma, has developed on Barclay Sound, near Alberni. Recently a separate and distinct chute of rich ore have arrived from San Francisco to be placed in the mines. All the new machinery, wire rope and six locomotives are of American manufacture. The company is also a large importer from the United States of bar iron, steel and iron pipe. One thousand two hundred and sixty men are employed by this company, all white except 160 Chinese.

"The New Vancouver Coal Company has started to sink a shaft on the northeast side of Newcastle Island, Nanaimo harbor, which will connect with the preharber, which will connect with the present workings at Protection and New-castle Islands. The shaft will be sunk 1896 about 350 feet to the coal, which was found by the bore to be of satisfactory thickness and quality. The company will prosecute the work continuously by the employment of three shifts until the coal is reached. The sinking of this shaft will materially increase the facilities of the company for the output of coal, and the record of 2,600 tons a day will, it is said, be eclipsed by a produc-

tion of 3,000 tons. "A sawmill is in process of erection in connection with the sash and door fac- Commercial Considerations Makompleted, a capacity of 75,000 feet per day, and give employment to 140 men. "A small boot and shoe factory, which employs seven men and makes heavy and it is increasing. American sewing machines are used. Also oak and sole leather from the United States.

American Capital.

"The Victoria Lumber & Manufac-Juring Company, composed almost whol-ly of United States capitalists, has the 18, says: most extensive mills in the province, located at Chemainus, on the East Coast 12th the greatest fire in her history. A intendent.

erica, Africa, China and Japan.

"The company has built short lines of pected that the number of operatives will railroad to logging camps, equipped with aster will be seen. be increased to 1,500 within the next two locomotive and thirty flat cars. It also operates two steam tugboats of 100 tons "A population of 2,000 is gathered each and six barges, each of the capac-"Around the mill has grown up a pop-

> Lumber and Mineral "For the last year the lumber trade of

## JERSEY STOCK FOR SALE.

steamers plying between Puget Sound and Alaska. These mines are reported now to be nearly exhausted, but there are 300 acres of good land adjoining them on the north, where the extension heretofore alluded to is located.

Trade of Victoria.

Trade of Victoria.

"The receipts of inland revenue at the Victoria office for 1898 were \$241,269.00, a decided increase, The collections were

Clovernook Two magnificent young bulls, one 16 mos, and the other 4 mos, old, light fawn in color; dams are 16 and 21 h. cows; also, six females from 1 to 3 years old, fine individuals from imported stock, sired by the grand young bull, "Elle's Dick St. Heller," whose dam has a record of 21 hbs. butter per week, and their dams are 16 lbs. cows, strong in the blood of St. Helier and St. Lambert. All registered in A. J. C. O.

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### Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd. COR. OF YATES AND BROAD STREETS, VICTORIA, B. C.

British Columbia has been comparative- ly adding to the pride of their coun small. The shipments were: men here resident. Conversation with From Chemainus, \$160,351; Vancouthe men is absorbingly interesting, at ly small. The shipments were: ver, \$102,919; Cowichan, \$9,300; Salt furnishing the only accurate intelligen

"Including all things mined, coal well as gold, and all the metals, the out-put of British Columbia for the last 9 many another such may be opened u

| September 300 |      |        |        | DIM O 14 D. |        |            |
|---------------|------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|------------|
| rear.         |      |        |        | it .        |        | Value.     |
|               |      |        |        |             | 9      | 2.608,803  |
| 1891          |      |        |        |             |        | 3,521,102  |
| 1892          |      |        |        |             |        | 2:987,530  |
| 1893          |      |        |        |             |        | 3,588,413  |
| 1894          |      |        |        |             |        | 4.225,717  |
| 1895          |      |        |        |             |        | 5,643,042  |
| 1896          |      |        |        |             |        | 7,597,956  |
| 1897          |      |        |        |             |        | 10,455,288 |
| 1898          |      |        |        |             |        | 10,906,861 |
| Com           | pare | d with | h pres | rions ve    | arg    | the Brit-  |
| ish C         | olum | bia s  | almon  | pack        | for    | 1898 is    |
| small,        | as t | he fol | lowing | g figure    | s will | show:      |
|               |      |        |        |             | . (    | Quantity.  |
| Year.         |      |        |        |             |        | Cases.     |
| 1892          |      |        |        |             |        | 228,470    |
| 1893          |      |        |        |             |        |            |

ing for Peace in the Philip pine Islands.

