

long through the woods, in order that the large boats could be transported on rollers to Lake Champlain. Hannibal crossed the Alps with his army—a daring undertaking for Europe—here, in America, they carry ships two miles through woods and make roads where no roads were before!

On the 6th of August, those prisoners which had lately arrived and also those that had been captured during the last siege and had been kept in the prisons here, sailed for Halifax. On their arrival there, General Howe will designate the place of their future imprisonment.

On the 15th a detachment, consisting of two staff officers, three captains, six officers (lieutenants?), and three hundred privates were sent to the opposite side of the River St. Lawrence, in order to bring into submission some of the inhabitants who had lately proved refractory.

Two savages of the Sioux nation, who dwell on the Mississippi river, arrived here from Montreal, after a journey of 2,400 English miles. Capt. Carleton, a relative of the General, came with them from Montreal as their guide.* They asked for an audience, which was granted to them on the morning of the 16th. The officers of both regiments, and also a few English officers were as usual gathered at the General's quarters; when, accompanied by their guide and an interpreter, they entered the room.

I was not present on this occasion myself, but the following account was narrated to me by Lieutenant Reitzenstein,† who paid strict attention to everything which occurred. I will therefore relate to you his whole story:—

One of the chairs was moved a few paces in front of the others, on which General Carleton seated himself. He then

* Capt. Carleton was a nephew of Gen. Carleton and married a sister of the latter's wife. He married (Indian fashion) an Indian squaw and lived with the Indians for some time, adopting their dress, etc., etc. For a long account of him, see *Hadden's Journal*, edited by Gen. Rogers, and also, "Letters of Hessian and Brunswick officers," translated by Wm. L. Stone.—S.

† Gottlieb Christian. He remained by permission, in 1783, in America.—S.