-- American Troops En Route for Home.

An Associated Press letter by the Em-Yokohama saw on the night of the

of Vancouver Island, 52 miles north of densely populated square mile of the na-victoria, on the line of the Island rail-tive town was burned, with a loss of road. It is under the management of E. sixteen lives and from five to six mil-Palmer, with Samuel Herd as super- ions of dollars' worth of property. Globe-trotters will regret to hear that "This company has over 150,000 acres the famous theatre street is destroyed But what was the result? I, at that time of woodland, and 100,000 acres have not from end to end. As the system of fire held high office, as Lord Wenlock has a yet been touched. The capital is \$750,- insurance has not yet gained much hald so reminded you, under the Crown. 000, 90 per cent. of which is Amerian Japan, on account of the inflam-was immediately attacked from quarters can. The mills were constructed six mable nature of the houses, the disaster of an almost inspired character for ownyears ago, but have not been in full op-eration more than three years. In the Some of them, strongly imbued with knowledge of the facts, and with much mills are employed 160 men, and 60 ad- Western notions of lynch law, formed a less of that charity that "thinketh ditional men are given constant employ- mob and proceeded to attack the owner evil," I was attacked with the greate ment on the adjacent grounds and for of the house in which the fire originatloading ships. The mills are equipped ed. The man has since died of his I then made the discovery, which cam with all the modern improvements, and wounds. Apart from this demonstration to me too late in life, that what wa turn out 500,000 feet per day of twenty- the calamity has been taken with the hours. Last year the output was 35, utmost cheerfulness. Large relief sub-000,000 feet, which was loaded at the scriptions, amounting in two days to over State or a President of the Council. to various ports in Australia, South Amwas actively progressing amid the emof the Treasury: I do not even know bers the day following the fire, and in a I ought not to have learned another week or two little or no trace of the dis-

> There is still much speculation over the supposed new relations between Ja- matter of torture to many consciences pan, China and Russia. The most probable outcome, it is thought, will be an access of cordiality between the first two nations similar to that which now exists between Anglo-Saxon peoples. There has been nothing of late to in

dicate that treaty revision has wrought the slightest change in the relations of foreigners to the Japanese government and people. Everything flows on as smoothly and as harmoniously as under the old regime. The judgment in the Mitler murder trial is to be given to-morrow. No exception has been taken by foreigners as to the absolute fairness of the procedure and rulings, and much of the fear hitherto entertained on this score has been allayed.

The passage of the returning American troops through this city is regarded with constantly increasing interest by Americans, not only because every time a regiment lands it puts the Yankees in a majority, but also because the record tablishing a great park there, when the of the soldiers for good behavior remains property would be handed over to the Clovernook Farm, Chilliwack, B. C. as yet unbroken, and is thus constant-

Spring Island, \$8,200; New Westminster, \$5,796; Moodyvne, \$119,435; a total of \$606,001. Of this \$176,303 went to Australia, \$75,303 to China, \$43,496 to South Africa, \$50,111 to the United Event South Africa, \$50,111 to the United South Africa, \$50,111 to the United South Africa, \$60,111 to the United South Africa, Kingdom, \$43,228 to Mexico to \$17,500 or diplomacy. The natives of Manila a to South American points. rapidly growing rich through the lavis expenditures of the Americans. Tidings by the advent of Americans, are gradu ly getting into the country and to ears of the insurgents, with the effect creating in them an intense desire t peace and its harvests of American go Many of the most intelligent of the turning volunteers speak of this featu as the most hopeful of the whole sit tion. To-day the Sheridan, with 1.8 men of the South Dakota and 13th Min nesota regiments, is hourly expected, an extensive preparations are being made for the reception of the men.

The wisdom of the United States gov ernment in sending the troops this way is ecoming ever more and more apparen Not only does it grant the men an outing which they richly deserve, and an opportunity to recruit their wasted health it these higher latitudes, but it is also give ing them a far better impression of t East as a field for American energy and enterprise than they could have possibly obtained in any other way. Had they End the War returned direct from the Philippine their talk of the East would have been of the most unfavorable and even home returned direct from the Philippines, of the most unfavorable and even hope less nature. But now that they have had a glimpse of the better conditioned portion of the Orient, it is safe to sa that the reports which will be carried to ten thousand homes in America wil be provocative of much Yankee enter prise with the far East as its objective. The recently formed American Asiation Society of Japan, having for its object the promotion of American interests here, has inaugurated its career by do ing all in its power to show to the return ing volunteers what Western enterprise can accomplish in making life here rich in comfort and convenience. Aided by the ladies of the American

ommunity, they have made the stay the troops a delightful experience—an e perience which for many years to con will have an influence upon America's commercial and industrial relations with the Orient.

KEEPING RACE HORSES.

Well, after a quarter of a century fruitless expectation I won the Derby violence for owning a race horse at a venial and innocent in the other office son-that, although without guilt and fence, I might perpetually run seco and thirds, or even run last, it became I won.-Lord Rosebery.

TO AID PACIFIC CABLE. Wellington, New Zealand, Aug. 29.

The house of representatives in comm tee to-day agreed to the resolutions thorizing the government of New Zen land to join in defraying the cost of the proposed Pacific cable.

The pain of a burn or scald is almost instantly relieved by applying Chamber lain's Pain Balm. It also heals the jured parts more quickly than any treatment, and without the burn is severe does not leave a sear. For sale Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, toria and Vancouver.

Quebec, Aug. 31.-It is stated on liable authority that the federal government intends purchasing the Plains of Abraham from the Ursuline Nuns and es

\$1.50 min

VOL. 19.

ransva

To-Day's News R African Cris Contrad

It Is Reported ments For the C

More Infantry Ready to Sail at

Hours'

(Associate London, Sept. 5 .eived in this city South Africa is v

Nothing more is k atus of the negotia ritain and Transv arned yesterday. Officials at the Brit

hatically deny tha een taken to that The afternoon pap the morning paper fremely grave view though the War Offi tends to allay the last night.

The Boer organ her Digger's News, to-day rom Pretoria saying vas apparently less pelieved arrangemen conference at Capeto although the preside

beginning of the Britain and the Tr catter of a short tir t. James Gazette, w "News concerning

ave. We learn mor have been ordered luding the Gordons ne battalion of the fantry, who fought i battalion of the Blad second battalion of eady to leave at 24 h cers and men are del pects of active service war is considered cert have a number of t convey troops to Ca while procrastinating Natal frontier. Laing the sole route from the

tal, is undefined." Capetown dispatches der papers print what semi-official account of parlours, but as thes yngham Greene, the South Africa, with say is willing to abandon British suzerainty if t at the Bioemfontein Alfred Milner, governe and British high comr Africa, were accepted

ither at Cape Colony The Fran London, Sept. 5.-The ne Times this morning atch from Pretoria 1 mber 4th, saying the that the last dispa way to a modus viv he proposals of Mr lating to the seven ye een practically compl This is the result of err Fisher (special as ree State) with the itch, however, is at itorial views on the

the Times this morn Farmers Form Capetown, Sept. 5. legraphic communi pe in case of war b in and the Transvaa Refugees to the nu rived here.

A million cartridges varded to Pietermari latal. Many Dutch fa uchuanaland for the g a laager across War Office

London, Sept. 5.-Th ued, as usual, a de ablished to-day by t ette that three more ve been ordered to Reitz on the

retoria, Sept. 5.-In nterview to-day, Stat aid the Transvaal aiting until Saturday the Imperial author g the contents publier, entering into det that in his judgment th government offered Mr opportunity of coming